"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally cloudy weather today and Sunday; moderate temperature; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,946. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GERMANY PROTESTS TO LEAGUE MEETING ON THE MANDATES

Declares Treaty Is Being Invalidated by Disposition of Her Former Colonies.

NOTE IS NOT MADE PUBLIC

One Version Says She Holds She Is No Longer Bound by Treaty Clause.

BARNES WANTS EX-FOES IN

Asserts Labor Demands Their Admission—Hint of Revising Article XVIII.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Nov. 19 (By telephone to Paris).—I was told today by an unofficial German delegate here that Germany did not intend to apply for admission to the League at this meeting of the Assembly and that if her admission is proposed by any member it is unlikely that she will accept.

The reasons, as given by an official of the German League of Nations Association, were, firstly, that to raise the question of admission now risked the further emphasizing of the hatred left by the war and, secondly, that the Germans were doubtful as to whether they would get the two-thirds vote needed. I believe that Germany has been advised not to apply. The French had let it be known that they would withdraw if Germany were admitted and other nations are understood to have intimated to Germany that it is better to wait.

Germany's alleged desire to avoid stirring up hard feelings here is not in accord with her foreign policy and, besides, she has already filed a protest against the manner in which her colonies have been disposed of.

It is difficult to imagine a subject more fruitful in discord than a discussion of mandates. In signing article 119 of the Peace Treaty Germany renounced her colonies, but the League covenant, which is also part of the treaty, provides that these colonies shall be disposed of by a system of mandates. Germany maintains that if the colonies remain in the hands now holding them the treaty is being invalidated.

Germans Wait on France's Decision.

Herr Kraus, a leading member of the German League of Nations Association, would not discuss the protest, in which he declared he had no part. He gave reasons for Germany not wanting to enter the League now.

"First, we want to put an end to war rancor," he said. "France threatens to leave the League if we join and as we desire reconciliation with France we would gain nothing if our admission were voted and led to the retirement of France. If Germany should happen to be elected over the French vote she would decline to accept."

As I have already indicated, it is probable that a resolution will be voted leaving the door open for Germany to apply for admission between now and the next General Assembly. By that time the amount of the German indemnity should be fixed, and the now adamantine opposition may soften as a consequence.

This morning the English labor leader, George Nicoll Barnes, spoke in favor of Germany's admission, but as a formal application was not made by any one, it is probable that the issue will not be raised. Barnes declared that the workingmen of England, and, he believed, of the rest of the world, were tired of Europe being divided into two hostile camps and wanted every one to work together to restore prosperity and peace.

Barnes Urges Full Co-operation.

"Our business at this Assembly," Mr. Barnes said, "is to look at matters purely from the point of view of the peace and prosperity of the world and from that point of view it is clear that the ex-enemy States should be admitted as soon as possible. The events of the past year have proved that it is necessary for all nations to co-operate to save the world from ruin. It was found necessary to invite ex-enemy countries to take part in the recent conference at Brussels, and that conference would have failed without them.

"It is wrong today to divide the world into camps. Peace and the recovery of normal conditions are possible only with unity. Trade depends on stability and peace on co-operation. There can be neither one nor the other so long as the world is divided into two camps as it is today. That way madness lies.

"The longer certain States are kept as outcasts from the family of nations the more they will be disposed to make associations of their own.

"Then there is the moral consideration. I am not unmindful of the crimes committed by the Central Governments, but the Governments that permitted those crimes are gone. They no longer cumber the earth nor pollute the air. They are of a past age, gone beyond recall, and we may now deal with the peoples freed from these ogres of the past. We may deal with peoples responsible for their own destiny and who have given signs of repentance.

"We hope that we may now create an atmosphere which will in due time bring them into full co-operation. Only by co-operation can we banish war from

Continued on Page Three.

"MECCA" AT THE CENTURY THEATRE. Most beautiful production, greatest sensational success known in history of the world. Evs. 8. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanks. Day, 2. —Advt.

Crown Prince of Rumania May Wed Constantine's Daughter

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Crown Prince Charles of Rumania, who several days ago arrived in Lucerne, Switzerland from Bucharest, is constantly seen in the company of Princess Helen of Greece, daughter of former King Constantine, says a Lucerne dispatch to The London Times, and announcement of the couple's engagement is expected within a few weeks. This betrothal, if it takes place, is regarded as likely to have an important effect on the future of the Balkans.

MASKED AUTO PARTY BURNS PARK SIGN

Billboard on Mosholu Parkway Chopped Down With Axes by Dozen Men.

BONFIRE STARTS AT 10 P. M.

Neighbors Had Complained of Structure, 25 Feet High, as Defacing Van Cortlandt.

Motorists who have passed Broadway and Mosholu Parkway, which is at 260th Street in Van Cortlandt Park, have seen men at work during the day on a huge advertising sign on a small triangle of city property just west of Broadway and have watched strong-arm sentries swaggering up and down at night, swinging their sticks with increased aggressiveness every time any one approached the sign.

At 10 o'clock last night, however, the signboard was left unguarded for a few minutes. The sentry became suspicious and disappeared to telephone for help or was beguiled into leaving his post in some other way. He was hardly gone when two automobiles stopped near the sign.

"Get busy in the middle of it," shouted the leader. "We can spoil it quicker that way."

Ten or twelve men jumped out of the machine. According to reports from neighbors and passing motorists, some of them wore masks. They attacked the sign with axes, cutting several holes through the centre and then chopping away the scaffolding in the rear which supported the 25-foot fence.

As soon as enough of the wood had been splintered for the purpose, it was piled along the bottom of the sign, which was sixty feet in length, covered over with paper, and gasoline from the machines was sprinkled over it and a match applied. In a second stretches of Van Cortlandt Park were illuminated by flames soaring 100 feet into the air.

The Fire Department arrived a few minutes later and saved the sign from complete destruction. Detectives were sent out to discover the incendiaries, but no arrests were made last night, although it was reported that the night-riding motorists were formed of local residents, who have been protesting violently against the use of city property for advertising purposes.

Protests have been addressed by residents of the city to Commissioner of Parks Joseph P. Hennessy in the Bronx and to the City Hall, insisting that it is an entirely illegal proceeding to let the strip of park property for an advertising sign, and is in addition a defacement of the beautiful Van Cortlandt Park region which lies about the sign.

The residents in the section assert that there is no legal or practical difference between renting this strip for advertising purposes and leasing a section of Central Park or Times Square to an outdoor advertising company.

Park Commissioner Hennessy said last night that he had opposed the erection of the sign, but that the O. J. Gude Advertising Company had obtained a lease from the Finance Department for the use of the property for the big sign, which was to have been divided into sections and painted with advertisements.

Commissioner Hennessy said that the Finance Department alleged that the triangular strip was not a "public park," but a "public place," and, as such, was subject to lease for advertisements or for any other revenue-producing purpose by the city.

"I have applied to the Corporation Counsel," Commissioner Hennessy said, "for an opinion as to what department has jurisdiction over the property. I believe it is my department. If so, I will not stand for the sign. If it is the Finance Department, the matter is out of my power. The right to erect the sign was granted by Timothy Moynihan of the Finance Department."

FORTY DETECTIVES HUNT 'MASTER MIND' IN PALMER ROBBERY

Organized Band, Led by Ex-Convict, Is Sought in the $500,000 Gem Theft.

THREE UNDER SURVEILLANCE

Clues Found, Solution of the Case Is Near, Sleuth Asserts.

SERVANTS' TALES DISAGREE

One of Them Is Lying, Police Believe—Thieves' "Lookout" Station Found.

Three suspects, believed to be members of an elusive gang of gem thieves who have been organized for years, are under surveillance by forty private and city detectives who are trying to solve the mystery in the theft of jewels valued at almost $500,000 from the home of Mrs. Charlotte King Palmer at 59 East Ninetieth Street on Monday night.

The police are carefully checking over the list of ex-convicts who have been released lately from Sing Sing and other prisons after serving terms in big jewel robberies, on the theory that this organized band of robbers has taken in some new and experienced thief as a leader.

This new leader, reappearing in crime, is believed to have been the "brains" of a carefully planned plot to rob Mrs. Palmer. He is the man who directed the movie-like theft in the brownstown house within a stone's throw of the mansion of the late Andrew Carnegie, with two lesser members of the gang.

It is the suspected pawns of this robber captain whom the detectives are watching, and they believe that eventually the trail will lead them straight to the thieves' lair that is outside the actual glare of the lights of the main-beaten roads of crime. They believe that this rendezvous is in some street with neighbors of undoubted respectability, but that it now is one of the real capitals of the underworld.

"Work of a Master Thief."

"This job was the work of a master thief," said Thomas J. Corrigan, head of the detective agency of that name, who has been retained by the insurance companies to co-operate with the police in the search for the gems and the thieves. "It was stage managed with infinite detail, but the trail to the solution of the case is rapidly opening up."

A complete list of the stolen Palmer gems was given out last night by the detective agency of Thomas J. Corrigan, which is handling the case for the underwriters. This is the list:

Blue-white solitaire diamond ring, 14 carats.

Ring set with white sapphire surrounded by diamonds.

Ring, oval shaped, set with 14-carat blue sapphire.

Two hairpins, each set with five large diamonds surrounded by smaller diamonds.

Pearl necklace, about 56 inches long, containing 210 graduated pearls; clasp formed of pear-shaped pearl.

Diamond and platinum watch, moire ribbon band.

Onyx and platinum square wrist watch, three diamonds weighing about a half carat each on each side; name of Cartier on dial.

Bracelet, platinum, made up of square links, set with sapphires and diamonds.

Bracelet composed of two rows of diamonds, each stone weighing nearly a half caret.

Green gold meshbag.

Diamond and platinum horseshoe pin, containing 26 diamonds, 10 large and others graduated.

Diamond studded silver clock. This matched silver toilet set.

Sable stole.

Silver fox scarf.

Silver for scarf.

Questioning and requestioning of the maid and the Filipino butler, who were bound and gagged by the thieves when they visited the house, has widened the gap of discrepancy in their stories. Joint examination of the two servants yesterday ended with each calling the other "liar," when the detectives took up the most important points of the first meet-

Continued on Page Ten.

Searles Will Contest Settled Out of Court; Nephew Said to Have Received $2,000,000

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—Settlement of the contest of the will of the late Edward F. Searles of Methuen begun by his nephew, Albert Victor Searles, was announced unexpectedly tonight by the attorneys for the contestant and for the estate. This removes the case from the Essex Superior Court, where the issues were to have been heard by a jury.

Counsel refused to disclose the terms under which the agreement was made.

Sherman L. Whipple, chief counsel for the nephew, late today made the following statement to the press:

"The Searles will case has been settled by the parties. The terms, being private as between Mr. Walker and Victor Searles, will not be announced."

A similar statement was issued from the office of Choate, Hall & Stewart, attorneys of record for the estate.

A report, unverified tonight, is that the nephew accepted $2,000,000 in cash in return for discontinuing the contest, in which a long drawn out battle was inevitable.

Under the terms of the will, Albert Searles was to forfeit a bequest of $250,000 if he contested the instrument, the amount going to the University of California. The contest was originally made on the ground that undue influence had been exercised on the testator when he was physically and mentally incompetent and that a plot had been formed to gain control of the estate.

The bequests in the will amounted to from $25,000,000 to $40,000,000. The bulk of the estate, according to the will, went to Arthur T. Walker, New York agent of the testator.

By agreement reached by counsel, the issue, as framed by Judge Alden P. White of the Essex County Probate Court, will be discharged and the case will again go before Judge White on the question of allowing the will without objection.

By the settlement the special administrators appointed to handle the estate will be discharged and the executors will assume charge of the property to be administered under the terms of the will.

FALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught. —Advt.

Deerfoot Farm Sausage. Eaten with zest—remembered with pleasure. No other sausage has that distinctive flavor. Be sure you get the genuine. Substitutes disappoint.—Advt.

Coolidge Aids His College In Its Drive for $3,000,000

AMHERST, Mass., Nov. 19.—Vice President-elect Coolidge joined with alumni from all parts of the country who gathered here today to lay definite plans for the raising of $3,000,000 to be added to the Amherst College endowment fund as a centennial gift from the alumni and undergraduates. Governor Coolidge will address the alumni in College Hall tomorrow night.

At today's meetings prominent alumni dwelt upon the need of increasing the salaries of Amherst professors, remodeling and repairing college buildings and increasing the amount available for student activities.

NEW RAIL DECISION TESTS STATE POWER

Great Court Battle Certain Over I. C. C. Order, Raising Intrastate Rates.

MANY COMPLICATIONS SEEN

New York State Will Appeal to High Court Against Federal Board's Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Interstate Commerce Commission's decision yesterday that intrastate railway passenger rates and fares in New York must be raised to correspond with the advanced interstate rates is found on closer investigation and analysis to be of far-reaching importance in its bearing on the rights of the individual States to regulate rates on roads operating wholly within their own borders.

The action of the Federal Commission challenges the right of the States to deal with railroad rates, for it takes the position that under the provisions of the new railroad act, State commissions and State laws, fixing intrastate rates, are subordinate to the mandate of Congress that rates shall be allowed which will yield 5½ to 6 per cent. return on the value of all the railroads in the regions into which Congress directed the commission to divide the railways of the country.

The decision of the commission in the New York case, which will soon be followed by similar decisions in cases from Illinois and other States, where intrastate rates have not been raised to the level of the new interstate rates, is expected to precipitate a great legal fight in the courts, contesting the right of the Federal Government, through the Interstate Commerce Commission or any other agency, to interfere with the rights of the individual States to deal with intrastate rates. The action of the commission will, it is understood, be promptly challenged in the courts by New York and, when similar decisions are handed down by the commission, involving intrastate rates in other States, appeals by other commonwealths will follow.

If the Interstate Commerce Commission is sustained by the courts in this, its first decision of such a sweeping character, involving a claim of broader power over the rates of roads wholly within State lines, the difficulty confronting the roads in their efforts to obtain sufficient revenue to meet increased wages, without bringing the return to the roads below 5½ to 6 per cent. on their investment will be remedied. But if the courts fail to sustain the commission in its new decision and hold that those States, which have failed to bring all their freight and passenger rates up to the new interstate commerce levels, were justified in such refusal, then the individual States will be able to install lower rates on traffic wholly within their borders.

Upholding of Decision Vital Matter.

Lower rates on intrastate traffic than on interstate traffic may create deficits in the Federal districts in which the Interstate Commerce Commission was directed by Congress to subdivide the country, and higher interstate rates would have to be sought to meet the deficit produced by lower intrastate rates in the various districts—in short, it would be within the power of the individual State to levy low rates on traffic within its own borders at the cost to the public of the nation of higher rates on interstate traffic.

Interstate railway rates have about reached the limit of toleration, in the opinion of many, and in the event the courts do not uphold the Interstate Commerce Commission in its latest decision, it is probable that Congress will find itself confronted with appeals for new legislation to meet the situation of threatened deficits for the railroads.

The question was raised in an informal way tonight with several members of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to what would happen in the case of these roads, wholly within a State, over which the States have ordinarily exercised power to prescribe rates which might be lower than the intrastate rates for similar traffic on interstate roads.

Members of the commission because of their quasi judicial functions do not grant interviews for publication on matters of this character and so it was impossible to obtain a quoted statement, but it was given as the best judgment of one member of the commission tonight that no such situation would practically arise.

This Commissioner said that in the first place there were few rail carriers of any consequence whose lines lie wholly within a State and which have no interstate connections or joint rates with interstate carriers. He added that nearly every road whose lines lay wholly within a State connected with roads that ran out of a State or had joint

Continued on Page Nine.

LUCKENBACH BARES 'FOREIGN INFLUENCE' IN ALLOCATING SHIPS

Aliens and Concerns "Without a Rowboat" Favored—Americans "Left Out of Doors."

DEFECTIVE RIVETS COSTLY

Witness Tells of $4,817,000 Paid for Restoration of Ships Returned to Him by U. S.

BASEBALL A BUILDING ITEM

Kerr & Clegg Permitted to Clear $10,000,000 on Free Trips, Luckenbach Asserts.

Donations of $1,000 each to a baseball team and a brass band organized by the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, numerous unspecified amounts paid as club dues for members of that company and the moving expenses of its officials who were from Fore River to the Bethlehem plant are a few of the items in more than $3,500,000 overcharges which the Government had to pay when it requisitioned the ships of the Luckenbach Steamship Company being built at Fore River. The difference between what the Government finally paid and what it should have paid for these uncompleted vessels was disclosed through the testimony of Edgar F. Luckenbach, head of the Luckenbach Steamship Company, who appeared as a witness yesterday afternoon before the Congressional Select Committee on Shipping Board Operations.

In the allocation of Shipping Board vessels Mr. Luckenbach charged that men who had always opposed the building of an American merchant marine were most favored, while old and established American shipping firms were "left out of doors," and, although they had ships to operate, no routes were given to them by the board.

Of the firms operating Shipping Board vessels out of New York, 50 per cent. were inefficient, said Mr. Luckenbach, who charged that the influence of foreigners had much to do with the allocation of vessels.

Tells of Defective Riveting.

The witness further testified that defective riveting, followed by inefficient inspection, caused enormous losses in repairs; that the Shipping Board profiteered in the operation of its vessels; and that he had claims of more than $4,000,000, and other owners in like proportion, against the Shipping Board for repairs and refitting of ships.

Witnesses preceding Mr. Luckenbach told of alleged graft levied against the board by its agents; of conditions which permitted employes, while in Shipping Board service, to draw salaries from shipping concerns; of the removal of employes from Government work to private contracts while the Government was paying for their time; and of how investigators were threatened, and finally transferred to other places.

That it is the intention of the investigating committee to call all former and present officials of the Shipping Board was again announced by Chairman Joseph Walsh of Massachusetts, when William Denman of San Francisco, originator of the wooden ship idea and former President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, asked to be heard before his return to San Francisco. Mr. Walsh said the committee was not ready to enter upon that phase of the inquiry, but an effort would be made to hear Mr. Denman

Says Only Inefficiency Counted.

Mr. Luckenbach was on the stand all afternoon. Following a statement that not efficiency, but inefficiency counted with the Shipping Board, he was asked how much he had paid on account of each vessel his company was operating. He told the committee he had paid up all but about $2,000.

"What have you done with the proceeds from freight carriage on these operating ships?" he was asked by Chairman Walsh.

"We still have some money of the Shipping Board, on instruction of the Shipping Board to carry it," replied the witness.

"How do you carry that—in bank?" asked the Chairman.

"On the Shipping Board account as agent for the Shipping Board."

"Have you made any settlement with the Shipping Board for tonnage that was commandeered?"

"They paid us monthly."

"Those accounts were all settled?"

"No, oh, no. The Shipping Board still owes me a good many million dollars."

"Did you have any difficulty in getting the accounts adjusted?"

"A great many difficulties."

Mr. Luckenbach then was asked to outline his attempt to settle for the ships requisitioned while under construction at the plants of the Sun Shipbuilding Company and the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation.

Company's Inspectors Removed.

In 1915, he said, his company contracted for several ships, hoping to get trade routes left open because of submarine depredations. The ships were commandeered after the United States entered the war and the Luckenbach company instructed to remove its inspectors from the plants.

"In December the Shipping Board told us they had destroyed the original contracts—that they were only scraps of paper, and that new contracts on the basis of cost-plus had been made. Some of those ships were 85 per cent.

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

BUILDING MATERIAL TRUST GRIPS COUNTRY BY COLLUSIVE BIDDING AND RING CONTROL; LOCKWOOD INQUIRY SENT PRICES DOWN

Dairymen Cut Milk Price One Cent a Quart With Hope That Consumers Will Benefit

The Directors of the Dairymen's League, Inc., representing 88,000 dairy farmers supplying milk to this city, voted at a meeting here yesterday to reduce by 1 cent a quart the price of milk to the distributers for December. This action was taken, it was explained, in the hope that the lower price will be passed on to the consumer with a resultant increase in consumption. The price for milk in December will be $3.38 a hundred pounds for average testing milk, which is a reduction of 47 cents a hundred pounds, or 1 cent a quart from the November price. In December of last year the price received by the farmers for the same quality of milk was $3.88 a hundred pounds.

"The reduction of the price of milk by the farmers of 50 cents a hundred pounds from December a year ago and 47 cents less than in November of this year," said a statement from league headquarters, "even though for the last fifteen years the December price has been in advance over November, is a result of the farmers' desire to put the price of milk on a pre-war basis."

The Dairymen's League has just purchased a small milk plant in Newark and will undertake to sell milk at wholesale throughout the New York City district. It was announced last night that C. A. Welant, formerly President of Borden's Farm Products Company, would have charge of the management of this phase of the league's activities.

GET STOLEN $25,000 FROM CHICKEN COOP

Postal Authorities Get Tip From Prisoner's Wife on Burlington Train Robbery.

HUNT FOR $10,000 MORE

Rest of $3,500,000 Loot Said to Have Been Burned—Five Persons Held.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, Nov. 19.—The finding of a fortune in a chicken coop and the arrest of two more suspected persons early today brought the investigation of last Saturday's Burlington railway mail robbery, the loss in which is now estimated at $3,500,000, to a point where postal officials said the case was virtually completed.

A count of the recovered money found in a sack in the chicken house back of the T. A. Daly home here showed it to total $25,000 in ten-dollar bills. Federal agents are now trying to locate $10,000 which Mrs. Daly has said was carried away from the Daly home by one of the robbers.

Mrs. Daly asserted that her husband was at home at the time of the robbery and that Fred E. Poffenbarger, one of the prisoners, brought the money to their home early Sunday morning, wrapped in packages. According to Mrs. Daly's statement, she overheard the men say that they had burned the rest of the contents of the sacks. After counting the money over, she said, they hid it in the chicken house.

According to statements made by one of the men under arrest, all the loot save that found in the chicken house was burned by the robbers.

The arrest of Daly and H. A. Reed, a roomer at Daly's, early this morning made a total of five persons held. Three youths, Orville Phillips, 17 years old; Merl Phillips, 20, and Fred E. Poffenbarger, 19, have been in custody for several days. Statements made by them caused the arrest of Daly and Reed, each of whom is 45 years old, and also to the finding of a battered automobile believed to have been used for transporting the loot.

Five negroes, arrested last night, were released today.

The stolen money, consisting of currency, gold and securities, was in a sealed mail car and was being sent from San Francisco to consignees in the East. None of the thousands of dollars' worth of Government securities known to have been in the shipment have been found, and officials believe that statements made by Orville Phillips and Poffenbarger that the bonds were destroyed are true.

The men under arrest will be arraigned tomorrow before a United States Commissioner.

The story of the robbery is now told by the postal authorities. The robbed car was in the centre of a train which left the Union Pacific transfer here about 7 o'clock in the evening for Chicago. The automobile used by the robbers was driven alongside the train as it began to slow down for a railroad crossing at the edge of the city.

Almost before the train had come to a full stop the glass in the side door of the car was smashed so that one of the men could reach in and release the door's fastenings. Next one leaped inside, threw out ten sacks of registered mail and re-entered the automobile, which sped away. All was done within five minutes.

As the car drove away the robbers dropped off at different places, each taking a portion of the mail sacks. Four of these sacks, all empty, were found under the ice in a lake near the scene of the robbery yesterday.

Investigators of the value of the Government bonds and currency stolen, working along three different lines, but with the same object in view, agree that the early estimate of a loss of $3,500,000 is approximately correct.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—Government securities worth several hundred thousand dollars, recently shipped from here by the Bank of California, have failed to reach their Eastern destination, and it is presumed they are part of the loot obtained by train robbers at Council Bluffs.

When you think of writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

ALL STOCKS FALL IN SELLING WAVE

New Low Marks for the Year in 115 Issues on New York Exchange.

COMMODITIES DOWN, TOO

Industrials Drop 2 to 8 Points—Day's Trading 1,430,124 Shares.

Another heavy wave of selling swept over the stock market yesterday, carrying prices in many instances to new low levels for the year. It was the heaviest period of trading that the Exchange has seen since April 22, the volume of business totaling 1,430,124 shares. Also it was another manifestation of the liquidation in securities which has been running without more than a faint trace of a rally for the last fourteen days. The industrial stocks were once more the hardest hit, recessions running from 2 to 8 points in the more active issues.

The decline in securities was accompanied by declines in the commodity markets. Spot cotton dropped off $2.50 a bale and futures a like amount, while corn, wheat and oats dipped sharply. The decline in wheat ran from 6 to 8½ cents; in corn from 2½ to 3⅜ and in oats from 2 to 2½ cents. The desire to liquidate, whether stock or commodities, seemed to be nation-wide in its scope, selling coming from all quarters.

How drastic was the decline in the stock market is told in the fact that 115 stocks made new low marks for the year on the New York Stock Exchange. This is almost one issue in every three in which there were transactions. The breadth of the market was remarkable. The total of active issues was 381, or five more than the previous high record made on Nov. 9.

The story of the market is perhaps best told in the averages. The twenty-five industrials which are used to make up THE NEW YORK TIMES figures closed at 83.96, a point above the low, but a decline of 2.46 from the close of the preceding day. In the rails, which closed at 54.99, the decline amounted to 1.13, and the combined rails and industrials closed at 69.47, with the loss for the day 1.80.

Some of the issues which dipped into new low ground for the year were American Hide and Leather preferred, American Smelting and Refining, American Steel Foundries, American Sumatra Tobacco, Anaconda Copper, Baldwin Locomotive, Bethlehem Steel B, Central Leather, Chandler Motors, Crucible Steel, General Motors, International Paper, United States Industrial Alcohol, United States Steel and Utah Copper.

Low Prices for Active Issues.

The following table shows yesterday's low price for some of the more active issues, the high of last week and the net decline yesterday:

	Yesterday's Low.	Last week's High.	Yesterday's Net Dec.
American Sugar	91½	102½	3
Anaconda	37	50⅝	2½
A., G. & W. I.	103⅝	120⅝	2½
Baldwin	92½	108⅝	2⅝
Beth. Steel B	51	65½	3⅜
Corn Products	67	79⅛	3
Crucible S.	80¼	115½	8¾
Int. Paper	46	59	4½
Int. M. M. pf.	47½	65½	2⅝
Mex. Petrol.	152½	179½	5½
Ry. Steel Spg.	81	93½	5
Reading	84	99⅝	2⅝
Studebaker	42½	55⅝	3¼
U. S. Steel	80	85⅝	¼
Vanadium	41	50⅞	4½
Va.-Car. Chem.	36½	50⅜	6⅞

The failure of the market to rally has been one of the amazing things to Wall Street. There is no one to deny that it is a liquidating market, but even a decline is interpolated with rallies. For a time yesterday it appeared that a rally was to take place. The opening was up, as compared with the final prices of the preceding day, and stocks held their gains fairly well. The strength was, however, succeeded by decided weakness and in the afternoon prices crumbled under a tremendous volume of selling. Here and there were issues which showed signs of being supported, among them United States Steel, but the majority of stocks were at the mercy of the market.

It is agreed in Wall Street that the causes for the decline lie in the eco-

Continued on Page Four.

CEMENT COMBINE AIR-TIGHT

No Builder Can Buy Direct from Manufacturer or Away from Home.

PRICES AND BIDS UNIFORM

Sand, Gravel, Limestone, Marble, Granite and Brick All in a Vise.

SOME PRICES BEGIN TO DROP

Untermyer's Revelations Bring Results—City Lost $200,000 on Court House.

The Lockwood committee entered upon the second phase of its investigation yesterday, that of probing into alleged combinations of building material manufacturers and dealers to keep up the prices of their commodities. Evidence along this line indicated the following:

That combinations exist among manufacturers and dealers in cement, lime, gravel, brick, sand, stone and other building materials which hold the builders of the country in a tight grip by means of a network of organizations with intricate rules and in some cases uniform contracts.

That a national organization of cement manufacturers controls the cement output of the country and divides the States into districts for the purpose of supervising the cement trade, eliminating competition and insuring geographical distribution of contracts.

That no builder, however large, can go out of his district to purchase cement, nor can he buy it direct from the manufacturer. A New York builder cannot go to Philadelphia or even to Newark for cement, but must buy of a dealer in this city.

That prices for building materials are uniform all over the country, no matter what differences there may be in the cost of doing business among the material dealers.

Evidence along the foregoing line was furnished to the committee by Hugh White, a Vice President of the George A. Fuller Construction Company and in charge of all construction work in the metropolitan district.

Mr. White, in his testimony and according to comprehensive memoranda he prepared for the committee, asserted:

That since the inception of the Lockwood committee's investigation the price of building materials has begun to tumble. As an illustration he showed that on $700,000 worth of sub-contracts his concern let for the building of the Plaza Hotel annex reductions amounting to $87,000, or more than 10 per cent., have been made in the last month.

That the unit of labor costs in the last three or four weeks has shown greater productivity than at any time in the last four years.

That the Lockwood investigation disrupted the rings of contractors operating under the Code of Practice prepared by John T. Hettrick so that prices of limestone as well as other materials have been radically reduced.

Brick Drops After Inquiry.

That the price of brick, which was $30.75 a thousand up to the time the investigation began, dropped as low as $20.75, the average at the present time, delivered on the job, being $22.70 a thousand. Earlier in the day George Atwell of the Northern Wrecking Company said that the price of brick in the last few weeks has dropped to $15 a thousand, but this was "alongside," meaning at the dock, and $5.75 is generally added for delivery to the job.

That the practice of restricting builders to doing business with the original bidders on any job has been done away with in some lines, and builders may once more refuse all bids on jobs and obtain additional bids without fear of dictation by combinations seeking to throttle competition.

That when efforts were made by builders and by the General Contractors' Association to buy great quantities of cement direct from manufacturers the prospective purchasers were either referred to local dealers or told that no orders could be filled this year. In the latter cases cement manufactured by the various companies was always to be had at the local dealers.

George Atwell, who gave the committee an interesting description of the manner in which Robert P. Brindell gained his ascendency over the workers and employers in the building trades, was on the stand all morning and part of the afternoon. Mr. Atwell, who answered questions quickly and with apparent frankness, made the following declarations:

Stephen Birmingham, a policeman, formerly a detective in the loft squad, a nephew of Charles J. Kelley of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades' Association, obtained six months' leave of absence from the Police Department in order to take his wife to the country. He spent the time handling the affairs of the "Compensation Bureau" attached to Brindell's Building Trades Council at a salary of $5,000 a year.

Brindell had five expensive automobiles which he used in his business.

The city paid a dozen housewreckers to tear down buildings on the Court House site and to clear the rubbish out

of the cellars of the old buildings. After the cellars had been swept "broom clean" the city, paying its own men and using its own equipment, filled up the cellars and subsequently engaged Rogers & Haggerty, excavators, to remove the filling. Atwell estimated that to remove about 50,000 yards of filling at $4 a cubic yard would mean a loss to the city of $200,000. When the Court House contracts were canceled by the Board of Estimate, the contract of Rogers & Haggerty was not molested.

Atwell said he paid $50 a week to Joseph Moran, walking delegate of Brindell's council, who was receiving $75 a week from his own union. Moran was a "foreman" on Atwell's payroll.

On one occasion Brindell pulled a revolver out of his outside pocket and "flashed" it on Atwell. He thought that three of Atwell's friends were being used as witnesses by the wrecking contractor and meant to intimidate Atwell.

The name of Vice President William P. Kenneally of the Board of Aldermen and a power in Tammany Hall was brought into the investigation. Atwell said after the Highways Department refused to permit him to erect a wooden bridge on Pine Street Kenneally presented a resolution to the Board of Aldermen and Atwell waited in the room until it was adopted. Samuel Untermeyer, counsel to the committee, referred to the incident as "legislation while you wait."

Mr. Untermyer read into the record letters that passed between him and Mayor Hylan showing that he supported the city's stand on the five-cent fare, refuting the insinuations of the Mayor that he had been influenced by the Interborough to make a "political attack" on Mr. Hylan.

With Atwell the committee closed the labor phase of the investigation and began work on the building material situation. When this branch of the committee's labors is completed the relations of savings banks and insurance companies to the housing situation will then be taken up.

Evidence on Collusive Bidding.

Mr. White in his testimony gave figures showing the uniformity of prices in estimates prepared for the Fuller Company on the Combustion Engineering Building, 43 to 47 Broad Street, and also gave instances of apparent collusion on one or two other jobs.

At the present time, said Mr. White, the Fuller Company had about $40,000,000 to $45,000,000 worth of uncompleted orders in the country, of which close to $15,000,000 was in the metropolitan district.

Mr. White said that on one operation alone, the effect of the committee's investigation was to reduce the cost of contracts on the Plaza Hotel Annex $87,000. This was on a basis of $700,000 which was estimated for the work. The first estimates were taken about two and a half months ago, and the last within two weeks.

Mr. Untermyer asked the witness whether the $87,000 reduction represented the general effect of the investigation upon material prices.

"Yes," he answered, "both material and labor, because we have unit labor costs each week, and our unit labor costs in the last two or three weeks show more productivity for the men than before the investigation started. I have had the same statement made to me in reference to the subcontractors by their representatives."

One of his men reported that he got more productivity out of his men during the last month than at any time during the last four years, said Mr. White, but the main saving was on material.

Limestone Drops 30 Per Cent.

To illustrate concretely the savings due to cuts in prices lately Mr. White took up limestone. Four weeks ago the lowest estimates for limestone for the Plaza Hotel Annex was $52,450. The contract was closed ten days ago, after Hettrick's appearance on the stand, for $38,100, or 30 per cent. less.

Second estimates for limestone were obtained for the work, although when the limestone men acted under Hettrick's Code of Practice, he said no limestone manufacturer would bid a second time, and the builder had to accept one of the first bids.

The witness said similar conditions prevailed in the granite and marble industry. In connection with the rebuilding of the Hotel Manhattan he said that two sets of estimates were taken, the first early in October and the second at the end of October. Four contractors bid for the work. The early bid of the McLaury Marble and Tile Company was $248,247 and the same company's second bid was $192,000. There were a few changes in the specifications, but the witness estimated that the saving amounted to from $25,000 to $30,000, or about 10 per cent.

Mr. Untermyer questioned the witness about lime, sand, brick, gravel and cement. He said that the Fuller company had used close to a million barrels of cement so far this year.

Mr. White said that not only was the builder restricted to purchasing cement from a dealer, but in the New York district he was not permitted to buy cement from one dealer and brick from another. He had to buy both from the same dealer. He said that he obtained eleven estimates from brick dealers for brick in June and that all the estimates were uniform, $30.75 a thousand delivered at the site. The contracts forwarded with the estimates were couched in the same language, he said, and builders were not permitted to buy "alongside" or at the dock, but had to buy through dealers.

Cement Combine Ironclad.

It was the same way in cement. He obtained eleven estimates. Ten quoted the price as $4.50 a barrel and one $4.60. Cement, he added, used to cost 80 and 90 cents a barrel. All cement at the present time is alike, said the witness. He was asked that if he found a better grade of cement being made on the Pacific Coast and wanted to have it delivered to him in New York whether he could get it. He said that the manufacturer of the cement would not sell the cement outside his district.

Brick, which in former years sold from $5 to $7 a thousand, went up to $30.75 prior to the investigation, and has already come down to $22.70, but has fallen as low as $20.75, Mr. White declared.

His ten estimates from ten dealers in white Portland cement showed no variation whatever. All wanted $7.20 a barrel. There was no question in his mind that had there been open competition the estimates would have varied because of different methods of doing business and because of lower overhead charges by some dealers.

White obtained eleven estimates for hydrated lime. The prices were practically the same for different qualities. In paper bags the price was $20.50 and in cloth bags $24 and $24.50. There was just one variation in the estimates.

In white sand there were nine bids. Seven asked $5, one asked $4.50 and one "the market price at the time of delivery," per cubic yard.

Mr. White said that a builder could not buy sand and gravel from separate dealers. Sand, gravel and broken stone have to be bought from the same dealer, he said.

The witness then took up estimates obtained on the Chelsea Exchange Bank, which was being altered. Fourteen estimates were obtained from dealers in brick. All but one dealer estimated at $22.70 a thousand. This was on Sept. 21, 1920. The last dealer put in an estimate of $22.

Fourteen estimates were obtained from cement dealers. All were uniform. The price was $5.10 a barrel at the site. The cement concerns from whom the estimates were obtained were scattered all over the eastern part of the country.

It was here that White said that if he wanted to buy cement in Newark or Philadelphia for a building in New York he could not do so at any price. He could only go to a dealer, and that one not outside the district.

Q.—So that that net work of combination among the cement people encircles the whole country, does it, and all the localities? A.—Yes, sir; the national organization of them controls the price of cement in the whole country.

Untermyer Ridicules Cement Suit.

Q.—Is that the cement combination which the Federal Government has been for a year or more gently tapping with its fingertips in the form of a civil suit in the Federal Court? A.—I think it is, sir.

Q.—Have you heard of its having gotten anywhere up to date? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Have you heard of the suit ever having been tried? A.—I have not, sir.

Q.—Have you any idea whether the scheme will be at all different by the time they get to trial from the one when they started the suit? A.—I have not, sir.

Q.—You know that it isn't difficult to switch these combination plans, don't you? A.—I would infer that it would not be impossible.

Q.—So that by the time you get to trial in a civil case the manufacturer bobs up with another plan than the one that is in the suit? A.—Yes, sir.

Of eleven bids for white Portland cement there was no variation, Mr. White continued. The price was $8.20. On hydrated lime there were fourteen bids. All who estimated for paper bags put the price at $25. In burlap there were two bids out of the fourteen. Both were $27. There was but one variation. One firm bid $22 for the lime in paper bags instead of $23. There were twelve estimates on white sand. All but one asked $5 a cubic yard. The sixth asked $6.

Mr. White produced a bundle of letters showing replies from cement dealers with whom builders tried to do business direct. All the cement men were in the Eastern District. The replies referred the builders to dealers. The General Contractors' Association also tried in vain to do business direct with the manufacturers, he said.

Material Men Have Uniform Contract.

There is a uniform contract by the material men which the builders are asked to sign, said the witness. They bear exactly the same wording, and also have certain qualifications and stipulations that they demand be put into each contract. Occasionally these stipulations are put into the builders' contract in different words.

The estimates for the Plaza Hotel job taken recently for concrete fireproof forms varied from $215,000 to $145,000. He said the Concrete Fireproofing Association dealt in the fireproof concrete materials.

Mr. Untermyer intimated that it would be odd if it were found that the fireproofing men had an estimating bureau which was supposed to do their estimating and that in spite of this their bids varied, as all were estimating on the same specifications. He said that all these things would make "some difference to the owner." The longer you wait the cheaper it will be," he added.

Q.—Your concern, acting as you do on the cost plus basis, you are looking for an open market, aren't you? A.—Competition.

Q. You are a union shop? A.—Well, we work under union conditions, believing in it.

Q.—You believe in the efficiency of union labor? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—You mean you want to come back to the old run of efficiency of labor? A.—Absolutely, and we believe in organized labor.

Q.—As we all do. A.—So do our executives.

Q.—But you do not want to cut prices of labor, do you? A.—No, sir.

Q.—But you do want competition in materials, don't you? A.—Absolutely, and we think we should have competition in labor, that is, certain associations and organizations in different trades should not control absolutely the labor in that trade by special agreements with that union which keeps out any other man in there in competition.

Q.—This committee, as I understand, is not engaged in any such question. All we want to do with respect to labor is to release labor from the thraldom of blackmailing? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And to encourage and assist organized labor, that is our endeavor? A.—We believe in the same thing.

Q.—All right, then, our purposes are all alike.

Brindell's Power Described.

The first witness was Mr. Atwell, who said that he received a contract from the Garment Center Realty Company to excavate a site at Seventh Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, through Brindell, who had the "power" to give the work to any man he favored.

Q.—Tell us exactly in what way he was able to wield that power. A.—It seemed he could stop steam shovels. He could stop the engineers; he could stop any trade that he had the jurisdiction over.

Q.—Well, is it a fact that in the building business in New York City he had power to dictate who should contract for jobs because of that situation? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—He held that absolute power over the building industry in New York? A.—He proved it to my satisfaction.

Q.—How did he prove it? A.—He brought me up to a plumber and said, "Give him the job," and the man gave me the job.

Q.—Well, how did that prove anything to you? A.—Well, I couldn't go up there and do it; I couldn't go up and tell him to give some one a subcontract.

Q.—Won't you explain the machinery that he wielded there that gave him such a power? A.—Take No. 100 Broadway, the time I had the dispute at No. 100 Broadway with him. I might have got other men to do that work without going to Brindell, but twenty other trades were working there—plumbers, steamfitters, carpenters and everybody else, and if I hadn't changed that minute all he had to say was "Knock off," and every trade in the building would have knocked off.

Q.—Suppose you were conducting a job through labor all of which was in the membership of the Building Trades Council, then what power would he have to stop them? A.—All they had to do was report unfair conditions and the job would stop.

Q.—What sort of unfair conditions? If it happened to hire a man who had not paid all his dues and I refused to let him off.

Atwell then told of having Alderman Kenneally put through a resolution permitting him to build a wooden bridge on Pine Street while he, Atwell waited. Asked whether he had strong political affiliations, Atwell, who is a brother-in-law of John F. Ahearn, Tammany leader, said he was born in New York and knew his way around.

The witness said he gave Brindell five checks and that three of them were in his office at 147 Fourth Avenue. He destroyed these because some one had tried to break into his place, and he did not want to have anything get into his competitors hands. One of the checks for $2,000, which he produced, was made out to "E. Brindell" and endorsed by E. Brindell." It was dated July 13, 1920. The second check was dated Oct. 11, 1920, and was made out to "Rob. Brindell" and endorsed in the same way.

Brindell, according to Atwell tried to "string" him with the idea that he might get the big contract to demolish the interior of the Hotel Knickerbocker, but Atwell said he knew Albert Volk was scheduled to get that job.

Brindell's Favorite Contractors.

Q.—Was Albert Volk one of his favorites, too? A.—Yes, he was:

Q.—Who were the others? A.—Albert Volk, Kaufman—any man that was doing work on that list that you have here that you call it "The White List." Cohen gave it another name.

Q.—"The White List" is the list that he liked, and the "Black List" is the one that did not get jobs? A.—As Cohen described it, he said the white list was a Kosher list.

Q.—And you were on that? A.—I was Kosher.

Atwell said Brindell has five cars, two Simplexes, a Packard and "a couple of Cadillacs." He told of seeing Brindell five times since the committee started its investigation and also of seeing George Backer, the indicted builder, three or four times. Both men came to him for sympathy, he said, and Mr. Untermyer called the witness a "Job's comforter."

On one occasion Brindell called up Atwell and had his brother Matthew arrange an appointment. Brindell drove down from his home in a car and drove Atwell several blocks to a side street. "He told me I was to be indicted without a hearing," said Atwell. "He told me to get a good lawyer. He said the other house wreckers were swearing their heads off against me. He said he would be indicted too."

"Did he say how many times?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"No," replied the witness. "He said he hired Martin Littleton. Brindell said that the committee or the law or something was unconstitutional."

Atwell further said that Brindell asked him what he, Atwell, was going to do. He said he would tell the truth. "You are the only man I ever took a check from," said Brindell to Atwell. "Why did you take it from me?" asked Atwell. "I didn't want to hurt your feelings and ask you for cash," Brindell replied.

The statement caused an outburst of laughter from the audience.

On one occasion Brindell was driven by his chauffeur to Atwell's home the witness testified. He met Brindell in front of his home, and Brindell "talked of the committee," said the wreckers were "hollering their heads off." He thought Brindell wanted to see him because he had certain checks. Atwell asked Brindell whether he knew Hettrick, whose name was at that time figuring prominently in the case.

Brindell Didn't Know Hettrick.

"It's a funny thing that I have never met him; there is one guy I have never met," Brindell answered.

The only explanation Atwell could make for Brindell's statement was that the labor boss thought Hettrick "seemed to be getting away with something and Brindell did not know it."

Another interview between Atwell and Brindell took place at Broadway and 110th Street. Brindell drove Atwell up to his Bronx home and talked of the committee. He asked Atwell's advice about a lawyer, and Atwell said John B. Stanchfield was a good lawyer. Brindell thought he might get Stanchfield.

"He talked lawyers, house wreckers and squealers," Atwell testified.

The last time he saw Brindell was two days after George Backer testified. It was on Sunday, and Backer asked Atwell to meet him at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. Previously Brindell had arranged to meet Atwell at the latter's Long Island City yards. Brindell was waiting with his brother, Matthew, when Atwell and Backer arrived. Backer and Brindell then went into the yard and held a conversation for ten minutes. Atwell said he remained outside on the sidewalk, and then all returned to Manhattan in Brindell's car. Backer kept joking about his appearance before the committee, told what he testified to and acted hilariously. Brindell "looked mighty serious—just like a sphinx, saying nothing," Atwell declared.

Mr. Untermyer asked Atwell whether he had been mixing into the cases of the indicted men, seeing politicians and so on. Atwell replied in the negative.

Q.—Don't you think you had better keep your hands off there? A.—I should say so. Since I got this summons and was sworn here I have been very, very careful, and I have had ten men on my trail all the time.

Q.—You mean trying to get you to do things? A.—No, sir; watching to see what I do.

Mr. Untermyer questioned Atwell concerning Patrolman Birmingham. He said that Birmingham got six months' leave without pay in order to go into Brindell's Compensation Bureau. Atwell said that Birmingham was once a detective in the loft squad and had some disagreement with the men in the police department and was again put in uniform. When that happened he asked for a leave of absence. It was learned yesterday that Birmingham has recently been transferred to the Clinton Street station and is patrolling a beat. He was seen yesterday by a representative of THE TIMES and declined to make any statement concerning his executive position with Brindell's organization or to discuss why he asked for a ninety-day leave to take his sick wife to the country.

Untermyer Introduces Politics.

Mr. Untermyer launched into another phase of the examination which he called "the link between politics and building." The first subject was one of city and private dumps. Atwell explained that the débris removed from an excavation was taken to a public dump, hired from the city by a contractor. He defined a city dump as a Street Cleaning Department dump. Contractors, he said, hired dumps from the Dock Department, furnished scows and charged the wreckers for every load of débris that was dumped into the scows. The principal dump owners he said were O'Brien Brothers, Henry Steers, Bowker Construction Company, and the Mulligan Contracting Company. The dumps have been in the same hands as far back as the witness said he could remember.

Henry Steers, said Atwell, was also a dealer in sand and gravel and one of the few men who could get sand and gravel up to the docks and sell it. Eight or ten years ago, he said, sand was selling for 25 cents "alongside," and the price now is $1.50 a cubic yard. He could not tell why sand sold for six times the former price, but thought the increase in the cost of towing had something to do with it. The unloading now is done by machinery, whereas formerly it was done by hand, and this item is cheaper. Towing charges have doubled, he declared, and he was of the opinion that this increase was artificial. He was asked how an independent dealer in sand could have a towboat brought into a dock so that his cargo might be unloaded. He said he did not know of a private dock to which sand could be unloaded in New York.

"They are all owned by a few people?" he was asked. "Yes, they are leased by the sand men."

Sand Men in Combination.

"And the sand men are in a combination, aren't they?"

"They seem to be all one price."

Atwell explained that docks were leased by companies who towed rubbish away and that private contractors paid by the truckload for permission to dump. The rent for these dumps, he said, had been in the same hands for years and at the same price, but the cost of dumping has increased from 25 to 75 cents a cubic yard. He said the cost of dumping has greatly increased the cost of excavating, which has gone up from 25 cents to $4.50 a cubic yard. For the latter sum the contractor dug the débris out and dumped it.

Q.—I want to ask you some questions about the excavation for the Court House site. Do you remember who did the wrecking of the buildings? A.—It was done by a dozen firms, let by a man by the name of Briggs, who was then Secretary of the Court House Board.

Q.—Did they do it by general arrangement? A.—They were to tear down the buildings to the cellar, remove the rubbish and leave the cellars broom clean.

Q.—Did these men get together and do the job? A.—No. They took perhaps fifty bids on the job.

Q.—Were you on it? A.—I bid on one small portion of it.

Q.—The specifications called for excavating them ten, or twelve, or twenty feet, did they? A.—No; they were already excavated; the old cellars under the buildings were excavated, and we had to clean them up and leave them broom clean, no rubbish or dirt allowed to drop into the cellar.

Q.—That cost money, to excavate them to that depth and clean them out? A.—Yes.

Q.—And is it the fact or not that after they had been excavated down to that depth, demolished down to that depth, and cleaned down to that depth, that Street Cleaning Department then began filling them; is that right? A.—They did fill them up.

Q. That cost money, didn't it? A. To fill them up?

Q. Yes. A. It did.

Q. It cost so much a load to fill them up again? A. They had the material, and they were looking for a place to dump it.

Q. So that the Street Cleaning Department started dumping the rubbish into the place that the city had paid for excavating, is that right? A. Yes.

City Paying Twice on Excavation.

Q. The city is paying over again to Rogers & Haggerty for taking out the stuff that the Street Cleaning Department put in there? A. Yes, sir.

Q. How many more operations do you think there will be on that cellar before you get to building? It depends upon how many times the Street Cleaning Department wants to fill it up again, doesn't it? A. I think they have filled it up for the last time.

Q. You think they have filled it up for the last time? A. Unless they decide they don't want a Court House.

Atwell said that there were 50,000 yards and it cost $4 a yard to take it out, or $200,000 in all.

The examination shifted to brick. Atwell said that up to four years ago brick was delivered on the job at $5.75 a thousand and until recently it cost about $30. The highest point brick reached in the last ten years, he said, was in 1906, when it went to $13, and after a legislative committee began to act it dropped to $5.75. Three years ago, he said, brick began to go up in price because of the scarcity of boats and men, but that there was no scarcity now and plenty of boats and no justification for the present high prices.

Q—As an expert who has been dealing all his life in this class of material, can you tell us what justification there is, what basis there is, for the increase of price of brick from $5.75 to $20 and $25 and $30 a thousand? A—I understand that there is brick in this market now at $15 alongside.

Q—How recent is that, since this investigation started? A—Yes, sir.

Q—That is only the last few weeks, isn't it? A—About a month.

Exposure Sent Brick Down.

Q—Up to within the last couple of weeks, during the sessions of this committee, what was the price of brick alongside? A—Well, the price of brick alongside, as I remember it was $30—the highest I ever heard—and then it came down. There were a couple of independent loads that came down the river, and were dumped on the market, and the price dropped, and it has been dropping ever since—one or two loads that came down.

The session adjourned for a recess and afterward Atwell went on the stand again. He was questioned concerning his relations with Joseph Moran, delegate for Brindell, and said that he kept Moran on his payroll at $50 a week for six weeks as "foreman." Explaining how he came to engage Moran as "foreman" when Moran was paid $75 a week from his own union, Atwell said that there was a dispute between George Backer, the builder, and Melton, a house wrecker, concerning a job at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. Backer asked the witness to get some detective, because there were constant disputes between rival house wreckers on the Seventh Avenue job.

Atwell denied that Stadtmuller and Cunningham, two other delegates of Brindell's council, also were on his payroll, but that he hired Moran "to keep peace" on the job.

"That was just a bribe, wasn't it?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "That was a bribe," answered Atwell. "Moran was a bit of a prizefighter."

Brindell Shows a Pistol.

The witness then told of an altercation with Brindell on May 20, 1920. In the course of the argument Brindell pulled a pistol out of his pocket and showed it to Atwell. He said that the pistol did not stop the argument. The dispute arose over Brindell's demand that Atwell put more men on the job at Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue. Several of Atwell's friends happened along at that time and Brindell thought that he, the witness, invited the men to act as witnesses. Brindell "just flashed" the pistol to show that he was armed, the witness added.

Atwell was questioned about cement prices. Six or seven years ago, he said, he bought cement for 90 cents a barrel, and now has to pay $5.50. He once managed to buy several carloads of cement from agents at 1 Whitehall Street, but was unable to repeat the performance, as he was not a member of the local Cement Dealers' Association. He made the purchase from a man named Miller, he said. Subsequently he had to complete his order from a dealer at the uniform price.

In opening the day's proceedings, Mr. Untermyer said that in order to secure unlimited public confidence the motives of everybody connected with the inquiry had to be above suspicion. It was therefore in no sense a personal matter that led him to speak of "the extraordinary scene" that took place the day before, when Mayor Hylan insinuated that counsel to the committee had any relation with the Interborough or that his examination was in any way influenced by his attitude toward the Interborough.

Untermyer for 5-Cent Fare.

Mr. Untermyer then read the following letter he wrote from Upper Saranac Lake on Aug. 20, 1919, to Mayor Hylan, and the Mayor's reply:

Douglass Camp,
Upper Saranac Lake, N. Y.,
Aug. 20, 1919.

The Hon. John F. Hylan, Mayor's Office, City Hall, New York:

My Dear Mr. Mayor: I congratulate you on the brave and public-spirited stand you have consistently taken against increasing the fare on the transit system, and particularly on your insistence that these companies shall make good their contract obligation for a five-cent fare, on the faith of which the city has put $250,000,000 into the property, which it will probably never again see, except in the form of a five-cent fare.

I am especially pleased at your position with respect to the present strike. The methods of these people and all signs point to the fact that the strike was encouraged, if not actually engineered, by the I. R. T. I believe that fact can be made to appear to the satisfaction of the people of the city by an official inquiry, in which there shall be drastic cross-examination of all concerned, from which the proper inferences can be drawn.

When that fact has sunk into the public consciousness, the time will have come for the city to take over the entire system in the reorganizations that are bound soon to follow. The deficit that would be involved in the five-cent fare, under city operation should be met by general taxation, because the benefits to the city from the extensions that are being operated in the outlying districts, through the upbuilding of these sections and the accompanying rise of the taxable values in these sections, for the purpose of taxation are inuring to the city's benefit.

I think I know these gentlemen, and I tell you that you have a hard fight ahead of you. If there is anything I can do to assist, you must not hesitate to command me.

With kind regards, believe me, sincerely yours,

SAMUEL UNTERMYER.

To which the Mayor replied Aug. 27, 1919, as follows:

Sam Untermyer, Esq., Douglass Camp, Saranac Lake, N. Y.:

Dear Mr. Untermyer—Your esteemed letter of Aug. 20 received, and thank you very much for writing me.

While I am in favor of municipal ownership and operation of many of the lines in the city, buses will be the mode of transportation for short distances and will take the place of many of the surface lines. When bus lines are in operation, surface lines will be torn up and sold as old junk.

Thanks very much for your offer of assistance. Best wishes to Mrs. Untermyer as well as yourself. Sincerely yours, JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

"There are a number of other longer letters, just preceding these, in which I advised the Mayor as to the way of safeguarding the city's interests, as against the then impending receivership of the Interborough Company," said Mr. Untermyer.

Answers Bus Suit Charge.

"The Mayor said something about a bus suit to enjoin the operation of buses, and intimated that I had something to do with or knew something about it. It so happens that until I heard him make the statement on the stand, I did not know there was such a suit in the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, of which I have not for seven years been a partner, although my sons are in the firm, and I make my office there. I know nothing about the merits of the bus suit. It may be a perfectly meritorious action, and doubtless is, or Mr. Marshall would have nothing to do with it; but be that as it may, I have no knowledge of it; I was ill and away for a long period. I had no financial interest in it or any other concern in it; and as I say, I knew nothing about the fact of the circumstances of such a suit; so that my relations to the Interborough, and all these affairs, have been that of endeavoring to safeguard the city and the interests of the city, against anything that might be improper, if there was anything on the part of the Interborough Company that was improper; and I have upheld the hands of the Mayor and shall continue to do so, because whatever may be his motives, I think he is right in his attitude."

The next session of the committee will be held at the City Hall on Tuesday.

'FOREIGN INFLUENCE' IN ALLOCATING SHIPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

completed. Some did not have their keels laid."

As a result, Mr. Luckenbach asserted, the Shipping Board paid an increased cost of approximately $500,000 a ship, and added:

"On an $800,000 or $900,000 ship a $500,000 increase is simply ridiculous. I am from Missouri and I want to be shown."

Mr. Luckenbach said he later investigated these excessive costs. He engaged Perley Morse to make an audit. It cost him $30,000.

"Did you ever audit the books of the Shipping Board?" asked Chairman Walsh.

"No," he replied.

"Did you ask to?"

"I don't think I want that privilege," he said.

The total excessive costs, according to his audit, amounted to $3,792,216. On hulls Nos. 264, 265 and 267 the excess cost was $186,558; on hulls Nos. 297 and 298, $739,000; total cost-plus profits, shown by Fore River books in the Perley Morse audit, $790,000. In addition there were excess costs on the following vessels: K. L. Luckenbach, $523,000; F. J. Luckenbach, $373,000; Katrina Luckenbach, $425,000, and Walter Luckenbach, $264,000.

Paid $1,000 for a Ball Club.

Mr. Luckenbach said he had asked Mr. Guthell of the legal department of the Shipping Board for what reasons the original contracts were destroyed. He was merely told that the Government wanted ships.

"You never have been able to get the items that go to make up these excess costs?" he was asked by Chairman Walsh.

"Yes," replied the witness, "but not from the Shipping Board."

Asked to explain some of these items, Mr. Luckenbach replied:

"I paid $1,000 to a baseball club which I never saw play. It was the baseball club of the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation. Then I paid $1,000 to a neighborhood society. There was an item for advertising. Then I paid $1,000 to a brass band. I paid further amounts for the reorganization and amalgamation of subsidiaries of the Bethlehem Steel Company, for legal services; I paid for experiments for an oil engine on which they had been experimenting for years; I paid club dues for various members of the Fore River company, and moving expenses for officials who went from Fore River to Bethlehem. I learned a whole lot about bookkeeping that I never knew before."

"How did you tell what was your proportion?"

"My accountant investigated that and gave me the figures. Mr. Morse has the accounts and you can get the figures from him, possibly you can get them from the Shipping Board."

The Luckenbach Company operates Shipping Board vessels from New York to Rotterdam and Hamburg, and from Philadelphia to Rotterdam and San Francisco. These ships, the witness said, had shown the "results of inefficiency" in the inspection of Shipping Board vessels under construction. He told of leaky rivets and of the heavy costs for repairs which could have been obviated by proper inspection on the ways.

Not Favored by "Slipping Board."

The witness said his company had bought eight or nine vessels at a cost of approximately $22,000,000. Asked about the terms of sale, he asserted:

"We never came in the favored class of the Shipping Board—we call it the Slipping Board."

His company, he said, was required to pay 25 per cent. of the cost of the vessels as an initial payment, while other shipping concerns made initial payments of 2½ per cent.

"Has your company been compelled to make any large amount of repairs on those ships?" asked Chairman Walsh.

"Yes, a large amount. We bear the expense of those repairs. The trouble has been due to poor riveting. We had to renew large numbers of rivets owing to poor workmanship. They caused the vessels to leak, and rivets in the bottom which were defective caused the hulls to leak. We had to repair 50 per cent. of the ships we got from the Shipping Board."

Mr. Luckenbach said his company had operated under every form of agreement put out by the Shipping Board. It bought ships' supplies through its own purchasing agent without having to support any subsidiary companies. Vessels operated on Shipping Board account, he said, got the benefit of all savings made through the company's system. He could not testify as to whether his purchasing agents received gratuities, but he hoped they did not. His captains and engineers had nothing to do with the purchase of supplies.

In discussing petty graft among ships' officers, Mr. Luckenbach said there was some difference in the methods employed by operators. Asked about the qualifications of operators out of New York, he asserted 50 per cent. of them were inefficient, and waste would continue no matter how many Inspectors were put to work or purchasing agencies established.

Firms "Without a Rowboat" Favored.

"We have made application for the allocation of ships from time to time," said Mr. Luckenbach, "but we don't get anything. We have as many as six ships idle today because we can't get any routes, and this despite the fact that we have bought more ships and furnished more ships during the war than any other American shipping concern. Allocations are made to shipping concerns that don't possess even a rowboat, and they are the most favored ones."

Answering a question by Representative Kelly, with reference to his company's attempt to establish a service between New York and Australasia, he said the Luckenbach company had abandoned this project.

"When they allocated a number of ships to Welding Ring's concern, the United States Australasian Shipping Company, I got disgusted and went to Washington to ask permission to put my ships under a foreign flag. Welding Ring has only a part interest in a foreign ship, and he has opposed every move to aid the American merchant marine. I was disgusted and sick and tired of running ships under the American flag when Kerr and Clegg were getting all the favors.

"Take the two Englishmen, Ring, the Cosmopolitan Steamship Company, Struthers and the rest. They're getting it all. Possibly we don't know anything about running ships, but the history of my firm doesn't show it. My father started the business sixty-five years ago, and it has been a going concern ever since. Why, even when Mr. Franklin's company, the International Mercantile Marine, went into bankruptcy, we were running our ships and making money, and there has never been a dollar of foreign capital in our business. It is all owned among ourselves, a family affair. The Shipping Board made monkeys of us in connection with that Australasian deal."

$10,000,000 Cleared on "Free Trips."

Mr. Luckenbach complained that the Shipping Board, when it commandeered the Luckenbach ships, paid lower rates than it allowed to foreign concerns, despite the fact that the Government netted a profit of $356,500 in the operation of the Harry L. Luckenbach, under charter hire of $44,387, and $1,159,024 on the Pleiades, under charter hire of $377,781.

"How were they making these profits?" he was asked.

"By having us operate these ships for them," replied the witness.

"What were they doing with these ships?"

"Making money out of them."

"Do you think you should have been allowed to operate these ships?"

"I think they should have given me the same privileges as foreign operators. They let Kerr and Clegg make three free trips."

On these "free trips" the witness estimated Kerr and Clegg had made a profit of $10,000,000.

Asked to go into the details concerning controversies with the Shipping Board, Mr. Luckenbach said the first dispute arose in December, 1917, when he tried to get from Mr. Cuthell an explanation of why increased costs had been allowed on the original Luckenbach contracts. Mr. Cuthell said the Shipping Board needed ships. Mr. Luckenbach last July asked the Shipping Board for a statement concerning these overcharges. It was promised, but "nothing came of it." Mr. Luckenbach had never taken the matter up with Admiral Benson, with former Chairman Payne or the latter's assistant, Martin J. Gillen. But he had seen Mr. Hurley, who always referred him back to "some landlubber attorney."

"Ever talk with Mr. Piez?" he was asked.

"Yes."

"What did he do?"

"Referred me right back to Mr. Cuthell. They all passed the buck."

Tells of "Trail of Favoritism."

The witness was asked to identify an interview which he recently gave for publication in the Nautical Gazette of Oct. 23 last, in which he said:

"The trail of favoritism which has been crossed again and again by those like ourselves who have honestly endeavored to serve the best interests of American shipping is still plain in Washington. It leads into the front door of the Shipping Board offices, but it has devious turnings before it gets there. The merest tyros in the shipping business are still camping on the job at Washington and enjoying the favor of the board. They maintain sumptuous apartments there; they ride around the capital in their limousines and they keep their entertainers to show Shipping Board employes 'a good time.' These people have been the loudest in their complaints when any constructive criticisms have been made to the Board. They have been too busy chasing around the country to inform themselves of our real marine needs."

The witness admitted this statement was based only on general rumors in shipping circles. In the interview the witness had asserted his belief in the honesty of Admiral Benson, but he complained that he was surrounded by the "same old personalities and influences which existed under previous administrations of the board."

"They can make or break any one they have 'a mind to,'" asserted Mr. Luckenbach, but when asked if he believed the board guilty of fraud, he replied in the negative.

"It seems to have been the attitude of the Shipping Board to put every obstacle in the way of old and established shipping concerns that are trying to establish an American merchant marine," Mr. Luckenbach testified.

"Are you the only one of the old, established operators that has been discriminated against?" he was asked.

"No," he replied.

"Are you the only one who have had a controversy with the board?"

"Oh, no."

"What are the old ones that have been discriminated against?"

"I believe all of them have."

Suggests Payments in Advance.

The witness said the only way for the Shipping Board to operate its vessels was to charter them, with monthly payments required in advance. He said the board should not let every Tom, Dick and Harry operate its boats on a commission basis.

Under cross-examination by Representative Kelly, Mr. Luckenbach said his experience with discriminations had begun with the allocation of ships to the Cunard Line, "a thoroughly British company," at a time when American ship owners stood ready to take over and operate the vessels. He charged that the board was full of foreigners, but subsequently modified his statement to mean not that there were foreigners in the higher posts of the board, but attached to its branch offices, such as 45 Broadway, where he named "Mr. Clegg, and his assistant, Mr. Sharpe, both British subjects."

The witness said Mr. Clegg and Mr. Sharpe represented the Shipping Board in the operating department.

The attention of the witness was again called to the statement he had made with reference to the enormous profits made through the "free trips" permitted by the Shipping Board. He was unable to explain it; he himself had been wondering about it for three years. He said this favor was shown to Kerr & Clegg, who "got General Goethals and Roosevelt [Kermit] to wave the American flag for them." They were allowed to purchase some Austrian ships with which they made the free trips at a time when the freight rates were the highest in the history of the world. General Goethals and Kermit Roosevelt were not connected with that shipping company at that time.

Tells of Restoration Claims.

Next the witness was questioned about his restoration claims against the Government. He said there was a clause in the charter under which the Government had agreed to return vessels in like good order, except as to ordinary wear and tear, as when the vessels were requisitioned. The ships were turned back with only five days' notice, he testified, and the Luckenbach Steamship Company had to pay $4,817,000 for the refitting of these vessels. A settlement on only one ship had been effected.

"That's one of the other things they did to American owners that Mr. Gillen didn't tell you about," said Mr. Luckenbach, who drew this parting shot from Representative Kelly:

"Perhaps that will come out of the 57 per cent. profit Mr. Gillen showed the American shipowners were permitted to make."

Peter J. Sullivan of 801 Customs Place, Brooklyn, formerly special agent of the Treasury Department, told the committee of investigations he had made of Shipping Board purchases in New York, resulting in the discovery that David Wahmond, purchasing agent, had continued to draw a salary from his former employer, the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company. The witness said Wahmond objected when Sullivan questioned his subordinates, and, used threatening language to the special agent. After a month's investigation, Sullivan said, he was transferred to Nogales, Ariz.

$2,450 Overcharge on Milk.

Overcharges of $2,450 in a $10,825 purchase of condensed milk on which a Shipping Board employe had received a commission of $242 were described by Martin D. Jewell, another former agent of the Treasury. Jewell corroborated Sullivan's testimony which showed that a double salary from his former employer and the board was drawn by Wahmond. Only occasionally, according to this witness, did Wahmond report at the steamship piers to check up the board's purchases, often leaving that matter to the employes of the steamship companies operating the board's vessels. Slackness in the methods of weighing and checking Shipping Board supplies was also disclosed.

R. H. Gregory, Shipping Board port steward in the North Atlantic Division, asserted that to feed 60,000 men on Shipping Board vessels it was costing the Government $24,000 a day more under the existing system of purchasing supplies than it did during the war before ships were allocated. The basic rate today is $1.25, according to Mr. Gregory, who said the rate during the war was 83 cents a day for each man's subsistence. He said that there were at least 80 purchasing agents for as many operators in the Port of New York alone, and all are bidding against each other for supplies. He said the navy fed its service for less than 80 cents a day.

Several other witnesses were heard by the committee, which will continue its hearing at the Federal Building this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Three big gala performances of "Way Down East," Thanksgiving Day, at 44th St. Theatre—11 A. M. and 2:30 and 8:15 P. M.—Advt.

$10,000 IN JEWELS FOUND ON SUSPECT

Chauffeur Arrested on Suspicion Said to Have Admitted Robbery of Hartsdale Home.

$25,000 IN GEMS TAKEN

Burglary Discovered by Mrs. Clara Cahn When She Returned to House After Election.

Detectives of the West 123d Street Station last night arrested a chauffeur on suspicion. In his pockets, they said, they found about $10,000 worth of jewelry, part of the proceeds of a safe robbery in Hartsdale, N. Y. The prisoner was locked up, and after being questioned more than two hours, confessed, the police say, to having robbed the Summer home in Hartsdale of Mrs. Clara Cahn of 270 Park Avenue of $25,000 worth of jewelry.

The prisoner gave his name as Henry Miller, 34 years old, and

BORAH SEES WARNING IN VILNA DECISION

Says It Convinces Americans That League Can Force a Nation to Use Its Troops.

DECLARES CAUSE LOST HERE

Irreconcilables to Open Senate Fight for a New Association of Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Republican irreconcilable Senators, who take the credit for defeating the ratification of the Versailles Peace Treaty, intend to renew their opposition as soon as Congress reconvenes on Dec. 6. This policy has been decided upon, it is said, in order to accentuate what they assert are the many disadvantages that have appeared in the League of Nations in the last few months, and arguments will be used in the debate to pave the way for an association of nations and an international court.

This plan became known today. Republican leaders do not expect to see President Harding attempt to influence the Senate to pass the treaty with the League covenant. It can be said with authority that debate will be opened in the Senate in opposition to the League, and in this debate the plan of the irreconcilables for an association of nations and an international court will be developed. Ex-Secretary of State Knox and Senator Borah are expected to lead the debate.

Senator Borah said today that so many things had happened in the last six months to strengthen the contention of the opposition that there is no possibility, in his opinion, of ever getting the Senate to ratify the League Covenant. The efforts of the irreconcilables, therefore, will be devoted to the framing of an association of nations and to pressing domestic relations.

The action of the League in Geneva, in calling for troops to be sent to Vilna to preserve peace while a plebiscite is taken to determine whether the district shall be assigned to Poland or Lithuania, Senator Borah said, was another evidence that convinced the American people that American soldiers could have been employed against the wishes of this country, had the United States joined the League.

"The imperialists at Geneva are unmasking with startling rapidity," said Senator Borah. "They first voted down a resolution for open sessions. Now, they call upon every member of the League for troops to execute the will of the assembly. This call is made, not under Article X., about which we have heard so much, but under Article XI., which we have studiously dodged. As Article X. is under disfavor in some places, they are resorting to Article XI., which covers every discretion that the Council of the League could possibly entertain.

"They have a perfect right to resort to Article XI., it is far more obnoxious and dangerous than Article X. In Article X you do have some standard by which you may possibly be guided. But under Article XI you never know what you are going to be called upon to do until the League emerges from behind closed doors and tells you.

"The Council or the Assembly of the League can do everything under Article XI that they could do under Article X and a great deal more. With Article XI in the covenant Article X is superfluous and it did not take the keen minds of Geneva very long to discover that fact.

"We have it demonstrated here, therefore, that the Council or the Assembly of the League claims the right to call for troops from all members of the League and to apportion the forces among the members. And they further contend that the members of the League are under an absolutely compelling moral obligation to send these troops. Ten million American mothers will read in the press dispatches this morning that the precise thing which was claimed by the opponents of the League in the campaign is being verified with unusual clearness. The thing which the American mothers anticipated has now come true.

"In other words, it now appears, as was claimed by the opponents of the League, that the Council, or the Assembly, will sit in secret and determine what constitutes war, or the threat of war, and without consulting those who must pay the taxes and do the fighting and dying, order troops hither and thither to any part of the earth."

FORTUNE IN KRONEN FOR PEARL NECKLACE

Austrian Artists Abroad Show Enormous Earnings When Their Fees Are Converted.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Nov. 19.—There was exposed for sale yesterday in Vienna a pearl necklace consisting of two rows containing 234 pearls with a gold clasp at the upset price of 250,000 kronen. Amid great excitement the necklace finally was knocked down to a foreign purchaser at a price of no less than 2,980,000 kronen (nominally $596,000).

Austrians who go abroad may also earn fortunes when paid in foreign currency. Dr. Richard Strauss, at present is conducting a series of concerts in South America at a fee of 7,000 pesetas (about $1,400 nominally) each evening. At the present rate of exchange this is equivalent to 1,750,000 kronen (nominal value $370,000).

This sum, however, is put in the shade by a Viennese violinist of repute who is going to America to give a series of concerts at a rate when converted of 300,000 kronen (nominally $60,000) per concert.

ASSAILS MONROE DOCTRINE.

Argentine Professor Calls It "Clear Imperialism."

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 18.—The United States is advised to renounce the Monroe Doctrine and enter the League of Nations, in an article by Wenceslao Tello, formerly professor at the University of Buenos Aires, published in La Razon today, and entitled "Argentinism and Monroeism." The writer characterizes Monroeism as "clear imperialism—the obfuscation of a people in the face of twentieth century facts."

"With the convening of the League of Nations," he continues, "the North American people will soon realize that it has no thinkers and no national or international policy acceptable before the world. It is not enough to say, 'America is mine.' Japan could say, 'China is mine.' England could say 'Half the world is mine.' France could proclaim that Switzerland and Belgium belong to her.

"With the existence of the League of Nations the North American protectorate over South American countries is needed less than ever. Argentinism is an expression of the universal political desire to form a democratic League of Nations. Monroeism is a grave imperilism which no monarchical form of government would dare to proclaim, and the more so because of its impotency to put into practice.

"North America went into the war for the liberty of the seas, but obtained the opposite result. It went into the war to achieve, the self-determination of peoples, but it has contradicted itself. It pursues a policy of aggrandizement and marches to its decadence unless it halts in time. And all this for lack of thinking."

The author concludes with this suggestion to the United States:

"Permit us to give you counsel to renounce your Monroeism, and you will have the friendship of Latin America. Enter the present League of Nations in order to secure your own fundamental democratization. In this manner Argentinism will mingle with the North American policy in homage to universal fraternity."

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 18.—Fears of imperialistic tendencies on the part of the United States expressed in certain centres of Latin American opinion following the Republican victory in the elections of Nov. 2, are unfounded, says La Nacion, in discussing the Monroe Doctrine and inter-American policies. The newspaper declares that the interests of the United States and the universal feeling of cordiality and harmony preclude any action prejudicial to the sovereignty of Latin American nations.

"Senator Harding," the newspaper remarks, "said the Monroe Doctrine was a simple and frank declaration that the United States would defend itself and the continent against European aggression. There is a world sentiment of justice and peace, and the United States has not, and will not have, the wish or power to enforce a spirit of tutorship contrary to the independence and liberty of Latin American countries."

It is suggested that united Latin America could form with Saxon America a formidable unit which would have undoubted weight in the maintenance of a continental policy.

"The United States," the article continues, "would be a force and a guarantee in such an organization, and combined Latin America would act as a counter-balance to the power of the United States. The trend of affairs should force such a policy upon the attention of South American statesmen."

MILLER DISCLAIMS PERSONAL MEANING

Spoke in General Terms, the Governor-Elect Says, of Chamber of Commerce Speech.

SEEKS TRACTION SOLUTION

Told of Opposition to Fare Rise, He Replies He Isn't Sure That Would Solve Problem.

Nathan L. Miller, Governor-elect, said yesterday that no personal inferences should be drawn from references to New York City problems in his speech before the Chamber of Commerce Thursday night. Politicians interpreted his speech to mean that the new Governor would permit nobody to stand in the way of a solution of the traction problem here.

The Governor-elect had said that, while a firm believer in a large measure of home rule, he would not let that affect his policies. Also he did not believe the "preconceived notion of any one" should be permitted to block the way out of the present difficulties. Politicians accepted these statements as intimations that the State might seek a way to supercede the city authorities in the handling of the traction situation, and that in his allusion to "preconceived notions" the Governor had Mayor Hylan in mind.

At the St. Regis last night Judge Miller said he did not care to elaborate upon his speech.

"I spoke in the most general terms, and, as I thought, quite plainly," he said. "Nothing that I said should be taken as applying in a personal sense to anybody."

"Are you prepared to make any statement regarding your prospective line of action with reference to the traction situation?" he was asked.

"No," was his reply. "I expect to have a good deal to say on that subject in my annual message to the Legislature. At present I am in the position of one seeking light. From what I have learned already, I believe the situation could not possibly be much worse. We must find some way out."

Fare Increase Opposed.

In Republican circles there were indications that pressure would be brought to bear on Governor-elect Miller to prevent any action for an increase of car fares. Party leaders are fearful lest "they spill the beans at Albany" and shatter the hopes they now entertain for a Republican mayoralty victory next year. They regard Mayor Hylan as invincible if he can run for re-election on a five-cent fare issue.

When this was called to Judge Miller's attention he smiled and said no one had said anything to him about it.

"And I have said nothing about higher fares," the Governor-elect added. "I do not know that that is the solution of the problem."

The Governor-elect was asked whether he had read the speech of Charles E. Hughes at Indianapolis on Thursday night, in which he said repeal of the direct primary law would not be to the best interests of the people.

"I have not had time to read it yet, but I shall read it in due time," he replied. "Of course, every one knows where I stand with regard to the direct primary law."

The Governor-elect favors the restoration of the State convention for nominating State candidates.

Governor-elect Miller received more than a score of visitors. In the morning he conferred with George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Senator Henry M. Sage of Albany, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee; Assemblyman H. Edmund Machold of Jefferson, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and prospective Speaker of the Assembly; Franklin B. Lord of Nassau, former legal adviser to Governor Whitman, and former Senate leader Elon R. Brown on the prospective State budget. The new administration is confronted with a $160,000,000 budget, $15,000,000 more than that of this year. The Governor-elect is anxious to pare it down to this year's figure.

Daugherty a Visitor.

Among other visitors was Harry M. Daugherty of Columbus, Ohio, manager of Senator Harding's pre-convention campaign. He said he had visited the St. Regis merely to pay his respects to the Governor-elect. He predicted the closest co-operation between the Harding Administration and the Miller Administration.

Among other callers were Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo, whose Gubernatorial boom was sidetracked in the interest of Judge Miller. It is understood Secretary Hugo would like to become State Superintendent of Public Works. Governor-elect Miller said he had not decided on any appointments.

TWO ASTORS JAILED FOR TAKING BETS

Claim of Relationship to Noted Family Fails to Save Them From Workhouse.

Despite their claim to relationship with the American family of Astors, and a chart purporting to show the genealogy of the Astors in France and Germany, beginning with the "St. Bartholomew Day Massacre," offered to the Justices in Special Sessions yesterday by two defendants who said they were "Charles Frederick Astor and William Waldorf Astor," the court sentenced each to the workhouse for sixty days for accepting wagers on horse races.

The two were convicted a week ago on the charge of bookmaking, and at that time they claimed kinship with the Astors of New York. Justices Kernochan, Murphy and Edwards were not convinced, and Probation Officer William Connors was directed to make an investigation. He reported yesterday that he had found nothing to discredit the assertions of the two defendants, father and son.

Charles Frederick Astor took the chart to court yesterday and traced thereon for the benefit of the Justices the line showing he and his son were descendants of "Felix Astor, a survivor of the St. Bartholomew Day Massacre in France, in the sixteenth century, who fled to Waldorf, Germany, where he was twice married." Charles Frederick Astor declared that he and his son traced their descent from the second wife of Felix Astor, while the other American Astors traced theirs from the first wife.

Connors told the court that the chart was authentic in so far as he had been able to determine. The question of the right of the defendants to the name of Astor was not raised in court because no evidence was forthcoming to disprove their claim to it. It was also suggested that probably any of the twenty or more Astors mentioned in the city directory may have the same right to the pedigree as that of Charles Frederick Astor and his son, who gave their home address as 409 East Ninety-second Street, between First Avenue and Avenue A.

Harding's Ohio Lead Was 401,985.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 19.—Senator Harding carried Ohio by a plurality of 401,985 and Harry G. Davis, Governor-elect, trailed the State ticket with a plurality of 120,893. The official count gives Harding, 1,182,022 votes; Cox, 780,037; Debs, 57,107.

WARDEN EXPELLED IN COURTROOM TILT

Major Brewster Resents City Reformatory Questions and Is Ordered to Leave.

STORIES OF BRUTALITY TOLD

Head of Institution Admits Charges About Bread-and-Water Regimen.

Major Sidney W. Brewster, Warden of the New York City Reformatory at New Hampton, was ordered to leave the room after a tilt with Deputy Attorney General Robert P. Beyer yesterday during a hearing on the investigation of his institution by the State Prison Commission. Major Brewster resented questions by Mr. Beyer, designed to bring out testimony concerning a bread-and-water diet at the reformatory and asserted that Mr. Beye was assuming things that were not true.

James A. Hamilton, Commissioner of Correction, said he had been "astonished and horrified" when he heard that boys at New Hampton were being placed on bread and water and ordered the practice stopped. Mr. Hamilton defended the practice of isolating offenders but said he did not believe in reducing the food.

That the death of George T. Pratt on April 7 last, in the reformatory hospital, was due to harsh treatment, was stated by his mother, Mrs. Bridget Pratt, and his brother, Albert. Adams Riccio, formerly an inmate of the reformatory, said he had been treated well there, but said George Pratt had told him that he had been kicked and beaten with a club by a keeper while in isolation.

Major Brewster testified that inmates of isolation cells were put upon an allowance of eighteen ounces of bread a day and water for five days, and received the full reformatory fare on each sixth day. He said these isolated prisoners were not required to stand in the cells during the day, but might sit on their cots, although forbidden to lie there. John F. Kennedy, President of the commission, said that this was more severe punishment than meted out to more hardened offenders in the State prisons.

WASSERVOGEL WINS BY 2,319

Result of Official Count for Supreme Justices Is Announced.

The official count of the votes for Justices of the Supreme Court, completed yesterday, shows the vote for McGoldrick and H. Wasservogel as follows:

	McGoldrick, Dem.	Wasservogel, Rep.
Bronx	72,929	87,006
Manhattan	188,675	196,017
Total	261,604	283,92.

The plurality for Wasservogel is thus fixed at 2,319.

Revision of Prices

On Misses' and Women's Tailored Suits

THE Lord & Taylor policy of lowered prices with quality maintained is sharply illustrated in the Women's and Misses' Suit Sections.

Prices on all Tailored Suits have been carefully revised to meet the downward tendency of the market, regardless of original cost to us.

At $45.00

Models from our regular stock that have been considerably more.

Misses' Suits, youthful models, fur trimmed and plain tailored, in Velours, Duvet de Laine and Silvertone, some with collars of Mole and Nutria.

Women's Suits in Velour Checks or Rayonner, fur trimmed with Squirrel, Mole or Opossum; or Oxfords in mannish styles, bound with braid.

A range of the season's exclusive models in Women's Suits very materially reduced, creating exceptional values, $85, $115, $135 to $275.

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GERMANY PROTESTS ON THE MANDATES

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the world and bring the peace, comfort and prosperity we all desire."

Mr. Barnes recalled that German delegates had taken part in the labor conference in Washington and said that Germany's delegate had performed a useful part in the work of the labor body of the League. In view of the fact that Germany had not applied for League admission, nor had any one applied for her, he did not ask that she be admitted at this session of the assembly, but he wanted the path opened.

"The workers of Great Britain do not forget," he said, "that in 1914 the Central Powers wantonly plunged the world into war. They do not forget the consequences of that war, being daily reminded of them by personal bereavement, by dislocated trade and diminished comfort. They do not seek to absolve the people of the Central Powers from responsibility. The German people must in so far as is humanly possible make good the damage done to Belgium and to France. But I submit that all these matters are matters for those charged with the execution of the treaty and not for us."

Mr. Barnes also attacked the Council of the League for not taking action in the war between Poland and Soviet Russia and demanded that it take measures to prevent another war between these nations which, he said, threatened to break out next Spring.

"I want to know why action was not taken," he said. "For the best part of the last year war has been going on between those peoples and nothing was done. I submit to this assembly that at this moment one of the most dangerous and sinister features of the world situation is the incipient war between Poland and Bolshevist Russia. It is true that some sort of a truce has been patched up for the moment, but it is not peace, and one of the great dangers in front of us is a renewal of that war, which may take place next year with dire effects for the rest of the world. I submit that even now the Council of the League would be justified in taking some action to safeguard the peace of the world.

Very meagre applause greeted Mr. Barnes's speech and none of it came from the French delegation. As a matter of fact, as I cabled yesterday, there is practically no probability of Germany joining the League at this meeting of the Assembly.

Delegates van Karnebeeck of Holland and Motta of Switzerland spoke in favor of the enforcement of the rule requiring treaties to be deposited with the League and published. Fifty-five treaties have been deposited, and these remarks were construed as a criticism of France and Belgium for not depositing their recent treaty of military alliance.

In discussing the report of the Council M. Motta observed that in many political matters its tone was very pro-Ally. He said that this put neutrals like Switzerland in a very delicate position and he hoped that in the application of the treaty the League would exercise its powers in a neutral manner so far as the political atmosphere was concerned.

Germany Rejects Treaty Clause.

GENEVA, Nov. 19 (Associated Press).—The German Government no longer considers itself bound by the clause of the Versailles Treaty by which Germany surrenders her colonies to the Allies, according to an official note of protest which has been presented to the League of Nations.

The note declares that the Allies have not fulfilled their undertakings regarding the clause of the treaty concerning the allotment of the German colonies and mandates. It adds that, having signed the compact of the League of Nations, Germany understood she would be admitted to the League and consequently take part in the allotment of mandates, but that now she no longer considers herself bound by that clause of the treaty.

The German note, addressed to the Secretariat of the League, and which will be published later, is a long document couched in judicial terms. It is moderate in form, but constitutes a strong protest against League mandates on which the Assembly will have to pass judgment.

The protest by Germany created a marked impression in the Assembly, particularly on account of the fact that it was addressed to the Assembly instead of to the Council of the League. Germany has consistently maintained the attitude that the Council of the League does not possess sufficient authority to deal with such questions, since a majority of its representatives form a group of former belligerents and that the Assembly alone is representative of the entire League and therefore competent to deal with the question.

For the first time the word "revision" was pronounced in connection with Article XVIII. of the covenant of the League, which provides for the registration of treaties or international engagements. The Dutch Minister of Foreign Affairs, H. A. van Karnabeuk, addressed the Assembly, after Mr. Barnes had concluded, on the question of the registration of treaties. He called attention to the provision of the Treaty of Versailles that treaties were not binding until they were registered. He said there were several interpretations of Article XVIII. of the covenant, containing this provision, and he proposed that it be studied carefully, either by the Assembly or by a commission, with a view to its clarification.

Wilson's Reply Is Read.

At the opening of the session, Paul Hymans, the President, read the reply from President Wilson to the message of sympathy and greeting sent to Washington by the Assembly on Monday.

In an interview today Baron Hayashi, a member of the Japanese Delegation, said that, despite the elementary character of the League, it was working in a wonderful manner. He deplored the absence of the United States from the gathering, and also the fact that the time was not ripe for the inclusion of former enemy countries in the League, for, he said, the League must be a world institution and not merely represent a portion of humanity.

Japan, Baron Hayashi declared, would do her utmost to harmonize the interests of all nations and races. He added that the Assembly already was showing that liberalism would supersede the old order and that right would prevail over might.

DRUMMOND OFFENDS FRENCH.

Objection to League Secretary Taking Sides on Danzig.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Considerable comment is being made in French official circles on the attitude which Sir Eric Drummond, General Secretary of the League of Nations, is said to have taken on one or two occasions at the Geneva Assembly and notably at the Council discussion on giving to Poland a mandate for the defense of Danzig.

On that occasion, the Echo de Paris says, while members of the British delegation had nothing to say, Sir Eric took it on himself to oppose the Polish demand.

"For what country does he speak?" asks the Echo de Paris. "As an international functionary he cannot represent England. Does he speak for a supergovernment?"

The paper goes on to declare that Drummond and his colleagues of the Secretariat are simply functionaries and that all initiative and expression of opinion of this kind ought to be forbidden to them. It adds that when the French Chamber votes its share of Drummond's salary it might as well underline this fact.

The Foreign Office view of the matter corresponds closely with that expressed by the Echo de Paris. Drummond, officials consider, acts too much in accordance with English policy and has not yet the right international atmosphere. They admit that his task is a difficult one and for that reason the belief seems to be growing that it would be better carried out by a member of a smaller nation than of one of the great powers.

CALLS FOR A NEW LEAGUE.

Dr. Freres of Argentina Commends Harding in Letter to Butler.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 19.—The newspapers today publish a letter written by Dr. Emilio Freres, a prominent publicist, to Nicholas Murray Butler, President of the American Association for International Conciliation, in which he praises the attitude of President-elect Harding toward the present League of Nations and pleads for a new league with "a more democratic organization."

The writer characterizes the present League as only a league of conquerors "for the exclusive use of themselves." He says it has not the appearance of a body representative of all the civilized nations of Europe, much less of all the civilized nations of the world.

The North and South Americans, according to Dr. Freres, ought to initiate joint action "to obtain the organization of a true League or Association of Nations as Mr. Harding proposes, based above all upon Democratic principles in the continuation of its authorities and government."

It is announced that Dr. Freres published the letter in view of the plea made at Geneva by Foreign Minister Pueyrredon with regard to the admission of States to the League and the method of choosing the Council.

BERLIN PROTESTS ON EUPEN.

Declares League Assembly Should Deal With the Allotment.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—The German Government has addressed a further note to the League of Nations, reiterating its previous contention that the allocation of the districts of Eupen and Malmedy should be dealt with by the Assembly and not by the Council of the League.

Three times Thanksgiving Day—11 A. M. and 2:30 and 8:15 P. M. "Way Down East." 44th St. Theatre.—Advt.

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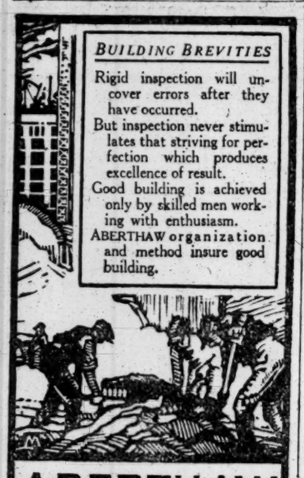

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"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
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No Check Room—No Cover Charge.

WEEPS IN DENYING MURDER OF HAITIANS

Lang, Ex-Marine, Admits Only Slaying Bandit Chief Trying to Escape.

ELECTRIC SHOCKS IN COINS

Says He Offered Them to Natives if They Removed Them From a Water Bucket.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Nov. 19.—Freeman Lang, former American Marine, charged with the murder of nine Haitian prisoners, again took the stand today in his own behalf. He denied specifically every accusation against him.

He frankly admitted, however, killing one bandit chief with a machine gun at Hinche while the chief was attempting to escape. Lang fired at the bandit from his own front porch, he said.

Lang testified after four native gendarmes had taken the stand and declared that they saw him murder several prisoners, bringing the number of victims up to nine. Each witness at the hearing went into details and described how the natives were shot. One of them was confused on the point as to whether the prisoners were shot while attempting to escape.

A Haitian courier who was called to the stand described Lang as "very young, of blonde hair and very beautiful. "The beauty of Lang," the witness added, "makes a strange contrast with the acts for which he has been reproached."

Just after beginning his testimony Lang suffered a nervous weeping attack. Taking the stand after Captain Patrick Kelly of the local gendarmerie and the jail sergeant had denied every charge by natives regarding wholesale murders, Lang declared that he had shot only one prisoner.

"This was a division bandit chief," he said, "who was brought from the jail by a gendarme to my residence for questioning. The bandit chief refused to talk and was ordered to be rejailed. He tried to escape from the gendarme, who fired twice, missing him. I quickly got a machine gun, firing a spurt of bullets and killing him instantly. The reported occurrence was told all right."

Answering an inquiry by Major Jesse F. Dyer, Judge Advocate, as to whether he applied electric treatment to prisoners, Lang admitted putting coins in a water bucket and offering to give them to natives if they removed them, which they attempted to do, while he said other natives turned on a generator, shocking the prisoners.

When asked to explain the volume of testimony charging him with monstrous crimes, Lang declared that the natives were prone to exaggeration. He testified that the numerous reports of murders were started by a native, who, seeing the bodies of bandits awaiting burial after the Hinche attack, said Lang was a crack shot, hence he must have done the shooting.

Captain Kelly testified that he was with Lang on the night of the shooting and they inspected the jail together. He swore that Lang had killed no one.

The testimony of the prosecution and the defense was absolutely conflicting, the defense attempting to discredit the gendarmes, who told stories similar to those given in previous hearings. As the gendarmes related the circumstances of the alleged shooting, they dramatically rose from their seats and identified Lang as having been responsible.

Ship Chandlers Accused of Bribery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Thirty-six ship chandlery and repair firms operating in Southern ports were cited by the Federal Trade Commission today to answer to charges that they had given gratuities to captains, officers and employes of ships to induce the purchase of supplies and the placing of repair orders.

ALL STOCKS FALL IN SELLING WAVE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

nomic situation, but the normal factor has been augmented by an overfreedom in the putting out of bearish rumors. For days Wall Street has been flooded with tales of impending disaster, some of them apparently the flimsiest of rumors, but in their scope and persistence there has been built up, it is said, a situation where grave doubts have been injected into the minds of people, with the result that securities have been tossed over for almost any price they would bring.

Forced Liquidation.

Aside from this, however, it is pointed out that there are fundamental causes for a decline, though probably not one of such violence as that which is now taking place. For one thing, the bankers, in an endeavor to hasten the course of deflation, have been refusing to renew loans, and this has led to forced liquidation of commodities. The selling of securities in part, it is believed, represents the endeavor to obtain quick funds.

When high call money rates were prevailing there was little hope that stocks would rally, but call funds in the last three days have touched 6 per cent. and yet the market fails to respond. Some contend that easy money should bring a rally, but there is another angle in that the easy money is being brought about by the liquidation, and with the fear, which seems to pervade most minds, there is no disposition to buy stocks even on cheap money. Also easier time money is no incentive to purchasing stocks.

It is held by some that the present market has been greatly oversold, one brokerage house, J. S. Bache & Co., having estimated the short interest at between 1,500,000 and 2,000,000 shares. But regardless of the short interest the swing downward is carrying some stocks to points where prices approach pre-war quotations. Some interesting computations are being undertaken by traders to determine the relative value of stocks now and in the pre-war year. To do this, account is taken of the earnings which have been returned to the company after dividends. In the case of United States Steel some $80 a share has been placed back of the stock since 1914, and the shares yesterday touched a low mark of 80. In brief, selling steel at 80 was about the equivalent of selling dollars short. The market in general, however, is not concerned with values when a decided break such as the present is under way.

GRAIN PRICES SMASHED.

Corn Leads in Downward Swing, Hogs and Provisions Following.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Grain prices smashed heavily downward today all along the line, with hogs and provisions following suit. Corn led the way, notwithstanding that it was already lower than at any time since 1915.

Expected greatly enlarged pressure of offerings from the new crop of corn appeared to be a leading factor in emphasizing bearish sentiment caused by unsettled financial and economic conditions. As a result, before the day was half over wheat had fallen 7½c, to $1.73¼ for December delivery, and to $1.63 for March. Corn was off 3c, to 66⅞c, December, and oats down to 46⅝c for May.

The downward swing continued in the wheat market until December delivery touched $1.71, a sheer descent of nearly 10c a bushel from yesterday's finish. Corn suffered a maximum loss of about 4 cents. Export buying of 1,000,000 bushels of wheat took place on the break, and helped to rally prices a little at the last, December wheat closing nervous at $1.72 to $1.72¼.

The severity of the new breaks in prices and the extent of the accompanying selling to liquidate holdings excited much comment. It was pointed out in this connection that the value of corn had now been cut from $1.83½ a bushel to less than 70 cents inside of five months, whereas it was two years after the World War started before a bushel of corn could command an even $1.

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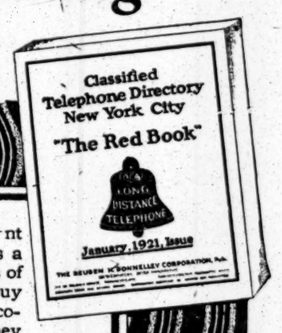

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Unusually big value now in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; satisfaction or money back

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SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL

Men's Fur Lined Gloves

Special 5.95

The kind of gloves that give the best service—made of grey suede leather, lined with fur. Very smart for either street or motor wear.

The Misses' Coat Dept., Will Offer Unusual Values in

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WRAPS AND COATS

Saturday at 45.00

The soft fabrics that the mode demands—the distinctive styling that is the right of youth—the fine workmanship that critical women desire—all these qualities are embodied in this collection of wraps and coats at $45.

Produced in Bolivia, Duvet de Laine, Silvertone and Polo Mixtures

with collars of ringtail and Australian opossum, raccoon and taupe nutria. All the fashionable colors. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *Second Floor*

Saturday—Liberal Savings in Girls' Apparel of Rare Style

GIRLS' WINTER COATS

At 19.95

Big Sister and Little Sister will find coats here to suit their every need—youthfully styled in many charming models, with large pleats in back to give the smart flare or trigly belted. Made of all wool polo cloth, many with fur collars, lined with sateen. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

GIRLS'

VELVETEEN FROCKS

Special 19.95

The prettiest little velveteen frocks that any girl could desire—made of twill back velveteen in many delightful models.

The frock pictured is in Eton effect, with tucked Georgette Crepe vestee, cleverly stitched and trimmed with novelty beads. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Second Floor

For Saturday Only

GIRLS'

WOOL SWEATERS

Special

3.95

Made of all wool in pretty coat model, with smart sailor collar and full belt in plain or novelty stitch. Every little girl deserves and *should* have one. Sizes 28 to 36.

Second Floor

Saturday An Important Sale of Misses'

Afternoon and Street Frocks

at the very special price of

25.00

Styles particularly suited to youth—so distinctive, so charmingly styled, they will appeal to the most critical taste.

Developed in twill-back velveteen, velour, tricotine, wool jersey, Georgette crepe and satin in all the fashionable colors—delightfully beaded, embroidered or ribbon trimmed. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Fashionable Suits

Sharply Reduced

The smartest of fur-trimmed models, tailleurs, braided and embroidered effects, and sports styles—in veldyne, rayonier, velour, yalama, duvet de laine, woolen checks, silvertone and worsted Jerseys. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

49.50 to 59.50 Suits	Reduced to **39.50**
69.50 to 75.00 Suits	Reduced to **50.00**
79.50 to 89.50 Suits	Reduced to **55.00**
98.50 to 125.00 Suits	Reduced to **75.00**
135.00 to 175.00 Suits	Reduced to **98.50**

Women's Imported Tweed Sport Coats

Special, 58.00

The very smartest of sport coats, of such fine quality and upstanding appearance that one glance will convince you of their desirability and serviceability. Made of imported tweeds, with shawl collars of raccoon. Body lined with suede velour, and sleeves lined with silk.

Also—Smart

Plaid and Striped Skirts

Reg. 25.00 to 29.50 at 14.50

Ideal for sports or street wear—trigly styled in colorful wool plaids and stripings in a variety of pleated and tailored models.

Fourth Floor

BOYS' SUITS

With Extra Knickers

Special, 13.95

REGULARLY 16.95 and 18.95

Smart Norfolk models, with many youthful ideas in pockets and belts. Very carefully tailored in the season's newest woolens. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers

REGULARLY 25.00—Special, 18.95

The very newest single and double-breasted styles, splendidly tailored in a large variety of high grade suitings. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Junior Boys' Overcoats

Regularly 18.75 and 21.75—Special, 13.95

Smart button-to-neck and convertible collar models in heavy pebble weave cheviots and fancy overcoatings. Exceptionally well made, and warmly lined. Sizes 3 to 10 years.

Boys' Overcoats at 15.95

Reg. 21.75—Sizes 10 to 18 years.

Roomy, double-breasted models with full belts, tailored in sturdy overcoatings that will give excellent service. Fully lined. *One model illustrated.*

BOYS' MACKINAWS

REGULARLY 15.00

Special 10.95

Every boy needs a mackinaw, but very seldom may a good one be had at this low price. Excellent variety of models, in good quality plaid and heather mixture mackinaw cloths.

Second Floor

Women's and Misses'

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—coats, scarfs, and muffs—are now being featured in the Saks' fur department at extremely modest prices. Of special interest—

Taupe-dyed-Marmot Coats in youthful sports model, smartly belted.	Now **$95.00**
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Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs	Now **95.00**
Baum Marten Scarfs	Now **65.00**
Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs—one skin	Now **42.50**
Stone Marten Scarfs—one skin	Now **35.00**
Brown and Taupe-dyed Fox Scarfs	Now **27.50**

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Hand-Embroidered

Velveteen Overblouses

In Navy Blue, Brown and Black

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So dainty and so very, *very* becoming to 'most every type of figure. Worn with a pretty skirt, they make a smart costume at little cost. Tasteful silk and chenille embroidery in bright colorings add the finishing touch to each model. Sizes 34 to 36. *One style pictured*

Third Floor

Sterling Silver BRACELETS

In many new and pretty designs

Very Special at 2.50

Flexible style bracelets set with rhinestones, or alternated with sapphires and rhinestones, amethysts and rhinestones or emeralds and rhinestones. Each bracelet has safety chain attached. *Main Floor*

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ENGLISH KIT BAGS

at prices seldom identified with bags of such a high order.

Sturdy, distinguished-looking bags, as fine in every particular as any ever received from Overseas. They were personally selected in London by our representative this year. Hand-made throughout of heavy London leather, with trace leather straps running all around, the finest catches and locks, and durable cloth lining. They are without doubt the finest bags in America at these prices.

Size 22 inches	Special **39.50**
Size 24 inches	Special **41.50**
Size 26 inches	Special **42.50**

Basement

WOMEN'S

Diamond Cluster RINGS

At 45.00

Exquisitely engraved 18 karat white gold rings, with cluster of seven diamonds set in platinum. The stones are very brilliant and create the effect of 1¼ karat stone.

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14 Karat Gold BRACELET WATCHES

15.00

Ribbon style watch, set with 15-jewel lever movement. Gold dial. The best value in a dependable time-piece in New York.

Cathedral Style MESH BAGS

5.00

Dainty silver-plated mesh bags in the very newest styles. Ideal for gift-giving.

Cowhide BOSTON BAGS

2.95

Very handy for Christmas shopping. Made of split cowhide leather, in tan or black, cloth lined.

Genuine Cowhide BRIEF CASES

6.95

The most dependable case anywhere to be had at less than ten dollars. Made of heavy cowhide, with two or three pockets and reliable lock.

Main Floor

Hustlers and Bustlers

The hustling, bustling chaps, who think hard, work hard, play hard, enjoy life to the fullest in ideal fitting, comfortable

Superior
THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

Whatever your vocation—wherever your vacation—from Hudson River to Hudson Bay—the Catskills or Kamchatka, sports of all sorts find free play to muscle and mind in Superiors. Make room for Superiors in your grip for the trip. He's a superior dealer if he sells Superiors.

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2041 Years ago, in Rome an "*Agitator*" of noble blood tried to enforce the laws against the oily, respectable "*Patrioteers,*" who had made their country poor so as to make themselves rich. For this he was denounced as a "traitor," and driven to his death. This was *Caius Gracchus,* who speaks as follows of the unctuous master-crooks:

". . . but ye—ye take
"Vast lands, hoards, mounds of unearned toll, whole provinces,
"Cheat out of taxes, shake the courts your tools,
"And Romans gab, and growl, and shake their heads, and do—
"Just nothing! . . ."

The amazing story of the "frame-up" by which the fool mob was turned against the martyr is told in

Caius Gracchus
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JOSEPH C. LINCOLN'S *new novel*—
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This Is An Appleton Book

EXPECT COAL PRICE TO DROP IN FEW DAYS

District Attorney Lewis and Federal Officials Predict Cut to Consumer.

SHIPMENTS HERE INCREASE

Mild Weather and Exposure of Abuses in Coal Trade Factors in Relieving Distress.

A big drop in the price of anthracite coal is expected in the next few days, according to statements yesterday by District Attorney Harry E. Lewis of Brooklyn and Federal officials who are investigating the coal situation. The promise of a drop in price to the consumer comes also from the Anthracite Bureau of Information, representing the large operators, which asserts that the speculators, who forced up the price on coal sold at the mines at a reasonable figure, are being rapidly driven out of business.

Anthracite prices may drop from $2 to $3 a ton in Manhattan, according to Federal agents, while still bigger cuts may be made in Brooklyn, the Bronx and other boroughs where profiteering has been the greatest.

The exposure of abuses in the coal trade, the continuing mild weather, which has reduced consumption of coal for heating, and the increase of anthracite shipments to the city are factors expected to cut coal prices next week. Shipments of coal, intended to be distributed over the city in small lots for the purpose of saving householders and landlords with empty coal bins, arrived yesterday in the greatest volume since the Emergency Committee was formed by the leading anthracite coal producers to prevent immediate distress in this city. Between 15,000 and 17,000 tons of anthracite for this purpose, it was said, were landed in thirty-five barges yesterday.

District Attorney Lewis continued yesterday to question middlemen and small dealers in Brooklyn, in order to discover who got most of the big profits from the excessive prices charged in that borough. Anthracite has sold for about $2 a ton less in Manhattan than in Brooklyn on the average.

Michael F. Burns of Burns Bros. & Co., who lays claim to a share of the credit for keeping prices down in Manhattan, turned over his books to the Federal Grand Jury yesterday, showing that his prices had ranged from $12 to $13.75 during the period of high prices. It was stated by Federal officials that this firm was not charged with profiteering, but that it became necessary to seize its books under subpoena to get needed information about the prices charged by the mine operators and jobbers to Burns Bros.

Another protest against the export of coal to Europe was made yesterday, this time in a letter from Commissioner of Markets Edwin J. O'Malley to President Wilson. Mr. O'Malley asserted that the unprecedented coal exports to Europe required the use of rolling stock in such an amount as to interfere with domestic shipment and caused the bidding up of prices to the present figure. After alleging that an embargo would eliminate speculative trading and crupt practices in the coal business, Mr. O'Malley continued:

"New York has suffered recently because the Northwest and New England shipments of coal have been given priority. If the Interstate Commerce Commission would give New York priority 2,200,000 tons of anthracite could be in New York in two weeks. The retail price of coal in New York is from $16 to $20 per ton or almost six times the cost of producing the coal."

The coal shortage continued acute at Staten Island yesterday, where many consumers were forced to purchase coke at high prices.

DR. PARKS BLIND IN ONE EYE.

Rector of St. Bartholomew's In Pulpit Again After Operation.

The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, has lost the sight of his left eye. The eye, although sightless, has been saved. It was feared for a time it might have to be taken out.

In October Dr. Parks was operated on for cataract of the left eye at the Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital. Dr. Parks resumed his preaching last Sunday morning.

The operation of last month was the second Dr. Parks had undergone. A year ago he had a cataract successfully removed from his right eye.

HARDING STYLES IN 1921.

Cutters and Designers' Association Says Conservatism Will Rule.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Next year it to be "Harding year" in clothing styles for men, members of the Custom Cutters and Designers' Association were told by speakers at a dinner last night. P. J. Foley, of Washington, an officer of the Association, said that President-elect Harding wears conservative suits, leaning to blues and dark grays, and that that is what all well-dressed men will wear in 1921.

"There will be no frills in clothes next year," Mr. Foley said, "and conservatism will be the rule. It is to be Harding year in styles."

SEEKS PARDON FOR JOHNSON

Negro Attorney Says Pugilist Will Pay Fine If Released.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 19.—Elisha Scott, a negro attorney of Topeka, today was on his way to Washington to ask the Federal Pardon Board for the release of Jack Johnson, former heavyweight pugilist champion, from the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth.

Johnson has served two months of a sentence of a year and a day for violation of the Mann act. He also was fined $1,000. Scott said that Johnson would pay the fine at once if a pardon was granted.

Sale to Aid Lenox Hill Hospital.

The A. Jacobi Social Service of the Lenox Hill Hospital will hold a rummage sale at 2,131 Broadway beginning today and continuing on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. The organization took care of 603 families the first year of its existence and twice that number last year. It is proposed to take care of three times that number during the coming year and the sale will be held to raise funds for that purpose.

Help Asked for Vienna Children.

The Vienna Children's Milk Relief, 150 Nassau Street, has appealed for funds to maintain an American Preventorium for Tubercular Children, recently opened in a suburb of Vienna. It was stated that, unless steps were taken to check the ravages of tuberculosis among children in Vienna, the coming generation in that city would be blotted out of existence. Five dollars will support one child for one month in the preventorium.

Dad claims "Bread is the staff of life" -but I know its POST TOASTIES -says Bobby

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Announcement of a
Special Offering for To-Day, Saturday (only)
300
Tricotine and Satin
DRESSES
Which were formerly to $95
$35.00

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

ANNOUNCING
An Important Sale of
Superior Suits
which have been Lowered in Price from Values up to $150.
Now $69.50
Your choice of about 240 Suits created from the finer materials. Fur Trimmed and Plain.

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Announcing
An Important Sale of
Superb Wraps
which have been lowered in Price from higher Values
Now
$69.50
GENEROUS, ENVELOPING WRAPS OF CYPRESS BOLIVIA AND SILVER TIPPED BOLIVIA WITH DEEP COLLARS OF OPOSSUM

Big Sale of
Men's and Young Men's
OVERCOATS
Big Ulsters—Town Ulsters—Ulsterettes

CLEAR SAVINGS OF
$8.50 to $18.50

36.50
Regularly
$45, $50, $55

46.50
Regularly
$60, $63, $65

There are a couple of good seasons' wear in every one of these coats—and more besides that—so you can get a pretty good idea from this how well they are made—and what their quality is really like. They are built for service just as much as they are for style and they never fail to give it. Father as well as son will find plenty to please them—personally as well as physically—in the assortments available.

350 Pairs of Men's Shoes
8.95
Sizes AA and A and B — regularly 14.50 — *Black Calf, Russia Tan, Norwegian Grain*

Entrances—34th-35th Street and 5th Avenue
5th Avenue Entrance most Convenient

James McCreery & Co.
Men's Clothes Shop—Second Floor

JOHN FORSYTHE
20 West 34th St. Near Waldorf-Astoria

REDUCTION SALE
Highest Grade
MEN'S SHIRTS

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE SHIRTS OF FINE CUSTOM QUALITY

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

Heavy Quality Fine Silk Shirts
6.95
Formerly selling up to 10.50
An unusual assortment of fine, heavy quality, pure Silk Shirts. Rare color blendings, neat and conservative patterns in variegated stripings.

Highest Grade Pure Silk Shirts
8.85
Formerly selling up to 16.50
Included are highest grade shirts of imported and domestic, heavy Satin-stripe Silk Broadcloth and Empire Silk. Also English Flannel Shirts, in plain colors.

Imported Madras Shirts **2.95**
Formerly Selling at 5.00 & 6.00
Carefully made of fine imported English and Domestic Madras, in an unusual variety of attractive patterns, including plain white, offering wide latitude for choice.

THE Opening of our New Store, cor. Broadway and 28th St., will positively take place on Tuesday, November 23. Because the new store is not quite completed, we must hold over here today—but today only.

We repeat, therefore, our Big Sale of last week. You can take your choice from our entirely new stocks, comprising the best imported and domestic styles and fabrics, at remarkably big savings.

O'COATS & SUITS

at $21.50 — Regularly Priced $45, $40 and $35
at $27.50 — Regular Values $70, $65 and $60
at $37.50 — Reduced from $85, $80 and $75
at $47.50 — Priced Heretofore $100, $95 and $90

Matthews
1163-65 Broadway, Near 27th St.

Silk Shirts
6.45 *Tax Included*
regularly $8 and $9

These shirts are all that good silk shirts ought to be. The materials are satin stripe Jersey, satin stripe Radium, and Broadcloth—in an extensively varied assortment of colors and patterns. All sizes.

Men's Hose
Silk and Silk Plaited
55c
Regularly $1
Made of silk and silk plaited lisle; some are full fashioned in the popular two toned effects — all colors and sizes.

Entrances—34th and 35th Streets and Fifth Avenue
35th Street Entrance Most Convenient

James McCreery & Co.
Men's Furnishing Dept.—Main Floor

GRANGE FAVORS TAX ON EXCESS PROFITS

But Urges Revision of Law to Bring It "Up to Date"—Opposes Levy on Sales.

STATE OFFICER IS CENSURED

William Bouck Is Called On to Apologize for Introducing Politics Into Grange Affairs.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—Four of the eight charges against William Bouck, Master of the Washington State Grange, were sustained by vote of the National Grange late today. The penalty voted by the Grange was an apology to be made by Bouck and a reprimand for his alleged disloyalty to the National Grange and for permitting politics to be introduced at Grange sessions.

The charges sustained were: Using his Grange position for political purposes; disloyalty to the National Grange; permitting a duly disqualified member to act in a State Grange meeting, and permitting political speakers at a State Grange session.

Bouck, who has been known as a leader of the radical element in the Grange, was the unsuccessful candidate of the Farmer-Labor Party for Congress in the Second Washington District at this year's election.

The National Grange went on record today as opposed to the repeal of the excess profits tax but asking for revision of the law "to bring it up to date." A resolution adopted by the convention favored the law in principle, but criticised some details.

Another resolution adopted extended greetings and best wishes to President-elect Harding and expressed the "wish and desire that in the selection of a person to fill the position of Secretary of Agriculture in his Cabinet he select a practical farmer, not only in sympathy with farmers but so identified by ideas, vocation and effort that the farmers will recognize him as one of themselves, a man around whom agricultural interests and workers will rally with confidence in his leadership."

The attitude of the Grange on the general subject of taxation was expressed in the adoption of a resolution based on a statement prepared by C. T. Atkeson, Chairman of the Legislative Committee and head of the Grange office in Washington. After much discussion the statement, as finally adopted, said in part:

"We favor the enactment of a law that will secure a fair and equitable taxation of bank property, whether personal or real, upon the basis that other property is taxed.

"For State and national purposes we favor an adequate and equitable system of income and inheritance taxes as a source of permanent income.

"Excess profit, luxury and excise taxes afford just and equitable methods of meeting unusual governmental expenses.

"All taxes should be levied so as to encourage home owning and to discourage speculation and tenantry, so far as sound public policy will permit.

"The Grange opposes a general sales tax because in effect it is a consumption tax and adds an unfair burden to all purchasers without reference to their ability to bear the added burden.

"In order to secure equality in the distribution of the burdens of government, if personal property is to be exempt from taxation on account of the indebtedness of the owner, then real estate should be entitled to the same exemption.

"In the case of mortgages, far the wisest system is to tax the mortgagee on the amount of the mortgage and the mortgagor on the value of the property minus the amount of the mortgage, the mortgage to be considered as real estate and not as personal property and taxed in the locality where the mortgaged property lies.

"All corporation real estate and personal property should be taxed for local purposes, as the same kind of property is taxed when owned by individuals.

"The local tax on the railroad property should be levied on a valuation equal to the market value of the capital stock, plus the market value of the bonded debt, each taxation unit to receive such part of the tax as the mileage of the road in said unit is to the total mileage.

"The Grange is opposed to any form of so-called classification of property which would discriminate in favor of any class of property as against any other class for the purpose of taxation."

Resolutions were adopted opposing race track gambling, permitted in some States; advocating stricter enforcement of the Volstead prohibition act, and opposing the Federal tax on 15-cent telephone calls on the ground that it results in a tax on calls used almost exclusively in rural districts.

J.M.Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

THE RESULT OF
QUALITY FASHIONS
AT FAIR AND CONSISTENT PRICES
WAS NEVER SO MUCH
IN EVIDENCE AS THIS SEASON
WHEN OUR SALONS ARE FILLED
WITH THE LARGEST NUMBER
OF SATISFIED PATRONS
IN OUR HISTORY

Quality for quality there are no such values offered elsewhere.

Present price revisions mean decided savings to buyers of Beautiful Fashions in

Gowns—Wraps—Tailleurs—Hats—Blouses
Accessories and Furs

BLASCO IBANÉZ' NOVEL
The Enemies of Women
Now on sale at any bookstore, $2.15.
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

ADVERTISEMENT.
"Odin Gregory * * * has achieved a big, arresting thing * * * Rugged and ruthless utterance of the truth," is what *Edwin Markham* says of "Caius Gracchus," by Odin Gregory. All booksellers. Boni & Liveright, Publishers, New York. $2 net.

100 YEARS
Furriers Exclusively

IN 1820 Christian G. Gunther founded a fashionable fur establishment at 46 Maiden Lane. As the business prospered and the trend of trade moved northward in 1866 the business was transferred to 502 and 504 Broadway, and later, in 1876, to 184 Fifth Avenue. Still following the remarkable growth of Manhattan, the store again, in 1909, was moved to its present address. The policy of the Gunther store has been to offer only reliable furs in the latest and most approved styles at moderate prices.

1820–1920
Centenary Sale of Gunther Furs

ENTIRE STOCK REDUCED

We feel justly proud of our one hundred years of progress, and as an appreciation of the confidence of our patrons, which has helped this progress, we have arranged, at the height of the season, a Centenary Sale.

During the continuance of this Sale every article in our store will be offered at a very substantial reduction.

The value of this reduction will be appreciated when it is understood that owing to advantageous purchases of raw skins our stock at present is moderately priced.

This sale affords a splendid opportunity to make early Christmas Gift selections. Purchases will be placed, free of charge, on storage subject to holiday delivery

Women's
Coats, Coatees, Wraps, Scarfs, Neckpieces and Muffs in all the Fashionable Furs.

Men's
Fur and Fur Lined Coats, Chauffeurs' Coats, Caps, Gloves and Robes.

C. G. Gunther's Sons
391 Fifth Avenue

STEWART *Week at* WANAMAKER'S

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co. Broadway at Ninth, New York. Store Hours, 9 to 5.30

LAST DAY of this Red-Letter Week. Lowest Prices of the Day.

We are pleased to be told

and we believe it to be true, that what we are doing to serve the public through our simple straightforward storekeeping these days, is most gratifying.

It is common to have people say "that there are no make-believes about your Store."

That new clerks make mistakes and new delivery men fail to get deliveries promptly and that some old clerks are careless and sleepy will always happen and has to be accepted as the human failure in spite of all efforts to have it otherwise.

As to our Store buildings—with more business than ever, they are never overcrowded. They are clean, healthy, and fireproof.

Please think over the great clearance of our high-cost stocks which we made four months ago to prepare for recent events.

We also put a stoppage on the intention to further advance prices.

We firmly adhered to an edict not to be bound.

We are not now, and will not be in the future, loaded up with heavy high-cost stocks.

Nor will we suffer ourselves to take over the storages of manufacturers to rush big sales.

Some of us who were country boys remember that a warmed-up dinner of what was left of former meals never seemed very eatable and, as merchants, we shall not make up warmed-overs of merchandise, out of date, shape and season to be unloaded upon our good customers.

First of all, our merchandise must be of dependableness and of freshness.

Second—everything must bear the lowered price as fast as reductions can be secured.

This Store, with its opportunities to purchase for cash and its well-known capacity to aid the manufacturers to dispose of large quantities of properly made goods, will always be favored as helpful to keep busy the workers they employ.

We are not speculators or fancy advertisers—just plain old-fashioned merchants.

Be free to visit the Store and judge it by what you see.

(Signed)
John Wanamaker
November 20, 1920.

Half Price

Women's Wraps, $49.50
Duvet de laine, bolivia cloth, wool mixtures and polo cloth. In dark green, brown and tan. Most have deep collars of nutria or French seal (dyed coney). A few have collars of raccoon.
Second Floor, Old Building.

Women's Sweaters, $8.25
Camel's hair of the natural color, long roll-back collar of brushed camel's hair with fine stripes of green, violet, blue or brown.
Second Floor, Old Building.

Women's Skirts, $7.50, $15
At $7.50, silk and wool faille. In black and navy blue.
At $15, soft charmeuse, satin, novelty silks and a few velveteens.
Second Floor, Old Building.

Women's Fur Coats
12 wraps or coats of Hudson seal (dyed muskrat), $695 to $1,375, for $347.50 to $687.50; 36 inches long; self trimmed or trimmed with other furs.
16 near-seal (dyed coney) coats, $425 grade for $212.50.
Second Floor, Old Building.

Half Price

Women's Suits, $19.75
Wool jersey suits in heather shades; norfolk back with inverted pinch pleats.
Second Floor, Old Building.

300 Dresses For Miss 14 to 20
Average half price; $29.75, $39.75, $49.75. For trotteur and dance frocks; in many instances only one or a few frocks of a model.
Second Floor, Old Building.

Baby's Coats, $15
$30 coats of fine wool velours, with snug collars of Australian opossum, for tots of 2 to 6.
Third Floor, Old Building.

Furniture
Bedroom suites at half.
Separate bedroom pieces.
Dining room suites.
Living room suites.
—all half price.
The range is a very wide one and invites immediate attention.
Fifth and Sixth Galleries, New Building.

Rugs and Carpets
Imported Saxony rugs and imported Wilton rugs, 11.3 x 15 ft., $125 for the $250 grade.
Japanese jute rugs, 9 x 12 ft., $87.50 for the $65 grade.
Colonial rag rugs, 9 x 12 ft., $925 for the $1,850 grade.
Wool velvet carpets, $2.35 yd.

Also at Half
China matting, $12.50 roll.
English oil cloth, 55c square yard.
Inlaid linoleum, $1.10 and $1.50 the square yard.
Seventh Gallery, New Building.

Blankets and Quilts
234 pairs $8.50 to $13.50 grades for $4.25 to $6.75 pair.
100 wool filled comforters, $21 grade for $10.50.
Fourth Gallery, New Building.

Linens
Damask towels today $6 dozen.
Huck towels today $16 dozen.
Pillow cases, today $3 pair.
Dress linens today 75c yard.
Luncheon cloths today $1.25
Lace-trimmed scarfs today $1.25.
Handkerchief cases today 75c.
First Floor, Old Building.

Boys' Suits, $15.
135 Norfolk suits, our $30 to $42.50 grades. Sizes 7 to 18 years.
Third Floor, Old Building

Cord Tires
10 sizes from the 30 x 3 1.2 at $17.50 to the 37 x 5, at $43.20; super-size. All 8-ply except the smallest size which is 6-ply. All first grade; 8,000 mile guarantee.
Burlington Arcade Floor, New Bldg.

Music Rolls
1,000 at 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, originally priced $1 to $1.75.
First Gallery, New Building.

Caramels
2 pounds for $1.25—the regular price of one pound.
Eighth Gallery, New Building.

Men's Underwear
12,000 more pieces of the winter underwear that sold so quickly last Saturday; shirts or drawers of the $2 to $5 grade for $1 to $2.50; union suits of $4.50 to $10 grades, for $2.25 to $5.
Burlington Arcade Floor, New Bldg.

Average Half Price

Women's Shoes, $7, $9
1,334 pairs of 8 1.2 inch boots in a number of leathers and styles, $7 pair; and some tan and black calfskin brogue oxfords, $7 pair.
878 pairs high grade lace and button boots at $9 pair.
First Floor, Old Building.

Men's Shoes, $6.50 pair
Six different styles including high lace shoes and winter oxfords, in good assortments and sizes.
Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building.

The JEWELRY STORE

offers, for the last day of Stewart Week, the following items—all at HALF Price

The articles listed (except where quantities are given) are but one of a kind; but they each represent a few more of their kinds. The varied character of the stocks included make this an unusual opportunity to acquire holiday, wedding, and anniversary gifts, without the strain of shopping in the Christmas rush.

Diamonds and Platinum
At Half Price
$480 Bar pin, $240.
Sapphires and diamonds.
$725 Bar pin for $362.50.
Onyx and diamonds.
$2,160 double circle brooch, $1,080.
$2,800 Tassel pendant $1,400.
Pearl and diamonds.
$220 baroque pearl earrings, $110.
$625 ring for $312.50.
Diamond and cabochon sapphires.
$700 platinum diamond ring, $350.

"Rana" Pearls
Half Price
$165 graduated necklace, $82.50.
$58 graduated necklace, $29.

Women's Watches
Half Price
$900 Wrist watch for $450.
$600 Oval watch for $300.
$65 Octagon ribbon watch, $32.50
$62 Fancy shape, gold ribbon, $31.
$58 watch, luminous dial, for $29.

Orient in Silver
50 Individual Pieces—Half Price
Sweetmeat boxes. Powder jars.
Candle sticks. Trinket boxes.
Ink Wells. Cigarette boxes.
Book Ends.

14-k. Gold Jewelry
Half Price
$45 hoop ring for $22.50.
$21 ring, lapiz centre, for $10.50.
$23.75 Snake ring for $11.87.
$60 Cameo head ring for $30.
$47 Bar pin for $23.50.
$55 Platinum top bar pin, $27.50.
$120 Carved Cameo brooch, $60.
$23 Carved signet ring for $11.50
$48 Sardonyx ring for $24.
$24 Links, platinum edge, for $12.
$42 Jade set, plain edge links, $21.
$73 Scarf pin for $36.50.
$5.25 oval scarf pin, $2.62.
$120 Dress set, $60.

Sterling Silver Tableware
Half Price
$74 Meat dish, 14 in., $37.
$48 Meat dish, 12 inch, $24.
$36 Meat dish, 10 inch, $18.
$66 Fruit bowl, $33.
$80 Cracker and cheese dish, $40.
$31 Sandwich trays, $15.50.
$39 Flower vase, $19.50.
$22 Candy basket, $11.
$245 Fish platter, 26 in., $122.50.
$382 Meat platter, $191.
$60 Compote, $30.

Optical Goods
Half Price
$43 Barometer for $21.50.
$20 Eyeglass case for $10.
$42.50 Opera glasses for $21.25.
$25 Hair hydrometer for $12.50.
$1 to $30 Thermometers, 50c to $15.

Main Floor, Old Building.

A True Story
THE MAN who convinced himself

He walked quietly into the store and asked to see our clothing. A salesman was assigned to him, and for half an hour the man went through the stocks from beginning to end.

Then he said, "I will take this overcoat, and I want to congratulate you on getting my money. My wife and I have been shopping all day in the New York stores."—

"I have been to all these stores"
the man continued, and with the statement he pulled out of his pocket newspaper clippings of seven advertisements of men's clothing. One advertisement was from a Fifth Avenue department store; another from a popular men's clothing store; the third from a men's outfitter with twelve stores; the fourth was from a Forty-second Street store; the fifth from a Broadway tailoring concern; the sixth was from a Broadway specialty store—all advertising overcoats at various reductions, ranging from $7.50 to $46, one of them offering a flat discount of 25 per cent.

"I have been to these stores, but you have the values," he said
And then he showed another clipping—of our own advertisement—in which we said: "This is the only men's clothing store in New York down to bed-rock prices."

"That's true," he said, "you have the best values."

Yes, the news is getting around, by word of mouth as well as by advertising, but there are thousands and tens of thousands of men in New York City who do not yet know what is going on at Wanamaker's.

This IS what is going on
We have reduced our prices down to half what they were originally intended to be when we made our purchases for this Fall—which means:

Overcoats intended to sell for $75, are now..$37.50
Overcoats intended to sell for $95, are now..$47.50
Overcoats intended to sell for $115, are now.$57.50
Suits intended to sell for $69, are now.....$34.50
Suits intended to sell for $85, are now.....$42.50
Suits intended to sell for $90, are now.....$45
Suits intended to sell for $100, are now.....$50

Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building

60,000 Men's Shirts

When these shirts were made, two to six months ago, the selling prices were to be as follows:

12,000 Shirts of the $2.50 grade
17,160 Shirts of the $3 grade
17,400 Shirts of the $3.50 grade
2,880 Shirts of the $3.75 grade
10,560 Shirts of the $4 grade

$1.35

Men's Store, Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building.

$65,000 RUM THEFT LEADS TO 2 ARRESTS

Empty Barrels and Cases Found in Jersey Barn After Three Freight Cars Are Robbed.

MEN HELD IN $50,000 BAIL

"Friends of Mine," Says U. S. Marshal When Prisoners Are Arraigned—Two Others Sought.

Charged with complicity in the theft of three carloads of whisky, valued at $65,000, from the South Broad Street yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Newark, N. J., last Sunday morning, two men were arrested in New Brunswick early yesterday and later held in $50,000 bail each on a charge of conspiracy to steal from an interstate shipment.

The arrest of the two men, who gave their names as David ("Curly") Moon, of 85 Albany Street, and Frederick ("Chick") Bauries, of 132 Suydam Street, both of New Brunswick followed the discovery by the Newark police and railroad detectives of 500 empty whisky cases and twenty-one empty barrels in a barn on the outskirts of New Brunswick. The clue which led to the arrests was said to have been obtained by a watch on the "whisky curb market" in Newark, which is the chief point of operations of the so-called "New Jersey whisky ring."

Peter Bentley of Jersey City, attorney for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, said the amount of whisky stolen was much greater than indicated by the value of $65,000 which had been placed upon it. If illegally sold at prevailing bootleggers' prices the market value of the stolen whisky would reach $400,000, he said. The $65,000, he said, represented the value placed upon the whisky by the distillers for lawful shipment and sale.

"We have our men all over the country watching for the stuff," Mr. Bentley said. "We have a clue as to the whereabouts of most of the whisky."

Moon and Bauries were arrested at 3:30 o'clock as they were leaving a restaurant in New Brunswick. Preceding their arrest the police and detectives had visited the farm of Frank Erhart on the outskirts of New Brunswick and had found a barn there filled with empty whisky cases and barrels. These barrels were stenciled in the same manner as those stolen from the freight cars, and it was the belief of the officers that the thieves had siphoned the whisky from the barrels and placed it in new containers to avoid detection.

Erhart said he had rented the barn for $50 to two men from New Brunswick, whose names he said he did not know, but whom he could identify. He later identified Moon and Bauries and said they were accompanied by another man whom he described as "skinny."

Moon and Bauries were taken to the jail at New Brunswick and denied their guilt under long questioning. Then they were taken to Newark and arraigned before United States Commissioner John A. Matthews. They pleaded not guilty.

While the hearing was in progress United States Marshal Bollschweiler of Perth Amboy came into the room and greeted Moon and Bauries. "These are two friends of mine," he said to Commissioner Matthews. "What's the matter?"

The Marshal then offered to take charge of the prisoners until bail was obtained and asked whether the $50,000 bail could not be reduced.

Information was obtained a few hours after the theft that the stolen whisky had been taken to New Brunswick, and the railroad detectives and the police have had men there ever since. Definite information concerning the connection of two other men with the robbery was said to have been obtained and their arrest was expected as soon as they could be found.

Police Aid Is Welcomed.

Federal prohibition enforcement officials yesterday welcomed the announcement that State, county and city authorities were planning to aid in enforcing the prohibition law. Virtually no co-operation had been given by the police heretofore, according to Frank L. Boyd, Supervising Agent.

Mr. Boyd said no representative of the Federal enforcement authorities attended the conference of State, county and city officials, and the only information he had received was from newspaper reports.

BOYD EXPECTS HIS RECALL.

Looks for Orders Today to Join Income Tax Bureau in Washington.

Frank L. Boyd, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent for this State, told newspaper men yesterday that he expected to receive orders today from Internal Revenue Commissioner Williams in Washington directing his return to the capital as head of the Field Service Division of the Inheritance and Income Tax Bureau.

Mr. Boyd's successor, who is likely to be from another city, probably will be announced today. Mr. Boyd came here on Sept. 15 to relieve James Shevlin who was transferred to El Paso, Tex.

SEIZE TWO BREWERIES IN CINCINNATI RAIDS

Federal Agent Acts After Analysis Shows Beer Violates Percentage Law.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 19.—Two Cincinnati breweries were seized by Government officials late today on orders issued by the Internal Revenue Department. They are the Herancourt and the Jackson Breweries. Decision to request the seizure was reached by Thomas E. Stone, District Prohibition Supervisor, after he had received preliminary reports of chemists who made tests of beer obtained at the plants by his agents yesterday.

By this action property of an estimated value of $1,000,000 is placed in the custody of Stephen W. McGrath, Internal Revenue Collector. It was intimated at the Government building that one or two other Cincinnati breweries might be subjected to seizure orders within a short time. Federal agents have been on guard at the breweries ever since they were visited yesterday, when samples of beer were removed.

Analysis of twenty samples of beer seized by Federal prohibition agents at breweries and saloons here shows that the alcoholic contents ranged from 2 to 5 per cent.

Raids were made yesterday on eight Cincinnati breweries and approximately 100 saloons. The raids were conducted by thirty-five prohibition agents brought here from Northern Ohio points by Mr. Stone.

At each place visited the agents took samples of beer and placed internal revenue seals on liquid goods not taken, warning the proprietors that no sales were to be made from the stocks until the samples which had been taken could be analyzed. It was intimated that in some cases the alcoholic content ran as high as 3½ and 4 per cent.

Under the Federal Prohibition act and also under the internal revenue laws, breweries which manufacture beer containing an alcoholic content of more than one-half of 1 per cent. are subject to seizure by the Government.

Taxing Trade in Transit

Sheffield Service delivers milk if you desire or sells it minus delivery costs at 190 stores

IN these times of high prices, one of the topics uppermost in the mind of the consumer is the "spread' between the cost of the raw product at the point of production and the cost of the finished product at the point of consumption.

Of all the things required by the city dweller, necessities or luxuries, milk comes to you with less lost motion, with less rehandling, with less tax in transit, with less waste than any other article you buy.

There is no middle man in Sheffield Service. We take the product at the farmer's door and bring it to you. We are co-partners with the farmer in rendering an Indispensable Public Service.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
New York

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Silk Neckwear
for Yule-tide giving

is an interesting feature of the holiday display in the Men's Furnishings Department on the First Floor.

The greater part of the collection is composed of scarfs fashioned from French and Swiss silks of rare attractiveness, imported by and reserved exclusively for B. Altman & Co.

These scarfs were made in workrooms located in the establishment.

The prices, in stock, range from
$2.50 to 5.00
(War Revenue tax additional)

Scarfs made from American silks are in stock at
$1.00, 1.50 & 2.00
and
Knitted Silk Mufflers
at $10.00 to 18.00
(War Revenue tax additional)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Fine Winter Overcoats

will be on sale to-day (Saturday)

specially low-priced at

$67.50

These are not ordinary "sale" overcoats, but really fine garments, tailored and finished with expert skill. The materials were imported from England; the coats were made in New York.

(Sale in the Men's Clothing Department, SIXTH FLOOR)

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street *(Between 5th and 6th Avenues)* West 43rd Street

Announcing Reductions in Price
on Our Regular Stock of
Men's SOFT and DERBY HATS

Qualities of the Highest Grade in this season's latest shapes and colorings.

HATS..... Formerly $6.00..... Reduced to $4.90
HATS..... Formerly $8.00..... Reduced to $6.75
HATS..... Formerly 10.00..... Reduced to $7.75
HATS..... Formerly 12.00..... Reduced to $9.50

Self-Instruction in Music

As with other subjects, instruction in music by teachers can be advanced by individual home study. There are certain principles and methods governing alike the teaching and study of music, and they have been published for the assistance of both students and teachers.

The books generally are summaries of talks with prominent pianists and violinists. They are of real benefit to all interested in music and music instruction.

Self-Help in Piano Study—*Harriette Brower*..... $1.34
Talks to piano teachers and students about the principles and methods of their art.

Piano Mastery—*Harriette Brower*..... $2.64
Talks with master pianists and teachers.

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Talks with thirty of the foremost pianists and teachers.

Violin Mastery—*Frederick H. Martens*..... $2.64
A book of practical instruction and authoritative criticism.

Home Help in Music Study—*Harriette Brower*..... $1.34
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Buy One Good Book Each Week

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R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Macy's

Men's Winter Overcoats

$34.75 to $59.75

With cold weather here, these overcoats will attract attention. In boxcoat, ulsterette and ulster models, they combine the best in style, fabric, tailoring—but *priced closely*—and *on the basis of present market conditions.*

Reduction Sale
MEN'S SUITS

$32.50

To adjust our prices to today's wholesale costs. Not a special purchase. Every suit taken from our regular stock. We are offering these suits to you at a price that averages less than their actual cost to us.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

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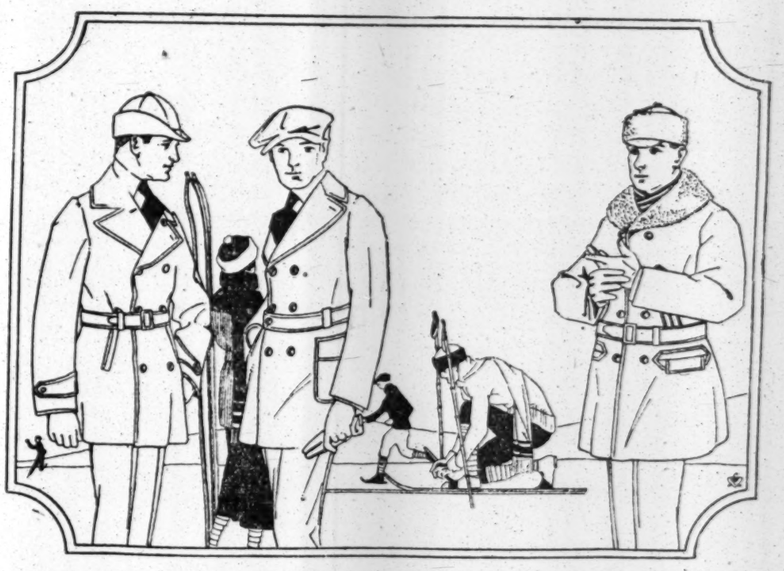

Roughing It In Rough Weather Clothing

Real sportsmen defy thermometer and barometer alike. They are abroad when the wind howls and the snow flies. Hunting and fishing, skating and skiing, the out-of-doors is great these wintry days.

Our Sporting Goods Section has complete lines of sport clothing for all occasions. And at lowest-in-the-city prices.

Tan Leather Coats, reversible, $33.75

Tan Leather and Corduroy Reversible Coats, $24.89

Moleskin Coats, sheep lined, with large imitation beaver collars, $22.89

Corduroy Coats, sheepskin lined, with large imitation beaver collars, $13.48 and $16.24

Sheepskin Vests, $6.74

All-Wool Mackinaws, in various styles and colors, $14.48 to $23.74

Macy's—Sporting Goods Section, 5th Floor, Centre.

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BARRETT TO APPEAL RAIL RATE RULING

Commissioner Says Commerce Board's Decision Is Grave Blow to State Rights.

CENTRAL WELCOMES ACTION

Fixes the Principle That Roads Are a National Institution, Declares Counsel.

The local Public Service Commission, it was announced yesterday, would appeal to the United States Supreme Court from the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission that passenger rates on intrastate traffic should be increased 20 per cent., because it affects two railroads within the jurisdiction of the commission—the Long Island Railroad Company and the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company. The decision was on an appeal by the New York Central and other railroads from an order by the up-State Public Service Commission that the present rates within the State should be maintained.

These rates, the Federal Commission has decided, would constitute an undue discrimination against interstate commerce, and therefore should be raised in the same degree that the interstate rates have been increased. Public Service Commissioner Alfred M. Barrett, in stating that the commission would appeal, said that the decision of the Federal Commission "is one of the greatest blows the doctrine of State rights has ever received." He also said that if the decision be upheld on appeal it will be possible for the Interstate Commerce Commission to regulate any rate in this State where the claim is made either that the railroad is engaged in interstate commerce or where the rates of a local road are less for a similar service than a line engaged in interstate commerce.

Doubts Board's Power.

"Take the Long Island Railroad for example," he said. "This commission contends that it is not engaged in interstate commerce. It has no lines outside of the State of New York. Whatever business it transacts outside of this State is over the lines of other companies. If that line be under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, it is possible that that comsion has power to regulate all local traffic rates between Montauk Point and New York City. Personally, I do not think that Congress ever intended to confer such power on the Interstate Commerce Commission. I had always supposed that, within its own domain at least, the State was supreme and that its jurisdiction was only incidentally affected when it attempted to regulate or discriminate against railroads in the State which were engaged in interstate commerce. This new law is a direct invasion of the rights of this State and everything which is possible should be done to have it declared illegal.

"It is true that the order is made without prejudice to the rights of the State to apply for a modification of the findings of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to any fares, charges or rates, on the ground that they are not related to interstate fares, charges, &c. But it is within the power of the Federal commission, by the order which it has made, to determine that question."

The decision was welcomed by officials of the New York Central Railroad, which will be the principal beneficiary, although all other railroads in New York State will also profit by the decision.

Charles C. Paulding, Assistant Vice President of the New York Central Lines assigned to the law department, said the financial results to the railroads of the State would be an increase of 20 per cent. in their passenger revenues. Mr. Paulding said the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission removed existing discriminations against interstate commerce, and followed the principle that the railroads of the United States were a national institution and that no State could prescribe rates for commerce within the State which would disadvantageously affect traffic between points within the State and points outside.

"The action of some of the states, including New York," he said, "in refusing to accept the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the advance rate case, so far as passenger fares were concerned, has now been considered by the Interstate Commerce Commission as being a discrimination against interstate commerce by forcing lower interstate rates than were authorized and ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission to be put in force. This would happen on account of the application of the lower intrastate rates to the through rates, the roads having the lower intrastate rates being compelled to make a lower interstate rate, on account of the combination of the lower fares, intrastate, with the higher fares interstate, making a lower through combination.

"This discrimination is now ordered removed. This has now been found to be a discrimination against individuals traveling in interstate commerce in favor of individuals traveling in intrastate commerce and taking advantage of the lower intrastate rate, as well as a discrimination against many localities and in favor of others, to the advantage of the manufacturing localities in the State of New York. This is so because, under the decision, the rates for persons traveling to and from manufacturing centers in New York State from points within the State will be at the same rate as persons traveling to and from these points from points without the State, and there is no disadvantage to the persons outside the State, a disadvantage which was becoming very important commercially.

"The determination of Congress that the railroads are a national institution and must be regarded as such is made final by this decision. The well-known Shreveport case, in the Supreme Court of the United States, laid down the principle that States must not interfere with the interstate commerce by prescribing rates for commerce within the State that would disadvantageously affect traffic to and from points within the State to and from points outside. That principle was put into law by Congress in the Transportation act and has now been applied by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the New York Passenger Fare Case."

WILL APPEAL RATE CASE.

State Going to Supreme Court to Test Interstate Commission's Power.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—The Supreme Court of the United States ultimately will be asked to decide the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission over intrastate passenger and baggage rates, it was stated today at the office of Attorney General Newton. Speaking of the order of the commission issued yesterday that the railroads in New York establish intrastate passenger and baggage rates to conform to the interstate schedules, the Attorney General said:

"This is a sweeping and entirely new decision. Heretofore the States alone have exercised the power to fix local rates. During the war Congress fixed all rates, but under the Esch-Cummins bill the old State rates were restored.

"The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court at Albany decided last week that the old two-cent fare on the main line from Albany to Buffalo was restored Sept. 1, when the Federal war-time control was terminated. The railroad appealed to the Court of Appeals, Monday.

"The State will immediately appeal to the United States Supreme Court for a reversal of the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission and probably the judgment of the Court of Appeals will be taken to the United States Supreme Court by the railroad or the State, whatever the result."

Publishers Sue Typographical Union

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 19.—The Phelps Publishing Company, whose employes, members of the Typographical Union, have been on strike two weeks, today filed a second bill in equity in the Supreme Court, alleging that the union has placed the firm on the "unfair" list and was seeking to restrain its members by picketing the firm's place of business.

NEW RAIL DECISION TESTS STATE POWER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

rates with roads that crossed State lines and that nearly every such road had interstate connections and rates that linked them into interstate system over which the Federal Commission had jurisdiction.

New York Central as an Example.

The New York Central from New York City to Buffalo is wholly intrastate and under the ruling of the New York State Commission the passenger rate over the New York Central between these points would be on the basis of three cents a mile. The decision made by the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday, raising the level of intrastate passenger rates in New York City to the level of interstate passenger rates will require the New York Central to establish a rate of 3.6 cents a mile, for example, between New York and Buffalo. This is the rate that prevails over the Lackawanna between these points and on any other interstate road that runs through Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York, between these cities.

Under the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which will stand unless upset in the courts, the roads in New York State will raise their intrastate passenger rates to 3.6 cents a mile, this being the level to which interstate passenger rates have been permitted by the commission for interstate passenger travel. Parlor car, sleeping car, baggage and milk and cream rates will also be raised to the levels fixed by the Federal commission for interstate traffic.

New York State is not the only one involved. There is a similar proceeding pending from Illinois which, when decided like the New York case, would add about $15,000,000 to the revenue of the roads of Illinois through increased intrastate rates.

No such cases have come to the commission from States immediately around New York. All the New England States and also Pennsylvania and New Jersey have, through their State commissions, permitted the carriers within their State to raise their intrastate rates to the level of the new interstate rates.

Similar proceedings have come up from Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, and other Western and Southern States. In the different States the facts of the case are somewhat different. Some States have not gone even as far as New York State in allowing intrastate freight rates to rise to the level of interstate freight rates, while in other States the freight rate level on intrastate traffic is regulated by State laws.

The position of the Interstate Commerce Commission is that it was directed by Congress to divide the nation into railway regions and to see that the rates allowed would yield 5½ to 6 per cent. return on the value of the roads in those regions. It is not the understanding of the commission that Congress meant that this should be the yield for each road in the region, but that the yield should be 5½ per cent. to 6 per cent. return on the aggregate property of all the roads in the regions fixed.

The commission holds that if the rates were lower on intrastate traffic than on interstate traffic, such intrastate roads would not be contributing their share of the revenue to bring the revenue of all the roads up to the level of return contemplated by Congress.

THE ONLY FINE MERCHANT-TAILORED READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHES IN NEW YORK

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

This week's output of our own work-rooms
(Up to and including Thursday)

285 TOWN ULSTERS SPECIALLY PRICED AT $39.50

Made to Sell at $60

Ready-to-wear but Merchant-tailored—Plaid backs—Browns, Greens, Grays, Oxfords and Heather Mixtures

What a difference Individual Tailoring makes!

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MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
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This week's output of our own work-rooms
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190 MEN'S SUITS SPECIALLY PRICED AT $39.50

Made to Sell at $55 and $60

Ready-to-wear but Merchant-tailored—strictly confined to our own warranted worsteds.

What a difference Individual Tailoring makes!

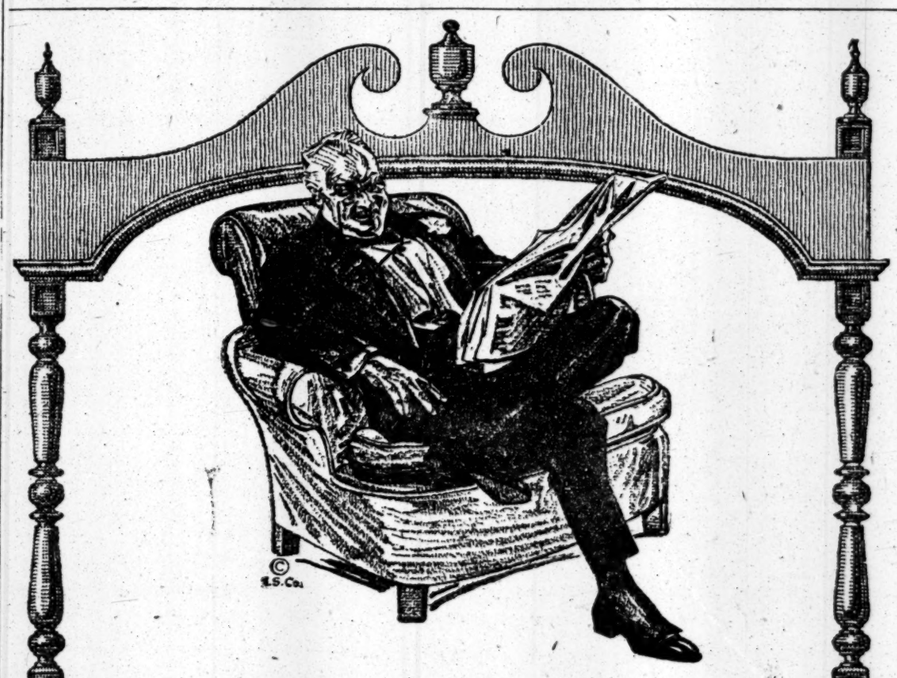
JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

$39.50

For $50 And $55 Suits In Our Half-Yearly Sale Of Celebrated Stein-Bloch Clothes

SUITS that were $45 are now $36.50. Suits that were $60, $65 and $70 are now $49.50. Suits that were $75, $80, $85, $90 are now $59.50. Overcoats that were $60 and $65, now $52.50. Overcoats that were $70 and $75, now $59.50. Overcoats that were $90, $95, $100, now $69.50; that were $120 and $125, now $94.50

COMPARE



The smoothest-fitting, longest-wearing socks made—the "best buy" on the hosiery market

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REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
TOE AND HEEL
Socks

Pure Silks
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Stern Brothers
West 42nd St. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues) West 43rd St.

Our Great Discount Sale of

CLOTHING for MEN and YOUNG MEN

Offering absolute, unrestricted choice

at ONE-FOURTH OFF the Original Prices of

$32.50 to $95.00

Kirschbaum Suits
Kirschbaum Overcoats
Kirschbaum Dress Suits
Kirschbaum Tuxedos
London Overcoats
Raincoats
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25 Per Cent. DISCOUNT

On Our

ENTIRE CLOTHING STOCK

THE original price tickets remain upon the garments—without a single change or alteration. And these original prices are marked upon a margin which conservative clothing trade authorities say is the closest in New York.

Discounts made at time of purchase.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT—THIRD FLOOR

Slight Charge for Necessary Alterations

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

42,000 Eveready Daylo FLASHLIGHTS : SALE!

Less Than Half Price 94c Less Than Half Price

A strong light—lens an inch and a half wide. A clip that fastens on your belt—or turns up to hang on a vest button—on a nail in the wall—any convenient place—leaving both hands free. Complete with battery. Here are just a few of its uses:

Cellar Light
Garage Light
Closet Light
Boy Scout Light
Mechanic's Light
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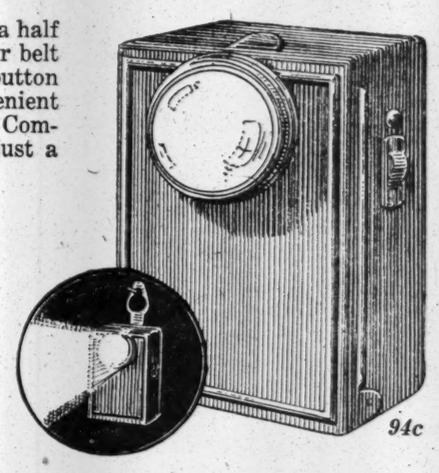
—and many others

Less than half its list price! A wonderful gift idea for large institutions giving quantities of Christmas gifts.



½ doz. $5.60 1 doz. $11.10 100 $90

NO C. O. D.'s. NO MAIL ORDERS.

GIMBELS NEW KIND OF HOUSEFURNISHING STORE—Fifth Floor.

SALE THIS AFTERNOON AT THE
ANDERSON GALLERIES
489 PARK AVENUE

FURNITURE, RUGS & ART OBJECTS
Removed from the Residence of
MISS M. C. BISHOP
OF NEW YORK CITY
Including several pieces from the HEBER R. BISHOP SALE
Together with a Collection of FURNITURE & CHINESE PORCELAIN from Other Sources

Sales conducted by Mr. F. A. Chapman

NOW ON FREE VIEW
Historic Blue China
NEW YORK, WASHINGTON AND FRANKLIN
BOWLS AND PLATES
Lowestoft, Lustre and Glass
RUGS, TABLES, NEEDLEWORK,
With a Few Oriental Pieces
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION
Tuesday Aft., Nov. 23
at 3 o'clock
WALPOLE GALLERIES
10 EAST 49TH STREET
Walter S. Scott, Auctioneer.

Investment Opportunities.
Business Opportunities advertisements in The New York Times should be consulted by those who seek investments.—Advt.

CHAUFFEURS' OUTFITS
All Wool Oxford Whipcord
$88 Complete
Coat or Suit $42.50. Cap $3.
Buy Direct from the Maker!
Brooks Uniform Co.
(Opp. Met. Opera House)
143 W 40 STREET

Factory Building, Ingersoll-Rand Co.
STEEL FURNISHED AND ERECTED BY McCLINTIC-MARSHALL CO.

Our ability to apply large-scale production to the manufacture of steel structures is one of the reasons for the growth of this organization.

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General Offices: Pittsburgh, Pa.
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FOR DISPOSAL

Steel Box Cars Knocked Down

for 5 foot gauge; lying at New Glasgow, N. S., Montreal, Vancouver, etc. Approximate quantity 4,000.

To be sold as and where lying.

Bids will be received up to Monday, November 29th, 1920.

The highest or any bid may not be accepted.

For further particulars apply to

BRITISH WAR MISSION
Room 210. 165 Broadway, N.Y.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"Odin Gregory, the author, and Horace Liveright, the publisher, of "Caius Gracchus," are both candidates for the literary **Croix de Guerre.** * * * never **since the days of Shakespeare** has a play written in English metrical verse aroused any appreciable measure of **popular enthusiasm** * * * one finds in "Caius Gracchus" a drama of vivid color, marked psychological insight, and **compelling power** * * *" the **N. Y. Tribune** said of "Caius Gracchus," by Odin Gregory. All booksellers, $2 net. Boni & Liveright, Publishers, New York.

LLOYD GEORGE INSPECTS CONSTABULARY.

Detachment of the "Black and Tans," a contingent of the Royal Irish Constabulary, recently in London as escort for two comrades killed by Sinn Feiners, was inspected by Lloyd George. The group makes a striking picture in the Rotogravure Picture Section in The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

HUNT MASTER MIND IN PALMER ROBBERY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

ing of the thieves and the servants in the darkened house.

Says One Is Lying.

"One of these servants is lying. You can say that for me," said Detective Corrigan. "I believe it, the police believe it, and their stories are so far apart that we cannot say that they did not see things alike on that night. One of them is lying."

Detectives declare that Alfredo Sazone, the Filipino butler, and Margaret Creevan, the maid, have denied that they are man and wife. Yet THE TIMES yesterday found a receipt for pictures delivered at the Palmer home on the morning after the robbery with the name "Mrs. Sazone" written plainly across its face. It was the information of other servants in the neighborhood that the two were married.

Mrs. Palmer hired her two new servants upon the recommendation of Mrs. Drew. Sazone had been with Mrs. Drew only three months, but the maid had worked for her several years. Sazone was formerly a mess attendant in the United States Navy, and is very bright and attentive. He talks English perfectly.

Several calls for assistance were sent out yesterday by the police to proprietors of resorts in the underworld, asking whether they had heard any conversation in their cabarets or drinking places that might add to the facts of the theft already known to the police. One ventured the opinion that it was common knowledge among friends of Mrs. Palmer that she intended having many of her diamonds made up into a diamond and platinum "dog collar."

Planned to Have Diamond Collar.

Mrs. Palmer admitted that she had planned to have many of her diamonds mounted into a glittering dog collar to wear when she left off her 210-pearl necklace, which she valued at $300,000, and which she was tiring of as an ornament. The centre gem of this collar was to have been the 14-carat diamond righ given to Mrs. Palmer by her former husband, James Cresson Parrish, Jr., who divorced her in 1916.

Plans for this ornament were not whispered around among a few friends, but were discussed openly until it became common gossip among the hundreds of persons whom Mrs. Palmer knew socially that she really had had this decoration made up. It is believed that the report of this expensive decoration excited the cupidity of "lookouts" of the organized gang months ago, perhaps when they overheard talk in some cabaret, and that they laid careful plans to steal it, even going to the extent of sending somebody to study the layout of Mrs. Palmer's house.

Another piece of evidence was discovered in the house yesterday that confirmed the opinion of the police that the robbery was carried out by a thief long in the business of craft and deception.

This important evidence was the finding of a carefully cut slit in the curtain of Mrs. Palmer's bedrom, indicating that the master thief had established a lookout station there so that he could prepare the reception for Mrs. Palmer when she returned with the coveted necklace.

Detectives point out that a clumsy and inexperienced thief would have pulled up the curtain just a little bit or wedged it back so that he could see between its edge and the window casing. But this leader did not wish to have the owner of the house look up and see that the curtain had been disturbed, even thrown up a little, and he cut a narrow criss-cross slit, or peephole, so that he could peer out into the street without any patrolman or chance passerby noticing anything unusual.

Discrepancies in Stories.

Discrepancies appear throughout the tales of the two servants, from the time they were seized at 9 o'clock in the evening until the police stepped into the house twelve hours later to begin their work on the case. Ironed out, the discrepancies may prove the solution of the mystery of the theft and the recovery of the gems—at least, the police believe that.

Detectives also are certain that the men who entered this house by the practice of some guile or deception knew the system of bell signals arranged by Mrs. Palmer to summon her servants. They worked the signals to trap the servants, and they worked them from Mrs. Palmer's bedroom, to which they had made their way upon entering the house, not using the front door bell as the first stories to the police had it.

Revised Version.

These first stories were that the two servants were seized and gagged at the front door as they went to answer a ring which they thought was that of their employer, but the revised version is this:

At 8:30 the Filipino butler prepared for bed, unusually early for him, and was in his pajamas when there was a single ring on the bell leading from Mrs. Palmer's bedroom, which is an entirely different bell from that connected with the front door. That single ring was the summons for the maid to report at her mistress's bedroom.

"That's for you, Margaret," the butler is reported to have said, as he stood in a narrow hallway in the servants' quarters in the basement.

Immediately two additional rings sounded on the bell and the maid is reported to have said:

"No, that's for you. Perhaps she wants some lunch."

An argument began as to which servant was desired in Mrs. Palmer's room, and, according to their stories, Sazone hallooed up the stairs to ask which servant was wanted. Not getting an answer, he shouted back to the maid that he would go up to see Mrs. Palmer, anyway.

According to his story, he was accosted in the main hallway of the house, on the first floor, by two tall men with very black mustaches, who displayed badges resembling those worn by the police and asserted that they had come to investigate a robbery. Then they seized him, he said, and carried him up the stairs to the second floor and threw him upon Mrs. Palmer's bed, where they gagged him and tied him with wire. Mrs. Palmer said he was tied with soft portiere cord.

Maid Bound with Wire.

He says that two other men carried the maid up the stairs directly behind him, and that he saw them coming up with their burden as he turned his head upon reaching the top. The maid declares that it was several minutes later that she was seized in the basement by two men with police badges, false mustaches, and "makeup." She declares that she was tied with wire which cut into her flesh and caused her pain and discomfort during the twelve hours of her captivity.

Sazone declares that he was on the bed in Mrs. Palmer's room when the other men entered, half-carrying, half-dragging the maid. The maid declares that there was no one in Mrs. Palmer's room when she was taken there, and that the men entered later with the trussed-up Filipino, whom they stowed away gently in a closet.

It was not Sazone who managed to free himself of his easy bonds first, but Mrs. Palmer, who wiggled one of her hands out of manacles fashioned out of a sash. She freed the Filipino from his portiere cords and instructed him to telephone. He returned from the instrument with a grip and reported to his mistress that the wires were cut, that he could not raise central.

Neighbor's Rugs Stolen.

Apparently the thieves contemplated taking some of the oil paintings for, about 8:30 in the evening, two small rugs were stolen from the hallway of an apartment house at 62 East Ninetieth Street, across the street from the Palmer house. It is the theory that the thieves might have taken these rugs to put on the floor of some conveyance to keep possible plunder clean.

It was learned yesterday that Mrs. Palmer had offered her house for rent for one year at $800 a month and that she had refused to sell the property. She also refused an offer of $6,000 for rent for eight months only.

Mrs. Palmer lives alone in her house with her two servants. An early report was that she had rented part of her house to John Elrich, who accompanied Mrs. Palmer home on Monday night after dancing at the Mont Martre at Fiftieth Street and Broadway and dining at the Italian Gardens in West Houston Street. Mr. Elrich is a neighbor of Mrs. Sidney Drew at 4 East Forty-eighth Street, and it was from Mrs. Drew's home that he and Mrs. Palmer started for the restaurants.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
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THE IRISH SITUATION.

There are interesting pictures in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, showing the precautions taken in Ireland to prevent outbreaks after the death of Mayor MacSwiney—holding the crowds back; building barricades, wire nettings, &c. There are 87 etchings in this issue—the news of the world. On news stands, 10 cents.—Advt.

'NOT GUILTY' PLEAS IN GAMBLING CASES

Twenty-five Accused in Saratoga Are Released on Bail After Arraignment.

INCLUDES POLICE HEAD

Charged as Accessory to Felony in Disappearance of Gaming Outfits.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Edward T. Carroll, Superintendent of Police in this city, and twenty-four others, of whom four were women, were arraigned today before Supreme Court Justice Borst on indictments returned by the Extraordinary Grand Jury which has been investigating alleged gambling in this city. All pleaded not guilty and furnished bail.

The indictment of Superintendent Carroll is the outcome of the alleged disappearance of gambling paraphernalia from police headquarters in July, 1919, after it had been seized in a raid. He is charged with being accessory to a felony. Recently he sued The Daily Saratogian for libel as the result of publication of charges relating to this matter, but lost his case.

Several of the others indicted are proprietors of cigar stores, which were raided last Summer by Wyman S. Bascom, who has represented the Attorney General in the investigation. Other indictments are for operating alleged gambling establishments at various times between August, 1919, and August, 1920. Those indicted in connection with charges of operating pool rooms for gambling are:

Michael J. Sweeney, Thomas Dunphy, John Reagan, John Quinn, Fred Smith, Daniel Hill, Herbert E. Wood, William R. Tolmie, Thomas Brophy, Alfred Duval, Ernest Duval, James C. Fennell, Matthew Byrnes, Clarence Bird, Jean Smith, Samuel Silverhart, George Abdalla, William Doherty, Alfred Popper and Mrs. Anna Rosell.

Marie Taylor, Alice Johnson and Frances Hamilton were indicted for maintaining disorderly houses.

A total of sixty indictments has now been returned by the Extraordinary Grand Jury, which was convened Aug. 9, and has met at intervals since that time. Among those indicted was District Attorney Charles B. Andrus, who is charged with wilfull neglect of duty and the theft of whisky from police headquarters. He was arraigned several weeks ago and pleaded not guilty.

A dozen or more others have been indicted for maintaining alleged gambling establishments durng the Summer of 1919 or 1920. These included Jules Formel, John P. Dennin, John Brown, Frank Short, Charles White and Abraham Brown. None of these are citizens of Saratoga Springs.

Mr. Bascom said today that he will ask the court to set the first trials of the indictments for early next month. Meanwhile the Extraordinary Grand Jury will take a recess for several weeks.

ECHO OF LOUWISCH CASE.

Woman Ousted for Helping Rabbi Seeks Reinstatement in Aid Society.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Nov. 19.—Mrs. B. Schwartz, recently ousted from the Ladies' Aid Society of the Hebrew School on the charge of having been implicated in the obtaining of false testimony in the Louwisch case, has demanded reinstatement, through her attorney, John E. Mack, who also was the attorney for Louwisch.

A special meeting of the society will be held Sunday afternoon for the purpose of considering Mr. Mack's letter asking that his client be reinstated.

Mrs. Schwartz is a sister of Mrs. Lena Freedman, with whom Louwisch boarded while he was principal of the school here, and who was one of the witnesses for Louwisch in the annulment proceedings. The charge made against Mrs. Schwartz is that it was in her home that certain affidavits in the annulment proceedings were taken.

SIXTEEN WOODSMEN DROWNED IN MAINE

Motorboat on Chesuncook Lake Takes Fire and They Tried to Swim to Shore.

BANGOR, Me., Nov. 19.—Sixteen woodsmen were drowned in Chesuncook Lake, in the heart of the lumbering district, late yesterday afternoon when a motorboat took fire. The men were being taken across the lake from Chesuncook Dam to Cuxabesis.

Efforts to extinguish the fire failing, the party became panic-stricken and many leaped overboard, according to word brought here today. The icy water soon exhausted those who tried to escape by swimming, and all of them are believed to have lost their lives. About half the crew remained with the boat, and, although they were forced to drop overboard after the engine stopped, they clung to the side of the craft until it was blown shoreward by the strong wind.

The boat drifted against a mass of stumps which protruded above the water and these served as isles of safety for the men until they were rescued by crews from neighboring lumber camps and village folks who had seen the flames from a distance.

Seventeen in all are believed to have been saved. Some of these, however, were reported in a serious condition from exposure.

When word was sent here seven bodies had been recovered, of which four had been identified. They were John Zorrill, P. C. McCaul and John McDowell, all of Notham, P. E. I., and Arthur O'Connor, residence unknown.

Because of the large number of lumbermen being sent into the woods at this season it was said that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to learn the names of the missing ones, except through identification of bodies recovered.

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Sincerely
Shorty.

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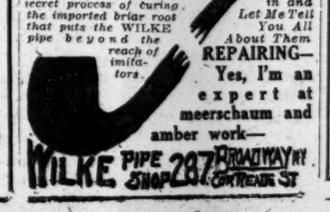

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ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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NEW YORK'S NEXT MAYOR.

Public contemplation of Mayor HYLAN has naturally led to thoughts of his successor. That the city will want "something different" is taken for granted. But exactly what the contrast should be must be carefully considered in all plans for next year's Mayoralty election. Already some Republicans are talking as if the only change needed is one of party. HYLAN is a Democrat. Why not make New York happy by offering it a straight Republican for Mayor?

This pleasing fancy is obviously born of the election on Nov. 2. HARDING had an amazing majority in New York City. But before his party managers here get too much puffed up over that, they ought to cast a sober eye upon Governor SMITH'S equally amazing majority in the same election. The Harding vote was of special prompting and composition; it cannot be held together for other elections, other candidates. Nor should the Republicans forget that it is quite on the cards for the Democrats to nominate the deservedly popular Governor for Mayor. This would especially be the indicated move for Tammany if it found the burden of HYLAN too grievous to be borne, or if any of its leaders should figure as "casualties" in the pending and promised investigations of the municipal Government. Running against Governor SMITH as a candidate, any straight Republican would be apt to be left by the election returns looking very much out of plumb.

It is agreeable to note that caution was advised at the meeting of the Republican County Committee on Thursday night. A resolution was referred to the Executive Committee urging the selection of candidates next year who "shall be representative of the "best interests of the city and of a "calibre to command the enthusiastic "support of all citizens desirous of a "standard of conduct of the public "business worthy of New York." This is distinctly on the right track. It is not a new party label that New York desires on the City Hall. What it longs for is the thing it now finds lacking there—namely, ability and character.

A PREJUDICED COMMITTEE.

Conditions are evidently very bad in Ireland, and evidently both Irish and English are at fault. Which side is more at fault is a question on which opinions differ and will continue to differ, though the growing strength and respectability of the Sinn Fein movement have been impressive. But it may be doubted if any benefit to Anglo-Irish relations or Anglo-American relations will come from the operations of the "American Commission on Ireland," now hearing witnesses at Washington.

Of the hundred members of the General Committee the larger part may be described as Irish-Americans, pacifists, Socialists or radicals committed to the anti-English side in Ireland, or enemies of England. There was a minority representing more moderate opinion, but perusal of that list reveals few, if any, names which can be regarded as representing a pro-English sentiment as strong as the anti-English feeling of the majority. The minority disappears altogether in the subcommittee which is conducting the hearings.

There is no need to assume that the commission does not intend to get the truth. Doubtless it is entirely sincere, but it is a packed commission, a prejudiced commission. Doubtless, for that matter, the Irish papers which attacked the inquiry as a device of their enemies were sincere. But the truth is hardly likely to be elicited by a committee all of whose members are at the outset biased the same way.

Mr. HOWE'S introductory remarks about the need of peace and the ending of hate are true enough, but this inquiry will not promote peace. It will promote hate, and there is a section of Irish in America and an element of the habitual enemies of England who will deliberately use it to promote hate. An English inquiry into the Philippine question, or the treatment of the Haytians, for that matter, would be resented quickly enough in this country. If that inquiry were promoted by The London Saturday Review, and if the members of the committee were selected persons known for their hostility to America, the result would hardly be such as to promote Anglo-American friendship or world peace. Whatever Americans think about Ireland, it certainly cannot be said that this commission represents the sentiment of the nation.

TOLLS AND SUBSIDIES.

Senator HARDING'S trip to Panama has been explained as in part due to his desire to "lift from American shipping the burden of toll "charges in the Panama Canal." On this subject The Chicago Tribune has some vigorous words. It points out that we are bound by the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty not to discriminate in favor of our own vessels. In addition to this obligation of honor, there is the argument of fair play and good business. To eliminate the tolls, declares The Chicago Tribune, "would be unfair." It would be, in effect, a subsidy of millions to shipowners. No benefit would accrue to "inland cities, agricultural interests "and manufacturers who helped to "pay and are still helping to pay for "the construction of the Canal."

With a distinct Middle Western "interest" thus reinforcing the moral case, the latter obviously becomes stronger. The Chicago Republican newspaper sums up: "It is not "good judgment, good diplomacy, "good economics or good politics to "free American ships from the "Panama Canal tolls." Panama papers please copy in time for Mr. HARDING'S visit.

TOO MUCH ZEAL.

He who grasps too much holds little. The proverb is recommended to some of our worthy but too zealous Dry friends. The Council of the Board of Benevolence of the Methodist Episcopal Church recommends that the protection of the American flag be denied to all American citizens who "in foreign lands are doing that which has been outlawed at home"; that is, selling and buying the forbidden juice. Why worry about the wicked Americans abroad? Prohibition energy should be concentrated on our unterrified millions of home outlaws.

Then here is Mr. WAYNE B. WHEELER, counsel of the Anti-Saloon League, expatiating on the designs of that body on the new Congress:

> The Anti-Saloon League is committed to a measure to define misconduct in office of a Federal officer. Certain officers [the Federal Judges] hold office for life or good behavior. There is no standard set for what is lack of good behavior. Some officers are refusing to do their duty and enforce the law, and there is no machinery to reach such officers and relieve them of responsibility. Such a law ought to be passed.

That is, Federal Judges sitting in cases under the Volstead act must make decisions satisfactory to the Anti-Saloon League or be removed from office. If the Anti-Saloon League continues to manifest this burning zeal, entirely innocent of discretion, common sense and humor, it will not succeed in enforcing prohibition. It will merely disgust moderate and sensible men and women.

THE DIRECT PRIMARY.

Mr. CHARLES E. HUGHES is faithful to a generous dream. In Indianapolis, where he spoke on "The Fate of the Direct Primary" before the Convention of the National Municipal League, of which he is President, the direct primary is a matter of contending political ambitions rather than of impersonal and unpartisan thought. Mr. HUGHES treated it, however, from a high idealist point of view. We are all in sympathy with the objects, or supposed objects, of the direct primary. Unfortunately, in most States experience has shown that it has not attained those objects; that it has not removed the abuses against which it was aimed; that, rather, it has continued them and produced abuses of its own. He admitted grave defects in the system and a justifiable criticism of them. Yet he would not give it up or return to the old convention system. He would modify the existing system and blend its advantages with those of its predecessor. He would have an effective and "proper" direct system.

We argued that the direct primary "places a weapon in the hands of the "party voters which they can use "with effect in case of need." So did the old system. When the majority of the party voters were sufficiently angry with the bosses they arose in their wrath and kicked them out. The primary can do no more. It is usually only the voice of the minority of the voters. It lends itself even more easily than the old system to manipulation and control. Mr. HUGHES argues that under the direct primary the voters are no longer helpless, and that "this fact puts party leaders on their best behavior." We have not observed the fact, but we know that the Hon. BOIES PENROSS, for example, is a hearty friend and beneficiary of the direct primaries.

The imaginary "fact gives to the "voters a consciousness of power and "responsibility." On the contrary, the sense of power and responsibility in the party has been weakened, has almost vanished. Neither in regard to policy nor to candidates is its collective will brought to bear. In this State the direct primary has become largely either a form or a nuisance. Mr. HUGHES assembles the chief objections to the system. It requires two campaigns and great expenditures; it doesn't provide for consultation in the choice of candidates; it doesn't give fit opportunity for the declaration of party policy; it helps publicity seekers and demagogues; "it leads to unseemly appeals for "personal support, especially in the "case of candidates for judicial office"; often men who would be desirable candidates won't enter the primaries, and often the primary campaign stirs a bitterness that hurts the party in the election.

These are not all the objections, but they are more than enough, and Mr. HUGHES does not answer them. He proposes as "the ideal method of "making nominations a gathering to "which representatives would be "chosen by elections within the "membership of the party"; in short, a nominating committee. "Natural leaders" are to be the product of this ideal system. It looks more like an invitation to a political oligarchy and a premium on the bosses. Natural leaders, men like GROVER CLEVELAND or Mr. HUGHES, will arise under any system. Economy of effort is as desirable in politics as in any other pursuit. The trouble with the direct primary is that it is cumbrous, ineffective, expensive, too frequently subject to freaks, and destructive of party unity and responsibility.

THE UNITED HOSPITAL FUND.

The United Hospitals of New York treated more than 178,000 persons in 1919. Half of them were free patients. One-half of the work of the hospitals was for the sick poor. Their number is increasing. The cost of caring for them has increased nearly double since 1919. The public must help the hospitals. These fifty-seven institutions make no distinction of nationality or religion. They are carefully conducted and don't allow themselves to be imposed on by persons pretending to be too poor to pay. To deny them proper support is impossible. It is a reproach to this community of more than 6,000,000 "souls" that hitherto most of the United Hospital Fund has come from only 9,000 persons. There should be a very much greater general participation in these humane and necessary gifts.

They are more than humane. Intelligent self-interest requires the protection of the public health, and the impairment of the vitality of the sick poor has its ominous economic results. The United Hospitals must have $1,500,000 in order to give free treatment to the sick poor. The money must be raised by Nov. 29. Send your check today, little or large, according to your means, to ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Treasurer United Hospital Fund, 57 Broadway, New York City.

INDUSTRIAL COURTS.

The Kansas Industrial Court informed the flour millers whom it summoned to answer a charge of decreasing production to maintain prices that it suspended decision, and required the millers to keep the court informed on the conditions of the industry. It is difficult to see how the court could have done less or more. Conditions were different when the same court took summary action against the striking coal miners. Then there was no coal at any price, and thousands were suffering real hardships through the strikers' wrongdoing. The miners defied the court before and after its award, whereas the flour millers submitted to its jurisdiction and addressed themselves to its reason. Instead of there being a scarcity of flour, as there was of coal, there is a surplus sufficient to break the market, and prices are approaching a pre-war basis. In the first half of October the imports from Canada were three times the imports for the complete month in the last seven years, and rates had been fixed for exports of wheat and flour which put the Kansas industry in distress. The Kansas millers grind ten times as much as Kansas consumes, and the disposition of the surplus is a matter of life and death to the industry. To order the Kansas millers to grind under such conditions would have been to make worse the existing indigestion of excess crops.

Governor ALLEN telegraphed to the American Mining Congress: "We "have reached a period in America "when a just Government must as-"sume the same responsibility for the "regulation of industrial strife that it "has assumed for all other forms of "strife." But in this case there was distress instead of strife, and the court was expected to control business discretion instead of to correct misconduct contrary to general interest, Colorado anticipated Kansas in assuming governmental control of business, in an echo of the unreasonable application of the Federal anti-trust statute. The result was similar confusion of counsel. One Colorado court assumed that the coal industry was affected with a public interest, as the Kansas court assumed regarding coal mining, and another Colorado court decided to the contrary. If coal mining and flour milling are affected with a public interest, both capital and labor are under the court's control, or neither, and the courts are unable to agree on the facts or the law.

An amusing and extreme example of the present tendency to convert courts into a universal brain for the incompetent is afforded in a divorce proceeding on the complaint of the wife that it was cruelty on the part of the husband to compel her to support a large family on the husband's too small earnings. The court agreed, and ruled "it is ex-"treme cruelty for you to remain "in a position as minister at $95 a "month." The court assumed to order the minister out of his position, but can hardly order him into a new one or order his church to pay him more. Courts cannot make men wise or efficient and cannot compel either capital or labor to work at a loss or at any work not satisfactory to either of them.

INDUSTRIAL UNREST IN MEXICO.

The seizure by strikers of one or more coal mines belonging to Americans in the Mexican State of Coahuila does not mean, as some nervous fugitives are inclined to believe, that radicalism is spreading rapidly over Mexico and may overwhelm the Government, but it does mean that Bolshevist emissaries and I. W. W. propagandists are busy in that country. This has been known for some time. But agents of the American Federation of Labor are also active there, and the struggle between the conservative and the radical labor leaders is being repeated on the other side of the border. Labor is now well organized in Mexico. Railroad employés, miners and textile workers are said to be 100 per cent. organized. In Yucatan, which has had an evil name for industrial oppression, the radicals include many anarchists. Agitation in the City of Mexico has given the authorities concern. At least two Ministers in President DE LA HUERTA'S Cabinet, General ALVARADO and General CALLES, have been described as Bolsheviki, but they deny the charge with spirit. They have demanded reform legislation for workers, which they maintain would be a safety valve in a time of unrest and evolution. Mexico can no longer be regarded as an agricultural State, thousands of the peons turning to industrial pursuits to earn a subsistence. In the cities the increase of artisans has been remarkable, despite ten years of insurrection and changing Governments.

General OBREGON, who will be inaugurated as President on Dec. 1, is a practical business man of the conservative type. While he is pledged to recommend reform legislation, he has given notice that Bolshevism will not be permitted in Mexico. "You may rest assured," he said in a recent interview, "that all measures "favoring the workingmen or others "must be taken through legal means. "A President of Mexico represents "14,000,000 people, and he cannot "listen to only a few hundred here or "there, but must consider the necessi-"ties of the greater number." He has let it be understood that he will draw the line at the preaching of any doctrine designed to subvert the republican form of government, and he will have Bolshevist orators deported. There is nevertheless a danger that unprincipled politicians may be tempted to turn industrial unrest to their insurrectionary purposes. But as the peons, who are in the great majority in Mexico, are not good Bolshevist material and can be placated with land reform, which is a leading feature of General OBREGON'S program, a revolutionary movement based upon radical propaganda is not likely to make much headway.

A RAPID TRANSIT DREAM.

Mr. BRINCKERHOFF, a qualified engineer, estimates that in 1945 the population of the City of New York will be 9,000,000, and that two eight-track subways and a total of forty-eight rapid transit tracks will be necessary to get the people in Manhattan up and down town. That being almost unthinkable, he proposes as an alternative the organization of what is sometimes called the metropolitan district within a twenty-mile radius, from New Rochelle to Newark. The object would be to convert some of the north and south travel into east and west travel and to disperse the population. This area might make a forty-ninth State in the Union and be developed by assessment on the detached portions of New York and New Jersey within the organized area.

There have been other suggestions that New York City should secede from the State. But there never has been any idea that the State would give the city its freedom. Nor can there be any stronger expectation that New Jersey would say "depart in peace" to Paterson, Newark and Elizabeth. Even if these political obstacles could be overcome, there would remain the question of contributions to the partnership assets. New Jersey would give in greater abundance what New York does not altogether lack—the raw material for the building of a metropolis. But would New York contribute against empty land and a deficiency of population its excess of people and its splendid improvements, of which one item is a rapid transit system costing more than the Panama Canal?

The whole is a pretty fancy, worthy to rank with ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S forecast that the population of the United States in 1920 would be 186,984,335. He found that up to his time the country had grown by 34 per cent. in each decade, and that, if the experience were to continue, the population would be as stated. But the dream did not come true. Thus far New York's growth has redeemed the credit of the prophets. Its population this year is close to what was estimated when the subways were opened, and the congestion of the transit lines shows that something should be done. It may be said that we have east and west areas of our own and that they are included within the contemplation of the dual subway system. This year's travel on the dual subway is expected to be about one-half of the system's capacity of 3,000,000,000 passengers a year. The system was started too late by ten years and has been delayed ten years in construction. The most pressing thing is the completion of the dual subway. If it were made self-sustaining, it would relieve the taxpayers of over $12,000,000 interest annually. The tying together of the Brooklyn elevated system with the subways and the extension of the Interborough into Brooklyn was a piece of engineering more practical than Mr. BRINCKERHOFF'S, and the city could wish for nothing better than the execution of the original conception. Perhaps the time will come when it will be desirable to tie together the subways and the surface lines, or some of them, in the interest of both. But the most urgent present need is the putting of the dual subway on a profitable basis from its own resources.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Professional Boxing Endangered.

While some distance from being the most important of the questions that will have to get attention from Governor-elect MILLER soon after he becomes Governor MILLER in January, the question as to whether or not the Walker Boxing law should be repealed is regarded by a good many people in this State as one that deserves his careful consideration. And just such consideration it evidently is getting from him already.

Though, quite properly, the Governor-elect refrains from making at present a clear expression of his opinions and determinations, he is saying enough to render possible a good guess that efforts to put prizefighting back where it belongs—in the category of crimes—will have his approval. He reminds a seeker for information on this interesting subject that, as his opponent at the recent election did not deny the claim of his supporters that boxing, so called, had his favor, people who did not support his opponent and did support himself would probably be disappointed if the Walker law were to remain on the statute book.

And a Republican leader who had talked with Judge MILLER makes the significant statement that in his judgment Mr. "TEX" RICKARD'S five-year lease of the Madison Square Garden is not going to be worth a whole lot. As that lease certainly would be worth at least "a whole lot" if the Walker law remained unrepealed, prophecies that the law is to be vigorously attacked under the new Administration are fairly safe.

Opposition, Wise and Unwise.

If it were to be admitted that professional boxing is a form of business activity at once so interesting to the public and so profitable to those engaged in it as to deserve, in spite of its long demonstrated tendency toward fraud and general iniquity, the special guardianship by the State, then the Walker law would have to be commended as one probably as good in every way as could be devised. It has worked, so far, somewhat better than fairly well, and promises to do so as long as the enforcement of its provisions remains, as now, in the hands of efficient and honest men. But under a commission formed more in accord with the natural proclivities of professional fighters and their exploiters the way would be open for the return of all the old abuses.

It is a pity that most prominent and audible among the opponents of the Walker law or any law with the same purpose are people who are far too much shocked by what, with little or no reason, they regard as the brutality of boxing contests. Outcries of this sort are worse than a waste of time, for the real objection to this form of "sport" is not that it is a rough game in which a little blood is sometimes shed from a cut lip or a hard-hit nose, but that, as played for money, invariable experience has proved it to be a focus of demoralization for all directly concerned in it.

As athletic exercise, boxing is approved by all sensible people, but every one of its benefits can be gained when it is kept in the domain of pure amateurism, with money prizes and admission fees absolutely prohibited. That, of course, would deprive it of all interest for the present promoters and their protégés, the champion and near-champion and would-be champion fighters, but it also would clear the sport of all scandal, of all harmfulness worth mentioning—leaving only the petty physical hurts, that is—and would render wholly unnecessary the existence of an anomalous and absurd State board for its control.

Repeating Familiar Suggestions.

If advice to begin Christmas shopping betimes and to get it completed well in advance of the present-giving days had been heeded in the past, there would be no need to offer it now, for the commendable habit would have been established long ago. It has not been established, unfortunately, and the need for repeating the familiar exhortations remains. One cannot be very hopeful that they will be better obeyed this year than in the past, but at least one can be sure that the exhortations will not have the truly terrible effect of transferring to next week or the week after the "rush" which everybody dreads, which is such a terror to the shop-keeping and shop-tending folk.

It is human nature to defer the performance of unpleasant tasks, and the buying of Christmas gifts is that for a good many people, not because they really are lacking in the spirit of the season, but because too much of the Christmas giving has come to be, for them, compulsory, or to be thought so, and because of their fears that only expensive gifts will be appreciated and received with gratitude.

These feelings, of course, are all unworthy—the mere products of lack of moral courage—and the people who in their moments of confidence denounce Christmas as "an orgy of blackmail and extravagance" have only themselves to thank if they have made it one.

No year would be better than this year for them to reform, and a way to facilitate the reformation is to do Christmas shopping early, when it can be done with the care and discretion that are impossible in the latter days of hurry and confusion.

CITY DEMOCRATS.

Hopes for a New Organization Open to All.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The overwhelming defeat of the Democratic Party at the recent election will be robbed of much of its sting if it should awaken the best minds of our city to come together in a common cause to promote the cause of Democracy.

No more effective way can be found than by the establishment in Manhattan of an organization worthy of the name, that will be open to every man and woman who sincerely desires to have the Democratic Party made an instrument of service to nation, State and city.

It is a lamentable condition that exists here, that multitudes of citizens believing in the Democratic Party as a means for the promotion of beneficial and progressive government are shut out from active participation in party affairs and have no way to be of help in strengthening their party.

To engender a real love of country and to instill genuine Americahism, so as to offset the perilous growth of the many isms now rampant, should enlist the support of every Democrat, to the end that his party will do its share in spreading ideas and policies having for their purpose the highest destiny of mankind.

It remains, therefore, for the ablest and best Democrats of Manhattan to take counsel together and bring into being an organization that will gather into its fold every man and woman whose one desire is the upbuilding of the nation along lines that mean safety and advancement in those paths of contentment so necessary for the perpetuity of our form of government.

It would be a splendid work to undertake, and the recompense to those who will lead the way will be the glorious prospect of so strengthening our party that it will stand as a permanent barrier to the excesses of radicalism and make secure for all time a system of government which is the hope of the world. EDWARD F. FITZGERALD.

New York, Nov. 18, 1920.

PAYING ART MUSEUM.

Mr. Pennell Suggests Showing the Work of Live Artists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the Directors of the Metropolitan Museum would show live art, the work of living artists, in its galleries instead of making itself into a graveyard of dead art, give up some galleries to exhibitions of modern art, it would do good to art, to itself and to America, with the result it would not have to beg for funds from the public.

Chicago, Pittsburgh and other live museums are not forced to beg. They encourage art and the public supports them gladly. When will the Metropolitan learn that art is a living, paying proposition? Let them appeal to living artists, and they will find out. Do the dealers of the city, who do so, beg?

JOSEPH PENNELL.

New York, Nov. 18, 1920.

Thanksgiving for the Wounded.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should like to appeal to the mothers and women of the city to send to the hospitals and invite at least one wounded boy to sit at their Thanksgiving table on our great feast day. The gold star mother will do this in memoriam and the mother whose boy has been returned will thus pay a true tribute of thanksgiving.

There are three sources upon which to draw—Polyclinic Hospital, Fiftieth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues; Fox Hills, Staten Island, and the Functional Reeducational Clinic, at 5 Livingston Place.

Ask for the "far away boy," one whose mother is far away and whose only friends are those whom he sees as they visit other boys in his ward. Make your own Thanksgiving brighter for the sunshine you will bring into the life of your wounded guest.

I am taking fifty wounded boys to be entertained by the Yonkers Chapter of American War Mothers and the Yonkers Lodge of Elks at a Thanksgiving party, Tuesday, Nov. 23, at the Elks Hall, Yonkers.

The Elks have placed the privileges of their club, swimming pool, gymnasium, &c., at the disposal of the boys, and they are crazy to avail themselves of the courtesies. Who else will help these boys to forget for the time being the price they have paid for love of country? Make it a real home day for them. Open up your homes and your hearts. IDA CHEEVER GOODWIN
(Mrs. J. Cheever Goodwin),
President New York State American War Mothers.
130 West Eighty-fourth Street, New York, Nov. 16, 1920.

Our Delay on the Treaty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

No, "America will not forget," but she will take time to study and think out just what her duty is on the biggest question of foreign policy yet presented to her people to decide.

If I am not mistaken, you will find that in the long run this year of discussion and debate on the League of Nations (whatever it may cost) will turn out to have been one of the wholesomest factors in the elaboration of a workable instrument of international co-operation. No apology is needed for our not being among the nations now assembled at Geneva. If and when we go in it will be with our eyes open, not blindfolded.

JOHN FRANKLIN CROWELL.

New York, Nov. 15, 1920.

SUNSET.

Sunset and quiet; and the crimson glow
Of Twilight's halo on the western hills!
Over the fields Dusk walks and curtsies low,
And sprinkles incense on the grass; the rills,
In muffled measures, croon a cradle song;
Rocked by the winds, the weary saplings nod;
To leafy tents the beetles trudge along;
Day-burdened birds fly just above the sod,
Seeking their nests; the drowsy wild beasts yawn;
From downy clouds the stars spring into sight;
Earth seems with Heaven to meet out on the lawn;
And Rest comes tripping to the notes of Night.
Sunset and quiet; and the call of home!
And as the echo sounds throughout the glen
An age-worn heart looks upward from the loam,
And, still undaunted, dares to dream—again!

RALPH M. THOMSON.

PINE STATUETTE FOR $2,000.

"The River God Achelous" Brings Top Price at Charles of London Sale.

Mrs. George Leary paid the top price at the Charles of London sale at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, giving $2,000 for a sculptured pine statuette, "The River God Achelous," by John Michael Rysbrach, 1693-1790, with a pedestal. A pair of carved and gilded console tables of the Georgian period went to Mrs. Leary for $700.

A needlework mahogany armchair, English of the eighteenth century, the needlework in gros and petit point, a loose bowknotted bouquet and growing blossoms in the design, was purchased by Joseph Brummer for $1,125, and a pair of carved and gilded console mirrors, Chippendale period, sold to R. H. Maynard for $1,120. There went also to Maynard for $725 an Italian Renaissance, needle-painted velvet wing chair, with high peaked and scrolled back, lustrous flame rose, sixteenth century, velvet upholstering the loose cushions, a portion of an orphrey inserted in the back having in arched niches the figures of St. Peter and Mary Magdalene.

Four carved and gilded tapestry chairs, Louis XVI. period, with figures after Boucher in the Aubusson tapestry, went to W. R. Timkin for $740. A mahogany wing-d chair, English, with fine serpentined back and gros-point needlework upholstery, with a design of growing blossoms and jardiniere of flowers in medallions, went to Bernet, agent, for $725. Mrs. Hugh Murray paid $1,200 for six needlework lacqué armchairs of the Directoire period, upholstered in petit point needlework in a design of vines with purple grapes on an ivory ground.

To D. Clarence went six carved and gilded chairs of the same period, upholstered in Rose du Barry silk lampas, woven in wreathed medallions, enclosing a vase with circling doves, for $540. A gros-point upholstered mahogany wing chair, eighteenth century English, sold to W. A. Taks for $975, and A. J. Kobler paid $625 for an Italian Renaissance needle-painted wing chair, with orphrey decoration, in which the standing figures of St. John and St. Peter are in niches of gold.

Another eighteenth century English wing chair, the gros-point upholstery in brilliant colors on a tawny brown ground, went to E. Stevenson for $1,100. Austin, agent, paid $1,600 for a Jacobean oak settee with tri-paneled molded back, the loose-seat cushion upholstered in Tudor gros-point, and a sculptured inlaid marble mantelpiece of the Adam period went to Ginsburg & Levy for $1,100. Returns for the day were $46,622, making a grand total to date of $359,477. The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

CALIFORNIAN HITS CENSUS.

Contends 70,196 for Japanese Population Is Far Short of Total in State.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 19.—The Japanese population figures for California, announced by the United States Census Bureau last Tuesday as being 70,196, are far short of the actual number of Japanese residents in the State, according to an article published in The Bee under the signature of V. S. McClatchy, its publisher.

The article declared that a census of the Japanese population of the State taken this year by the various Japanese associations places the figure at 78,000, not including 5,000 California-born minors now in school in Japan, who will return to this State.

The State Board of Control estimates the Japanese population at 87,000 and the Registrar of Vital Statistics of the State Board of Health fixes the number at 96,000, although Mr. McClatchy says the Registrar in a published signed article says "it is his personal opinion that the actual Japanese population is 109,000."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Figures of the Census Bureau as to the Japanese population of California were "the result of a careful, actual enumeration of each individual," Director Rogers of the bureau declared today in a formal statement commenting on an article in The Sacramento Bee.

"The Japanese associations, in making their census, evidently did not operate under the same instructions as those controlling the Federal employes," he said. "The three estimates given of the Japanese population ranging from 87,000 to 109,000 should not be given the same credence as the result of an actual enumeration."

500 AWAITING DEPORTATION.

Government Plans to Send These Russian Reds Home Soon.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—More than 500 Russian radicals remain to be deported, it was said today at the Department of Labor. All except forty of these are at liberty on bail, but the others are held in confinement at Deer Island, Boston, and Ellis Island, New York, as they are regarded as too dangerous to be allowed at liberty, even temporarily.

Delay in deporting the Russians was explained at the department to be due to a refusal of the Scandinavian countries to receive the deportees and to the closing of the frontier between Finland and Russia.

Negotiations between this country and Esthonia looking to the sending of the Russians home through Esthonia soon are to be resumed, officials said.

By an informal arrangement concluded some time ago between the Department of Labor and the Canadian Immigration authorities a few of the Russian deportees who were willing to return voluntarily at their own expense to Soviet Russia were turned over to the Canadian authorities at the border where they were placed on commercial liners sailing directly to Germany.

There were some fifty of these, who, having arrived in Germany, had their passage expedited through that country to the Russian border.

SOCIALISTS SPENT $58,188.

State Committee Reports Receipts of the Same Amount.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The State Finance Committee of the Socialist Party reported contributions of $58,188 and expenditures of the same amount in its campaign statement filed at the office of the Secretary of State today.

The Wadsworth Campaign Committee, supporting the Senator for re-election, reported receipts of $22,630 and expenditures of $17,175. F. H. Hilley contributed $2,000; Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, George F. Baker Jr., Mrs. George F. Baker Jr. and Otto H. Kahn, $1,000 each; Payne Whitney $1,500 and Ogden L. Mills $600.

PLANS REST FOR EDITORS.

Bill to Come Up in French Chamber Calls for Suspension on Sundays.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—A bill providing for a compulsory day of rest weekly for newspaper workers and printers was deposited with the President of the Chamber of Deputies today and will be discussed in turn.

Complete suspension of work in editorial, composing and printing rooms between 6 P. M. Sunday and 7 A. M. Monday is called for by the measure.

If voted it will mean the suppression of Sunday afternoon and Monday morning editions.

Wilson Makes Two Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Frank K. Nebeker of Utah and Leslie C. Garnett of Virginia were appointed in recess today by President Wilson as special assistants to the Attorney General.

Mr. Nebeker, who has been Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Division of Public Lands, is transferred by the appointment to a position which will give him jurisdiction over anti-trust and shipping litigation and other major subjects coming before the Department of Justice. Mr. Garnett, who has been acting as assistant to Mr. Nebeker, is advanced to the head of the Division of Public Lands.

HARDING SHIP SAILS UNDER FAIR SKIES

President-Elect Rests, Walks Deck and Plays Shuffleboard With Newspaper Men.

OBREGON DENIES INVITATION

Repudiates Torres Who Met Harding and Is Said to Have Invited Him to Visit Mexico.

ABOARD STEAMSHIP PARISMINA (By Wireless to the Associated Press), Nov. 19.—Shaking the bad weather "jinx" which wrecked his vacation in Texas, President-elect Harding sailed toward Panama today under bright skies and over a smooth sea.

His steamship, the Parismina, which left New Orleans late yesterday afternoon, steered almost due southward, and during the first twenty-four hours of the run had covered almost 300 miles of the 1,400-mile course to Cristobal. Officers of the ship predicted perfect weather would continue throughout the trip.

The President-elect slept late this morning and after a brisk walk about the deck settled down in the warm sunlight to read a book about Panama. Soon, however, he became interested in a game of shuffleboard being played on deck by some of the newspaper men in his party, and he could not resist the challenge to join the game.

He practically spent the rest of the day in playing shuffleboard and other deck games.

Senator and Mrs. Harding occupy a small suite adjoining the staterooms of other members of the party. They take their meals in the general dining saloon. Tonight they attended a picture show and concert given in their honor.

The usual flying fish and porpoises crossing the bow of the little white steamer as she cut through the dark-blue water of the Gulf brought to many of the party their first glimpses of the marine life most familiar to those experienced in tropical cruising.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Mexican Embassy issued a statement tonight declaring that it had been authorized by General Obregon, President-elect of Mexico, to deny that Elias L. Torres, who last Tuesday extended to Senator Harding an invitation to visit Mexico, was acting in behalf of the Mexican President-elect.

"The Mexican Embassy," the statement said, "is in receipt of a telegram from General Obregon, in which he categorically denies that Elias L. Torres is his personal representative, adding that there is no one in the United States acting in his behalf."

Torres, who conferred with Senator Harding at Brownsville Tuesday, according to a statement issued by Senator Fall of New Mexico, who was present at the conference, represented himself as speaking both for the Mexican Foreign Office and General Obregon.

MUNSEY BUYS TWO PAPERS.

Will Continue Baltimore American and Discontinue the Star.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19.—General Felix Agnus, the veteran publisher of The Baltimore American and The Baltimore Star, will announce in The American tomorrow that on Dec. 1 The American and The Star will pass under the control of Frank A. Munsey, owner of The Baltimore News, The New York Herald, the New York Sun, The New York Telegram and other publications. The American is one of the oldest newspapers in the United States.

In his valedictory General Agnus says: "I have realized for some time that this property must go into the larger realm of expenditures, but have been convinced that at my age the task should be handed on to younger men. For nearly forty years it has been my happy fortune to direct its course, and I have seen and been part of the development and changes in American journalism.

"Both in wealth and in ownership Mr. Munsey is the most powerful publisher in America, and he has the fine sporting quality that goes with the high enterprise. He is not afraid to spend his money.

"My largest satisfaction in the transaction is that The American is to pass into the control of a sterling American who knows Baltimore and who has shown his faith in our city and his liking for our people by investing large sums here. He has in The Baltimore News one of the best papers in the land.

"In addition to the matter of price, the old owners of the property wanted The American under that name continued as a live force in the community which it has served for 147 years, of which more than sixty years was under the ownership of the family of the late Charles Carroll Fulton.

"All the old papers are in new hands. My old friend, Watterson, stepped down several years ago, the last of the veterans except myself, and I have seen the new day and the sad duty of saying good-bye."

Publication of The Star will cease with Mr. Munsey's acquisition of the properties, and the plants of The News and The American will be consolidated in Mr. Munsey's publication plant. The American will be continued under the same name. General Agnus is 81 years of age.

CENTRAL AMERICANS MEET.

President of Honduras Voices Enthusiasm for Union of the Republics.

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 18.—Lopez Gutierrez, President of Honduras, arrived today at Amapala, Honduras, to take part in a conference with the Presidents of Nicaragua and Salvador. He was accompanied by members of his Cabinet, one of his party being Willing Spencer, Secretary of the American Legation. Dispatches received here say that President Chamorra of Nicaragua left Corinto today for Amapala, being accompanied by Cabinet members and Benjamin L. Jefferson, American Minister to Managua.

President Gutierrez spoke with enthusiasm of the union of the Central American Republics, and said the most appropriate way to celebrate the first century of the independence of those countries was to form the union. He added that the representatives of his country to the conference being held at Costa Rica had instructions to treat as a preliminary fact the political union of Honduras and Costa Rica.

Dr. Alberto Echandi of Costa Rica, Drs. Salvador Faila and Carlos Salazar of Guatemala and Don Pedro Quartin, Spanish Minister to Central America, have also arrived at Amapala. Regret is expressed over the inability of President Jorge Melendez of Salvador to attend the conference.

TEXAS MAY BAR JAPANESE.

State Senator to Introduce Bill to Prevent Land Ownership.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 19.—Leg

EX-KING OUTLINES HIS GREEK POLICY

Constantine Plans Friendly Settlement With Bulgars, Serbs and Turks.

ACCEPTS PEACE TREATIES

Expresses Belief That Allies Won't Prevent His Return—Amnesty Proclaimed in Athens.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The ex-King of Greece today outlined his views of the future foreign policy of his country to a representative of the Petit Parisien.

"Our policy," Constantine is reported to have said, "will be one of peace. We must reach an agreement with Bulgaria concerning Bulgarian outlets to the sea, and also must conclude with Serbia a lasting agreement.

"Concerning Asia, we will hold out for restitution of Greek territory, and eventually we will succeed in arriving at such relations with Turkey as will put an end to the massacres of Greeks in Asia Minor.

"I always have tried to establish friendly collaboration with Rumania and Turkey, and still maintain that our efforts should be united. But, in order that this may be done, Turkey must accept the accomplished fact created by the Sèvres Treaty.

"We shall keep to the letter of the treaties just signed. It would be solely with the aim of insuring their execution that we would accept co-operation with the Little Entente. Such co-operation, even then, would be conditional upon Greece not being dragged into any adventure."

Referring to the situation created by the defeat of Venizelos, Constantine is reported to have said:

"I can count upon the sympathy of Italy, and England, itself, if it desires, will find in me as faithful a collaborator as my former Premier. Regarding France, when the whole truth is known she will find that I never wished to break with my father's traditions."

Jonnart Opposes Restoration.

The allied nations will probably intervene to prevent the return of Constantine to the Greek throne, says Charles C. A. Jonnart, former French High Commissioner in Greece and at present extraordinary French Ambassador at the Vatican. His views on the situation are set forth in an interview published today by the newspaper Excelsior, and a similar opinion is voiced by Baron Denys Cochin, an eminent authority on Greek affairs.

"Constantine," says M. Jonnart, "seems to me not only undesirable for the Allies, but quite impossible. His return to the throne would mean that the greater Greece of Venizelos would be placed at the service of Germany. It is the right and duty of the protecting powers not to allow a Greece that is stronger than ever to become a vassal of Germany.

"It cannot be denied that Constantine acted as an autocrat, and the powers have a perfect right to oppose his return to the throne. A historical precedent may be found for this action. King Otto, the Bavarian monarch of Greece, attempted in 1862 to set up absolute rule in that country. This resulted in Anglo-French intervention, and the deposition of King Otto was required. The Bavarian dynasty was later replaced by one having its origin in Denmark.

"When I was in Athens in 1915, one of Constantine's brothers said to me: 'You ought to protect us against foreign powers, but you have no right to intertere in our home affairs.'

"I replied: 'If we had not that right, I should now have to regret talking to a Bavarian Prince instead of you.'"

Approves Venizelos's Foreign Policy.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Nov. 19.—Among the many interviews which ex-King Constantine has been freely according to newspaper correspondents, one published today in the Secolo, has outstanding points of interest.

"What I am particularly anxious should be plainly understood," he said, "is that so far as foreign policy is concerned all Greeks are decidedly of one opinion with Venizelos. What let loose the vials of the nation's wrath was his home policy, and more than anything else his suppression for three years past of all popular constitutional liberties."

Questioned about Greek designs on Constantinople, the ex-King replied:

"It is a blessed vision to which the thoughts of the whole Grecian race are turned and will continue to turn; but, after all, it is a dream and nothing more."

When asked whether he expected any attempt on the part of the great powers to prevent his return to Athens, the exiled monarch recalled how High Commissioner Jonnart and the British Minister, Sir Francis Elliot, both gave assurances that if, when the war was over, the Greek people should decide in favor of his resuming the throne the Entente powers would raise no difficulty.

"Certainly," he said. "Italy will place no obstacle in the way of my going home across Italian territory. Indeed, when I wished to enter Italy some months back and sojourned at Salsomaggiore, not only was not the slightest difficulty raised, but the Italian Government, public opinion and the press alike treated me with the utmost consideration, stirring my profoundest gratitude."

Political Amnesty Proclaimed.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Admiral Courdouriotis resigned as Greek Regent last night, and was succeeded by Queen Mother Olga, says an Athens dispatch to The London Times. Immediately a message to the Hellenic people was issued by the new Regent, announcing that she had assumed office, in conformity with the Constitution, "because of the absence of my well-beloved son Constantine."

The people were called upon to maintain order and to do nothing calculated to compromise national peace and prosperity, and the Queen Mother expressed and hope that the people and the army, wherever soldiers might be fighting for the national rights of Greece, would do their duty by the country.

Premier Rhallis is said to have issued a manifesto in which, after criticising the "oligarchical" methods of the Venizelos Government, he urged national unity and called upon the people and army to give the Government full assistance.

General political amnesty has been proclaimed in Athens, and all political prisoners have been released. The city is said to be fairly quiet, only a few unimportant brawls having occurred.

"Among the moderates of both parties," the dispatch concludes, "there is general satisfaction that M. Rhallis has accepted the Premiership at this critical moment. It remains to be seen, however, whether he will remain in power after the Chamber of Deputies meets."

Killed in Athens Celebrations.

ATHENS, Nov. 18 (Associated Press).—A few persons were killed and several others injured when the election celebrations were renewed today. The scenes of yesterday were re-enacted and the streets were crowded with women and children indifferent to the danger from carousing and disorder.

Bishop Muletas, Metropolitan of Athens, who recently paid a visit to the United States, has been removed by Premier Rhallis for refusing to take the oath to support the new régime. The Premier has reinstated as Archbishop M. Theoclites, who four years ago made a bitter attack on M. Venizelos.

Brothers Defend Constantine.

ROME, Nov. 18.—Princes Andrew and Christopher of Greece, brothers of Ex-King Constantine, stated to The Associated Press today that they believed the plebiscite in Greece for the purpose of deciding upon the occupant of the throne would be held next week. They declared that it would be a demonstration in favor of Constantine that would eclipse that of the recent election in that country.

"The present attitude of the Greek people," said Prince Andrew, "must not be considered as a condemnation of the foreign policy of former Premier Venizelos, but only as a repudiation of his dictatorial and reactionary systems of internal government. A few weeks ago the opponents of M. Venizelos, who were in hiding, sent a memorandum to the Italian, French and British Governments, emphasizing their support of the Greek foreign policy as adopted by M. Venizelos, but insisting it was imperative to remove him from power because of his domestic policy.

"England, therefore, need not fear the return of Constantine to the Greek throne, as that would not mean any change in the country's foreign policy. It would, however, signify the pacification of all parties at home, which would render Greek relations with allied countries more advantageous. Constantine never favored a policy against the interests of the Entente. Reports stating he concluded a secret understanding with the Central Empires were absolutely false.

"The Powers cannot oppose the will of the entire Greek people. In fact, Jonnart and Sir Francis Elliott, speaking in the name of France and England, respectively, declared their countries had nothing against Constantine's return once the war was over, if the Greek people recalled him. This promise kept the Greek people quiet for three years. Now the Powers must keep their word. They could only prevent Constantine from going to Greece by preventing his departure from Switzerland or declaring war against Greece—two seemingly impossible things.

"Even admitting the Germanophile feelings of Constantine, the powers must also admit that a Germanophile policy is impossible today with Greece confronted with the threatening reality of Mustapha Kemal becoming allied with the Bolsheviki. Constantine, once again on the throne, will re-establish all liberties, be loyal to the Allies, avoid any reprisals and intensify the military operations against Mustapha Kemal."

Christopher and Andrew gave a dinner last night to a party of twenty to celebrate the victory of Constantine. It had the most intimate character because of the recent death of Alexander. Toasts were drunk to "Constantine, King of the Hellenes," and to Greece and Italy.

WILL URGE PAPER TARIFF.

Canadian Manufacturers Accuse American Jobber of Dumping.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 19.—While some 85 per cent. of the news print production of the Canadian mills is exported and therefore no tariff protection is needed in that direction, on other papers such as book and writing, tissue and crepe, the tariff is a protection, and in a brief that will be presented to the tariff commission before it ends its sittings in this city, a continuence of the present tariff will be urged.

Statistics prepared by the Federal Trade Commission show that the United States in 1919 produced 155,400 tons of tissue, crepe and toilet papers and paper towels in eighty-five mills. The Canadian Pulp and Paper Association asserts that United States manufacturers, in times of depression, have used Canada as a dumping ground for these products to the disadvantage of the Canadian manufacturers. In support of this assertion they have presented a letter from a prominent jobber in the United States, in which an offer is made to sell tonnage in Canada at prices below the manufacturing costs.

WOMEN MUST REMOVE HATS.

That's What Equal Suffrage Means, Says Chicago Justice.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Equal suffrage for women means that they must not wear their hats when in his courtroom, Justice of the Peace E. P. Aring declared when he fined two women $5 each for contempt of court when they refused to remove their hats. The women paid.

When the Justice called the court to order he said:

"Everybody will please remove their hats."

Mrs. Oscar McCann and Mrs. Frederick Ritter failed to do so. The court hesitated a moment, but the two continued to wear their hats.

"Five dollars and costs for contempt of court," said the Justice. "If women can have equal suffrage with men they can also remove their hats in my courtroom."

BALL AT BRITISH EMBASSY.

Ambassador and Lady Geddes Welcome 700 Guests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The British Embassy took on all its old-time social prominence tonight when the Ambassador and Lady Geddes gave the first large ball of the season with an attendance of 700 guests. The latter, in addition to nearly the entire diplomatic circle, included the Cabinet officers, Justices of the Supreme Court, with the ladies of their respective families, and several hundred friends of the hosts and members of the embassy staff from resident circles of several cities as well as Washington.

Sir Auckland and Lady Geddes welcomed the company in the second drawing room, from which most of their guests passed to the ballroom, where a large string orchestra concealed behind a wall of palms gave a continuous program of dance music. The portraits of King George and Queen Mary were banked in flowers, with the British flag appearing in the simple dignified decoration of the large entrance hall. Members of the embassy circle, Mr. and Mrs. John Joyce Broderick, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Craigie and Commander and Mrs. King, with the bachelors of the staff, all contributed to the success of the entertainment. A buffet supper was served from a long table, decorated in the famous George III. plate.

Mrs. Drake Back With Decoration.

Mrs. John Adams Drake and Mrs. Walton H. Marshall have returned to the Hotel Vanderbilt after nearly three months spent in Italy to further the work of the American Free Milk and Relief for Italy, of which Mrs. Drake is President and Founder and Mrs. Marshall an active committee worker.

Mrs. Drake has brought a new decoration home with her, the gold medal of the Sanlta, awarded at a dinner given in her honor in Rome. This makes a total of six decorations with which Italy, including the poet-warrior d'Annunzio, has sought to show her appreciation of the extensive relief work Mrs. Drake has done in behalf of the destitute war orphans in that country.

Sailing Today on the Baltic.

Among the eighty-five first-cabin passengers sailing at noon today on the White Star liner Baltic for Liverpool are L. A. P. Warner, General Manager of the Mersey Docks and Harbour Road, Liverpool; W. D. Ager, President of Harrod's, Ltd., London; Mrs. Alexandra Carlisle Pfeiffer, the English actress, formerly Miss Alexandra Carlisle, and Miss Florence Lowden, daughter of Governor Lowden of Illinois.

Elkus at Swedish State Dinner.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19.—King Gustav gave a luncheon party today to Abram I. Elkus, American member of the commission that will soon meet in Stockholm to settle the Aland Islands dispute, and Mrs. Elkus. Other guests were the American Minister, Ira Nelson Morris and Mrs. Morris, and Count Wrangel, the Swedish Foreign Minister.

Engagements.

The engagement of Miss Lucia Lawrence Meigs to Penrose V. Stout was announced yesterday at a luncheon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ferris J. Meigs in Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y. Miss Meigs is a graduate of Vassar College, class of '20. Mr. Stout served during the war with the Twenty-seventh Squadron of the United States Air Forces overseas.

Mrs. José de Rivas of 1 East Sixty-third Street, and B. Woolsey Rogers of this city and Philadelphia are to be married soon. Mrs. de Rivas, who is the widow of José Cerillo de Rivas of this city and Havana, Cuba, is the only daughter of the late Josiah Pierson Howell and Mrs. Howell of Quogue, L. I. She has a sixteen-year-old daughter, Miss Concha de Rivas.

PRINCES' FORTUNES SAFE IN HOLLAND

Berlin's Scandal of Money Smuggling Grows as Details Become Known.

LUDENDORFF IS BROUGHT IN

General Now Appears as Wealthy Capitalist—Dutch Firm Says Only Small Amount Is Involved.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A sensational charge is to be debated in the German Reichstag tomorrow, arising out of the raid on a bank, which, it is alleged, was concerned with the transfer to Holland of the private fortunes of many royal personages. The prosecution has been begun by the Public Prosecutor, acting on instructions of the Finance Minister, against the German-Dutch banking firm in question, Crusser, Phillipson & Co.

The first part of a message from Mr. Renwick at Berlin, narrating the developments of the scandal had not been received at the time of cabling, but the concluding portion of his telegram indicates the nature of the allegations. Mr. Renwick's message follows:

"The next move was to establish a branch in Berlin camouflaged as a warehouse. In August of this year a second Berlin branch proved necessary. After the flight of the ex-Kaiser and his son Herr Crusser began to cultivate energetically those acquaintances he had made in the field, and soon was persona grata in the highest society and in the most important business circles.

"For some time after the end of the war he paid frequent visits to Holland, where he often visited the ex-Crown Prince. He was instrumental in furnishing the exile with plentiful supplies of provisions. In Berlin this 'banker' and his family had a suite of rooms at the Esplanade Hotel, one of the most fashionable in Berlin. There he was frequently visited by the ex-Crown Princess. She in return entertained Crusser and his family at her residence

"Royal and noble clients were soon swarming around Crusser. No representatives of the ex-Kaiser were among them, so that the exiled monarch's private fortune does not come into question, but all the ex-ruler's sons had dealings with this glorified bucket shop keeper especially. It is said, Prince Eitel Fritz and Prince Adalbert, Prince Oscar and Prince August Wilhem put all their worldly wealth in Crusser's care.

"Some of the wealthiest personalities in Germany did likewise. Among them was Prince Wrede, son of that Prince Friedrich Leopold, wealthiest of the Hohenzollerns, who was famous by the name of the Red Prince and was greatly interested in several rich Rhineland mines. The Eulenberg family, too, was concerned in the persons of a brother and sons of that Prince Eulenberg who years ago was driven from Court as a result of the famous attacks made by Harden in Die Zukunft on the ex-Kaiser's somewhat sullied entourage.

"But now comes the most curious feature of this extraordinary business. One of today's papers says: 'A well known army leader in the great war had a big account at Crusser's rank.' I have the best authority for stating that Ludendorff is the person in question. The General at present is living under an assumed name on the estate of a friend near Munich, though by the terms of the recent amnesty he need fear no proceeding against him for the rôle he played during the brief reign of Kapp in Wilhelmstrasse.

"Before the war Ludendorff was a man of moderate fortune. He had almost 300,000 marks out of his own war books. He made a good deal of money but lost it again. The returns from his German rights he invested, it is said, in the firm which published his works, but, so the rumor goes—which I believe to be true—it was lost in Valuta speculations. As for his returns from foreign rights and profits on his books, they were promised to German war charities, but so far they have obtained little or nothing.

"It was alleged yesterday that the General has now a fortune of 600,000 marks in Holland, sent there through Herr Crusser's 'bank.' How did he obtain that large amount? One allegation has it that it came to him in the shape of shares as a gift from prominent German industrial magnates early in the year 1917. Before the war Ludendorff was numbered among the 'moderates,' but he afterward blossomed out into a whole-hogger regarding annexation and holding out to win. Crusser, of course, did not do badly out of his 'schieb'ing' activities.

"At the beginning of this year he could afford to buy shares to the value of 10,000,000 marks in the banking firm of Schlesinger, Trier & Co., and that gave him a seat on the Board of Directors of that concern. As a little bit of comic relief, the small State of Lippe raised him to noble rank, in spite of the abolition of all rank and titles.

"Now the whole business is about to be exposed. Not very long ago Dr. Messerschmidt, a government legal official working under control of the Commission of the Ministry of Finance, whose duty is to prevent fortunes being smuggled abroad, received information from agents in Holland that Messrs. Crusser & Phillipson were engaged in that trade. He has powers to proceed to what examinations and searches he may think fit, and he immediately seized all the documents and books of this bank. The evidence he obtained was immediately placed before the authorities, who were so astounded at the details of the case that they hesitated to give orders for certain arrests which were asked for. During this delay Crusser obtained his visa for Holland and the warrant for his arrest which went after him reached the frontier too late.

"Messerschmidt, annoyed at this unnecessary delay, communicated sufficient about the case to Hermann Müller, leader of the Majority Socialist Party and ex-Chancellor, to enable him to bring the matter up in the Reichstag.

"Now this is one of the many legal difficulties. The Government will have to proceed along the somewhat cumbersome lines of examining the income tax returns of persons involved in order to obtain evidence of their complicity. The matter is rendered still more difficult because all transactions between Crusser and his distinguished clients were oral and there is not a great deal of writing.

"Those clients, it is said, declare they had their banking accounts with Messrs. Crusser & Phillipson, but that if the money was transferred to Holland that was the firm's doing and not theirs. But the fact remains that when the authorities got on the track of this sensational scandal the firm was already being wound up, so it may reasonably be believed that all the fortunes had been smuggled into safety.

"Such full details as those I have given are not yet publicly known here, but still the case is creating tremendous interest."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 19.—A Dutch lawyer retained by Crusser, head of a small Amsterdam banking firm, charged in the German Reichstag with smuggling from Germany into Holland much money and many valuables of the Hohenzollerns and other nobility, is speeding to Berlin this evening to "do the necessary." Crusser said this afternoon:

"The whole matter is greatly exaggerated. I have sent a lawyer to Berlin to do necessary and agreed with him not to flood the world with useless statements from here. Why, the entire thing is a matter of less than 5,000,000 marks! Ninety-five per cent. of the stories from Berlin about it are invented lies."

Crusser, Phillipson & Co. are not particularly well known. The firm has considerable offices, but according to one of the best-informed Hague bankers it is a banking business more or less limited to dealing in foreign exchanges. Crusser said many personages of the high nobility had accounts with him, just as they would have with other banks.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed by financiers of The Hague that undoubtedly it has been an easy matter for any highly placed Germans to smuggle valuables to Holland. All that is needed is a trustworthy courier, and many of these have visited the ex-Crown Prince and Kaiser from Germany.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Ernest A. Bigelow, Jr., will be married to Herman Livingston Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, on Saturday, Nov. 27, in St. Bartholomew's Chapel. Mrs. Bigelow is the daughter of Captain and Mrs. William R. Sayles of 564 Park Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Whitehouse have returned from Washington, where they attended a dinner given by the Minister of Poland and Princess Lubomirska for Colonel Cedric Fauntleroy, commander of the Kosciusko Squadron of Poland.

Mrs. Horace Leslie Hotchkiss Jr. of 122 East Eighty-second Street and Rye, N. Y., has sent out invitations for a luncheon to be given at Delmonico's on Thursday, Dec. 2, for Miss Audrey Townsend Sherman, the débutante daughter of Arthur Outram Sherman.

Mrs. Robert Olyphant of 7 West Fifty-fifth Street will give a reception at the Colony Club on Wednesday, Dec. 8, for her two daughters-in-law, Mrs. Robert M. Olyphant and Mrs. Donald Olyphant, the latter a bride of last March, formerly Miss Anne Marie de Courjamont.

Mrs. Harold Brown and Mrs. John Nicholas Brown have come from Newport, and are at the Belmont for the week-end.

Dr. Ira Remsen, former President of Johns Hopkins University, and Mrs. Remsen are at the Hotel Seville.

Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan Schley Jr. have moved from 12 East Thirty-first Street to their new home at 43 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Cowdin have taken the house at 37 Park Avenue for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Woodin of 752 Park Avenue will give a dance at the Plaza on Dec. 23 for their débutante daughter, Miss Elizabeth F. Woodin.

Prof. and Mrs. Allan Marquand gave a dance last night at their home in Princeton, N. J., for their débutante daughter, Miss Sarnia Marquand, which was attended by many of the New York débutantes.

Mrs. Edward Martin Stout is giving a reception this afternoon at the St. Regis, to introduce her daughter, Miss Margaret L. Stout.

Mrs. Bates-Batcheller has returned to this country after an absence of seven years abroad, having spent most of that time in Florence, Italy. During the war she was engaged in relief work and singing for the soldiers, and received the Gold Cross from the Italian Red Cross in recognition of her services. Mr. Batcheller died last January.

Mrs. Thomas Courtney Jenkins gave a dinner last evening at Delmonico's, and A. J. Drexel Biddle Jr., also gave a dinner, going afterward to the opera.

EDWARD D. CAHOON DEAD.

Ex-President of Riker Drug Stores Chain Dies in Battle Creek, Mich.

Edward D. Cahoon, one of the organizers and a former President of the chain of Riker Drug Stores in New York and other cities, died Thursday afternoon of Bright's disease in a sanitarium in Battle Creek, Mich., at the age of 54. He began as a clerk in a Riker store and retired some years ago with a large fortune, having built a home at Southold, L. I.

Mr. Cahoon lived for many years in Brooklyn, where he belonged to the Lewis Avenue Congregational Church. The pastor emeritus, Dr. Robert J. Kent, will conduct the services at Southold at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon. A daughter, Miss Edna Cahoon, survives.

DR. JAMES B. GERE DIES.

Seventh Regiment Veteran Was a Major in Medical Corps During War.

Dr. James Belden Gere of 15 West Sixty-seventh Street died suddenly Thursday at his residence after a brief illness. He was born in Syracuse, N. Y., graduated from Bellevue Medical College in 1896 and studied afterward in Europe. For many years he was connected with Cornell Medical College, and He was a veteran of the Seventh Regiment and during the war had the rank of Major in the Medical Corps, continuing his work on detached duty among service men at the armistice. He was a member of the Academy of Medicine and the County and State Medical the Neurological Institute. Societies.

The Rev. Martha Gurdon.

The Rev. Martha Gurdon, for the last six years Mother Superior of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, University Avenue and Washington Bridge, and Directress of the Children of Mary of Maplehurst, died yesterday afternoon at the convent of heart disease. She was born in England fifty-five years ago, and came to this country in 1900. She had been at the Sacred Heart Convents in St. Louis and in Kenwood, N. J., where the services will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sir Charles E. Fryer.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Sir Charles E. Fryer died today at Watford.

Sir Charles Fryer was born in 1850 and for many years was connected with the propagation of fish. He served on many international commissions and wrote extensively on fish culture. From 1874 to 1890 he edited The Colonies and India.

Dr. Margaret Sweeney.

Dr. Margaret Sweeney, Dean of Adelphi College, Brooklyn, from 1905 to 1912, died in Brookline, Mass., on Tuesday. Miss Sweeney was graduated from Radcliffe College and soon afterward became principal of Radcliffe Hall in California. For five years she was Assistant Principal of Berkeley Institute in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Fanny E. Clarke.

Mrs. Fanny E. Clarke, wife of Thomas B. Clarke, art collector, died Thursday at her residence, 22 East Thirty-fifth Street, having returned from her Summer home at Southampton in failing health. Her father, John J. Morris, was President of the Board of Aldermen under Mayor Havemeyer. Mrs. Clarke was a supporter of many charities and a member of the Colony Club. Her son, Thomas B. Clarke, Jr., Vice President of the Harriman National Bank, married Elsie Ferguson, the actress.

General Mitsuharu Tsuchiya.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 19.—General Mitsuharu Tsuchiya, retired, one of the leaders in the Japanese attack on Port Arthur, died in Tokio yesterday. General Tsuchiya, who was 66 years old, bore the title of baron.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN NEWTON VAN DERBEEK died last Tuesday at his home, 120 High Street, Somerville, N. J., at the age of 87 years. Mr. Van DePbeek for years was President of the Somerville Trust Company. Before that he was for many years a farmer near Lamington, Somerset County, N. J. Mr. Van Derbeek's funeral was held yesterday afternoon from his late home.

ISAAC R. BREEN, former Mayor of Watertown, N. Y., died at his home there yesterday after a long illness, of heart disease. He was a lawyer, 52 years old.

PETER RICHTER, a retired policeman who had been a member of the force for twenty-four years, died on Thursday at his home, 273 Hemlock Street, Brooklyn, aged 58 years. He was a member of Tyrian Lodge, No. 618, F. and A. M., and of Atlantic Council, No. 1, 417, R. A.

Mrs. CAROLYN A. KIERNAN PRICE, 33 years old, wife of Walter R. Price, died at her home, 4,704 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, on Thursday.

THADDEUS McGOWAN, 90 years old, a retired business man of Brooklyn, died recently at Peoria, Ill.

Mrs. ALICE E. BARTLETT, who wrote novels, an dfor newspapers and magazines under the name of Birch Arnold, died Thursday at Detroit at the age of 72. Her first novels, and for newspapers and magazines 1877.

Dr. WILLIAM ADAMS DAYTON of 57 West Seventy-fifth Street, died yesterday. He was consulting aurist to the Tarrytown Hospital.

MITCHEL LEVY, for many years a buyer for Swift & Co., died Thursday at his home, 255 East Fifty-seventh Street, aged 49.

MINES IN COAHUILA GO BACK TO OWNERS

Government Abandons Control and Guarantees Protection to Workmen.

MINERS' WAGE SCALE FIXED

Reports Indicate That Nearly All of the Striking Workmen Wish to Return.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—Mining properties in the State of Coahuila, which for several weeks have been under Government protection as a measure of safety during the strike of coal miners there, were returned to their owners yesterday by a decree issued by Governor Luis Gutierrez of Coahuila. Workmen who desire to return to their tasks were by the decree assured of ample protection, and the owners received guarantees against disorders.

The decree gave the basis of the wage scale which returning workmen and owners must accept and stipulation was made that if within three days the mines were not in operation and producing enough coal to revive paralyzed dependent industries the Government would again take over control of the mines.

Reports from Coahuila have asserted that 90 per cent. of the strikers desire to return to work. General P. Elias Calles, Minister of War, in acknowledging receipt of information relative to the decree issued by the Governor, instructed General J. Amaro, commanding Federal forces in that State, to support Governor Gutierrez. The General was instructed to show mutual respect to owners and workers and to "give guarantees of life and property to all foreigners."

Only meagre details relative to the Coahuila situation are available here. Directors of the National Railways were informed yesterday that miners in the Rosita district had stopped a passenger train as a protest against the long deferred settlement of grievances.

All three petitions asking for concessions to build an oil pipe line across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec filed here recently have been rejected by the Mexican Government, Jacinto B. Trevino, Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, announced last night. He declared that is such a pipe line is built the construction work will be carried on by the Mexican Government.

NOGALES, Ariz., Nov. 19.—A mob of about 1,000 ersons attacked the city jail in Nogales, Sonora, last night, hurled stones, cursed Mayor A. C. Villasenor, who was a prisoner in the jail, and threatened to hang him. The mob failed to break into the jail, however.

Governor Flavio A. Bonquez is en rout there from Hermosillo, the State capital, by special train to endeavor to control the situation arising from the arrest of Mayor Villasenor on a charge of conniving with a Tucson, Ariz. policeman to deliver Modesto Martinez to the American officer for trial in Tucson on a murder charge.

AMERICAN OBREGON ADVISER

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Brigadier General James A. Ryan, commander of the Second Officers' Training Camp at Fort Sheridan, has left for Mexico to become confidential adviser to General Obregon President-elect of Mexico, it was learned today.

General Ryan was retired from the army in 1919. He was in charge of doorkeepers and ushers at the Republican National Convention here last June.

Born.

BAER—To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Baer (nee Flora Sternberg), a daughter on Nov. 18, at Lying-In Hospital.

KASS—Mr. and Mrs. David Kass (nee Sadie Gertrude Fischel) of 103 East 86th St. announce the arrival of their daughter Babette Sunday, Nov. 14.

Died.

BENDT.—Dora Adeline, suddenly, Nov. 18, aged 72, wife of Ernest J. Bendt and mother of Adeline, Henry, Emil. Funeral service at 111 West 90th St., Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

BLAUVELT—Eliza A., widow of James C., Nov. 18, 1920. Services will be held at her late residence at Oradell, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

BRAMAN—Headquarters Lafayette Post, 140, D. N. Y. G. A. R.—Comrades, also Lafayette Camp, Sons of Veterans, are requested to attend the funeral services of our late comrade, Joseph B. Braman, at Church of Intercession, Broadway and 155th St., on Sunday, Nov. 21, 2 P. M. Ritual. By order

James Benson, Commander.
Frances B. Stedman, Adjutant.

BRANT—On Friday, Nov. 19, 1920, Rose M. Brant, beloved mother of Kathryn, Lillian, Dennis and William Marks. Funeral from her late residence, 20 West 65th St., on Monday, Nov. 22, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of her soul.

BURKE—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1920, at her residence, Tenafly Road, Tenafly, N. J., Frances (nee Warden), wife of John J. Y. Burke and mother of Frances, Elizabeth and John. Funeral Saturday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mt. Carmel, Tenafly. Interment Woodlawn. Automobile cortege.

CAHOON—Edward Daley, suddenly, on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1920. Funeral from his late residence at Southold, L. I., Monday, Nov. 22, at 1 P. M. Delaware papers please copy.

CHRISTMAN—Mary, on Nov. 18, beloved mother of Anna Rau and Margaret Gowdey (nee Christman). Funeral from her daughter's resfdence, 215 East 3d Av., Roselle, N. J., on Monday at 9 A. M.; thence to the Church of Vincent de Ferrer, 65th St. and Lexington Av., New York City, where solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at 11 A. M. Train, Central R. R. of N. J. Automobile Cortege.

CHRISTIANSON—Harry C., on Nov. 17, 1920, beloved husband of Harriette Lewis and son of Ernest L. A. Christianson. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 410 Riverside Drive, Saturday, Nov. 20, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private at the convenience of the family.

CLARKE—Suddenly, on Nov. 18, 1920, at her residence, 22 East 35th St., in her 68th year, Fanny E., wife of Thomas B. Clarke. Funeral private.

DAYTON—On Nov. 19, Dr. William Adams Dayton, beloved husband of Minnie de Frece. Funeral private.

DEGENHARDT—Entered into rest, in his 49th year, Charles, beloved husband of Elizabeth Degenhardt. Services at his late residence, 440 West 47th St., on Saturday, Nov. 20, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Lutheran Cemetery on Sunday at 1 P. M.

FISLER—Arthur Bowen, husband of Lydia W. Fisler, at his residence, 111 Onslow Place, Kew Gardens, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 18, in the 62d year of his age. Services Saturday, Nov. 20, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

FLANDREAUX—On Thursday, Nov. 18, 1920, Harold J., youngest son of George F. and Jennie Flandreaux, aged 27 years. Funeral service at the home, 39 Washington Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

FORT—On Nov. 17, 1920, John Franklin Fort, beloved husband of Lottie Stalnsby Fort, in his 60th year. Funeral services at his late home, 262 Charlton Av., South Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 20, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

FRANK—Barbara, at her home, 601 West 177th St., beloved sister of Leo, Nath, Ida, Mrs. Jule Gross, Mrs. L. L. John, Mrs. E. Herzog. Funeral strictly private. Kindly omit flowers. Indianapolis and Cincinnati papers please copy.

GARRISON—On Nov. 18, at 706 West 180th St., Anna Cordes Garrison, mother of Margaret, Lily, Simon, John, Cornelius Garrison. Funeral services Saturday, at 7:45 o'clock. Interment Sunday.

GERE—Suddenly on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1920, at his residence, 15 West 67th St., New York City, Dr. James Belden Gere. Services at his late residence Saturday, Nov. 20, at 5 P. M. Interment Syracuse, N. Y.

GORDON-SMITH—At Montclair, N. J., Friday, Nov. 19, 1920, Frederick Gordon-Smith, in his 65th year. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 66 Eagle Rock Way, Montclair, Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Died.

GRIFFEN—At Pleasantville, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1920, John Herbert Griffen. Funeral services at his late home, 283 Bedford Road, Saturday, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 12:55 P. M.

GURDON—The Children of Mary of Maplehurst are requested to attend the funeral of their beloved Directress, Rev. Mother Gurdon, at the Convent of the Sacred Heart, University Av. and Washington Bridge, on Monday, Nov. 22, at 10 A. M. Interment at Kenwood on Tuesday morning. Miss Georgine Iselin, President.
Mrs. Emile Vatable, Secretary.

HANFELD—On Nov. 18, Christian Hanfeld, Jr., beloved husband of Dora C. Hanfeld (nee Beck), and father of Charles B. Hanfeld, at his residence, 5 West 93th St. Funeral service Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Funeral private.

HEILBRUNN—Joseph, beloved husband of Rosa, father of Ruth, Milton and Henry, suddenly on Nov. 19. Funeral Sunday, 2 P. M., 3,259 Terry Av.

HESS—Carrie Hess, dear mother of Roscoe, C. S. Hess and Lester L. Hess. Funeral strictly private.

HICKS—Suddenly, on Nov. 17, 1920, Carrie V., beloved wife of Harry C. Hicks and daughter of Mrs. Catherine Pilquist. Funeral from her late residence, 2,380 Grand Av., Bronx, on Saturday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Av. and Fordham Road.

HYDE—Oliver D., on Nov. 19. Funeral Sunday at 3 P. M., from the Church of the Good Shepherd, Fort Lee, N. J.

JACOBS—Jennie, 251 West 145th St., beloved mother of Goldie Rosenhain and Mortlar Jacobs. Funeral services Sunday, Nov. 21, 10 A. M., from Martin Pick's Chapel, 227 Lenox Av.

JUDSON—On Nov. 19, 1920, Linda Brooks, widow of Pixlee Judson, at her residence, 310 West 95th St. Services private. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

KLEINERT—On Thursday, Nov. 18, Virginia G., widow of Isaac B. Kleinert. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 31 West 87th St., Sunday morning, Nov. 21, at 9:30 o'clock. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

KREISBERG—Suddenly, Nov. 17, at his residence, 750 Marcy Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jacob, beloved husband of Sarah, father of Mrs. Ray Blumenthal, Augusta, Dora, Maurice and Flora Kreisberg.

LEVY—In his 50th year, Mitchell, beloved husband of Dorothy, devoted son of Clara and the late Lehman Levy, brother of Flora Isaacs, Emma Marx, Rae Elbe and Hoise and the late Belle Weill and Gustave Levy. Funeral private.

MEINHARDT—Officers and members of the Real Estate Owners' Association of the 12th and 19th Wards are hereby notified of the death of our late member, Mrs. L. J. Meinhardt. Funeral from her late residence, 936 1st Av., on Sunday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M. Henry Bloch, President.

MITCHELL—Francis James, Friday, Nov. 19, in his 85th year, at the residence of his son, Theodore, Whitestone Landing, New York City. Mass at 10 A. M., Monday, St. Luke's Church, Whitestone, N. Y. Burial private.

MOON—On Nov. 19, 1920, Margaret Rodgers, widow of Silas Moon. Interment Logansport, Ind. Logansport papers please copy.

MULFORD—Charles, age 78 years, died Nov. 19 at Saugerties, N. Y. Funeral services 2 P. M. Sunday, Nov. 21. Interment at Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, N. Y., Monday, Nov. 22. Member of Exempt Firemen Benevolent Association of New York City and Progress Lodge F. and A. M., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MUNRO—Christina, widow of John Munro, on Nov. 18, 1920, at 25 Houghwout Av., West New Brighton, Staten Island. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, Sunday, Nov.

The Allerton Idea

Allerton House, a residence for business and professional men, is the fulfillment of a new idea in city housing.

The sociability and privacy of a club, the conveniences of a hotel, the pleasant quiet of a home, these are provided at a fraction of the cost of accommodations at a first class hotel, because essentials have been substituted for useless extravagances.

The Allerton idea of service is expressed in the pervasive atmosphere of comfort to be found equally in its lounges, roof garden, sun parlor, gymnasium and music room.

Allerton House is a residence men are proud to speak of as their home.

NOTE TO THE PUBLIC

The rentals for the new Allerton House, a 17 story residence for men, at 55th Street and Madison Avenue, to be ready for occupancy December 15th will be the same as those prevailing in the present Allerton Houses.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"As truly as Shakespeare * * * has thoughts and philosophies of his own to clothe in urgent words," is what the *New York World* says of "Caius Gracchus," by Odin Gregory. All booksellers. Boni & Liveright, Publishers, New York. $2 net.

THE PLEBISCITE IN CARINTHIA.

In this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL there are pictures showing the plebiscite in Carinthia that gave Klagenfurt to Austria, with map. This is but one feature of many—there are 87 news pictures of the world. On news stands today, 10 cents.—Advt.

PADEREWSKI COMING TO AMERICA SOON

Private Advices Report Famous Pianist Will Return in About a Month.

MAY GO ON CONCERT TOUR

To Aid Polish Cause, to Which He Has Given His Entire Fortune.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19. — Private advices have been received in the United States that Ignace Jan Paderewski, the famous pianist and former Premier of Poland, will return to the United States about Dec. 15.

No official information on the subject has reached the Polish Legation here, it was said tonight, but diplomats attached to the Legation have been advised that the reported intention of Paderewski to come to this country the middle of next month have been received in a letter received by his stepson, W. O. Gorski, in New York City, from Madame Paderewski at Geneva.

Some members of the legation did not credit the report that Paderewski would be here as early as Dec. 15. They pointed out that the former Premier is now at Geneva as one of Poland's two delegates to the assembly of the League of Nations. Some important matters are pending involving Poland, such as the Danzig and Lithuanian questions, and it is understood that Warsaw is counting upon the services of Paderewski in this connection.

There have been recurrent rumors for nearly a year that Paderewski would return to America soon to resume his musical tours. Last February William Hemphill, manager of Paderewski's ranch and other properties near Paso Robles, Cal., was credited with the statement that he would resume his musical tours, because he was declared to have been practically impoverished by his services for Poland. This was followed by reports from London crediting Paderewski with the statement that he would never return to the concert platform, but would devote his life to the composition of music. In May there were reports that Paderewski had been offered a million dollars to come to this country for a piano-playing tour.

Friends of Paderewski in New York heard yesterday that Mr. Paderewski was about to return to this country and that he expected to arrive in New York early in December. According to a compatriot, Mr. Wronsky, who saw him in Paris, and who is now the guest of Adam Didur of the Metropolitan, Paderewski planned to go first to his former estate in California. It was the belief of other friends, among them Alexander Lambert, the pianist, that Mr. Paderewski would resume concert giving within the present Winter, as he had done early in the war, in aid of the Polish cause, to which he was said to have given his entire fortune.

Mr. Paderewski last appeared as a pianist in public in New York at a gala concert held at the Metropolitan Opera House on May 10, 1917, in honor of the visit of the French General Joffre. Since that time he has been active not only on behalf of his country's war efforts, but also as Premier of Poland in the early period of reconstruction. It was said last night that he had been asked to take up here the question of loans obtained by Prince Lubomirski for agricultural development of Poland, and of that country's expenditures for munitions in France.

W. O. Gorski, stepson of Paderewski, who also has been associated with the Polish missions in America, could not be reached last night at his home at 114 East Eighty-fourth Street, nor could the former manager of Paderewski's concert tours, C. A. Ellis of Boston. Mr. Paderewski has made nine tours of America since he first came here in 1891, and it was remarked last evening that, although the musical season now in progress was the most overcrowded that New York had known, any prospect of the return of Paderewski in concerts here would mean something sensational in the nature of a "royal" reception.

H. H. Tilley Fails to Get Divorce.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 19.—A jury before Supreme Court Justice Worschauser here today brought in a verdict for the defendant in divorce action of Harry H. Tilley against his wife, Mrs. Emeretta Tilley of 369 West Ninety-third Street, Manhattan. Tilley is a contractor living in Mount Vernon. The Justice in charging the jury made the point that the verdict should depend entirely on whether the actions of the defendant and the co-respondent, Clarence Dugan of New York, at the defendant's apartment on the night of July 12, 1919, were improper. At the first trial last March the jury disagreed.

HELD IN CHICAGO DEATHS.

Steamer Cook Is Arrested in Sault Ste. Marie as Actresses' Companion.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Nov. 19. —Michael J. Cox, said to be wanted by Chicago police in connection with the finding of the bodies of two actresses in Grant Park Sunday, was taken into custody by local police this morning. He was taken from the steamer Edward J. Loomis. Cox denies any knowledge of the affair.

Chief of Police Mitchell was advised by Chicago authorities this forenoon that men would be sent here to take Cox to that city.

Cox, who, according to members of the crew of the Loomis, was also known as McCarthy, was cook on the steamer. Albert Gross, watchman on the Loomis, told the police that Cox came aboard the boat early last Sunday morning in Chicago, his face bleeding from several deep scratches. Cox asserted he had been in a crap game that ended in a fight, Gross declared.

Robert Koch, first mate of the Loomis, told the police chief that Cox told him yesterday that on Saturday night he had been with two girls who had been drinking. He left them at a rooming house, Koch quoted Cox as saying. Cox, when questioned by Chief of Police Mitchell, denied having made such a statement to the first mate. He refused to tell anything about his whereabouts in Chicago last Saturday.

FOUND DAZED ON BROADWAY

Bellevue Patient Thought to Be Neal Wainwright of York Harbor, Me.

A man about 30 years old, in evening dress and a fur coat, was taken in a semi-conscious condition from Broadway and Forty-eighth Street last night to Bellevue Hospital by Dr. Nicholson. Papers found in his pocket led the police to believe that he is Neal Wainwright of York Harbor, Me. The name of Neal Wainwright appears in the Social Register of Boston.

The man was found by a patrolman who asked a passer-by to help carry him when the man collapsed, two blocks from the police station. A Maine auto license was found in his pocket made out to "Neal Wainwright, the Homestead, York Harbor, Maine." A receipted bill for $201 of the Racquet Club of Philadelphia, and a card made out in Wainwright's name on which was printed "representing Harrison & Co., bankers, 100 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia," were also found in his pockets. His black derby hat bore the initials, "N. W."

There was also a ticket for the Yale-Harvard football game in his pocket. The man has only one hand. The left hand had been amputated at the wrist.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and West 43rd Streets

The Book Department

Will feature interesting assortments of miscellaneous literature To-morrow.

Margot Asquith—An Autobiography, . . . $7.50
A Garden of Peace—By L. Frankfort Moore, $3.50
In the Tracks of the Trades—L. R. Freeman, $5.00
Wild Creatures of Garden and Hedgerow By Frances Pitt $4.00
Old Cape Cod—By Mary R. Bangs . . . $3.50
Adventures and Enthusiasms—E. V. Lucas, $2.00
In Morocco—By Edith Wharton, ... $4.00
Crowding Memories—Mrs. Thomas B. Aldrich, $5.00
Religion and Health—By James J. Walsh, . $2.25
Tahiti Days—By Hector MacQuarrie, . . . $4.50
Roaming Through the West Indies—By Harry A. Franck, ... $5.00
Last Days of the Romanovs—Geo. G. Telberg $3.00

This Sale brings back Low Prices! — Moe Levy

MEN knew that Low Prices were back when we announced $26.50 as the new low level for our high grade Clothes. Think of it! Only $26.50 for an absolutely all-wool high-grade Suit or Overcoat that sold formerly for as much as $45. That's just one example of how great these Sale reductions are. Come in and prove to your own satisfaction that we have brought back low prices.

$26.50 now buys an all-wool Suit or Overcoat, formerly up to $45

Now $26.50 — Every garment absolutely all-wool

Another example of how we have reduced prices. These Suits and Overcoats formerly were up to $65

Now $37.50

The best that money can buy. Suits, and Overcoats, that were up to $85

Now $55.00

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

Monroe Jr. Clothes

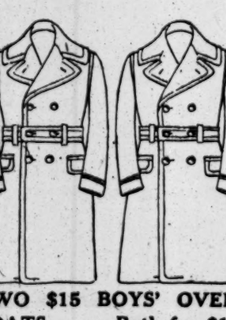
MOTHERS:

All Our Monroe Jr. $15 *all-wool* TWO-PANTS Suits
$15 *all-wool* Overcoats and $15 *all-wool* Mackinaws

In These Combinations

$15 BOYS' OVERCOAT and $15 BOYS' TWO-PANTS SUIT . . Both for $16

$15 BOYS' TWO-PANTS SUIT and $15 JUVENILE SUIT . . . . . Both for $16



TWO $15 BOYS' OVERCOATS . . . . . Both for $16

NOW 2 for $16

OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 10.

OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 10.

In These Combinations

BOYS' $15 LEATHER-LINED MACKINAW AND $15 TWO-PANTS SUIT—BOTH FOR $16.

$15 BOYS' LEATHER-LINED MACKINAW AND $15 CHILDS' RUSSIAN OVERCOAT—BOTH FOR $16.

$15 BOYS' LEATHER-LINED MACKINAW AND $15 OVERCOAT—BOTH FOR $16.

Thousands of Garments to Select From—Sizes 3 to 18

THE biggest event ever attempted in boys' clothing—AT ANY TIME—continues THIS MORNING at 8:30 o'clock in our UPSTAIRS Monroe Clothes Shops!

Just think—$30 worth of boys' clothing for $16—two suits with two extra pairs of pants, a suit and an overcoat or a mackinaw, or an overcoat or mackinaw for the little fellow and a suit with two pairs of pants for his big, strapping brother—each garment formerly sold for $15—NOW BOTH for $16. Read the combinations on the side—or, better, make any combination that fits your boys' needs.

Boys' Ulsters—Children's Russian Overcoats—Children's Chinchillas—Boys' Long Overcoats—Children's Novelty Suits—Boys' Two-Pants Suits—serges and plain and fancy mixtures—and Boys' Leatherette-lined Mackinaws—in any combination of sizes, in any combination of garments, NOW TWO for $16.

At $15 these Monroe All-Wool Specially Reinforced Two-Pant Suits, All-Wool Overcoats and All-Wool Mackinaws were PROVEN o be from $6 to $10 LESS in price than garments of equally high grade quality sold elsewhere.

This is the most extraordinary event attempted in years—we urge that you come early—with or without your boy (for we gladly exchange), we KNOW how this selling will attract. Buy Your Boys' Thanksgiving Clothes TO-DAY!

Selling Starts at 8:30 A. M. This Morning—Remember, All Monroe Shops Are UPSTAIRS

MANHATTAN

42nd Street Cor. B'way — 59th Street at Col. Circle
14th St. opp. Acad. Music — 125th " cor. 7th Ave.
34th Street Cor. B'way — 181st, cor. St. Nicholas Av.

NOTE HOW WELL EACH SUIT IS MADE
Every suit and overcoat *all wool*, doubly sewn, buttons sewed on to stay, pockets stayed and tacked to prevent ripping, collars basted and felled, pants fully lined and reinforced at knees and seat.

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush

NEWARK — 151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY — Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON — 220 Main Street
YONKERS — Getty Sqar

57th St. Art Galleries, Inc.

Alfred F. Gusweller, Auctioneer.

33 West 57th St., N. Y. City

Will Sell at Public Auction

TODAY AT 2:30 P. M.

Antique and modern household appointments, consisting of fine examples of XVII. and XVIII. Century Cabinetry, odd pieces of Boudoir, Dining and Living Room Furniture and extraordinary articles of Virtu.

Also Splendid Collection of Diamond Jewelry

Oriental Rugs & Carpets

Will also form a part of this sale.

NOTE—Rugs will be sold at 3:30 P. M.

BRITISH CONDITIONS ON RUSSIAN TRADE

Documents Given Out at Washington Show Basis of New Agreement.

SOME CLAUSES UNDER FIRE

It Is Charged Britain Winks at Debt Repudiation While Guarding Russian Assets.

TEXT OF THE EXCHANGES

"July Arrangements" Referred To by Lloyd George as Revealed in Curzon and Krassin Notes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19. — Premier Lloyd George's statement in the House of Commons that the British Cabinet had decided upon the preparation of a draft of an agreement "to carry out the July arrangements" for trade with Soviet Russia, which he hoped would be ready for submission to the Russian Government with a few days, lends interest to documents received in Washington disclosing the character of the "July arrangements."

The documents include the text of communications that passed between the British and Soviet officials during the progress of the negotiations between June 30 and Oct. 6. They disclose that the British Government Committee which framed the agreement with Soviet Russia for a resumption of Anglo-Russian trade proceeded on the basis of the notes which the British Government addressed to the Soviet Government on June 30, in which the British Government stated categorically the conditions on which it was prepared to "make an agreement for the mutual cessation of hostilities and the resumption of trading relations with Russia."

The conditions included:

1. An undertaking that the Soviet Government would refrain from hostile actions and propaganda directed against British institutions.

2. That Moscow would refrain from any attempt by military action or propaganda to encourage the peoples of Asia in any form of action hostile to British interests or the British Empire.

3. That all British prisoners in Russia would be immediately released.

4. That the Soviet Government, in the matter of the debts of Russia, would recognize the principle of liability to pay compensation to private citizens who have supplied goods or services to Russia for which they have not been paid.

Attacks on the Agreement.

Advices received from London indicate that some British newspapers regard the proposed agreement as another "scrap of paper" and marvel that the British Government should put any faith in the promises of the Soviet Government.

The main attack appears to be directed against Clause 9 of the agreement, which proposes that the British Government take no steps to put an embargo on gold, securities or commodities shipped from Russia in payment for imports.

Clause 8 provides for the recognition of certain private debts incurred in respect to goods supplied or services rendered to Russia, or her citizens, although the Soviet Government is not asked to recognize the debts as such, but merely as constituting claims to compensation, while under Clause 9 the British Government was asked to take or encourage no steps to obtain the possession of any gold, securities or commodities exported from Russia. It is being alleged that under one of these clauses the British Government would be asked virtually to wink at repudiation of Russian debts, while under the other clause England would be called upon not to facilitate any steps that Russia's creditors might be able to take to protect their interests by a seizure of Russian assets in England.

British banks have protested strongly, it is understood, against any trade agreement with Russia that does not provide for the unqualified recognition of all Russian debts.

The conditions laid down in the British note of June 30 last which relate to the debts of Russia, read as follows:

"The Soviet Government, in return for a corresponding undertaking from the British Government, agrees to recognize in principle that it is liable to pay compensation to private citizens who have supplied goods or service to Russia for which they have not been paid. The British Government asks for some declaration of this kind at the present time because it believes something of this nature is essential to the effective starting of trade between the two countries. It considers it a matter of simple justice, for instance, that where a merchant has supplied the Russian people with a thousand plows which have been used, or are still being used, by the Russian people to their own great benefit, the Russian people should admit that they ought to pay that merchant and the workman who manufactured the plows for the goods and services they have rendered.

"Unless Soviet Russia is prepared to admit that it must deal with those with whom it now wishes to trade on some recognized principle of justice, trade on a large scale, such as is desired on both sides, will be found to be practically impossible. The British Government does not ask that these debts should be settled now. It is prepared to leave the determination of Russia's liabilities under this head, as well as all other questions relating to debts or claims by Great Britain on Russia, or by Russia on Great Britain, to be mutually settled at the negotiations of peace. But it considers it necessary that the Soviet Government should make a declaration on this point in order to give the necessary confidence to Western merchants, manufacturers and workers to embark upon manufacturing and trading operations."

Tchitcherin Accepts Liability.

Previous to the receipt of that note the Soviet Government had absolutely refused to acknowledge liability in respect of debts of any kind, but on July 8 a reply was received from M. Tchitcherin accepting on behalf of the Soviet Government the principles laid down by the British Government.

On Oct. 5 it was announced in London that the negotiations had been broken off, when, in fact, the British Government had merely asked for certain political guarantees, although the note to the Moscow Foreign Office was couched in vigorous words. It was alleged that the British Government desired to delay the negotiations until convinced there was no hope for the success of the Wrangel movement in South Russia. The note, signed by Lord Curzon, British Foreign Minister, recapitulated England's conditions forming the basis of the agreement. It provided that the Moscow Government was:

"(A)—To refrain from hostile actions and propaganda, direct or indirect, against the institutions of this country.

"(B)—To refrain from any attempt by military action or by propaganda to encourage the peoples of Asia in any form of action hostile to British interests or the British Empire.

"(C)—To permit all British subjects in Russia to return home immediately, Russian subjects in Great Britain or other parts of the British Empire, who desire to return to Russia being similarly released."

Lord Curzon declared these conditions had been flagrantly violated by the Moscow Government, and concluded by demanding definite evidence of Russia's bona fides.

M. Krassin, the Bolshevist emissary, replied directly to the Curzon note, indicating that the Soviet Government was prepared to fulfill the agreement and charging British bad faith.

Soviet Charges Bad Faith.

The note, dated Oct. 6, says:

"M. Krassin presents his compliments to the Right Honorable D. Lloyd George, and with reference to Lord Curzon's note of Oct. 1, begs to make the following statement, at the request of the Russian Government.

"A conference of June 29, between the Russian delegation and the Prime Minister, preceded the handing to the delegation of the note of June 30 from the British Government. At this conference the Prime Minister laid down, on behalf of the British Government, the conditions which were afterwards incorporated in the note of June 30.

"The Prime Minister, after having stated the above conditions, declared during the said conference that, should the Russian Government accept the conditions put forward by the British Government, and should an affirmative reply from the Russian Government be received at Spa by the Prime Minister not later than July 9, the Prime Minister would make a declaration at Spa to the effect that England would resume trade relations with Soviet Russia irrespective of the position taken up by other Allies and particularly by France, in connection with this matter. Further, the Prime Minister declared that a favorable reply from the Russian Government would create conditions equivalent to a truce, and that the British Government would be ready to enter immediately into political negotiations leading to the conclusion of a general peace.

"The Russian Government, upon receipt of the note of the British Government of June 30, decided to accept all the conditions stated in the above note, and on July 7 cabled its decision to the British Government.

"Thus the reply of the Russian Government, agreeing to the conditions put forward by the British Prime Minister, was given before the stipulated date, and the delegation appointed by the Soviet Government for this purpose assumed that immediately upon its arrival in England the promised resumption of trade negotiations between Russia and Great Britain would commence.

"From the moment of the presentation of this note of June 30 to the moment of the receipt of the note of Oct. 1 from Lord Curzon, the British Government had not once reverted in its negotiations with the Soviet delegation, or in its telegraphic communications with the Russian Government, to any conditions formulated by the British Government itself in the note of June 30 and to the consequences which were to follow the acceptance of those conditions by the Russian Government."

The note then charges British support of the Poles and General Wrangel, and adds:

"Finally, the question relating to the resumption of trade relations between Russia and Great Britain, the raising of the blockade, the sweeping of mines, the organization of the trade agencies—points outlined in the note of June 30—have not received favorable consideration from the British Government and are still in the same position as they were four months ago, at the very beginning of the negotiations.

"In view of all these facts, the Russian Government is led to assume that the agreement resulting from the affirmative reply given by the Russian Government to the note of June 30 cannot be considered as being in force up to the present, in view of the fact that its fundamental conditions have been disregarded by the British Government.

"Nevertheless, the Russian Government, actuated by the firm conviction that the interests of the working masses of Russia and of Great Britain demand the immediate resumption of economic and trade relations and the conclusion of complete peace between the both countries, is ready to give at any moment proof of its sincere desire to arrive at a speedy agreement and to take all the necessary steps to hasten such agreement."

FRENCH EMIGRANTS DUPED.

250 Stranded at Cherbourg With Worthless "Tickets" for America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Heartless fraud has marooned 250 emigrants to America on the quays at Cherbourg. The forlorn party, which includes women and children, is unable to afford hotels and can neither go back nor forward. Its members had purchased steerage tickets from Paris to New York through the American Society for the Protection of Emigrants, whose representative had paid money to the amount of 300,000 francs to a man named Florian, employed by a well-known navigation company with offices here.

The tickets Florian gave in return were only casually examined on the train from Paris, but when the emigrants reached the Cherbourg dock it was discovered that they were all forged. Their frantic telegrams sent M. Shapira, Director of the protection society, hot-foot to the transportation company's offices, where he learned that Florian had vanished with the 300,000 francs.

A warrant for his arrest has been issued, and M. Shapira is appealing to the Ministry of the Interior to have the stranded party cared for.

REJECTS ADRIATIC TREATY.

D'Annunzio Says His Oath Is Given to Dalmatia—Riots in Belgrade.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 20.—Gabriele d'Annunzio, says a dispatch to The London Times from Milan, told General Caviglia, commander of the Italian forces in Julian Venetia, that he would not recognize the treaty of Rapallo. The poet said he was sorry the treaty had been well received in Italy, but his oath had been taken not to abandon Dalmatia. He added that the internal situation in Jugoslavia was such as to prevent ratification of the treaty.

The dispatch says the meeting between Caviglia and d'Annunzio occurred on the line of the new State of Fiume. Both men were accompanied by their staffs.

BELGRADE, Nov. 16.—On the terms of the Jugoslav-Italian Treaty arranged at Rapallo becoming known here, enormous crowds of angry demonstrators wrecked the Cabinet Council Building.

Two regiments of cavalry, reinforced by the constabulary, dispersed crowds which were marching on the Italian Legation. Numerous shots were fired and many persons were wounded.

SHIPS FROM CRIMEA BRING AWAY 140,000

Relief Agencies at Constantinople Are Overwhelmed by Flood of Refugees.

HUNDREDS ARE STARVING

Americans Appeal for Further Aid From Here—French Government Plans Relief Measures.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 18.—An order of the day issued by General Baron Wrangel of the Russian Volunteer Army estimates the number of refugees in Constantinople and vicinity at upward of 100,000. Local committees and charitable institutions are working to ameliorate the condition of the refugees. Russian ships abroad have been ordered to come here to relieve the congested teamers now in the harbor and prevent an epidemic.

Large numbers of refugees are still arriving from the Crimea. Several shiploads which arrived today are expected to bring the total up to 140,000. Local relief committees of various nationalities are overwhelmed with the task of relieving the situation. Hundreds of the refugees are starving and it is feared that unless immediate outside help comes a catastrophe is inevitable. Red Cross units have been mobilized to cope with the extreme conditions and to prevent the spread of disease.

Ten thousand refugees were landed today at South Scutari, where they were given shelter and food. The American committee for Relief in the Near East is caring for 400 Russian children at the Trachoma Hospital in Bebek, a suburb of Constantinople.

At a meeting today of American citizens representing relief and commercial organizations in Constantinople a resolution was passed calling upon Admiral Hugh Bristol, the American High Commissioner, to cable the United States Government for funds to mitigate the present disaster. The resolution also called upon President Wilson to appeal to the American people to give generously to the American Red Cross and other relief organizations.

The cost of feeding the refugees amounts to nearly a million francs daily.

American Cruiser Brings in Russians.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Company.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 19.—The United States cruiser St. Louis has arrived here from Sebastopol towing the Russian ship Reon with 5,000 refugees from the Crimea. The cruiser found the Russian ship stalled in the Black Sea without water and coal.

Conditions were so pitiful that the officers and crew on the St. Louis subscribed $700 for food which they bought from their own mess and distributed among the Russians. Even with that, several women and children from the best families in Russia have been without food for two days.

Although living conditions aboard the Reon are unthinkable, the ship being crowded to four times its normal capacity, the refugees are not permitted to land because they have no money and there is no place here to put them. Food is being rushed to them by the American Red Cross. The French are also aiding.

The pitiful conditions on the Reon are typical of those on the other ships anchored in the harbor.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—General Alexis Aladin, official representative in London of General Baron Wrangel, in a statement to The Associated Press today extended thanks in the name of General Wrangel to the United States for relief and aid in the evacuation of the Crimea. He also expressed hopes for the continuation of this work among refugees, made up largely of the educated middle and upper classes, the services of whom, he declared, at some time would be needed in the work for the regeneration of Russia.

Red Cross Saves Supplies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The American Red Cross today announced that all members of the American Red Cross unit to South Russia, with the exception of Captain Emmett Kilpatrick, who was captured several weeks ago by Bolsheviki, were safe in Constantinople, according to cable advices to American Red Cross headquarters today. Supplies and equipment were also successfully removed, stores being taken from advance points before their capture by the Soviet troops.

"The American relief workers succeeded in evacuating Theodosia, Saturday; Sebastopol, Sunday, and Yalta on Monday last," says the report. "A large portion of the American relief supplies in this section had been distributed before the collapse of the Wrangel defense with the exception of 400 tons, which have since been removed to Constantinople, and 700 tons which were destroyed by fire. Virtually all automobiles and equipment used by the unit were saved.

"Members of the unit are now in Constantinople and will be sent to Paris. Captain Kilpatrick, who had been reported slain, was alive on the night of Oct. 30, according to the report of an escaped prisoner from the Bolshevist lines. It is believed that Captain Kilpatrick has been taken to Moscow a prisoner."

ANTI-GERMAN RIOTS IN PRAGUE CONTINUE

Three Papers Seized, Jewish Quarter Sacked—Mob Checked at Parliament Building.

PRAGUE, Nov. 18 (Associated Press). —Three days' rioting culminated today in an attempt by the crowds to storm the Parliament Building, despite efforts by mounted police to hold them in check. Four times deputations forced their way to the back doors of the building and demanded that the Premier surrender the German Deputy, Baern, who, it has been reported, spoke in a disparaging manner of the Czechoslovak Legionaries.

The trouble began on Tuesday after a mass meeting. The German Dramatic Theatre was occupied by the Czechs, and the statue of Joseph II. was removed from the square, in retaliation the Germans demolished a Czech school. German Senators and Deputies walked out of Parliament as a protest.

Police Inspector Svohgr was dragged from his horse in the course of today's disturbance and instantly killed. The statue of Bismarck was paraded through the streets for hours, decked with a paper cap and the inscription, "Shame on the Germans!"

Dr. Eckstein, German member of the Municipal Council, has resigned, declaring that his presence on the body is useless, because the Germans "have been deprived of all rights before the law."

Throughout Wednesday, afternoon the city was the scene of Nationalist and anti-Jewish excesses. The editorial and printing offices of The Prager Tageblatt, The Bohemia and Tribune were entered and half a dozen German clubs were seized. Youths and demobilized soldiers from Siberia were the principal participants in the demonstrations.

No resistance was attempted by the Germans when a crowd of several thousand seized the German Casino.

The plant of the newspaper Bohemia was left intact because of the fact that banknotes and State papers are printed on its presses.

BERLIN, Nov. 19 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Demonstrating mobs in Prague are reported, in a dispatch from that city, to have plundered the Jewish quarter and destroyed all the records in the offices of the Jewish community. Valuable chandeliers in one of the synagogues were also destroyed.

Plan to Honor American 'Unknown Warrior' In Victory Hall Proposed to Secretary Baker

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Secretary Baker took under advisement today the request of a committee representing the Victory Hall Association of New York that the War Department permit the removal from France of the body of an unidentified American solder for burial in a memorial crypt in Victory Hall in New York. The committee, headed by W. H. Page, presented its request in the course of a call on Secretary Baker at the War Department.

Mr. Baker promised to give the committee a reply within three weeks and in saying that he would take the matter under advisement pointed out to the committee the War Department's announced policy to place the bodies of all unidentified dead in especially prepared fields of honor. He also told the committee that the granting of its request might establish a precedent which would lead to other memorial associations making a similar request and to resultant confusion.

At the office of the Victory Hall Association it was said that the body of the unidentified soldier, if permission was obtained, would be interred with due ceremony under the proposed Shrine of Liberty at the time of the laying of the cornerstone. It was said that the honor given this single unidentified soldier would be symbolical of the honor accorded to all the unidentified dead and would be appropriate in a memorial of the kind Victory Hall is expected to be.

It was recalled that both France and Great Britain had carried out similar ceremonies, the most recent being the interment of an unidentified British soldier in Westminster Abbey.

TELL OF TERRORISM IN IRISH DISTRICTS

Commissioner of Balbriggan and American Witnesses Testify in Washington.

BLAME THE BRITISH FORCES

"Republican Courts" Condemn Soldiers and Police as Murderers, New Republic Editor Says.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 (Associated Press).—More eyewitness tales of violence in Ireland and accounts of social and economic developments resulting from the effort for Irish independence were received today by the section of the Villard Committee of One Hundred investigating the Irish question. The inquiry was then adjourned over Thanksgiving to resume probably the first week in December.

Personal accounts of the killing of citizens and police last September at Balbriggan and the burning and looting of homes and stores there and at Galway and other Irish towns were related by John Derham, Town Commissioner of Balbriggan, and Americans who toured the country recently, including Mrs. William J. King of Ironton, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Hackett of New York. A copy of the report made by the Quaker commission from Great Britain which investigated Irish affairs recently, was submitted by Paul J. Furnas of New York, representing the Society of Friends.

"Terrorism" was the term applied by all of today's witnesses to the military rule in Ireland. Mr. Derham said the "Black and Tans" bayoneted two citizens of Balbriggan and burned twenty-five houses during a raid in reprisal for the shooting of two officers by unknown persons. He said he was himself beaten with bayonet butts and otherwise maltreated. No compensation, he said, was offered by the British Government for property destroyed by the military.

A picture of the military rule, maintained with armed lorries and tanks, in Cork, Limerick, Dublin and other cities was given by Mrs. King, who said that street shootings were nightly occurrences.

Mr. Hackett, associate editor of The New Republic, said that magistrates and civil police had resigned in "shoals," and that the people generally were submitting their civil and other controversies to the "republican courts." Barring only the nominal authority of Dublin Castle, he said, there would be little British dominion in Ireland except that of the military forces.

"Eighty per cent. of the people are for Sinn Fein," said Mr. Hackett, who admitted that he himself always had sympathized with the Sinn Fein movement.

The judicial administration of the Sinn Fein officials, the witness stated, includes formal, though secret, "trial" of police, constabulary and soldiers charged with killing Irish citizens.

"Responsible Sinn Fein leaders told me," said Mr. Hackett, "that these killings of policemen were an absolutely necessary act of justice, most of them having committed actual murder."

Conditions in Ireland are "working up to massacre," Mr. Hackett said. He added that many of the "Black and Tans" were ex-convicts and other desperadoes.

LABOR MEN STRONG FOR CO-OPERATION

Leaders End Washington Meeting After Discussing Larger Output and Other Themes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 (Associated Press).—The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor concluded its work tonight without making formal announcement as to what had been accomplished in its two weeks of discussions.

Although members of the council were disinclined to talk of proceedings in the executive sessions, it is known that programs were discussed which, by common consent, will practically become policies of the organization. These include a stand against radicalism within organized labor and for restriction of immigration.

There was almost unanimous agreement of labor men with industrial engineers. In this, labor leaders believed they were accomplishing the dual purpose of eliminating waste and inefficiency and creating an atmosphere to foster greater production.

It is said that council members have planned a series of conferences with industrial experts looking to gradual establishment of co-operation. Some conferences have been held during the last year, including that with Herbert Hoover early this week. Mr. Gompers was represented as pleased with the results of the conferences and desiring to continue them.

Unqualified support is said to have been given the stand against radicalism as voiced by President Gompers and Vice President Woll. The statement of the Federation President regarding radical foreign labor and destructionists also received the council's approval.

Consideration was given to methods to bar radicals from organized labor, but this apparently was set down as an insoluble problem so long as the Federation's by-laws remained as they were. The leaders, however, are said to be determined to keep radical groups from gaining executive control.

"Quintessence of Bolshevism"

The third article of H. G. Wells in his series on Russia will appear in

The New York Times

TOMORROW

Order from your newsdealer today.

BRITISH M. P. JAILED ON SEDITION CHARGE

Lieut.-Col. Malone Sentenced to Six Months and £4,000 Surety for One Year.

HE ADVOCATED COMMUNISM

Referred to "Hanging Churchill and Curzon," and Wrote On Forming a Red Army.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Former Lieut. Col. L'Estrange Malone, M. P., was sentenced today at the Bow Street Police Court to six months' imprisonment in the Second Division for making a seditious speech at a Bolshevist meeting at Albert Hall. He was also bound over in £4,000 to be of good behavior for twelve months. Malone is appealing against the prison sentence.

The Crown prosecutor read extracts from the speech in which Malone asked "What are a few Churchills or a few Curzons on lamp posts compared to the massacres of thousands of human beings?" and pointed out that the speech was made to an audience including many weakminded aliens only too likely to respond to an incitement to loot, burn and murder.

Two loaded revolvers were discovered in Malone's apartment and also tickets showing that he had checked at the nearest subway station parcels containing a typewritten pamphlet intended as a "guide for teaching the Red officers' course." This was a course of military training for members of a Red army. The preface read:

"We are the soldiers of the Red army, and we shall soon be fighting in all five continents. We shall not lay down our arms until the world is ours."

There was a warning that they must conduct their operations underground and with absolute strict secrecy. The King's army was always referred to as the enemy. "We can reduce that army by propaganda," said the pamphlet, "and half of it will no doubt come over to our side." Further extracts detailed what steps were to be taken to organize street fighting, and precautions to be taken in big towns for defending the Red army barracks against the regular forces. The tactics of the Crown were described in detail.

In defense Malone's counsel urged that his Albert Hall speech was a mere matter of rhetoric.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Lieut.-Col. L'Estrange Malone, Liberal Member of the House of Commons, who was arrested in Dublin on Nov. 10 for alleged seditious utterances, was today sentenced to six months imprisonment.

There were loud cries of "Shame?" from Malone sympathizers in court when the sentence was pronounced.

Prior to the sentence Malone declared through his attorney that he withdrew nothing and apologized for nothing in his Albert Hall speech and was willing to stand trial. The case has caused a sensation in England because of Malone's position as a member of the House of Commons and his notable war record.

The definition of what constituted seditious utterances over which the opposing counsel had a lengthy argument, was settled by Magistrate Chester Jones, who in passing sentence declared that any advocacy of overturning the Government of a country by force constituted sedition. Of this, he held, the defendant undoubtedly was guilty. He added that Malone went further and advocated murder under certain circumstances, not only of cabinet members, but of labor leaders.

The Magistrate declared that the pamphlets were of such a nature that the author might well be charged with high treason. Malone's attorney held that his client had a perfect right to state publicly the Communist views which he honestly held, and that his references to Churchill, Curzon and lampposts were attributable to "rhetorical argument." The authorities, said the attorney, did not have the right to suppress the discussion of Communism simply because it inconvenienced the powers of the day.

The courtroom was filled. Outside a large crowd had gathered and here the newspaper The Communist was freely on sale.

Malone was liberated on bail pending appeal.

RELEASE KIDNAPPED WARDER.

Cork Jail Official Arrives Home Following Reprisals Threat.

DUBLIN, Nov. 19.—Thomas Griffin, the Warder of Cork Jail, who was kidnapped on Oct. 10 by Sinn Feiners while on his way to his home, returned to his home today.

Shortly after Griffin was kidnapped a notice posted by unknown persons was found on the door of the offices of The Cork Examiner saying:

"Final notice. If Warder Griffin is not released within forty-eight hours Cork will remember his abduction." The notice was signed: "By order of the Black and Tans."

LESS IRISH VIOLENCE, SAYS DUBLIN CASTLE

Sinn Fein Courts Are Reported Failing, and Republicanism Beginning to Collapse.

"CHIEF OF STAFF" ESCAPES

Soldiers Nearly Capture Him in Hiding Place—Microbes Plot Startles England.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A survey of Irish affairs for the week ending Nov. 15, issued from Dublin Castle last night, reads:

"The wave of violent crime which followed the death of the Lord Mayor of Cork appears to have spent its force, and the past week's return of outrages shows that the country has been much less disturbed than during the previous fortnight. The number of outrages for the week is in fact lower than for any preious weeks during th last three months, indicating that the rise of the preceding fortnight was merely a temporary interruption of the steady decline in outrage and violence.

"A gratifying feature is the reduction in the number of police casualties, which fell from thirty-four killed and wounded to ten.

"The week's recruiting for the Royal Irish Constabulary again has shown excellent results, while resignations have fallen considerably. Latest reports from the Divisional Commissioners testify to the improved morale of the men and to the complete breakdown in many districts of the police boycott.

"They also bear encouraging testimony to the growing alienation of the majority of the people from the violent methods of the Republican extremists. Throughout the Province of Leinster the Sinn Fein 'courts' have virtually ceased, and their operations in the two other southern provinces are conducted in a manner which cannot fail still further to weaken any hold they may still have upon the confidence of the public.

"After a protracted struggle extending over a period of ninety-four days, the hunger strike in the Cork prison now has been definitely abandoned. The decision was notified to the press by Arthur Griffith in a letter which purported to be merely an expression of his own personal opinion and to no practical result could ensue from further continuance of the strike, but there would appear to be little doubt that his action was taken on the authority of the Sinn Fein executive and that his opinion was virtually the decision of that body. The prompt response given to the invitation by the hunger strikers goes to strengthen the conviction that the strike was carried out under orders."

Microbes Plot Causes Sensation.

London morning papers publish, without editorial comment, the text of the captured Sinn Fein document revealing a plot to spread typhoid and glanders. The Daily Telegraph's Parliamentary correspondent declares that it discloses the intention of the heads of the Irish rebel organization to conduct the campaign regardless of the rules of civilized warfare, and The Morning Post's Parliamentary correspondent says the revelation was an effective balance to the charge so often made by Devlin and his friends that the British methods in Ireland were the same as the German methods were in Belgium.

When Sir Hamar Greenwood read the document in the House of Commons two Nationalist members, Devlin and MacVeagh, who usually are anxious to dissociate themselves from the Sinn Feiners, were hot in expostulation. Was "this the thing produced in Dublin Castle?" shouted Mr. Devlin. "On the face of it it was," he asserted. Mr. MacVeagh declared that it was "sheer invention."

In answer to another question Sir Hamar Greenwood replied that both the Commander in Chief of the "Irish Republican Army" and his Chief of Staff were "on the run."

Chief of Staff Nearly Caught.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Nov. 19.—The New York Times correspondent made inquiry at Dublin Castle today with respect to the source of the document quoted by the Chief Secretary in the House of Commons disclosing a plot to murder soldiers by dissemination of microbes and to infect army horses with glanders. He was officially informed that the capture of the papers occurred on Tuesday last when a military search party, acting upon information which reached them as a result of the growing revulsion of feeling against the Sinn Fein methods, visited the house of Professor Michael Hayes, B. A., of University College, Dublin.

After the soldiers had entered the house and begun their search a mysterious man whose presence there had not been disclosed to the military escaped from a window in his shirt. He was chased by soldiers around the house, but managed to make his escape by jumping over a ten-foot wall.

A search of his room revealed two brown leather attaché cases, full of papers packed in the neatest order and ready for instant removal. The bags bore the initials, in reverse order, of a man known by the authorities as "chief of staff of the Irish Republican Army," on whom falls the planning and execution of the murderous exploits of the Sinn Fein.

Even the briefest search revealed the immense importance of these papers, and military cordons were thrown around that quarter of the city in the hope of capturing the man to whom they belonged. These efforts were unsuccessful.

Professor Hayes, who had failed to disclose the presence of the stranger in his house when questioned by the military, was arrested. Some of the principal documents were sent to London by special courier. Should the authorities decide to disclose them, full revelation of the documents, said an official, will show some important and sinister aspects of the Republican movement.

The military authorities, I understand, are keenly alert to the possibilities revealed by the capture of these documents.

Early this morning auxiliary police raided the Gresham Hotel, but only a few rooms were visited and no arrests or seizure of documents occurred. So quietly was the search carried out that many of the guests were unaware of the incident until several hours afterward.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Dr. A. C. Pearson, who was sent by the Home Office to Ireland to look after the Cork hunger strikers, and announced several weeks ago that he had been threatened with death by the Irish republicans, has arrived in England, having been spirited out of Ireland under a heavy guard by the Government authorities.

BELFAST, Nov. 19.—The Ulster College of Irish at Clough-Aneely, County Donegal, was destroyed by fire today. The co-operative stores there also were burned. Both fires are believed to have been of incendiary origin.

COUNCIL DESERTS SINN FEIN.

Dublin County Administration Reaccepts British Authority.

DUBLIN, Nov. 19.—The County Council today passed a resolution deciding that in future it would comply with the requirements of the Local Government Board (a British Government department) and carry on business irrespective of certain decrees of the Dail Eireann (Irish Republican Parliament) recently issued.

This is the first breach among the Irish local bodies in loyalty to the Dail Eireann. It synchronizes with an application made by the Local Government Board in the Dublin courts against the Dublin City Council and the Monaghan and Cavan County councils to enforce the right of supervision.

TROOPS RAID DUBLIN ALL DAY.

Arrest Twelve Persons During Operations—Visit City Hall.

DUBLIN, Nov. 19.—From early this morning until this evening the military was busy raiding in all parts of the city.

The places raided included the offices of the Food Emergency Committee in the City Hall. Twelve persons were arrested during the raids.

CRIME IN IRELAND.

Increase in Attacks on Officials and Property Shown in Figures.

These official figures, issued in London on Tuesday, of crimes committed in Ireland between Jan. 1 last year and Oct. 2 this year, were made public here last night.

	Jan., 1919, to Oct., 1920.	Last 3 mos. to Oct. 2.
Attacks on persons	1,785	893
Attacks on property	5,515	3,670
Total	7,300	4,563

Miscellaneous outrages for the three months up to Oct. 2 not included in these figures numbered 207. The figures do not include casualties or destruction caused in Ulster riots or police or military reprisals.

In detail the figures show the following:

	Jan. 1, '19, to Oct. 2, '20.	June 27 to Oct. 2, '20.
Policemen killed	109	54
Policemen wounded	174	101
Soldiers killed	16	12
Soldiers wounded	61	54
Civilians killed	27	10
Civilians injured	76	40
People kidnapped	152	107
Court houses destroyed	63	33
Unoccupied barracks destroyed	484	144
Occupied barracks destroyed	20	8
Raids for arms	2,801	2,307
Incendiary fires	535	325

IRISH PRIEST KIDNAPPED.

Father Griffin of Galway Disappears —People in Trepidation.

GALWAY, Nov. 19.—A state of great trepidation exists among the people of Galway over the disappearance of Father Griffin, a curate of Bushy Park, who several days ago was reported to have been kidnapped from his residence by three unknown persons. The community is deeply shocked, and the local Catholic members of the Royal Irish Constabularly repudiate any connection with his abduction.

So great is the terror among all classes of the population that it is difficult to induce anybody to discuss the matter.

The belief is general that Father Griffin was removed as a reprisal for the kidnapping from his home on the night of Oct. 15 of a well-known Constitutional Nationalist, P. W. Joyce, who is a school teacher at Barna, three miles from Galway, and that he will be held as a hostage until the reappearance of Joyce.

Bishop O'Dea of Galway refuses to believe that any civilian was concerned in the kidnapping, saying such a thing has never before happened in Ireland.

GOVERNMENT INCITES MURDER, ASQUITH SAYS

"Irish Policy Compares With Blackest Annals of Lowest Despotism," He Tells Liberals.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Ireland was the chief subject of a speech made by Mr. Asquith today at the National Liberal Club. Referring to outrages and crimes of ambush and murder in which the police and soldiers have been victims, he said: "No one justifies or condones these crimes, but the plain truth is that since the adoption of this practice of reprisals, without parallel in the annals of British administration, justice has been put in the background and vengeance has been enthroned in its place. Killing is murder, whether the victim be a constable or soldier, or a women nursing her baby by the wayside. It is to be reprehended as much in one case as in the other, but it is the business of the state to wield the sword of justice effectively with scrupulous and dispassionate impartiality, and you deal a blow at the very foundation on which civilized society rests when the executive permits itself to confound the innocent with the guilty and to strike out wildly and blindly in a frenzy of retaliation.

"This is what has happened and is happening in Ireland today. The evidence to the mind of every impartial man is overwhelming and irresistible. Take first the case of the creameries, one of the most promising of all developments of the Irish co-operative industry, not run by Sinn Fein. Thirty-two at least up to this moment have been wholly or partially destroyed by officers and agents of the executive, and there is not a suggestion that the owners or occupiers of the creameries had anything to do with attacks on the military or police. These facts must have been known to the Chief Secretary when he declared there was not a tittle of evidence that servants of the Crown had destroyed any creamery in Ireland.

"What possible faith or trust can be placed in such statements? We are doing things in Ireland which would take a fitting place in the blackest annals of the lowest despotism of the European world. I have in my hand a copy, dated Dublin, Oct. 29, of a publication called The Weekly Summary, circulated, I am told, among officers and men of the Royal Irish Constabulary. It is one of the most inflammatory publications I ever read. By way of stimulating revengeful feelings the editor cites the most remarkable proclamations issued in August, 1864, during the American Civil War by one of the Federal Generals, threatening reprisals for the shooting of Federal soldiers.

"There is laid upon us as Liberals a great and supreme duty. It is to enlighten the people and to protest with every resource that is at our disposal against the condition of things which dishonors our own principles and the fair fame of our country."

Today 21 columns of advertisements are crowded out of The New York Times.

Mail Pilot Sets a Record; Flies 423 Miles in 3 Hours

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Nov. 19.—Elmer C. Davis, a pilot in the United States Air Mail Service, established a new record today between Cleveland and Mineola, flying the 423 miles in exactly three hours, an average speed of 141 miles an hour. Davis left Cleveland at 11:21 A. M., and landed at Hazelhurst Field at 2:21 P. M. He used a De Haviland-4 plane.

The fastest previous flight was made a month ago by William Hobson, another air mail pilot, who flew the distance in three hours and one minute. Davis was a Lieutenant in the Aviation Service during the war and received his training at Kelly Field.

CALLS ENGINEERS TO HELP INDUSTRY

Hoover Says They Can Link Capital and Labor and Solve Our Big Problems.

GREAT WASTES TO BE ENDED

He Discusses Unemployment, Strikes and Lock-Outs and the Possible Remedies.

PLEADS FOR CO-OPERATION

Is Elected President of the Council of Federated Engineering Societies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—A plea to the engineers of the United States to act as a link between capital and labor to solve pressing problems of the day was made by Herbert Hoover tonight in an address before the Executive Council of the Federated American Engineering Society, of which he was elected President early in the day.

The former food administrator held that engineers were best qualified to undertake the great task he outlined, inasmuch as they had no special economic interests for themselves in a constructive solution of the problems, their only interest being in creating a working force for public service.

Mr. Hoover said at the outset:

"There are certain areas of conflict of interest, but there is between these groups a far greater area of common interest and if we can find measures by which, through co-operation, the field of common interest could be organized, then the area of conflict would be in the largest degree eliminated.

"In this connection the employer sometimes overlooks a fundamental fact in connection with organized labor in the United States. This is that the vast majority of its membership and of its direction are individualists in their attitude of mind and in their social outlook; that the expansion of socialist doctrines finds its most fertile area in the ignorance of many workers, and yet the labor organizations, as they stand today, are the greatest bulwark against socialism.

"On the other hand, some labor leaders overlook the fact that if we are to maintain our high standards of living, our productivity, it can only be in a society in which we maintain the utmost possible initiative on the part of the employer, and, further, that in the long run we can only expand the standard of living by the steady increase of production and the creation of more goods for division among the same numbers."

Taking up what he called "a three phase waste in production" he first discussed the waste caused by intermittent employment, saying:

"Our engineers have pointed time and again to the bituminous coal industry, where bad economic functioning results in an average of but 180 days employment per annum, where a great measure of solution could be had if a basis of co-operation could be found among the coal operators, coal miners, railways and great consumers. With our necessary legislation against combination and the lack of any organizing force to bring about this co-operation, the industry is helpless unless we can develop some method of Governmental interest, not in Governmental ownership but in stimulation to co-operation in better organization."

With reference to the great field of seasonable and other unemployment he urged expansion and better organization of local and Federal labor exchanges to help the necessary labor shifts without detriment to worker or industry.

The Federated Societies besides electing Mr. Hoover President, chose these other officers: Vice Presidents for two years, William E. Rolfe of St. Louis, Associated Engineering Societies of St. Louis, and Calvert Townley of New York, American Institute of Electrical Engineers; Vice Presidents for one year, J. Parke Channing of New York, American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, and Dexter S. Kimball,

GEN. PERSHING IS VISITOR AT GARDEN

Head of Army Reviews Six-Horse Gun Teams in Morris Cup Competition.

DRIFTWOOD BLAZE WINS

Referee Makes Award After a Disagreement by Judges—Col. Stroller Best Roadster.

The National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden was featured yesterday by the appearance in the ring of General John J. Pershing, who, though he had been a prominent exhibitor throughout the week in the military classes, had not previously had an opportunity to attend the show. The leader of the American Expeditionary Forces arrived at a psychological moment, for he was just in time to review the six-horse gun teams in their competition for the Lewis S. Morris Cup, the military feature of the afternoon session.

Coming in unannounced, General Pershing was in the centre of the ring several seconds before he was recognized, and then he received a hearty ovation from the big crowd. The General has had a keen interest in the Horse Show and with his several horses, among them Jeff and Princess, he has captured several second and third prizes, but he has not yet been fortunate enough to win a blue. He had come to the Garden yesterday in the hope that he might see his horse Dandy perform in the Grafton broad jump, but he was disappointed to learn that Dandy had been badly cut in one of the other jumping events and was unable to compete.

The presence of General Pershing gave added significance to the six-horse gun team contest. These gun teams have been giving exhibitions all week, but yesterday they went into actual competition for the first time, and instead of the three or four teams that had taken part in the other manoeuvres, there were seven entries. General Pershing inspected the teams, but did not take part in rendering the decision.

Fort Myer Team Wins.

The competition proved a lively one and though the limited space of the arena did not afford enough room for seven teams to accomplish much at one time, all of them made a fine showing. The judging was based on appearance and the general qualities of the horses and finally the blue went to the team from the 19th Field Artillery of Fort Myer, Va., this military post having been a frequent winner this week. The horses on the winning team were powerful, well groomed bays and the outfit was properly equipped. Second prize went to Camp Knox, while third and fourth were taken by the First Division of Camp Dix, N. J. At the conclusion General Pershing presented the large silver cup to the winning team and the victors gave a demonstration of joy as they wheeled around the arena and out of the enclosure.

The fifth day of the Horse Show provided a number of features and brought out the first of the championship classes. The show has now reached the point where only championships remain to be decided and the competition through the final day should be the keenest and most interesting of the week. There was a large attendance throughout the day and in the evening the Garden was again filled to capacity, society being out in force.

There was considerable criticism on the disqualification of Miss Betty Vauclain's Little Fire Lady on the ground of ineligibility. Such cases have been so infrequent at the Horse Show that much surprise was expressed that such a thing could have happened. Mrs. Frank P. Garvan, whose Chestnut Blossom was one of the horses defeated by Little Fire Lady declared yesterday that she had made no protest and that the action of the Horse Show committee was taken without her knowledge. It was said that Lady Beck, who has been judging throughout the week, was one of those who first suspected the horse of being under the age represented and that her inquiry led to the discovery resulting in the withdrawal of the blue ribbons won by Miss Vauclain's horse. No further official action has been taken in the case, nor is any expected.

Driftwood Blaze Scores.

One of the best features of the day was the ladies' saddle horse championship class for the Charles Dickens riding whip. The whip, which was offered as a prize, is one that was bought by the great English author and which had been preserved in the family until put up in this competition. The whip has been on display at the Garden during the week.

There were but four contestants for the prize, and the judges had a very difficult time in deciding between Mrs. Walter M. Hanley's Driftwood Blaze and Miss Katherine K. Tod's Sceptre. Both horses made an excellent showing, but Miss Tod, probably because she is just a child and a very good rider for one so young, had the support of the crowd. She was cheered every time she put her horse to a test, and it was quite evident the audience wished the judges to find in her favor.

This probably served to make it more difficult for the judges, and they accordingly put both horses through every test they could, judged both for conformation and finally awarded the blue to Driftwood Blaze, the reserve going to Sceptre.

The contest was so close that Lady Beck and Henry McNair, who were the judges for the class, could not agree. Lady Beck held out for Sceptre and it was necessary finally to call in Lieutenant Feline, the referee. He decided in favor of Driftwood Blaze and that horse received the blue. Lady Beck, it was said later, declined to sign the record book in which the decisions are tabulated.

It was the opinion of Lady Beck that Sceptre showed to better advantage than the other horse when both were shown without saddle. Driftwood Blaze, which had held his head quite high while his rider was up, was inclined to flatten out when the restraint was removed. However, Driftwood Blaze made such a good impression by going through his various performances so evenly that there was much to be said on each side.

Robert E. Moreland's Col. Stroller and Miss Loula Long Combs's Speculation, which had met in several classes and divided honors during the week, met to settle the question of superiority in the championship class for roadsters, with the owners driving. Col. Stroller quite easily defeated his rival. Speculation broke several times and showed less dash and spirit in his performance.

The Grafton broad jump was won by L. S. Haynes's Argonne, a bay gelding, which leaped 14 feet to win first honors. Adolph Vogt's Irish Lass was second, having bettered 12 feet, but failing to equal the mark of her rival. The horses were started at a mark of 12 feet, and from the early trials these two survived. The mark was then set at 14 feet, and Argonne just made the distance. Irish Lass failed to equal this, and the awards were made accordingly.

Thoroughbreds in Ring.

The thoroughbreds were again very much in evidence during the early session and in these classes John E. Madden, breeder and horseman, acted as judge. The judging began with a class of thoroughbred stallions suitable for improving the breed of horses in general and after some time the first award went to the Breeding Bureau's sire Chief Lally, which The Jockey Club has had stationed at Troop K, headquarters of the New York State Constabulary at White Plains. Chief Lally is by King James out of Rosslare. He is a large stallion and his robust make-up earned him the blue. Mr. Madden declared him to be an ideal stallion and the type that should be sought by breeders. Ganadore took second prize in this contest and third went to Greek Legend, a son of Polynelius, the great English sire.

Greek Legend fared better in a later class in which the horses were judged on their merits as sires of race horses. This time Greek Legend won the blue while Chief Lally was awarded second over Ganadore. The army officers were generally pleased with their one signal victory and declared they would come back next season with the best horses in their establishments to seek a clean sweep in these classes. Greek Legend was bought in England for C. K. G. Billings at the same time as was Omar Khayyam, and it was generally considered that he was a faster horse than the noted racer which won the Kentucky Derby and scored other turf successes. Chief Lally was named for the late Thomas Lally of the Brooklyn Fire Department, and has been loaned to the Breeding Bureau of The Jockey Club by Mrs. James McManus.

There were several classes for Arabian horses, the famed steeds of the desert, the chief of these being the one for stallions under saddle. Sargon, a chestnut, had little difficulty in scoring a victory here, and before the award was made the gallery had decided upon him as its choice. Sargon made a fine appearance, but aside from his appeal to the gallery he met the requirements of conformation and other tests applied by the judges.

Today will be children's day at the Horse Show, the morning session being given over largely to classes in which the juveniles are interested. The children will be required to show their horses, harness and unharness them and in general display their knowledge and skill in the ring.

For devotees of the hunts, the class for qualified hunters shown during the evening session was a reminder of familiar scenes on Long Island when the season is at its height. In this class hunters were shown in groups of three from each, the riders being in hunt uniform and appointments to count 25 per cent. The horses were sent over brush and rail jumps and then the groups were judged collectively. The first prize went to the trio owned by Isaac H. Clothier, Jr., while Miss Janice Liggett provided the winners of the second honors. Third went to the Rally Farms, and fourth to Charles D. Lanier.

SOCIETY PROMINENT AT EVENING SESSION

Governor-Elect Nathan Miller and Party Occupy Box on North Side of Arena.

Several notable visitors were among the great throng that witnessed the exhibitions yesterday at the horse show. For the first time since his election, Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller made his appearance socially, attending the night session. Although he occupied a box on the north side of the arena, where General Pershing and his party sat during the afternoon, few of the promenaders recognized him.

The Governor-elect made his entrance unheralded, accompanied by Mrs. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Horace White and Mr. and Mrs. Horace S. Wilkinson. Mr. White was Lieutenant Governor under Governor Hughes. Mr. Wilkinson is President of the Crucible Steel Company of America. Mrs. Miller wore a black satin gown, with a small black hat and pearls.

General Pershing, who was loudly acclaimed by the afternoon crowd, was accompanied by his aid, Colonel J. G. Queckmeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wood and Mr. and Mrs. Mark Wood, all of Lincoln, Neb.

There was something of the old-time crust last evening on the promenade, when interest in women's gowns was heightened by the appearance of a group of manikins in gorgeous evening attire, who strolled about.

Among those in the boxes and arena seats were Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Jorge Andre, Harry D. Holloway, who had Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Lewis, Count Topor, Miss Charlotte E. Holloway and Miss Anna B. Wetherill of Philadelphia as his guests; Mrs. William H. Force, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Haight, Mr. and Mrs. Bryce Wing, Mrs. Richard L. Morris, Mrs. John S. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Newton, Mrs. Pierce H. Butler, Mrs. David Wagstaff, Mrs. Frank Post, Mrs. Forsyth Wickes, Mrs. Robert H. L. Hitt, Mrs. John Rutherfurd, Mr. and Mrs. Griswold Lorillard, Mrs. Percy Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Hazzard, Mr. and Mrs. W. Whitewright Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Willets, Mrs. Morgan Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hubbell, Mrs. Hubbell Rowland, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kennedy Tod, Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Daingerfield, Mrs. Charles T. Proctor, Madison Grant, A. Graham Miles, Foxhall Keene, William Thaw, 3d, and Lawrence M. Miller.

Pratt Wins at Basketball.

The Pratt Institute basketball five opened its season yesterday with a hollow victory over the Cooper Union Night School quintet in a game played on the Pratt court. The score was 55 to 26. The Pratt team led from start to finish, excelling their rivals in every department of the game. At the end of the first half the ultimate winners were leading by 31 to 14. Joe Schafran, forward, alone accounted for enough points to accomplish the downfall of the Cooper Union lads. Schafran scored 29 of Pratt's points.

Today's Program of National Horse Show at the Garden

Morning.

10:00—Shetland ponies in harness. Class 118.
10:15—Ponies in harness. Driven by children, amateurs. J. W. Harriman and R. C. Vanderbilt Cups. Class 126.
10:30—Artillery horses. Harry E. Hoy Cup. Class 191.
11:00—Pairs of Shetland ponies in harness. Class 119.
11:10—Machine gun carts. J. Ford Johnson Jr. Cup. Class 190.
11:30—Pairs of ponies. Class 125.
11:45—Championship. Pony stallions. Class 39.
12:00—Championship. Pairs of ponies in harness. Class 129.

Afternoon.

2:00—Children's ponies. Class 152.
2:20—Championship. Ponies in harness. Class 128.
2:35—Championship. Ponies under saddle. Madden Cup. Class 156.
2:50—Ponies over jumps. Ridden by girls under 14. Class 188.
3:05—Championship. Single harness horses. Content Cup. Class 97.
3:15—Championship. Single harness horses. Lanier Cup. Class 98.
3:25—Championship. Saddle horses. Charles E. Coxe Cup. Class 146.
3:40—Championship. Saddle horses. Patterson Cup. Class 147.
3:55—Championship. Pairs, harness horses. Matclack Cup. Class 99.
4:05—Championship. Pairs, harness horses. Stotesbury Cup. Class 100.
4:15—Ponies over jumps. Ridden by boys under 14. Class 187.
4:35—Championship. Heavyweight hunters. Ashton Cup. Class 174.
4:45—Championship. Middleweight hunters. Plaza Hotel Cup. Class 175.
4:55—Championship. Lightweight hunters. Wanamaker Jr. Cup. Class 176.
5:10—Heavyweight officers' chargers. Colonel Keech Cup. Class 198.
6:00—Recess.

Evening.

8:00—Polo pony teams, three mounts each. Class 208.
8:30—First polo chukker. Winners Thursday vs. winners Wednesday.
8:45—Hunters for John R. Townsend Plate. Class 186.
9:00—Second polo chukker. Winners Thursday vs. winners Wednesday.
9:15—Exhibition machine gun carts; artillery gun teams.
9:30—Indoor polo tournament. Class 205.
9:40—Lightweight polo mounts, playing in tournament. Class 206.
9:50—Heavyweight polo mounts, playing in tournament. Class 207.
10:00—Polo mount tournament championship. Class 209.
10:15—Hunters or jumpers over triple bars. Commodore Cup. Class 184.

BOSTON POLOISTS ARE EASY WINNERS

Defeat Makeshift Team in Garden Match, 18 to 9—Rafferty Plays Stellar Game.

Squadron A's polo trio was to have met Boston's team last night in the continuation of the polo series at the National Horse Show in Madison Square Garden. However, one member of the local cavalrymen's trio had gone South and another, who had suffered a broken leg, played the other night, despite the doctor's orders, and thus made it impossible for him to play last night. As a result, the Squadron had no team available and a pick-up team, known as the Alaskans, was substituted.

The Alaskans put up a game battle, particularly as they had not played together before, but they were no match for the Boston trio even with the 5 goal handicap the Hub contingent had to allow them. The final score was 18 to 9 in favor of Boston.

The game aroused the enthusiasm of the spectators who occupied every seat in the Garden, as well as a great crowd that thronged the promenade. The Horse Show fans have taken very kindly to polo. The star of the evening was J. W. Rafferty of the Boston team, who scored nine of the eighteen goals to his team's credit.

Dr. H. B. Blackwell, Rafferty's teammate, was a close second, with but one less to his credit, but that the others did not tally largely did not detract from the credit they deserved.

During the second period, Snow and Anderson suffered spectacular tumbles, landing on the tanbark without injury, however, and both received salvos of applause when they continued playing. A pony scored one goal for the Alaskans at a time when they needed such assistance.

Two of Rafferty's goals were scored on long and true shots from the centre of the ring, right after the ball had been put into play.

The final game of the series is to be played tonight for the tournament championship. West Point's trio meets the Ontario team and the hardest fought battle of the week is expected.

The line-up and summary:

BOSTON.		ALASKANS.	
Pos.	Player. Hdcp.	Pos.	Player. Hdcp.
1—J. W. Rafferty. 4		1—G. Snow.	2
2—H. B. Blackwell. 6		2—R. E. Anderson.	4
Back—G. H. Dempsey 4		Back—J. L. Devers.	3
Total.	14	Total.	9

Boston allows Alaskans 5 goals.

FIRST PERIOD.

1—J. W. Rafferty.
2—R. E. Anderson.
3—H. B. Blackwell.
4—J. W. Rafferty.
5—J. W. Rafferty.
6—H. B. Blackwell.
7—H. B. Blackwell.
8—J. W. Rafferty.
9—J. W. Rafferty.
10—H. B. Blackwell.
11—J. W. Rafferty.

Score at end of first period, exclusive of handicap: Boston 10, Alaskans 1.

SECOND PERIOD.

12—R. E. Anderson.
13—H. B. Blackwell.
14—G. H. Dempsey.
15—J. W. Rafferty.
16—Pony for Alaskan.
17—H. B. Blackwell.
18—H. B. Blackwell.
19—J. W. Rafferty.
20—J. W. Rafferty.
21—G. Snow.
22—H. B. Blackwell.

Score for second period: Boston 8, Alaskans 3.

Complete score, including handicap: Boston 18, Alaskans 9.

Referee—Major D. O. Nelson. Timekeeper—Basil Grant. Judges—Major Haverkamp, G. Maynard and C. Long. Time—Two 10-minute periods.

POLO LINE-UP NOT PICKED.

Personnel of U. S. International Team to Be Selected in December.

No official announcement has yet been made of the men who are to be on the American polo team that will go to England next Summer to compete for the International or Hurlingham Polo Cup. It is reported that the announcement is more than likely to be made immediately after the next meeting of the Polo Association, which will be held some time before the tenth of December.

While the official announcement of the line-up has not been made, most of the more active polo players have their own ideas on the probable line-up and the consensus of opinion is that Rumsey will play at 1, Watson Webb at 2, T. Hitchcock Jr., at 3 and Milburn at back, with Stoddard as forward substitute and Hopping as back substitute. Owing to the fact that Stevenson did not compete in the championship events held at Meadow Brook last Autumn, his name is not even mentioned as a possibility by those who have been questioned on the probable make-up of the team.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—The Rosemont Purse; for two-year-olds; six and a half furlongs. Dry Moon 122 pounds, The Foreigner 102, Devastation 102, Current Events 102, Billy McLaughlin 105, Curfew 105, Duc de Morny 105.

SECOND RACE.—Claiming; all ages; six and a half furlongs. Nightstick 124, Ultra Gold 119, Manoeuvre 116, Germa 109, Hard Guess 106, Gilt Fringe 104, Tan Son 104, aSilence 104, a-*Burgoyne 110, *Nancy Ann 107.

aBauer and Winfrey entry.

THIRD RACE.—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Favour 102, American Boy 104, *Bogart 104, *Galley Head 104, Courting Colors 105, Rouen 112, Ragnarok 108, Martha Luckett 105.

FOURTH RACE.—The Solemn Maryland Handicap; all ages; mile and a sixteenth. Leochares 126, Tipity Witchet 124, Yellow Hand 114, Recount 105, Ballet Dancer 2d 102, Clean Gone 98.

FIFTH RACE.—The Mariboro Purse; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Penrose 110, Chasseur 109, Recount 107, Ballet Dancer 104, Rubidium 99, Escarpolette 99, Ralso 98, Flibberty Gibbet 98.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Siesta 117, Great Gull 114, Madrono 112, W. H. Buckner 111, Deckmate 109, Padua 108, Woodthrush 107, Waukeag 103, Runecraft 103, *Solid Rock 106, *Mistress Polly 105.

SEVENTH RACE.—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Vesuvius 101, Katie Canal 105, Point to Point 100, *Spearlene 104, *Sir Jack 99, Hand Full 112, *May W. 101, Margery 102, Jack Reeves 109.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track slow.

WAR CRY IS FIRST IN BOWIE FEATURE

Gets Up in Closing Strides to Win by Nose From Clean Gone in Deep Going.

Special to The New York Times.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 19.—The track was still soft enough at Bowie today to favor horses that like deep going, and accordingly there was a number of upsets. One of these came in the mile and seventy yards test which served as the feature of the card. In this event War Cry got up in the last few strides to take the victory from Clean Gone by a nose with Wood Violet a length back and only a nose in front of Pastoral Swain, the only other starter.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For maiden fillies, two-year-olds; purse $1,143. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Mlle. Fleurs	114	Robinson	71-10	1
Rhinestone	114	Weiner	14-1	2½
Mollie Barnes	114	Hamilton	84-5	3½
Staunch	114	Myers	15-2	4
Parhellon	114	Keogh	23-20	5
*Annette's Sister	114	Johnson	71-10	6
Pansy	114	Mooney	22-1	7
Briganna	114	Morris	167-10	8
Curl	114	Pierce	214-1	9
Eastw. Princess	114	Heupel	39-1	10
Actress	114	Butwell	91-10	11

*Field.

$2 mutuels paid: Mlle. Fleurs, $16.20, $8.20, $5.20; Rhinestone, $13.70, $8.10; Mollie Barnes, $7.40.

Time—1:10 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place handily. Mlle. Fleurs, ch. f., by Balliot—Miss Crittenden; owned by J. W. McClelland and trained by W. M. Wallace.

SECOND RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,143. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
King's Belle	99	Lancaster	11-5	1
Lady Granite	107	Babin	91-5	2
Fading Star	109	Heupel	73-20	3
Black Top	105	Aron	207-20	4
Crimson Rambler	107	Weiner	43-20	5
Charley Boy	107	Jarvis	69-2	6
Tutt	113	Eames	73-2	7
Folly	107	Myers	60-1	8

$2 mutuels paid: King's Belle, $6.40, $3.60, $2.50; Lady Granite, $10.50, $5.10; Fading Star, $2.90.

Time—1:25.

Start good; won easily; place same. King's Belle, b. f., by Sea King—Belle Nelson; owned and trained by F. Herold.

THIRD RACE.

For maidens; all ages; purse $1,143. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Tuscan Maiden	93	Weiner	8-5	1
Sir Clarence	110	Rowan	21-10	2
Bar Coy	114	Stirling	33-1	3½
Master Jack	98	Lancaster	8-1	4
Lady Beverwyck	107	Myers	139-10	5
Elmer Johnson	114½	Huff	69-1	6
*Old Rose	114	Pierce	107-1	7
Flypaper	107	Riley	65-1	8
Norford's Choice	111	Morris	49-5	9
Sadie D.	107	Heupel	48-1	10
*Pearl Sea	111	Aron	107-1	11

*Field.

$2 mutuels paid: Tuscan Maiden, $5.20, $3.20, $2.90; Sir Clarence, $3, $2.70; Bar Coy, $7.20.

Time—1:49 1-5.

Start fair; won ridden out; place driving. Tuscan Maiden, br. f., by Maiden Erlegh—Tuscan Red; owned by S. Ross and trained by W. Brooks.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,143. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Head Over Heels	119	Miller	7-4	1
Sammy Kelly	118	Johnson	33-4	2½
Turf	116	McCabe	49-20	3½
Amackassin	113	Butwell	119-10	4
Sunrose	105	Jarvis	70-1	5
Dalco	108	Aron	22-1	6
Trusty	116	Stirling	58-5	7
The Belgian II	119	Heupel	32-1	8
*Merry Feast	113	Pierce	36-1	9
*Ardito	110	Lux	36-1	10
*Kitty Johnson	108	Lancaster	36-1	11
*Trapping	114	Carswell	36-1	12
Phillipic	113	Morris	34-1	13

*Field.

$2 mutuels paid: Head Over Heels, $5.50, $3, $3.10; Sammy Kelly, $6.30, $4; Turf, $2.60.

Time—1:17 1-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Head Over Heels, ch. f., by Celt—Belle Fleur; owned by Kilrane Stable and trained by G. M. Odom.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,314. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
War Cry	109	Miller	74-5	1
Clean Gone	106	Romanelli	127-20	2
Wood Violet	109	Heupel	9-10	3
Pastoral Swain	106	Mooney	39-20	4

$2 mutuels paid: War Cry, $31.60, $10.10; Clean Gone, $5.30. No show mutuels sold.

Time—1:50.

Start good; won driving; place same. War Cry, br. c., by Sunstar—Fair Lassie; owned by M. Argale and trained by F. M. Taylor.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,343. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Lord Herbert	114	Butwell	27-20	1
Albert A.	114	Miller	57-10	2
Summer Sigh	114	Johnson	21-5	3
Frank Monroe	109	Schwartz	30-1	4
St. Germain	106	Aron	9-1	5
Sans Peur II	109	Babin	28-2	6
Marie Antoinette	108	Mooney	23-1	7

$2 mutuels paid: Lord Herbert, $4.70, $3.20, $2.40; Albert A., $4.30, $3.50; Summer Sigh, $2.90.

Time—1:53 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Lord Herbert, br. g., by Fitzherbert—Manzanito; owned by E. Arlington and trained by J. Johnson.

SEVENTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,143. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Refugee	116	Morris	27-20	1
Pilsen	103	Aron	63-20	2
Kingling II.	103	Jarvis	239-10	3
Sentimental	112	Johnson	39-4	4
Kebo	106	Pierce	100-1	5
Wilfreda	103	Heupel	59-10	6
Stir Up	116	Stirling	283-20	7
Fairly	108	Shelepets	107-1	8

$2 mutuels paid: Refugee, $4.70, $2.90, $2.50; Pilsen, $3.40, $3; Kingling II., $6.60.

Time—1:55 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Refugee, b. g., by Hamburg—First Flight; owned and trained by G. W. Fenwick.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

Conditions Announced for 1921 Hudson Bay Dog Derby

THE PAS, Manitoba, Nov. 19.—The 1921 Hudson Bay dog derby will be run on March 1 for a purse of $2,500. The distance will be 200 miles from here to Flin Flon and return. The race is open to all comers all over the world for any number of dogs to a team and any type of sleigh, derby rules to govern.

PATSY KLINE GETS REFEREE'S LICENSE

Boxing Officials Grant Veteran Featherweight Permit to Officiate in New York.

Patsy Kline, former Newark featherweight and a veteran of many hard-fought ring engagements, who has been officiating as referee in bouts in New Jersey under the Curley law, has been granted a referee's license by the License Committee, to referee in bouts in this State under the Walker law. The permit was one of ninety-six licenses granted at the last meeting of the committee and announced yesterday. Kline has refereed many bouts in the Commonwealth across the Hudson, and his work has always been satisfactory.

The complete list of licenses issued follows:

BOXERS.

Jimmy Bailey, Matty Baldwin, Ernest Barrasso, Joe Burman, Clifford Becker, Battling Kid Butch, Young Chakas, Jean Constant, Jerry Cullian, Johnny Dalton, Battling Dane, Marty Degen, Bobby Dodd, Tommy Duffy, Jackie Dundee, Tommy Geary, Larry Goldberg, Jimmy Gray, Battling Hogan, Packey Hommey, Hughey Hutchison, Indian Jamison, Battling Joe, Fred Johnson, Kid Kansas, Okey Keyes, George Kirchner, Joe Lapp, Joey Leonard, Puggy Leonard, Roy Lewis, Spider Lewis, John Lustig, Mike McCabe, Jack McClellan, Benny McCoy, Pauley Mack, Frankie Maher, Stanley Meade, Hope Mullen, Young Ed O'Baldwin, Joe Palmer, Harry Pierce, Joe Pledge, Joe Riley, Jack Rivers, Charlie Rose, Young Rose, Eddie Sammon, Jimmie Scales, Tommy Shea, Dan Stuart, Joe Thomas, Al Triano, Jack Troy, R. N. McKinnie, Johnny Warren.

SECONDS.

Frank W. Bear, Leo Birnbaum, Thomas J. Blessing, Hugh J. Burns, Frank Connerton, Frank C. Caffey, M. D., Hugh J. Lavitt, Nicholas F. Diminick, Louis Fink, Michael Glynn, Benjamin Jones, D. J. Horean, Ray Kahl, John Lavello, Alexander A. McLean, Joseph Martell, Harry Miller, Frank O'Rourke, George Schaeffen, Harry Silverman, Anthony Trabucci.

MANAGERS.

Thomas J. Blessing, Nick De Leo, Michael Fiori, Robert J. McKinley.

TIMEKEEPERS.

John Ruggiero, Charles J. DeMask, George Engels Jr., William C. Lyons.

TRAINER.

Frank C. Caffey, M. D.

REFEREES.

Henry Philip Burchell, John Holland, Patsy Kline, John I. McAvoy, Anthony Arubbi.

PHYSICIAN.

John A. Faiella, M. D.

JUDGES.

John J. Corkery, George T. Kelly.

ENGLISH TITLE FOR LEWIS.

Knocks Out Basham in London Bout and Wins Welterweight Crown.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Ted "Kid" Lewis tonight knocked out Johnny Basham, former welterweight champion of England, in the nineteenth round of a twenty-round bout in Albert Hall. The bout was for the welterweight championship of Great Britain, which Lewis wrested from Basham three months ago. It was a hard-fought contest and anybody's victory up to the eighteenth round, when, although Basham was bleeding freely from an injured ear, he still was fighting briskly.

In the nineteenth round, Lewis sent his opponent down for the count of eight, and then, when Basham rose, landed a terrific right to the point of the jaw. Basham fell under the impact and was counted out.

DE FOE EASY WINNER.

Outpoints Delmonte in Bout at the Pioneer Sporting Club.

Jean Delmonte of Memphis met Billy De Foe of St. Paul last night in the squared circle of the Pioneer Sporting Club and at the end of fifteen rounds the decision went to the St. Paul boy, his adversary putting up no defense worthy of the name. Delmonte took a lot of punishment, but De Foe could not floor him. The Memphis boxer's only offensive work consisted of occasional left jabs that did little or no damage. De Foe weighed in at 125¾ pounds, while Delmonte tipped the scales at just one-quarter pound less.

Young John Reisler knocked out Johnny Liffe in the sixth round of a scheduled eight-round bout. Reisler floored his man twice before he took the count. Young Billy Papke knocked out Joe de Layo in the first round of their bout, which only lasted 1 minute and 55 seconds and, due to the completeness of the occasion, Al Morton knocked out Danny Maher in the first round.

Frank Becker Wins Long Match.

All billiard endurance records were broken last night in the handicap three-cushion tournament at Joe Thum's Academy. It took Frank Becker 133 innings to defeat K. Sasaki by a score of 35 to 33. The only redeeming features of the game were a number of spectacular bank shots executed by Sasaki.

GIANTS BACK HOME FROM CUBAN TRIP

Won Nine and Tied Three Games of the Seventeen Played—Babe Ruth Remains.

The barn-storming Giants, fresh from their more or less triumphal Cuban tour, and headed by General John J. Evers, field marshal and impresario, returned to this town yesterday and reported that Cuba was theirs. The traveling troupe, with Babe Ruth occupying the star's dressing room and most of the space on the advertising posters, played seventeen games in and around Havana and won nine of them. Five were lost and three resulted in ties.

The opposing teams were the Havana Reds, managed by Miguel Gonzales, the Giants' catcher, and the Almandares, run by Adolfo Luque, the Cincinnati Reds' twirler. Neither of them could do much with the slants of young Ryan, the pitcher farmed out to Toronto by McGraw and recalled late last season. Ryan officiated in six games and won five of them, the other being a drawn battle. Pol Perritt won four games and lost three. Jess Barnes strained his arm in an eleven-inning tie early in the trip and had to lay off for the remainder of his sojourn in the tropics. Kelly, the New Yorkers' long first baseman, essayed to pitch in one game, and the Cuban Babe Ruth, a chocolate-tinted chap named Torriente, or something like that, let him down easy with only three home runs. That was professional courtesy.

Ruth was on the mound in one game, and his experience was so sad that he remained in Cuba when the others sailed in the hope of rescuing his reputation as a twirler from disgrace in the eyes of the Cuban fans. Incidentally he will play some more games and make a good-sized lump of additional coin. They liked the Babe down there in the island of tobacco, sugar and skimmed milk. He was greeted with uproarious applause constantly, although his prowess as a slugger was seldom on display. He made only two of his far-famed circuit smashes in the whole series. Evers said yesterday that this was partly because he always had to bat into the teeth of a strong wind.

As a producer of shekels the trip was a success. Over 8,500 persons attended the first game in which Ruth appeared, and the crowd paid $32,000 for its entertainment on an admission scale of $3, with $1.50 additional for grand stand seats.

Johnny Evers said he would go to Chicago to take up the reins over the Cubs early in December. He will return to this city for the annual meeting of the National League later in the month. He expects to make some changes in the line-up of his charges, especially in the infield.

CYCLING KING IN DEMAND.

Promoters of Two Six-Day Races Claim Spencer's Services.

Whether Arthur Spencer, sprint cycling champion, will ride in the unsanctioned bicycle races at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory tonight and next week, or in the sanctioned six-day race at Madison Square Garden, Dec. 5 to 11, seems to be in doubt. Representatives of both meets claim contracts for Spencer's services. The Garden management announced Wednesday that Spencer had signed a three-year contract with John Chapman, which guaranteed his appearance in the Garden race. Yesterday the Armory race officials announced that Spencer had denied the reports of his signing with the Garden officials, saying he expected to participate in the sprint races tonight preceding the week's whirl which opens tomorrow night in the Armory.

ONE POINT DECIDES GAME.

Gardner Beats Crespi, 100 to 99, in Pocket Billiard Match.

G. Gardner defeated Robert Crespi by the narrow margin of one ball last night in the interborough pocket billiard championship of the N. A. A. B. P. at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The final score was 100 to 99 in favor of Gardner, whose percentage in the tournament jumps from .333 up to .500, while Crespi's drops from 1.000 to .667.

The game proved to be most interesting and uncertain; in fact, in the eleventh frame Gardner had 85, while Crespi's score was but 65. At the end of the thirteenth frame, however, Crespi had overcome the handicap and was leading by the score of 90 to 88. In the next two frames the lead alternated, and Crespi needed but one, while Gardner required three.

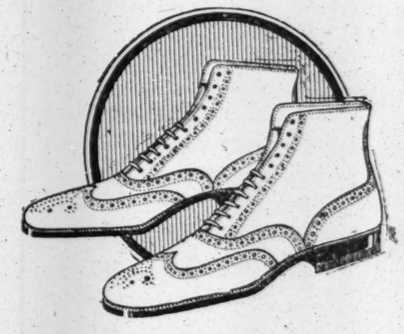
Crespi tried a long shot. The ball jawed. Gardner took advantage of the opportunity afforded and ran out. Clarence Hurd meets Arthur Wickers tonight in the continuation of the tournament.

The standing:

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
J. Mills	4	0	1000
R. Crespi	2	1	.667
C. Hurd	2	1	.667
G. Gardner	2	1	.500
F. A. Saunders	1	2	.333
J. Renaud	1	3	.250
A. Wickers	0	3	.000

Men's Shoes Have Tumbled to a Pre-War Basis

At FRIEDMAN'S 8 Stores



Your Choice of All Leather Shoes Formerly $12 to $15

$7.85 Reduction Sale *Now in Progress*

Brown, Black and Tan Genuine Calfskin and Cordovans. Patent Colt. Combinations of Calf with Buck or Cloth Tops. All Hand Sewed. Tremendous Variety of Latest Styles.

In preparation for a lower scale of prices, we reduced these shoes NOW to less than they will sell for next year. They are REAL high grade Men's Shoes in smart and swagger styles. Sturdily constructed, the quality is guaranteed.

Men, This Is the Sale You Waited For

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FAMOUS FITTING FOOTWEAR

Open from 8.30 A. M. to 9.30 P. M.

NEW YORK STORES:	BROOKLYN STORES:
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New Conditions—New Prices

High Grade Oxfords and High Shoes $10.00

Smart English Wing Tip Brogues and Straight Tip Cordovans

These Were Made to Sell at $14.

ALL DEALERS

Neither do

BARKING DOG CIGARETTES

There Is No Substitute

Sale of Our Entire Stock of Business Suits and Overcoats

The Suit Reductions	The Overcoat Reductions
$50, $55 and $60 Suits reduced to.... $42.50	$50, $55 and $60 Overcoats reduced to $42.50
$65, $70 and $75 " " " .... $52.

To-day's center attraction!
The Revision in men's Winter suits.
Many now $50, $55 and $60.
Blues as well as mixtures.

Handsome inside as out!
Have you seen our Winter weight *Scotch Mist overcoats with authentic Scotch tartans woven into the underside of the goods?

All-leather shoes at part-paper prices.

If you're any hand at values—try our gloves!

*Registered trademark for our fairweather overcoats of rich Scottish cheviots—rain-proofed.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St
Broadway at Warren. | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

78,000 FANS WILL CROWD BOWL TODAY

Record Throng Is Expected for Thirty-ninth Battle Between Crimson and Blue.

HARVARD STRONG FAVORITE

But Yale Followers Express Supreme Confidence in Their Team's Ability to Stage Comeback.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—Every hotel, boarding house, private residence, garage, eating place and sleeping nook in this city was tonight crowded to its limit with football rooters seeking food and shelter. Some 15,000 of the 78,000 who will see the Homeric gridiron classic in the Bowl tomorrow were on hand, but hundreds were turned away for lack of quarters here, going finally to other Connecticut cities, which also reported every sleeping room occupied for the night.

This congestion makes only a ripple in comparison with the surging tide of humanity which will pour in tomorrow, when forty trains over the New Haven Railroad will discharge their cargoes and 12,000 automobiles will start a motor car freshet over every New England turnpike, until the wave reaches its crect, shortly before the referee's whistle calls twenty-two players to time in the Bowl for the thirty-ninth annual battle of the Crimson and the Blue. Of these thirty-nine games, Yale has won twenty-three and Harvard nine, and there have been six tie scores.

Tonight's "eve before the battle" celebration lacked the vivacity of former years, for it was held without the bet and the bottle. By common consent Yale and Harvard have dropped betting, at least in organized pools, and the wagers laid were scattered and purely individual. Harvard reigned favorite both in forecasts by the undergraduates and in the informal betting odds. The shadow of the prohibition amendment lay heavy across the pregame celebration. The presence of a small army of Federal officers in the hotels, cafés and even some of the clubs dampened the enthusiasm. Raids were made in several nearby cities of automobiles carrying contraband for the football crowd. The local hotels refused to be tempted into Volstead law violations, and a discouraged "night before" crowd remained quiet during the evening and retired early. No evening before a Yale-Harvard football game on record ever passed so peacefully, despite the crowded condition of every public eating and sleeping place.

Governor-elect Lake to Attend.

One of the unique incidents of the game will be the presence of a group which will include Governor-elect Everett J. Lake, Governor Marcus Holcomb, and President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard. This will be the official party of the State, and President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale will call upon it between the halves. The peculiarity in connection with the group lies in the fact that Governor-elect Lake was the most brilliant halfback on the first Harvard eleven which defeated Yale. This was at Springfield in 1890. Lake is the first Harvard athlete to be elected Governor of Connecticut, the home of Yale, but he will be a member of the Corporation of Yale, ex-officio, when he becomes Governor. He has told his friends that he will take special pleasure in helping to manage Yale athletics, as well as other branches of Yale activity, and President Hadley has assured him that his help will be welcomed. Lake was nominated for Governor when the Republican State Convention was stampeded by Hank Hall, Wesleyan's greatest football star, who was Captain when Woodrow Wilson, then a Professor of American History at Wesleyan, coached the methodists.

Never in the history of Connecticut has its Governor attended the Yale-Harvard game before and waved a Harvard flag. Another interesting party will include the mother of Captain Callahan of Yale, his brother Mike, the Princeton Captain, and another brother, Ed, Captain of the Lawrence, Mass., High School eleven. Mike will come here with the whole Princeton team.

Captain Tim of Yale remarked tonight that it seemed good to him to see the family united again and all rooting for the same result, the defeat of Harvard.

Official statistics of the seating capacity of the Yale Bowl, which were given out tonight by the Yale officials, placed the number of seats at 74,473. This is an increase of 14,473 over the accommodations last year, when the old wooden tiers of seats were used. The increase has been made possible by the construction of cement tiers, economizing the space given to each seat, and the addition of thirteen rows of seats reaching the entire width of the parapet of the oval. Five rows have been placed inside the front or cement row of the inclosure, close to the sidelines. It was estimated tonight that 78,000 people would see the game, including ushers and other attendants.

Charley Taft Is Confident.

Charley Taft, son of ex-President Taft, was the only Yale coach who would talk at any length tonight. He joined Head Coach Tad Jones in predicting that the Elis would come through with flying colors tomorrow. He played tackle for Yale four years ago, when Yale last beat Harvard, and has coached both 'varsity and freshman elevens since then. He said:

"Yale is going to come back Saturday. The team put up a fight in Princeton last week that Princeton men can best testify to, and that drew reluctant admiration even from our friends of the metropolitan dailies. Yale's confidence was shown in no uncertain terms by the howling mob that met the team at the station on Tuesday noon and that packed Woolsey Hall last night to hear Captain Callahan and Head Coach Tad Jones. Harvard knows what to expect, as is reflected in the prevailing odds against the team that got the 'worst drubbing Princeton ever gave a Yale team.' Yale is going to come back Saturday, and Yale is going to win.

"Post mortems give pleasure to no one, but a few things about that Princeton game are important in forecasting the result on Saturday. Princeton gained some fifteen yards through the Yale line from tackle to tackle during the whole game and made no one sustained advance such as gave it two touchdowns against Harvard the week before. Harvard will not do better. Yale's secondary defense was slow in getting started, and its tackling was beyond words. The placing of Sturm at fullback will strengthen the secondary defense and the tackling will reflect the fighting determination one can see in every member of the team. Out of defeat has come the the heart of a cnampionship team."

Tad Jones's Comment.

When asked to make a statement regarding tomorrow's game, Head Coach Tad Jones, said tonight: "The Yale eleven is in excellent shape, both mentally and physically. I expect that the team will come through all right tomorrow, and am absolutely confident of victory."

The Yale Alumni Weekly said today that it was not worried about tomorrow's game. Followers of Yale football this Fall were not unprepared for a Princeton victory last Saturday. Few of them, however, were ready for what actually happened. Leaving out all incidental features, including fumbles that may occur in any game, Princeton was in top form and played brilliant football. Yale was below par physically and mentally and was outclassed. The Harvard game tomorrow ought to tell a different story and we think it will, given the first 'Varsity line-up a week of letdown from the strain and an eleventh-hour catching up on the fundamental theory of the game. If Yale is itself tomorrow we have no fear of the outcome.

Yale's first and second elevens today visited the Bowl for the final practice of the season. They made the trip early and remained only forty minutes, in order to turn the playing enclosure over to the Harvard squad, which took possession about 2:30 o'clock. The two elevens devoted their stay to a brief signal drill and practice in running back kickoffs, followed by punting by Kempton, Murphy and Aldrich.

Two candidates, Tom Dickens and Albert Into, were used at left tackle. But the coaches said tonight that they expect to start the play with Into, sending Dickens in in one of the middle periods, when Into will be switched over to right tackle and Leon Walker will retire. Bob Lay and Frank Kelley went through the signal rehearsal at right halfback and Kelley is slightly favored for starting the game.

Thorne Murphy in Reserve.

All the other changes, made when the eleven was reorganized following the Princeton game, were retained today, Perry Bean, the 200-pound former guard, being kept at right end, and Justin Sturm, another third eleven player, being retained at fullback. Herbert Kempton will start the game at quarterback, Thorne Murphy being reserved as pinch field-goal kicker and field general. Malcom Aldrich has fully recovered his physical condition and expects to be able to play the entire game. He will do most of Yale's punting, although Kempton, who will play fullback to receive punts, will occasionally kick.

Following their dinner at the training table tonight, the Yale eleven and first substitutes went to the college infirmary on Prospect Hill to remain until tomorrow, when they will be taken to the New Haven Country Club, returning to the training table for lunch before going to the bowl to dress for the game.

The football management was somewhat disturbed at the soft condition of the gridiron this afternoon. Since the three-days' rain the first of the week, the gridiron has been heavy with mud and there is no indication that it can possibly be dried before the game as weather predictions indicate warm and humid temperature until after the game.

Games That Will Be Played On College Gridirons Today

East.

Yale vs. Harvard, at New Haven.
Columbia vs. Pennsylvania, at Polo Grounds.
Fordham vs. Muhlenberg, at Fordham Field.
New York University vs. Stevens, at Hoboken.
Dartmouth vs. Brown, at Boston.
Lafayette vs. Lehigh, at Easton.
Syracuse vs. Colgate, at Syracuse.
Washington and Jefferson vs. Carnegie Tech, at Pittsburgh.
Amherst vs. Williams, at Amherst.
Boston College vs. Marietta, at Boston.
Bowdoin vs. Wesleyan, at Brunswick.
Haverford vs. Swarthmore, at Haverford.
Holy Cross vs. New Hampshire State, at Worcester.
Bucknell vs. Susquehanna, at Lewisburg.
Connecticut State vs. Rhode Island State, at Sterrs.
Georgetown vs. Washington and Lee, at Washington.
Johns Hopkins vs. Western Maryland, at Baltimore.
Rochester vs. Clarkson, at Rochester.
Ursinus vs. St. Joseph's, at Philadelphia.
Springfield vs. Detroit, at Springfield.
Tufts vs. Massachusetts Aggies, at Medford.
Union vs. Hamilton, at Schenectady.
Villanova vs. Catholic University, at Villanova.

South.

Centre vs. Virginia Poly, at Louisville.
Georgia vs. Alabama, at Atlanta.
West Virginia vs. Bethany, at Morgantown.
Tennessee vs. Mississippi, at Memphis.
William and Mary vs. Randolph Macon, at Richmond.

West.

Illinois vs. Ohio State, at Urbana.
Chicago vs. Wisconsin, at Chicago.
Minnesota vs. Michigan, at Minneapolis.
Nebraska vs. Michigan Aggies, at Lincoln.
Purdue vs. Indiana, at Lafayette.
De Pauw vs. Wabash, at Indianapolis.
Iowa State vs. Iowa, at Ames.
Northwestern University vs. Notre Dame, at Evanston.

School Games.

Stuyvesant vs. Evander Childs, at Catholic Protectory.
Erasmus Hall vs. Poly Prep, at Ebbets Field (afternoon).
Brooklyn Prep vs. St. John's Prep, at Ebbets Field (morning).
Manual Training vs. New Utrecht, at Commercial Field (afternoon).
Flushing vs. Boys' H. S., at Commercial Field (2:30 P. M.).
Marquand vs. McBurney, at Prospect Park Parade Grounds.
St. Francis vs. All-Hallows, at Central Park (morning).
Brooklyn Evening H. S. vs. Nyack H. S., at Nyack.

HARVARD PRACTICES ON YALE'S GRIDIRON

Crimson Eleven Stops on Way to Derby for Signal and Kicking Drill in Bowl.

Special to The New York Times.

DERBY, Conn., Nov. 19.—The Harvard football team, which will play Yale in the Bowl at New Haven tomorrow, arrived at Derby late this afternoon, after its four-hour train ride from Boston and an hour's practice on the field where the battle will be staged.

The team was accompanied by the entire staff of coaches, including former Coach Percy Haughton, who was on the way to New York to address a meeting at the Harvard Club.

The Harvard eleven in its final drill today lined up just as it has all week, Coach Fisher again using the several extra men who have been included in the daily combinations. The first line, however, and the one which now seems certain to start the game, included Kane at left end and Sedgwick at left tackle, with Tolbert at left guard, Havemeyer, centre; Woods, right guard; Hubbard, right tackle; Crocker, right end; Fitzgerald, quarterback; Owen, left halfback; Churchill, right halfback, and Horween, fullback. Faxon, Brown and Macomber all took a turn at the line. Buell also played quarterback and both Fitts and Humphrey were in for a time at right halfback.

The three complete teams had a good workout; there was no scrimmaging but a lot of kickink was indulged in. Fitts and Owen got away some beautiful punts, and Buell, Horween and Humphrey all did some drop kicking at each end of the playing field.

The gridiron in the Bowl was not in the condition Harvard hoped it would be. The coaches were looking for a hard, solid field, but today, although they found the gridiron turf in fine condition, it was soggy underneath and making fairly slippery going. There has been much rain at New Haven recently and the hay covering did not serve well as a protection. Tonight the team went to the Board of Trade rooms here at Derby, and every plan of the campaign tomorrow was gone over thoroughly.

The men on the Harvard squad are in the best of shape for the game, including Woods. The coaches have noted that the players are not in the least nervous and some of the older men remarked that they would not mind if the boys seemed to take the game a little more on their minds than they do. Leo Leary, former end coach, joined the Harvard party at Providence and is keeping with the squad.

After the practice today Coach Fisher said he could not decide on his final line-up before tomorrow at the game, but that if he had to guess he would pick the team as outlined above.

Fisher expects much of his Harvard eleven. He believes he has one of the best squads he has seen at Cambridge and that the absence of stars will prove no handicap tomorrow.

TIGERS FAVOR HARVARD.

Princeton Players, by 9-6 Vote, Pick Crimson to Win Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 19.—On the eve of the Yale-Harvard battle, Princeton's football team voted by 9 to 6 that the Crimson would win. The Tigers who earned their letters left Princeton tonight, and after paying the metropolis a short visit will journey on to New Haven tomorrow, where they have ringside seats for the big battle.

Three linemen, Capt. Mike Callahan, Shad Davis and Mel Dickinson, and three backs, Joe Scheerer, Jack Cleaves and Ralph Gilroy, favor the Blue, while five forwards and four backs are backing the Crimson. These are Bob Hooper, Armant Legendre, Jim McManmon, Stan Keck, Ed Stinson, Don Lourie, Frank Murrey, Al Wittmer and Hank Garrity. Keene Fitzpatrick, the veteran trainer and track coach, is making no predictions.

Of the men in favor of the Elis' chances all think that the Blue has the potential power, enough to win. Of those betting on the Crimson, four expect a margin of two touchdowns and the rest a margin of only one. Nearly all think that Jones should start Kempton and Aldrich.

In the Harvard column it is interesting to note the difference of opinion as to the effect of last week's Tiger victory, Keck thinking that it will make Yale a lot better and Lourie thinking that it will demoralize the Blue team.

The individual opinions are as follows:

Wittmer—"Harvard will win 21 to 0, for it has the best offense. Yale should do some good work through its line."

Hooper—"Harvard, with better material and in a better psychological condition, will win by two touchdowns. Yale is not very strong."

Keck—"Yale will come back strong and will hold the Crimson to one touchdown."

Mummey—"Harvard by 10 to 3, for it has a more polished machine and is as good, though not any better, individually."

Stinson—"Harvard will win by a close score."

Gilroy—"Yale has a good team and it will play a much brainier game this week, enough to pull through with a wire."

Garrity—"Harvard will win. Yale lacks material."

Cleaves—"A week's coaching will make a big difference in the Yale machine, and if Jones starts Kempton and Aldrich the Blue will win."

McManmon—"Yale by a close score."

Callahan—"Yale has a better line, and if it can stop the Crimson end runs, should win."

Legendre—"Yale has no offense, so Harvard will win by not more than two touchdowns."

Davis—"All Yale needs to do to win is to solidify."

Scheerer—"Yale has a good line and a good chance."

Lourie—"Harvard by 17 to 6. Our decisive defeat of Yale will have a bad effect on her."

Dickinson—"Yale by a small margin."

21 MILES OF SEATS.

Bowl Accommodations Would Stretch That Far in Straight Line.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 19.—An official diagram of the Yale bowl, issued today, shows seats for about 75,000 persons. The sixty-seven rows of seats, if placed in a straight line, would extend twenty-one miles. The top row seats 1,383 persons. The gridiron is twenty-seven feet below the outside ground level and the upper seats twenty-seven feet above.

Williams Wins Bout From Graham.

Irish Kid Williams won the decision from Bush Graham in the fifteen-round feature bout at the East New York Athletic Club last night, while San Smith knocked out Andy Gun in the fourth round of a six-round bout and Joe Daly went to a draw in a ten-round affair with Mickey Brown. Joe Rivers won the decision from Joe Matt in four rounds of even going.

Probable Line-up of Harvard and Yale Elevens

HARVARD.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.
Left end, Kane	20	182	6.01
Left tackle, Sedgwick	22	189	6.04
Left guard, Tolbert	24	208	6.00
Centre, Havemeyer	21	178	6.01
Right guard, Woods	22	220	6.02
Right tackle, Hubbard	20	210	6.02
Right end, Crocker	20	170	6.02
Q'terback, Fitzgerald	23	150	5.08
Left halfback, Owen	19	179	5.10
R't half'b'k, Churchill	20	155	5.06
Fullback, Horween	21	194	5.11

Average weight—Line, 194 pounds; backfield, 169½ pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Gaston, Clark, Macomber, Selden.
Tackles—Faxon, Eastman, Lockwood.
Guards—Brooker, Brown, Holmes, Olmsted.
Centres—Morrison, Kunhardt.
Quarterbacks—Buell, Johnson, Wales.
Halfbacks—Humphrey, Fitts, Chapin, Wharton.
Fullbacks—Gratwick, Rouillard.

YALE.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.
Right end, Bean	18	198	5.10
Right tackle, Walker	21	193	6.04
R't guard, Callahan	24	225	5.11
Centre, Cross	21	220	6.00
Left guard, Acosta	21	197	6.00
Left tackle, Into	24	205	6.01
Left end, Cutler	21	174	5.11
Quarterb'k, Kempton	24	155	5.07
Right halfback, Kelly	24	175	5.08
Left halfb'k, Aldrich	19	160	5.11
Fullback, Sturm	21	178	5.10

Average weight—Line, 202 pounds; backfield, 167 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Shevlin, Dilworth, Munger, Eager.
Tackles—O'Brien, Dickens, Mackay.
Guards—Herr, Guernsey, Qualle.
Centre—Galvin.
Quarterbacks—Murphy, D. Kelley, Neville.
Halfbacks—French, Lay, Wakelee.
Fullback—Jordan.

Referee—N. A. Tufts, Brown. Umpire—Thomas J. Thorpe, Columbia. Field judge—W. J. Crowell, Swarthmore. Linesman—G. N. Bankart, Dartmouth.

Time of game—Two o'clock. Length of periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable attendance—78,000.

PENN AND COLUMBIA RENEW OLD RIVALRY

'Varsity Elevens Meet at Polo Grounds Today After Lapse of Fifteen Years.

The ancient football rivalry between Columbia and Pennsylvania, which began away back in 1878 when the teams played their first game at Hoboken, will be renewed on the Polo Grounds this afternoon after a lapse of fifteen years. The last meeting in the inter-city series was in 1905, the same year in which football was abolished on Morningside Heights, and the clash that year resulted in a 23 to 0 victory for the Quaker eleven.

On past records the Red and Blue should be a heavy favorite this afternoon. Out of the twelve battles between the two, the Quakers have won eight and lost only three. One game, the contest that started the series in 1878, was a 0 to 0 tie. Columbia won in 1903 at Columbia Oval, in 1901 at the old Polo Grounds, and in 1881, and the other eight years were lean ones for the Blue and White.

From the Columbia standpoint the game this afternoon will be the most important athletic event in the recent history of the university. It will be the first time since football returned in 1915 that the Blue and White 'Varsity has played a home game outside the confines of South Field, and it marks a return to the old days of football when the Columbia eleven played its big games at the Polo Grounds, the old American League Park and at Columbia Oval.

Under the guidance of Coach John Heisman, the man who developed the Golden Tornado elevens of Georgia Tech, the Penn squad, seventy-five strong, arrived in the city yesterday and established headquarters at the Hotel Pennsylvania, which will be the centre of activity for Penn students and graduates before and after the game. Early in the afternoon the Quakers went up to the Polo Grounds for a short drill, which was intended merely to get the visitors accustomed to the lay of the land in the Harlem baseball park. The Red and Blue punters and halfbacks also took advantage of the visit to try the wind currents in the stadium.

Columbia in the meantime was going through a final workout on South Field, O'Neill passing up the opportunity to take his squad to the Polo Grounds. The Columbia coach used several combinations in the short signal drill and tried out several backfield men. His final selections will probaby be Harris at quarterback, Thornton and Canapary at halfback and Moszczenski at fullback. Captain Jack Kieninger will start at left end in place of Bob Pulleyn, but this will be the only change in the line.

The ticket sale indicated last night that about 30,000 people will watch the game. Columbia graduates and students have responded strongly to the appeal for support, and Penn authorities said last night that a delegation of about 3,000 would come over from Philadelphia this morning. The Penn student band will accompany the rooters. The game will begin promptly at 2 o'clock.

The probable lineup follows:

COLUMBIA.		PENN.
Kienninger	L. E.	Grave
Scovil	L. T.	Ward
Walder	L. G.	Cochran
Brodell	C.	Day
Calloway	R. G.	Frank
Modarelli	R. T.	Wagner
Forsythe	R. E.	Ertresvaag
Harris	Q. B.	Wray
Thornton	L. H. B.	Strauss
Canapary	R. H. B.	Harvey
Moszczenski	F. B.	Whitehill

Referee—J. J. Cosgrove, Cornell. Umpire—W. D. Merriman, Geneva. Field judge—O. F. Cutts, Harvard. Linesman—C. G. Eckles, W. and J.

BOMBSHELL FOR N. Y. U.

Five 'Varsity Fotball Players Are Found to Be Ineligible.

New York University's football team will take the field today against their old rivals, the Stevens eleven, minus the services of five regular players and two substitutes. An investigation into the records of seven members of the squad by an Alumi committee revealed that they are not eligible to compete for the Violet college.

Several of these men registered in the local institution but did not attend classes. An investigation of their school records revealed this and the committee declared they are not regular students at the University and are, therefore, not eligible. Others had declared they had competed at another college and were in good standing because of having been in the service since. Their records, however, did not show this and they will not be allowed to play.

The loss that will be most keenly felt is that of the two giant tackles, Pitt and McFadden. Another star who will be out of the line is the veteran centre, Brin, who has been starting in all the games. This was to be his last collegiate contest. Murphy, a substitute centre, was also declared ineligible. The backfield also suffered severely. Bourginon, who has been alternating at quarterback with Jackson, is out, as is also Sherfy, a regular halfback. Minton, a substitute end, is also out.

In yesterday's session Gargou, the Violet coach, practised with a much shifted team. Horrigan, the big guard, went to one tackle, and Caddell, who has just recovered from an injury, went to the other. At guards he had Guiney and Edgar, with Adelstein for centre. McCran will start at halfback. Jackson is the only quarterback now available unless Levin is shifted from end to the pilot's berth. Weinheimer and Ryan will play their regular positions of half back and fullback respectfvely.

The line-up today will probably be: Adams, left end; Caddell, left tackle; Guiney, left guard; Adelstein, centre; Edgar, right guard; Horrigan, right tackle; Levin, right end; Jackson, quarterback; McCran, left halfback; Weinheimer, right halfback; Ryan, fullback.

SERVATIUS WINS ANOTHER.

Steinbugler Also Scores in Class C Billiard Tournament.

In the final round of the Class C metropolitan 18.2 balkline billiard championship of the N. A. A. B. P., being played at the Broadway Billiard Academy, Charles Steinbugler and L. A. Servatius were the winners last night, the former defeating James Langdon by a score of 150 to 95, while Servatius tallied 150 to John Low's 77.

In the game between Steinbugler and Langdon the former led all the way, his average being 3 6-48, while Langdon's average was 2 9-48. Steinbugler's high runs were 32 and 15, while his adversary's high run was 9. At no time did the loser push the winner, whose playing was careful and consistent throughout.

Louis A. Servatius registered his third successive victory and his average was 4 6-36. His high runs of 19 and 11 show what an even game he maintained all the way. Low's average was 2 5-36 and his high runs were 9 and 10.

The standing of the players follows:

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
L. A. Servatius	3	0	1.000
G. Spear	2	0	1.000
C. Steinbugler	2	1	.666
J. Johann	1	2	.333
J. Low	1	3	.250
J. Langdon	0	3	.000

Another Victory for Hoppe.

Playing under conditions that were not the best, Willie Hoppe last night defeated Charley Peterson in an 18.2 balkline billiard match at the Wheelmen's Club of Asbury Park by a score of 300 to 149. It took Hoppe eight innings to run out the game for an average of 37 4-8. His best run was a cluster of 67. This was partly due to the fact that electric cushions were used on the table. Peterson average 17⅝ and his best run was 47.

Johnny Murray Loses Bout.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 19.—Young Andy Chaney of Philadelphia was given the newspaper decision over Johnny Murray of New York in a ten-round bout here tonight. The boxers weighed 126 pounds ringside.

Special Football Trains To Leave Every 10 Minutes

That the expected thousands of football fans may be afforded adequate facilities for making the trip from this city to New Haven today, where the Yale-Harvard game is to be held this afternoon, the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. announced last night that, starting at 7:55 o'clock this morning, special trains would be run from this city to the City of Elms at ten minute intervals, and that there would be enough trains operated to take care of the crowd, regardless of its magnitude.

Also, it was announced that the special train service would in no wise interfere with the regular train schedule. Only day coaches are to be used in the makeup of the special trains. The Yale and Harvard clubs of New York will have four special trains each. The private parties with special cars coming from connecting roads number twenty-five.

MANY ELEVENS TO END SEASON TODAY

Other Teams, Including Army and Navy, Will Rest Up for Next Week's Games.

For many football teams—indeed, for most of the Eastern elevens—today marks both the culmination and the close of the season of 1920. Still, several of the most powerful machines, such as Penn State, Pittsburgh and Cornell, will remain in the juggernaut garage this afternoon, merely undergoing an oiling process for big games on Thanksgiving Day.

Of the contests listed for this afternoon that between Harvard and Yale in the great Bowl at New Haven is easily the most important in the view of the great host of football enthusiasts. Its approach almost keys up the keenest of interest, extending at least as far from here as the Pacific coast, and this year provides no exception to prove the rule.

The zeal of the partisans of the two universities is affected only slightly if at all by the fact that the battle this season bids fair to be one-sided. Of course, Yale may stage that often discussed, but seldom viewed, miracle known as a comeback, but if the Blue should do better today than to hold the Crimson to a reasonably low score, the wave of surprise will engulf not only Harvard supporters but the entire bowlful of onlookers.

Columbia vs. Penn Here.

Columbia's final tussle will be staged this afternoon at the Polo Grounds, with the Quakers in the role of invading oppressors. Just the extent of the tyranny to be exercised by the Pennsylvanians is very much of a problem, but it is commonly agreed that Heisman's athletes, despite the trampling undergone from all fronts this week, constitute an eleven much stronger than Penn could boast, or apologize for, a month ago. Columbia, on the other hand, wasn't going anywhere this season, or, if she was, never got started for her goal. It's one of those you-never-can-tell affairs today, at that.

Another game which will hold much of the limelight is that to be played at Braves Field in Boston between Dartmouth and Brown. This is one of New England's classic gridiron struggles and means about as much, even to Boston denizens, as a Harvard-Yale tussle.

Earlier in the Autumn the Providence eleven was generally believed to be below the usual standard in power. There have been substantial bits of evidence lately, however, that Ned Robinson has managed to develop a really good machine. The rocky road that Yale had to travel before subduing Brown is a case in point. Nevertheless, Dartmouth is not expected to have an unduly hard time of it this afternoon. The Green eleven is a whale just now, with or without its mighty leader, Jim Robertson.

Other Old Rivals to Meet.

A game which has lost much of its usual savor is that between Syracuse and Colgate, which will be staged on the former's gridiron today. Last season this was a whirlwind encounter, and the Orange gave Colgate its sole thrashing of the year. The score was 13 to 7. This afternoon Syracuse, although not as powerful as she was believed to be earlier in the Fall, is expected to give the Hamilton team another beating, and a much sounder one. There is no merit this season in being listed among Colgate's conquerors.

Fordham will act as host to the Muhlenberg eleven at Fordham Field, and the Maroon should wind up its home season with a victory. New York University will make the arduous journey to Hoboken to engage in the much more arduous task of trying to take the measure of Stevens.

The service teams at West Point and Annapolis will devote the hours to practice for their coming clash at the Polo Grounds, neither having a fixed battle listed.

Important games to be played in the Middle West will bear heavily on the destination of the Conference championship for the season. Ohio State, leading at present with four consecutive victories, will face Illinois, which has lost only one in five and holds second place. The Conference title will belong to the winner of this game.

BIG TEN TITLE AT STAKE.

Illinois and Ohio State Struggle Today for Conference Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

URBANA, Ill., Nov. 19.—The Illinois and Ohio State elevens went through a brief signal drill on Illinois Field here this afternoon, preparatory to their game tomorrow afternoon, which will decide the championship of the Western conference. Following its workout the Illinois team retired to the Champaign Country Club, where it will remain until shortly before time for the match. The Ohio State team returned to Danville, thirty miles from here, to spend the night. Ideal weather conditions prevail, with a very fast field.

The twin towns of Champaign and Urbana are at fever pitch on the eve of the title clash. Every available seat has been sold for the past five days. Twenty thousand people will witness the struggle, among which are 3,000 rooters from Columbus. Three special trains have been chartered by the Columbus Chamber of Commerce. They will arrive here at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. Other specials are being run out of Chicago and also one from Peoria. Thousands of people are touring to the contest in automobiles, and about 200 machines will make the trip from Columbus via motor, a distance of 307 miles.

In case Ohio State does not finish with the long end of the score, a tie will be sufficient to make the Buckeyes champions as they have not lost a game all season, while Wisconsin won from Illinois 14 to 9, last Saturday. Ohio State defeated Wisconsin, 13 to 7, three weeks ago.

The probable line-ups:

OHIO STATE.		ILLINOIS.
Myers	L. E.	Carney
Huffman	L. T.	Olander
J. Taylor	L. G.	Mohr
Nemecek	C.	Depler
Wieche	R. G.	Smith
Trott	R. T.	Ems
Slycker	R. E.	Hallstrom
H. Workman	Q. B.	Bob Fletcher
Stinchcomb	L. H. B.	Ralph Fletcher
Bliss	R. H. B.	Walquist
Williaman	F. B.	Crangle

Referee—Mr. Birch, Earlham. Umpire—Mr Schommer, Chicago. Field judge—Mr. Snyder, Harvard. Linesman—M. Young, Illinois Wesleyan. Length of periods—15 minutes.

HOPPE ISSUES DEFI TO BELGIAN RIVAL

Challenges Horemans to Play for World's Billiard Title Before Jan. 1.

Edouard Horemans of Belgium, the professional balkline billiard champion of Europe, was formally welcomed to this country at a luncheon given by the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co. at the Hotel Astor yesterday. About twenty-five guests, including Willie Hoppe, the world's champion, leading men connected with the sport in this section of the country and newspaper representatives attended. It was the first meeting between Horemans and Hoppe. Both smiled their prettiest while they were being introduced, and, after an exchange of courtesies, they engaged in quite a lengthy conversation. The fact that Hoppe is able to speak some German enabled him to converse with his rival from overseas, for Horeman's English is very limited; in fact, it is confined to about fifty words.

During the luncheon R. B. Benjamin, Hoppe's business representative, formally challenged Horemans to play a match for the world's championship before the end of December. Benjamin explained that he was taking the opportunity to publicly invite Horemans to meet Hoppe because of reports which have been in circulation recently to the effect that Hoppe was unwilling to play Horemans until after the former had finished the extensive exhibition tour of this country which he has arranged beginning about Jan. 1.

"Mr. Hoppe is very anxious to play Mr. Horemans," said Benjamin. "I will be very glad to meet Mr. Horemans's representatives next week and definitely arrange a match to be played before the first of the year. We can see no reason why the match should not be held before the end of next month. We do not wish to do anything to embarrass our visitor in the slightest. We wish to give him all the time necessary for him to become acclimated and to become accustomed to the conditions governing balkline billiards in this country, with which, I understand, Mr. Horemans is not thoroughly familiar. If a match were arranged to be played toward the end of December it would give Mr. Horemans nearly five weeks to practice. This would be ample time for him to perfect his game."

Hoppe Has Other Rivals.

"Under the rules governing championship competition in this country Hoppe must defend his title against Welker Cochran and Jake Schaefer, the players who finished first and second in the preliminary round of the national tournament at San Francisco. The final round will be played at the Hotel Astor on Dec. 6, 7 and 8. After that event Hoppe will be at liberty to play Mr. Horemans any time up to the first of the year. Before we knew that Mr. Horemans was coming to this country we had arranged an exhibition tour to follow the championship tournament. This was in accord with the custom we have followed for the last several years. Naturally, these exhibitions are very lucrative. In a monetary way they mean more to Hoppe than would a single match for the championship. I see no good reason why it would be necessary for us to cancel any of these engagements when there is ample time for us to play Horemans before it is necessary for us to go on the road."

There was no answer made by Horemans representatives to this public challenge. They have not yet definitely decided upon the Belgian's plans while he is in this country. It is said that he is under contract to play ten exhibition matches, but whether he will elect to play these exhibitions before tackling Hoppe or will defer them until afterward is not definitely known at this time. Should F. J. L. Derks, Horemans's secretary, decide to play the exhibitions first, it appears that a meeting between him and Hoppe will not take place until late in the Winter or early in the Spring.

Among those present at the luncheon besides Horemans, Hoppe, Derks and Benjamin were B. E. Bensinger, President of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company; Pierre Mali, Belgium's Consul General; C. P. Miller and Thomas A. Dwyer, respectively vice-president and treasurer of the B. B. C. Co.; A. F. Troescher, formerly president of the company; John T. Doyle, president of the Greater New York Room Owners' Association; Maurice Daly, Joseph Thum, J. P. Allen, Secretary of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players; Arthur Hyman, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the N. A. A. B. P.; Francis S. Appleby, Edward Stutreyant, A. A. Troescher, Charles C. Peterson, Edward Lawler, William Flynn, Sheppard Barclay, Frank A. Dwyer and Gus Rudolphy.

Belgian Has Practice Session.

Immediately following the luncheon Horemans put in a long practice session. It was his second during the day. He held his first workout in the morning, but it lasted for only about a half hour. He worked for slightly more than two hours in the afternoon, and when he finished he was anything but pleased with what he had been able to accomplish.

F. J. L. Derks explained that the conditions here are vastly different from those to which Horemans has been accustomed on the other side. In the first place, No. 1 Simonis cloth is used on the championship tables in this country, while in Belgium, Holland and France No. 3 grade is used. The No. 3 grade is a much heavier cloth. It has a greater nap and consequently it is considerably slower. Thus it is much easier to control the balls on it than on the No. 1 grade. Then, too, the balls here are slightly smaller than those in vogue in Europe. The difference amounts to about one-thirty-second of an inch. While this is an extremely small difference, still it affects to a degree close manipulation of the ivories. Furthermore, the tables here are built about three inches lower than they are across the ocean.

The greatest difference, however, is in the anchor lines drawn where the balklines join the cushions. Here a square block of seven inches is drawn. In Europe they use a triangle which is just large enough to permit of one ball being placed on each side of the balkline and against the cushion. This gives them a much larger space to work inside the balklines than with the seven-inch block employed here.

Does Not Show Normal Form.

Horemans was still feeling the effects of his sea voyage, and this, coupled with the different conditions, made quite an obstacle for him to overcome on his first practice. For this reason little could be judged of his real form. It will be nearly a week before he has hit anything like his normal stride. However, he showed enough during the workout to convince those who watched him that he possesses a wealth of billiard technique. He is a left-handed player, but is ambidextrous in making massé shots. And he is particularly fond of massés. He frequently plays them in preference to short draws.

Yesterday his stroke was a bit ragged and was harsh. It was not nearly so delicate as that of Hoppe, but he undoubtedly will be able to brush off the rough edges with hard practice. His judgment of speed was excellent, but his control of the ivories was not very impressive. However, judgment cannot be passed upon him on the strength of his first practice here.

GREEN WINS AT SNOOKER.

Defeats Paley, 82 to 71, In Annual Tournament at Doyle's.

In the annual snooker handicap tournament, now in progress at John Doyle's Academy, Thomas Green last night defeated Louis Paley by a score of 82 to 71 in a game that brought out all the chief characteristics of the two players. Paley played his usual spectacular game while Green was careful and waited for opportunities to pounce on the good things in the way of leaves left by his adversary, and, in the end, the careful waiting had its reward.

Paley started well and assumed a good lead, but later banged into the balls. They entered the colors fairly even. Then Green snookered Paley twice, giving him 14 points, paving the way for his victory.

At the same academy the first night's play started in the final round robin round in the pocket billiard tournament. Ed Dale met Vernon Whittle, who allowed him 26 points, and Dale won, the final score being 65 to 64 in favor of Dale.

Going into the last frame the score was 59 all. Later, each needed two to win. Whittle made one but missed position on the next ball and then failed to score the extra count, whereupon

AMERICAN MORALITY ANNOYS BAKLANOFF

Chicago Opera Baritone Finds Protest From Clergymen On His Release From Ellis Island.

RAGES ABOUT 'THAT WOMAN'

American Singers in the Company Defend Baklanoff and Condemn Attacks On Him.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Georges Baklanoff, baritone of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, was much peeved on his arrival here today to learn that Dr. Herbert L. Willett, President of the Chicago Church Federation, had written a letter to the Directors of the opera company demanding that the singer be ousted from the organization because of his relations last year with Mlle. Elvira Amazar, a soprano.

Baklanoff reached Chicago today from Ellis Island, where he had been held up by Immigration authorities until released by an order from Washington, which was engineered by representatives of the Chicago Grand Opera Company.

Dr. Willett objects to Baklanoff on the grounds that he is "notoriously immoral." In his letter to the Directors of the opera company Dr. Willett cited the incidents which lead to Baklanoff's arrest last year under charges preferred by Mlle. Amazar.

"What is he?" inquired Georges, after a profound study of the letter.

"Oh, a priest; but what does he think? That I am a priest, too? No, I am not a priest—not even on the stage.

"Everywhere that I sang this number—Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Prague, Stockholm—my friends, they ask: 'What was your trouble in America?' I say: 'A woman.' 'Yes,' they insist, 'but what was the real trouble?' They do not understand this American morality which is so childlike on the surface and so abominable underneath. If 1 per cent. of American men are virtuous, as the clergymen say, that is a large number.

"But I have learned my lesson. In Chicago I don't look again at a woman—not even a grandmother."

Someone mentioned Ellis Island.

"That woman," raged Georges, "to think that a woman can—but never mind. Only, I will say this about Ellis Island. It is a pretty good Summer resort—especially if you like to look at ferry boats. But as a place to spend the Winter—no. I would not recommend it—even to this Dr. Willett."

The American singers in the Chicago Grand Opera Company, headed by Ricardo Martin, rushed to Baklanoff's defense today and issued this statement:

"The American people have gone mad, stark mad, staring crazy on busybodyism. Feminism is in the saddle, mollycoddleism is in the air, hypocrisy reigns triumphant, and we are careening in a mad flight for the old lady's home—where we belong. The distinguished foreign artists among us are too polite to say as much; it is part of their culture to ignore that which is painful to observe. We are regarded as a nation of chorus men with lace on our sleeves, musk on our clothes, dollars in our pockets, but not a semblance of brain or manhood in our make-up."

Herbert G. Johnson, Executive Director of the opera company, declared that Baklanoff would not be withdrawn on his initiative and that it was improbable the Directors would take any action on Dr. Willett's letter.

RILEY GETS ACCOUNTS OF HOTEL BLACKSTONE

Books Are Turned Over to Head of the Flying Squadron on Grand Jury Subpoena.

Books of the Blackstone Hotel, 50 East Fifty-eighth Street, were produced yesterday at the office of Armin W. Riley, head of the Flying Squadron, in the Federal Building, in response to a subpoena issued Thursday by the Federal Grand Jury. Mr. Riley is seeking information in his campaign to bring down the prices of food in hotels and restaurants. Representatives of the hotel, Mr. Riley said, had refused to give his agents the data desired.

Alfred E. Harris, manager, and George Schauss, Jr., accountant of the hotel, with accountants engaged by Mr. Riley, were busy all of yesterday preparing the data and the work will be resumed this morning and continued until all the information the books can give has been obtained.

Frank A. K. Boland, counsel for the Hotel Men's Association, protested against the examination of the books by Mr. Riley's accountants, declaring the procedure was high-handed and unjustified. He said that it was the first time the Department of Justice had failed to co-operate with the Hotel Men's Association and added that if Mr. Riley had been refused the books when he first asked for them, it was because restaurant prices which he wanted in particular were mixed up with other figures in the books. Mr. Boland offered to have the restaurant figures transcribed on separate paper for Mr. Riley, but this proposal was not satisfactory to the Squadron head. Mr. Boland declared that he would ask in the Federal Court for a restraining order.

FLY 1,864 MILES OVER SEA.

Portuguese Aviators Achieve a Nearly Record-Breaking Flight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Two Portuguese aviation officers, Captain Brito Paes and Lieutenant Sarmento Beiros, have just come within 250 miles of making a record non-stop round-trip flight from Lisbon to Madeira, a distance of about 1,500 kilometers each way, over the sea. Their average velocity during the trip of approximately 1,864 miles was 112½ miles an hour.

Failure of their gasoline supply compelled their descent before the voyage was completed. They descended in latitude 35.11 north, longitude 13.4 west, which is about 240 miles from Funchal. They were rescued by the British steamer Cambia River. The airplane disappeared from view soon after the pilots abandoned it and is supposed to have sunk.

SHIP SALE FRAUD CHARGED.

Directors of New Haven Road Accused in Suit.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 19.—Allegations of fraud on the part of officials of the Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc., and Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad are made in a suit against the corporation filed in the Supreme Court today by the Metropolitan Steamship Company of New Jersey, which seeks to recover property which it claims was worth more than $3,000,000 and was disposed of for one-third that amount, and for all profits received for its use in the last three years. The property includes steamers, lighters, car floats and a wharf in Boston.

Chief Justice Cornish issued a restraining order, and a hearing on a petition for a temporary injunction will be held here on Nov. 29.

ROB BANK OF $150,000, BUT ARE CAUGHT LATER

Police of Roanoke, Va., Arrest 2 Men, Kill Third and Recover Loot From Near-by Bank.

ROANOKE, Va., Nov. 19.—The Bank of Glasgow, Glasgow, Va., was robbed early today of $150,000 in Liberty bonds and currency, and three hours later Roanoke police held up an automobile and after a pistol battle killed one of the three occupants, took the other two prisoners and recovered the loot from the bank. In the battle Patrolman O. L. Hendrix was slightly wounded.

The dead man, according to the police, is James B. Rodgers, 28, of Philadelphia. The men under arrest gave their names as Charles Carter, 38, of Cincinnati, and William Porter, 47, of Washington, D. C.

Chief of Police Rigney expressed the belief tonight that they were implicated in a series of robberies recently in North Carolina, Georgia, Virginia and Tennessee.

According to President Vaughan of the Glasgow Bank, the robbery became known shortly after 2 o'clock this morning when an explosion occurred in the building. Examination showed that a vault had been rifled. An alarm was sent to Roanoke, which resulted in the arrest.

WOULD CHECK IMMIGRATION.

Representative Welty Asks Colby to Act "Under Authority of Congress."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Representative Welty, Democrat, Ohio, made public today a letter addressed by him to Secretary Colby asking the State Department "under authority of Congress" to check immigration. Mr. Welty, a member of the House Committee investigating immigration at Ellis Island and elsewhere, declared that "this country will be swamped with immigration from Europe" unless such steps are taken.

"I am reliably informed that the steamship companies have requests for transportation of immigrants from Europe which would tax the capacity of all lines touching American ports for ten years," the letter said. "In view of the shutting down of a large number of our industries, awaiting readjustment, the lack of markets for farm products and the shortage of coal, would it not be advisable to shut down immigration this Winter so as to avoid additional suffering?"

CHILD MOVIE PATRONS SAY THEY WENT ALONE

Identify Catharine Theatre Men as Ticket Sellers—Manslaughter Case Dropped.

Eleven children who were in the panic at the New Catharine Theatre on Sunday testified yesterday at a hearing in the Tombs Court that they bought their own tickets and passed in unaccompanied by parents or guardians.

Harry Goldman, 12 years old, of 75½ Catharine Street, and Mary Lascola, 12 years old, of 42 Oliver Street, looked over a row of men who were lined up and picked out Morris Schwartz as the man who sold them tickets. His partner, Bernard Weinberg, was picked out as the ticket seller by two others, while Joseph Polani, the janitor, was named by others.

The charge of manslaughter against the three men was canceled by Magistrate Sweetser, because of lack of evidence to support it, but all three were held for admitting children without parents or guardians. They were held in $500 bail each for examination next Friday.

The tragedy was discussed, but no positive action taken yesterday at a meeting called by Chief Assistant District Attorney A. J. Talley at the Criminal Courts Building and attended by Assistant District Attorneys Benedict D. Dineer, P. Francis Marro and Edwin B. McGuire, Superintendent of Buildings Rudolph P. Miller, Assistant Superintendent William D. Brush, Deputy Commissioner of Licenses James F. Geraghty, Chief Inspector John V. McShane of the License Department, Chief Joseph O'Hanlon of the Bureau of Public Assembly of the Fire Department, Police Inspector William A. Coleman, General Manager Ernest K. Coulter of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty—to Children, President William Bradt of the Theatre Owners' Chamber of Commerce and Louis F. Blumenthal, Executive Manager of that association.

FORESTALLS A MOVIE PANIC.

Operator Keeps Audience in Ignorance When Film Catches Fire.

The presence of mind of Arthur Tobias, a motion picture operator, prevented a possible panic among 150 patrons of the Golden Rule Theatre, 125 Rivington Street, last night, when 125 feet of film caught fire from the projector light and burned up in the operator's booth. Tobias clipped the burning film, which dropped to the steel floor of the booth and burned out without the knowledge of any one in the audience.

A friend, who was in the booth with Tobias, notified a patrolman, who turned in an alarm. When the firemen arrived the blaze had been extinguished.

Stell Anderson Makes Debut.

Stell Anderson, slender in Melisande draperies, forceful within gracious limits of womanly strength, made an artistic debut as pianist last evening in Carnegie Hall. An Iowan born, she is still a daughter of the Vikings, as indicated by national colors that marked a Norwegian official party's presence at her concert, and by her playing of Grieg's "Ballade," and Palmgren's "May Night" midway in her program. Miss Anderson had won a musical house, however, from the start, in the Bach-Busoni D-major prelude and fugue, despite an apparent slip, perhaps of memory, while to Liszt's B-minor sonata she gave the elegance of rare repose, of eloquent pauses, haunting harmonies, mellowing shadows in the high lights of Liszt. She added later pieces by Rachmaninoff and Rubinstein.

Jencie Callaway John in Recital.

Jencie Callaway John, a soprano who has before appeared here, gave a recital in Aeolian Hall last night, singing with their proper humor a half-dozen of Dvorak's gypsy songs, and, among French pieces, Ravel's "To Anne Playing the Spinet." She gave the touch of fantasy to a manuscript setting by Josephine Uterhart of Richard Le Gallienne's "A Caravan from China Comes" and two contrasting bits by Frederick Jacobi and her accompanist, Richard Hageman. To old English lyrics of Dr. Arne and Purcell she added "The Lass with the Delicate Air" as a closing encore.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Pagans," a play by Charles P. Anthony, has been placed in rehearsal by Wilner & Romberg. The cast will include Joseph Schildkraut, son of Rudolph Schildkraut; Irene Fenwick, Helen Ware, Alice Fischer, Arvid Paulson, John Maurice Sullivan and Albert Wyatt.

The Garden Players of Forest Hills will offer a bill of one-act plays at the Kew Gardens Country Club on Monday and Tuesday nights of next week.

Ernest Truex will enter the cast of "Pitter Patter," at the Longacre, this afternoon. "The Storm" will end its engagement at the Cohan & Harris House next week.

THE OPERA

By Richard Aldrich

Zaza.

After a record of unvarying failure since its first production in Italy twenty years ago, Leoncavallo's opera of "Zaza" justified Mr. Gatti-Casazza's venture a year ago by making one of the chief successes of the season at the Metropolitan Opera House. So it was natural that it should be brought back to the stage of the opera early this season. The chief element in its New York success was doubtless Mme. Farrar's skilful impersonation of the heroine; and that will again make its success—if the public of the Metropolitan can stand it. Certain features of it are of even higher flavor than they were last season, and nothing in those performances was moderated last evening.

The opera itself is written with brilliant skill in the management of the contrasting efforts, notably the famous scene behind the scenes that constitutes the first act, and the various blends of sentiment, sentimentality and passion that have their place in the succeeding acts. Leoncavallo found the right note for it all in his music, which is fluent, and melodiously commonplace, and does not err on the side of distinction. Fragments of obvious tune, waltz rhythm, gavotte rhythms and others, with a smattering of "Pagliacci" and stretches of the plainest kind of filling, together with a few long sustained melodies, are the chief constituents of the score.

The heroine's part is expertly and vivaciously acted by Mme. Farrar, with coarseness, joviality, breathless rapidity and spirit and again with a chastened and subdued plaintiveness. It is an arduous part and keeps her in view and singing a large part of the time, so that the burden of the performance rests heavily on her ample shoulders. She carries it much as she did last season and sings with much the same quality of voice and style of vocalism that she gave then.

There were two important changes in the cast. Instead of Mr. Crimi, Mr. Martinelli took the part of Milio Duffresne, the lover, with more personality and with more, if not greatly better, voice. Instead of Mr. Amato, Mr. De Luca was the Cascart, the music hall singer and intimate of Zaza, and was doubtless somewhat more in the character. He made it more vulgar, less amiable than Mr. Amato's conception, which had a strain of refinement and frank bonhomie apparently out of place in this opera.

The rest of the numerous characters were mostly in the same hands as last season, except Natalia, Zaza's ward, who has nothing to do but put on her mistress's clothes and take them off, a task ably performed last evening by Miss Tiffany. Mme. Kathleen Howard's grotesque and unlovely character sketch of the mother arrests attention among the doings of the minor characters. Attention was also arrested by the precocious figure of little Ada Quintana, touching in its simplicity.

Mr. Moranzoni conducted a performance that embodied the changing spirit of the opera.

Miss Katherine Bacon's Recital.

Miss Katherine Bacon's piano recital in Aeolian Hall, her first one in New York, showed an engagingly musical personality and an uncommonly well-trained and well-formed technique, the results of the two united being such as to give pleasure of a none too common kind. Her program began with an arrangement by Busoni of a quite unfamiliar toccata and fugue in C minor by Bach; not one of the master's most interesting and absorbing compositions as it seemed yesterday, the toccata in several contrasted sections being very long indeed. Four of Couperon's miniature program pieces followed; and Chopin's B flat minor sonata, three preludes by Rachmaninoff, without the one in C sharp minor or even the one in G minor, a fact indicating a spirit of originality and independence on Miss Bacon's part; pieces by Ravel, Albeniz, Brahms and Liszt.

Miss Bacon's tone and touch have color and nuance, though they are apt to be somewhat small in scale—this is the impression, in fact, left by her playing of Chopin's sonata. But there is finish in detail, carefully adjusted and proportioned, and musically so, not in the manner of one who arranges and adjusts a cabinet of curios. Her treatment of the phrase is intelligent, carefully conceived and employed to musical ends; her left hand is well developed, an active factor in the production of a harmonious whole. It is not often that results so musically satisfactory are offered in this hall by a newly appearing performer.

GEORGE M. COHAN REJOINS FRIARS CLUB

While Abbot He Resigned During the Actors' Strike More Than a Year Ago.

George M. Cohan, who resigned his membership in the Friars Club during the actors' strike of August a year ago, rejoined that organization yesterday. Mr. Cohan, whose resignation both as Abbot and member was brought about by the alleged attitude toward him of a number of the professional members of the club, owing to his stand against the Actors' Equity Association during the strike, resisted a delegation of hundreds of Friars who asked him to rejoin the club while the strike was on, but asked to be reinstated last week when requested to do so by his mother. His application was favorably acted upon by the club yesterday.

Mr. Cohan, in his dressing room at the Hudson Theatre last night, said that the Friars had a sentimental association for him, since it had been the only organization of the kind which his father had ever belonged to. He did not have the same feeling for the Lambs, he said, and accordingly had not considered rejoining that body, from which he also resigned during the strike.

Asked if he would again accept the leadership of the Friars, Mr. Cohan said that he might do so after a legitimate election, but that he was not rejoining the club merely for the purpose of being greeted with "a grand hurrah." John J. Gleason has been the Abbot of the club since Mr. Cohan's resignation.

THE PHILHARMONIC PLAYS.

Hadley Gives Dvorak's 'New World' Symphony—Seidel, Solo Artist.

That an American conductor should find in Dvorak's "New World" symphony, played at yesterday's Philharmonic matinee, a fitting key to unlock memories of other days of New York's oldest orchestral society, was less surprising, doubtless, than was the actual extent of enthusiasm which greeted Henry Hadley in his second program here as associate conductor. The veteran players joined with their seasoned subscribers in a demonstration unusual even in recent crowded weeks in Carnegie Hall.

Toscha Seidel was again the solo artist, and he, too, chose for the matinee a popular favorite, the violin concerto of Mendelssohn, in a mood of cloying beauty somewhat foreign to his Russian schooling, but none the less congenial to his hearers yesterday afternoon. Mr. Hadley's program concluded with a repetition of the charming F. Major Suite for orchestra by Mosrkowski.

MUSIC NOTES.

"Tristan" will be sung at the Metropolitan this afternoon for the first time since Friday, April 13, 1917. The revival is in English and the matinee hour is put forward to 1:45 o'clock.

Charge d'Affaires Halla of the Czechoslovakia Legation and Consul General Kopecky will attend the debut of Vasa Prihoda, violinist, at Carnegie Hall on Monday, under the auspices of the Camp Fire Girls.

Alexander Bloch and Mrs. Bloch will play sonatas of Bach, Beethoven and Richard Strauss on Monday evening at Aeolian Hall.

The Letz Quartet will assist Claudia Muzio and others at the Hippodrome tomorrow afternoon in a benefit for Beth David Hospital.

Joseph Winogradoff, a Russian baritone, makes his second appearance here in a recital tomorrow evening at the Lexington.

Richard Bold, tenor, will sing an air from Lisa Lehmann's "Persian Garden" in next week's musical program at the Strand.

CHECK ALIEN HORDE, WALLIS DEMANDS

Immigration Commissioner Here Would Tighten Law for Our Own Safety.

MILLIONS ARE ON WAY HERE

Organized Movement to Flood Country With Anarchists Revealed in Address.

An organized movement to flood the country with anarchists and criminals is on foot, Commissioner of Immigration Frederick A. Wallis said in an address before the National Industrial Council at the Hotel Pennsylvania last night. He had information, he said, that the police of two foreign nations were conspiring through steamship crews and stowaways to send here the dregs of their populations.

"We must improve the quality of our immigration," he went on, "as well as restrict its volume, or in a short time the existence of our free institutions will be threatened. Every man and woman coming here from abroad should be compelled to present a police certificate showing that he has never committed a crime or been in prison, and a medical certificate of freedom from contagious or loathsome diseases. Our inspection on this side must be made stricter, and in particular we must watch the ship crews and stowaways. One boat came in recently with a crew of eleven hundred. Many of these are Bolshevisti and criminals. They swarm down the sides of the ship and are off into the country before any one can stop them."

Millions of foreigners are waiting to come to America, the Commissioner said. Sixteen steamship companies told him, he asserted, that they could book passages for ten years ahead. He understood that four or five million in Italy were awaiting a chance to come here, many more in Germany, and eleven thousand in Poland.

SUIT OVER GOODWIN ESTATE

Klaw & Erlanger Want Actor's Father to Account for $15,000.

Surrogate Cohalan reserved decision yesterday on an application by counsel for Klaw & Erlanger, as a creditor for $8,000 against the estate of Nat Goodwin, to compel his father, Nathaniel C. Goodwin, administrator of the actor's estate, to account for a judgment for $15,000 obtained by the actor against the Mirror Films for breach of contract. The judgment was not accounted for in the assets because the administrator stated that his son assigned it to him. Counsel for Klaw & Erlanger said that the actor promised to pay the $8,000 debt out of the proceeds of the judgment when it was paid, and that he had no right to assign it for that reason.

Objection was also made to turning over all the personal effects in the actor's apartment to his fiancée, Miss Georgia Gardiner, to whom he wrote a letter saying: "It is little enough to show my appreciation of all the happiness you have brought me and of the love I bear you."

Miss Gardiner will testify in the proceeding on Monday.

BURGLARY AT THE CAPITOL.

Offices of Two Congressmen Ransacked by Unknown Intruders.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Guards at the Capitol today found that the offices of Representatives Baer of North Dakota and Oliver of Alabama, in the House office building, had been entered in the night and the personal files of the two Representatives ransacked. Entrance to the offices was gained by smashing the glass in the windows.

The secretaries of the two members, both of whom are at their homes, said that so far as could be ascertained nothing had been taken. No clue to the identity of the burglars has been obtained by the Capitol guards or the police.

Benefit for Willie Gibson, Dancer.

A benefit performance in aid of Willie Gibson, for many years well-known as a dancer, will be given at the Cohan and Harris Theatre a week from Sunday night. Those who are announced to appear include Raymond Hitchcock, Joseph Santley and Ivy Sawyer, Maclyn Arbuckle, Bert Williams, Eddie Cantor, Frances White and others.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d & C. P. West. Evs. 8. Mat. Today at 2. MATINEE TODAY AT 2 SHARP. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD MECCA Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.

CENTURY PROMENADE 62d St. & Cent. Park W. CENTURY REVUE AT 8:30 MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS AT 11:30 Dining and Dancing 6 P. M. to 3 A. M.

WINTER GARDEN 50 & B'y. Evs. 8:20. MATINEE TODAY Geo. LeMaire's BREVITIES BROADWAY With BERT WILLIAMS

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Thanks. Day MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present THE SENSATION OF LONDON, PARIS & N. Y. DELYSIA "AFGAR" in the Wonderful Musical Show. With LUPINO LANE & Paul Poiret Costumes.

APOLLO 42d St. & B'way. EVES. 8:20. MATS. THANKSGIVING DAY. TODAY. FRANCES WHITE in the new musicomedy "JIMMIE" with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

TIMES SQ. EVES. 8:30. MATS. TODAY, & THANKSGIVING DAY. FLORENCE REED in EDGAR SELWYN'S NEW PLAY "THE MIRAGE"

SELWYN W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. FRANK TINNEY IN TICKLE ME A Musigirl Comedy

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee Today, 2:20. Last Week. THE LADY OF THE LAMP

OPENING Mond. Eve., Nov. 22d EARL CARROLL Presents "DADDY DUMPLINS" With MACLYN ARBUCKLE by George Barr McCutcheon & Earl Carroll SEATS NOW SELLING

FULTON W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Thanksg'g Day, 2:30. "LADIES' NIGHT"

PRINCESS 39th, n'r B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30. MOST UNUSUAL PLAY IN N. Y with BRANDON TYNAN THE MANDARIN

BELMONT THEATRE, W. 48 St. Bry. 48. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Thurs. 2:30 MR. & MRS. COBURN IN FRENCH LEAVE "ELLO, 'ERE'S ANOTHER 'IT'."—Telegram. SEATS ON SALE SIX WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Shubert-Riviera, 97th & B'y. Mat. Today, 2:15. THE CHARM SCHOOL Next Week: "The Lady of the Lamp." Sunday Concerts Continuous 1:30 to 11:30.

To-Morrow Night

GREATEST CONCERTS IN NEW YORK

CENTURY THEATRE Phone Columbus 8810. Savoy AND Brennan 12 OTHER STAR ACTS

CENTURY PROMENADE Above Century Theatre Phone Columbus 8800. Geo. LeMaire AND BUZZELL & PARKER 12

CENTRAL Theatre 47th & B'way. Phone Bry. 17. Ryan & Lee & Wiser Orth & Cody 8 Moran OTHER STAR ACTS 8

SURPRISE BILL 2-5 ACTS

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Phone Circle 2330. ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN

39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanks. Day SEASON'S SMARTEST COMEDY THE OUTRAGEOUS MRS. PALMER with MARY YOUNG

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thanksgiving Day. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM In MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper

BROADHURST 44, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:25. LAST 2 TIMES Last Mat. Today, 2:25. WILLIAM HODGE in "THE GUEST OF HONOR"

Beginning MONDAY, NOV. 22 Seats Now ★ THE 3 STAR ★ COMBINATION ★ HENRY HULL ALMA TELL GEORGE MARION In KATE L. McLAURIN'S New Comedy, "WHEN WE ARE YOUNG" With an Ideal Cast. Matinee Thanksgiving Day.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. The Reigning Musical Comedy Success. PITTER PATTER WITH ERNEST TRUEX

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Thursday. HOLBROOK BLINN As a lovable, laughable bandit— THE BAD MAN

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Wed. & Thanks. Day MARY NASH In "THY NAME IS WOMAN"

BIJOU Theatre W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thanksgiving Day. THE SKIN GAME By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

48TH ST. Thea., Just E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Thanksgiving Day OPPORTUNITY with JAMES CRANE.

ASTOR Thea., B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thanksgiving Day. Musical Comedy Success KISSING TIME With William Norris & Edith Taliaferro.

LITTLE THEATRE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. THE 1st YEAR

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thanks. Day, 2:30. BEN-AMI "SAMSON & DELILAH" PAULINE LORD "'Samson and Delilah' startled the Greenwich Village Theatre with such cheers as its walls had never known."—Alexander Woollcott—Times.

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:50. Mats. Today & Thanksgiving Day THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Phone 31 Bryant. MARGARET ANGLIN in "THE WOMAN OF BRONZE"

FULTON W. 46th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. BROCK PEMBERTON Presents GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR ENTER MADAME

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S West 39th St. Evenings, 8:30. MATS. TO-DAY & WED. AT 2:30. "HELD AUDIENCE BREATHLESS." —Eve. Sun. SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1522 Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Thurs., 2:15 Heartbreak House By Bernard Shaw.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway. MATS. TODAY & THURS. LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. MATINEE TODAY, 2:20. ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC. HONEYDEW

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134. 2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT. IRENE Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. Mats. Today & Wed.

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanksgiving Day. "THREE LIVE GHOSTS" "A SCREAMING COMEDY."—Telegram.

McBRIDE'S THEATRE TICKET OFFICES 1497 BROADWAY (TIMES SQUARE WEST)

MANY a man cuts his lunch hour to ten minutes or sends out an ill-spared office boy because his wife asked him to get her some theatre tickets. But if he simply telephoned McBride's, his troubles would be over. And the cost would be but 50c a ticket over the box office price.

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TO-NIGHT AT 10:30 ACTORS' EQUITY BALL and MIDNIGHT JOLLIES HOTEL ASTOR TICKETS ON SALE AT THE DOOR

GOOD TIMES "DON'T MISS IT. IT'S GREAT!" —Bide Dudley. Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME Seats Selling 8 Weeks in Advance.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE TODAY at 1:45. TRISTAN. Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass, Bodanzky. EVE. at 8. (Pop. Prices). CAV. RUSTICANA. Destinn, Perini; Harrold, Chalmers. PAGLIACCI. Easton; Kingston, Danise, Moranzoni. SUN. EVE., 8:30. VERDI-PUCCINI CONCERT. Garrison, Gordon, Ponselle, Sundelius, Tiffany; Diaz, Harrold, Kingston, De Luca, Mardones. Orch. Cond., Bamboschek. NEXT. MON. at 8:15. TOSCA. Farrar; Chamlee (debut), Scotti, Malatesta—Moranzoni. WED. at 8. SAMSON ET DALILA. Matzenauer; Caruso, De Luca, Rothier—Wolff. THURS., THANKSGIVING DAY, MAT., at 2 ($1 to $6). CARMEN. Farrar, Sundelius, Galli; Martinelli, Whitehill, Rothier—Wolff. THURS. at 8:15, BOHEME. Alda, Romaine; Harrold, Scotti, Didur—Papi. FRI. at 8. MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Easton; Gigli (debut), Mardones, Bada. Moranzoni. SAT. at 2. FURZA DESTINO. Ponselle, Galli; Caruso, Danise, Mardones, Chalmers—Papi. SAT. at 8:15. POP. PRICES. LUCIA. Garrison, Chamlee, De Luca, Martino—Papi.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC TUES., Nov. 23, at 8. AIDA. Destinn, Gordon, Martinelli, Danise, Didur, Guttafson—Moranzoni. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS. Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays, 3:30. Nov. 23—"Tristan and Isolde." M. Terriberry, Sec., 78 W. 55th. Circle 457

SPALDING VIOLIN RECITAL CARNEGIE HALL TODAY at 2:30 (STEINWAY PIANO.)

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW AFT. AT 3. Emilio de Gogorza In BASQUE, FRENCH, RUSSIAN, ENGLISH and SPANISH SONGS. (Steinway Piano.)

AEOLIAN HALL, MON. EVE., NOV. 22, at 8:15 MR. & MRS. ALEXANDER BLOCH SONATA RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

CARNEGIE HALL, 57TH ST. NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS SUNDAY EVE. AT 8:30 and the Jerusalem HOLY LAND PRICES 50c to $2.50

HIPPODROME, TOMORROW AFT. at 2:30—WORLD'S GREATEST SOPRANO CLAUDIA MUZIO of Metropolitan Opera Co. with BOGUSLAWSKI, Pianist, and LETZ QUARTET (Benefit Beth David Hospital). Seats Now at Box Office. (Knabe Piano).

CARNEGIE HALL at 8:15 TONIGHT SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL By KEREKJARTO Chickering Piano. Mgt. Hugo Boucek.

AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY AT 3 CYRIL SCOTT in a Program of His Compositions, with EVA GAUTHIER Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC TONIGHT FIRST BROOKLYN RECITAL MISHEL PIASTRO LATEST VIOLIN SENSATION. Tickets 75c to $2.00 at Box Office Now Mgt. S. Hurok's Musical Bureau. (Chickering)

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov. 23, at 3 OLGA STEEB Pianist Mgt. Catharine A. Bamman. Knabe Piano.

COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices. MILLION DOLLAR DOLLS.

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NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA With Rene Pollain Conducting EXTRA CONCERT AT THE Lexington Theatre, 51st St. & Lexington Ave. TOMORROW (SUN.) AFT. AT 3 First Appearance with Orchestra NYREDGHAZI PROGRAM

Symphony No. 5.....BEETHOVEN
Piano Concerto, B flat.....TSCHAIKOWSKY
L'Arlesienne, 1st Suite.....BIZET
Le roi d'Ys.....LALO

Popular Prices..25c to $1.50 At Lexington Theatre Box Office and Room 1202, Aeolian Bldg. George Engles, Mgr.

National Symphony Orchestra Hippodrome, Tomorrow Eve., 8:15 BODANZKY —CONDUCTOR— KUBELIK Soloist BENEFIT CHURCH of PERPETUAL EXPOSITION CARNEGIE HALL Tues. Eve., Nov. 23, 8:15 sharp Wed. Aft., Nov. 24, 2:30 sharp SOLOIST ZIMBALIST Concerto THE KNABE is the OFFICIAL PIANO.

AEOLIAN HALL, TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. Benefit Concert for the Flatbush Boys' Club and Community Centre MARIE SUNDELIUS Soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Co. JOHN POWELL Composer-Pianist AND THE DUO-ART PIANO. Tickets $2, $1.50, $1, at Box Office.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERTS Josef Stransky, Conductor CARNEGIE HALL, Tomorrow (Sun.) Aft. at 3 ALL WAGNER Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov. 23, at 3. SONG RECITAL Laurence Leonard English Baritone Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano. Oct. 22 tickets must be exchanged at Box Office for Nov. 23.

CARNEGIE HALL Mon. Eve. at 8:15. Nov. 22 New York Debut—Czecho-Slovak Violinist VASA PRIHODA Management Fortune Gallo. Knabe Piano. (AUSPICES CAMP FIRE GIRLS)

Opera Tickets PHONE FITZROY 4189 METROPOLITAN & CHICAGO OPERA SUBSCRIPTIONS BOUGHT, SOLD & EXCHANGED. SEASON OR ALTERNATE PERFORMANCES. SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office Normandie Hotel, B'way & 38 St.

Metropolitan Opera season tickets for two excellent orchestra seats Monday nights. Will pay good premium for their exchange to two better seats in choicest orchestra location same nights. W 625 Times Downtown.

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30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place In America EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.75 Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles Janssen wants to see you Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk Fed Chickens —BANQUET ROOMS— DANCING—FINE ORCHESTRA Phone 4924 Longacre

BELLAKS HOTELS

HOTELS Leases can be arranged for. Magnificent View of Park 1, 2, 3 Rooms and Baths. ASHTON

TRAIL GERMAN FUND IN RUMELY TRIAL

Federal Attorney Recalls F. A. Borgomeister of Teuton Fiscal Agency Here.

TELLS OF FOOD CREDITS

Rumely Letter to Dernberg Said Feeling Here Was Turning to Germany.

In an effort to trace the source of German funds alleged to have been used in the purchase of The Evening Mail, Assistant U. S. District Attorney Harold Harper yesterday recalled Frederick A. Borgomeister, at one time attached to the German fiscal agency, 45 Broadway, as a witness against Dr. Edward A. Rumely who is on trial before Judge Grubb in the United States District Court. Dr. Rumely, with Norvin Lindheim and S. Walter Kaufman, is charged with concealing information regarding the alleged German ownership of The Mail when he filed a report with the Alien Property Custodian.

Borgomeister reiterated much of his previous testimony and was particularly questioned regarding accounts deposited here to the credit of the law firm of Hays, Kaufman & Lindheim from the funds of the Central Purchasing Company. The funds of the Central Purchasing Company were replenished by the German Imperial Government but had been pooled by German private interests in an effort to buy foodstuffs here for consumption by the civilian population of Germany, he said.

The prosecution called Don S. Momand, secretary of the American Association of Foreign Newspapers, in an effort to show that Dr. Rumely had received various sums of money from Dr. Heinrich Albert to be used in spreading German propaganda through advertisements and newspaper publicity. Momand admitted that Dr. Rumely had had conferences with Louis Hammerling, president of the association, but he could not recall whether Dr. Rumely had suggested the style and substance of an advertisement headed "An Appeal to the American People."

Judge Grubb yesterday decided to overrule an objection made on Thursday by Max D. Steuer, of counsel for Dr. Rumely, that certain letteers written by Dr. Rumely to Dr. Bernhard Dernburg were prejudicial. In one of the two letters read to the jury, Dr. Rumely advised the then Austrian Ambassador that it was possible to acquire a Gaelic publication, The Irish American, as a medium for crystallizing sentiment among the Irish against England. The Redmond interests in Britain were seeking to get the paper to be used in influencing Irish opinion in favor of England, he wrote. This letter was written on Nov. 28, 1914.

In the second letter, dated Feb. 11, 1915, Dr. Rumely wrote to Dr. Dernburg:

"Work within the Catholic church is so far accomplished that I believe the tide of feeling is turning very strongly toward Germany. The German Catholic Cardinal and several Archbishops have given out interviews a few days ago which were very strong. Please see to it that these are run through news service and otherwise circulated in secular press."

Dr. Rumely also wrote he had heard a great deal of complaint among business men regarding the cable service and what he termed the interference with American messages by the British control. He suggested that it would be a good idea to get a New York firm with an American name to write a circular letter of protest against a misuse of the cables by the British.

The trial will be continued on Monday.

68 WAR CHAPLAINS GET CHURCH COUNCIL MEDAL

New York Men Who Served Overseas Honored at Brick Presbyterian Church Ceremony.

Sixty-eight commissioned Chaplains from New York City and vicinity who were in the service of the United States during the war appeared yesterday in the Brick Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, and received medals from the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America. There were medals for 132 Chaplains, but the others were unable to attend.

The first of these medals a few weeks ago was presented to President Wilson. It is the purpose of the Federal Council to bestow a medal upon each of the more than 1,600 Protestant Chaplains who served in the army and navy.

The Chaplains for whom medals were provided yesterday were:

Charles B. Ackley, Walker M. Alderton, John J. Allan, Melville A. Billman, Donald M. Brodie, Raymond S. Brown, Albert C. Butzer, Robert P. Carroll, A. V. Casseliman, Samuel McC. Cavert, Earl Cleeland, Samuel M. Dorrance, Percy T. Edrop, Paul Gordon Favor, Joseph A. Hammond, James M. Howard, Ray F. Jenney, Jay Knox, Paul F. Landis, F. W. Lawson, Edwin F. Lee, George C. Lenington, Ralph L. Martin, J. W. Maynard, William V. Meredith, Karl P. Miller, Eric Mc. North, Cyrus C. Prentice, Robert H. Ruff, George J. Russell, Raymond P. Sanford, T. G. Speers, George F. Taylor, Albert C. Thomas, F. B. Withington, Basil T. Young, H. T. Kearns, Clark C. Kennedy, Warren P. Coon, Harry C. Meserve, Thomas E. Swan, R. R. Fleming, Jr., John L. Maddox, Stanley C. Ramsden, Clarence R. Rice, Ernest W. Wood, Milton O. Alexander, James D. MacNair, Boynton Merrill, William A. Nichols, Walter L. Steiner, Frank L. Miller, Cuthbert P. Newton, Charles W. Popham, Henry M. Prentiss, Henry E. Kelly, Robert C. Lemon, Thomas H. Saunders, Orville A. Petty, Col. George S. Stark, Robert W. Anthony, Carl E. Bash, Samuel Benson, William S. Carpenter, Herbert E. Covell, W. L. Gallup, Frank L. Gosnell, George Rittenhouse, Cornelius W. Smith, Charles D. Trexler, J. W. Van Zanten, C. Henry Webb, Frank M. Kerr, Frank J. Knapp, Egbert C. Macklin, Ivan G. Martin, Roy L. Minich, Richard D. Pope, Leonard Trap, Maxwell Ganter, Henry B. Allen, Arthur H. Brown, Herbert H. Gallman, Edgar W. Anderson, Taber Knox, Francis K. Little, Richard E. Locke, Leonard S. Nightwine, Fred F. Powell, Reginald Rowland, Stanley B. Hazzard, Strong C. Waist, Ernest R. Holz, H. V. B. Darlington, Gabriel Farrill, Samuel G. Dunseath, Walter S. Bloom, R. A. Brotemarkle, J. Earl Custer, Deane Edwards, Karl Schleede, Calvin P. Erdman, John W. Flynn, Vincent L. Bennett, Robert H. Blackshear, Charles V. Ellis, C. A. Neyman, Robert Russell Jr. Leonard Twinem, David R. Wylie, Grover C. Schwartz, George M. Whitmore, Gilbert Darlington, John F. Hagen, Henry J. Fry, Fred'k Schweitzer, Morrison R. Boynton, Henry Van Dyke, Alfred A. Pruden, Barton W. Perry, James M. Hare, Horace R. Fell, John Handley, William E. McCord, William T. Crocker, Paul D. Moody, Herbert Shipman, Col. C. R. Winthrop, Nehemiah Boynton, Frank I. Hanscom, Emile S. Harper, John H. Sattig.

SEE CLOTHING TRADE PEACE.

Hope for "Proper Conclusions" Expressed at Conference of Rival Interests.

Representatives of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America met yesterday at the Hotel Brevoort in an endeavor to devise means to solve the problems confronting the industry. The meeting, which was informal, was between a committee appointed by William Bandler, President of the Manufacturers' Association, and Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Workers.

After the meeting it appeared that an end to the long controversy was in sight, for each side expressed the hope that "proper conclusions can be reached."

CANADIAN MINERS THREATEN

Nova Scotia and New Brunswick Men Reject Wage Offer.

TRURO, N. S., Nov. 19.—The Executive Committee of the United Mine Workers' Union, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick Districts, today voted, 76 to 20, for rejection of a tentative wage agreement submitted by miners' officials, mine operators and representatives of the Dominion Department of Labor.

The rank and file of the union will now vote on the proposition. If they reject it a strike is probable, according to officials. About 12,000 miners would be affected.

WILL KEEP UP WAGES.

President of Youngstown Concern Predicts Pay Reduction Later.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Nov. 19.—In a statement today to employes of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, the largest independent steel company in the Youngstown district, James A. Campbell, President, said "it is not likely that there will be a general reduction of wages for some time." The statement continued:

"But there surely will be later on—not, however, until the cost of living has been still further reduced."

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible list for school farm attendant, grade 1, is announced—Winifred Munckwitz, 91.70; Kate J. Gibilh, 80.60; Henrietta Munckwitz, 80; Alice H. Wilde, 86; Ada B. Karatt, 80.70.

United States.

The Commission announces an examination for aid in the field service of the Lighthouse Service, 1 male, age 21 to 30, at $1,500 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Appointees are usually assigned to duty at the General Lighthouse Depot, Third Lighthouse District, Tompkinsville, Staten Island, New York, but they may be assigned to duty in some other district in the Lighthouse Service. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 20; education and experience, 80. Applicants must have graduated from a four years' high school course or completed a course of equivalent study and have at least three years of engineering experience. The completion of each year of a course in civil, mechanical, or marine engineering in a college or university of recognized standing will be accepted as equivalent to one year of the required experience. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

ADMITS DEBT OF $202,850.

Corporation Confesses Judgment in Favor of Wm. G. Rockefeller.

A confession of judgment for $202,850 was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday in favor of William G. Rockefeller by the Cockburn Corporation of 120 Broadway. The confession was signed by Chester B. McLaughlin, Jr., son of Justice McLaughlin of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, as President.

He said the Directors had authorized him to do so. The confession stated that Mr. Rockefeller lent the corporation $166,342 in 1913, $47,294 more up to Oct. 31, 1919, and $5,000 on Jan. 31 last, and only $15,786 was paid. The business of the corporation was not revealed.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders:

Evans, Capt. Frank T., to Chief of Staff, destroyer force, Pac. Fleet.

Eklund, Cmdr. F. N., to command Destroyer Div. 32.

Farquhar, Cmdr. A. S., to command the Bruce.

Woodworth, Cmdr. E. B., to command Destroyer Div. 10.

Manley, Cmdr. M. E., to command the Parrott and Div. 38.

Olding, Cmdr. J. P., to command the Bailey and Div. 31.

Caldwell, Cmdr. T. F., to the New Orleans as aide to Cmdr. Yangtz patrol.

Comstock, Lt. Cmdr. L. W., to the Nevada.

Quigley, Lt. Cmdr. W. M., to command the S. 2.

Ramsey, Lt. Cmdr. D. C., to the Pennsylvania.

Rosendahl, Lt. Cmdr. C. E., to the Yarborough; on board when commissioned.

Steinwechs, Lt. Cmdr. F. A., to command Sub. Div. 2.

Jennings, Lt. Cmdr. J. C., to command the Gillis.

Buckley, Lt. Cmdr. J., to the Helena.

Haas, Lt. Cmdr. A. L., to Cavite.

Davis, Lt. Cmdr. G. K., to Recr'g Svce., San Francisco.

Perkins, Lt. W., to Recr'g Svce., San Francisco.

Evans, Lt. J., to the South Carolina.

Graf, Lt. H. W., to duty Asiatic sta.

Lanier, Lt. B. B., to the Biddle.

Le Verne, Lt. V. F., to Nav. Sta., Key West.

McNiff, Lt. W. T., to the Wyoming.

Wolffe, Lt. Murry, to the Keosanqua; in command when commissioned.

Boak, Lt. J. E., to command the Morris.

Rorabaugh, Lt. J. D., to the Gillis.

Vickrey, Lt. C. C., to command the Hamilton.

Foley, Lt. F. D., to Cavite.

Reyner, Lt. D. C., to the Wilmington.

Smith, Lt. J., to the Somers.

Note—Rear Adm. Thomas B. Howard (ret.) died at his home, Annapolis, Nov. 10.

Lt. Cmdr. Herman B. Staples (cl-3) died at Hospital Olongapo, Nov. 4.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Frescoln, Maj. L. D.; Wallace, Maj. G. S.; Sharp, Capt. E. L.; Culli, Capt. G. O.; Dobson, Capt. C. H.; Royal, Capt. W. M.; Smith, Capt. H. S.; Parmley, 1st Lt. L. V., and Simons, 1st Lt. W. N., hon. discharged.

Evans, Capt. F. E., retired.

Infantry.

Humphrey, Col. C. B., to Camp Dix.

Caffey, Lt. Col. L. W., to 24th, Columbus, N. M.

Doane, Lt. Col. W. C., to 22d, Governor's Id.

Kingman, Capt. C. A.; Hobbie, 1st Lt. R. S., hon. discharged.

Cohn, 1st Lt. S. F., to 30th, Camp Devens.

Quartermaster Corps.

Knox, Lt. Col. T. M., to Ft. Houston.

Hunker, Capt. H. J., to Ft. Slocum as Qm., relieving Maj. H. C. Zimmerman, who will proceed to Washington.

Peters, 1st Lt. F. C., to Camp Gordon.

Ireton, Capt. R. F., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Connor, Maj. E., as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci., College City of N. Y.

Bradford, Maj. R. S., to 5th, Ft. Russell.

Spring, Maj. J. V., Jr., as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci., Iowa State U.

Plassmyer, Maj. J., to Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci. U. of Maine.

McLeod, Maj. A. F., as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Sci., Ohio State U.

Adamson, 1st Lt. J. M., Jr., as Prof. Mil. Sci., Morgan Park Mil. Acad., Chicago.

Smith, 1st Lt. G. E., hon. discharged.

Air Service.

Lee, Capt. L. H.; Milledge, Capt. J.; Costello, Capt. J. V., hon. discharged.

Engineers.

Clemons, Maj. R. S.; Elam, Capt. E. R., Jarvis, Capt. C. S., to Camp Lewis.

Ordnance Department.

Barrett, Capt. L. L., to Raritan Ars.

Bandholtz, Capt. C. H., to Camp Travis.

Brooks, Capt. J. A., Jr., to Camp Grant.

Simpson, Capt. B. A., to Ft. Sill.

Signal Corps.

Campbell, 1st Lt. C. D.; Suddath, 1st Lt. L. N., hon discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Taulbee, Maj. M. K., retired, to San Francisco, for assignment to an educat'l inst.

Doran, Maj. R. F., Dent. Corps; Coffin, Maj. R. G., F. A.; McCarron, Maj. E. F., Adjt. Gen's Dept.; Boggs, Capt. L., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Tremaine, Capt. W. C., U. S. A., retired, to Recrg. Svce., Syracuse.

White, 1st Lt. L. A., C. A. C., to Camp Eustis.

Leaves.

Winton, Maj. R. W., Inf., 21 days.

Coker, Maj. R., Air Ser., 25 days.

Cook, Maj. T. C., C. A. C., 1 mo.

Sanders, Lt. W. C., C. A. C., 10 days.

Hennessey, Maj. P. J., Cav., 2 mo.

Chapin, Maj. F. K., Cav., 2 mo.

Gladfelter, 1st Lt. O. E., Vet. Corps, 10 days.

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss,
12:30—140 Watt St.; A. Tuglise	Not given
12:35—311 to 317 W. 117 St.; Matt Dwyer Storage Warehouse	Not given
6:00—1,044 Tremont Av.; R. Smith	Not given
9:45—3,915 Broadway; Charles Friedman	Not given
10:20—317 W. 39 St.; Salena Benson	Not given
11:05—981 Park Av.; Mrs. Harry Goodman	Not given
11:20—233 W. 142 St.; Alfred Brown	Not given
P.M.	
12:30—32 Spring St.; Joseph Rianno	Not given
12:50—349 W. 52 St.; Catherine Ballway	Not given
1:30—107 John St.; McManus Brothers	Not given
1:40—750 Caudlwell Av.; Louis Schapiro	Not given
2:45—1,853 Morris Av.	Not given
4:10—2,129 3 Av.; Sam Tannebaum	Not given
4:30—2,260 Crotona Av.; Charles Leinbach	Not given
5:15—33 E. 67 St.; Hugh Atchenot	Not given
6:05—151 Ridge St.; Harvey Manowitz	Not given
6:20—45 Crosby St.; United Shoe Lace Company	Not given
7:20—632 10 Av.; Fred Hollert	Not given
7:50—72 Grand St.; Cooney & Dunn	Not given
8:30—128 E. 125 St.	Not given
8:40—103 Malden Lane; Gang & Bloom	Not given
8:45—Broadway & Mosholu Av.; O. J. Gude Co.	Slight
8:45—253 E. 14 St.; Dr. Schmitzer	Not given
8:46—98 St. & Central Park West; Empire City Subway Co.	Slight
9:05—158 W. 29 St.; Brund & Steiger	Not given
9:40—1,263 Washington Av.; Robert Knap	Slight
9:45—139 St. and Willis Av.	Not given
11:07—Pier 45, foot of Jackson St., East River; scow, D. S. C.	Not given
11:15—125 Rivington St.; Frank Peabody	Not given

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—In the Federal Supreme Court today, these records were made:

146—F. R. Lopez, applt., v. F. C. Howe, as Commr. of Imm. at Port of N. Y.—Motion to dismiss submitted for applee.

110—Yee Bow, plff., v. the City of Cleveland et al.—Passed, per stipulation.

113—The Baldwin Co., petr., v. R. S. Howard Co.—Passed, for hearing with No. 139, per stipulation.

101—The Coca-Cola Co., petr., v. the Koke Co. of America et al.—Argument continued.

103—R. B. Brown, petr., v. the U. S.—Argument commenced.

105—Pere Marquette R'y Co., petr., v. J. F. French & Co.—Argued.

106—Southern Pac. Co., petr., v. W. S. Berkshire, temporary admr., &c.—Submitted.

Adjourned until Monday.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Air pressure is high in the Southern States and rising rapidly on the Pacific Coast. It is relatively low along the Northern border. There have been rains within the last twenty-four hours in the Pacific States, Nevada and Idaho, while in all other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

Temperatures are now above the average for this date in practically all parts of the United States. The outlook is for cloudy along the Northern border and generally fair elsewhere east of the Mississippi River during Saturday and Sunday. Temperatures above the normal for this date will continue over the eastern half of the country through Sunday.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

New England and Eastern New York—Generally cloudy weather Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

New Jersey—Fair weather and mild temperature Saturday and probably Sunday.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours, ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M. 36	41	4 P. M. 49		34
6 A. M. 36	36	6 P. M. 50		32
9 A. M. 38	38	9 P. M. 48		31
12 M. 47	36	11 P. M. 40		30

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 43; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 43.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 38, at 8 P. M. it was 49. Maximum temperature 51 degrees at 3 P. M., minimum 35 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity 67 per cent. at 8 A. M., 50 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.17 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Weather forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga.—Fair, somewhat warmer Sat.; Sun., fair.

Fla.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., except probably rain in extreme s.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala., Miss.—Fair, warmer Sat.; Sun., fair, with mild temp.

Tenn., Ky. and Ind.—Fair, mild temp. Sat. and probably Sun.

Ohio—Generally fair Sat. and Sun; moderate temp.

Mich.—Cloudy Sat.; Sun., unsettled; moderate temp.

Ill., Mo. and Iowa—Fair Sat. and Sun.; continued mild temp.

RESORTS

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300 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water.) High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

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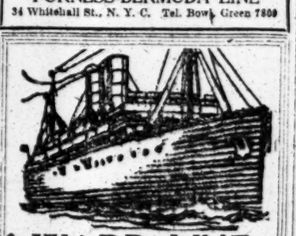
Plan Your Vacation Early
Special December and Christmas Sailings
December now marks the beginning of Bermuda's social activities. While north winds blow, Bermuda offers the comforting warmth of brilliant, invigorating sunshine and an endless variety of glorious outdoor activities. Sailing and bathing, riding, driving, and cycling, golf and tennis, dancing and gay parties at the many modern hotels. Whether for a Christmas Trip or a season's visit, there is an advantage in making your Bermuda plans early.
Hamilton and Princess Hotels open in Dec.
Swift, De Luxe, Twin Screw Steamers
S. S. "FORT VICTORIA"
14,000 Tons Displacement
Sailing from New York Dec. 4, 18, 27
S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
11,000 Tons Displacement
Sailing from New York Dec. 4, 13, 22
Round Trip $75 and Upward
No Passports Required for Bermuda
Send for Descriptive Literature to
FURNESS-BERMUDA LINE
34 Whitehall St., N. Y. C. Tel. Bowl. Green 7800



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HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer
NEW AMSTERDAM..Noon Nov. 23 Dec. 28
RYNDAM.....Noon Dec. 1 Jan. 8
ROTTERDAM.....Noon Dec. 11 Jan. 22
NOORDAM.....Noon Mar. 5
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N.Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS
LA TOURAINE....Nov. 22 Dec. 18
LA SAVOIE.....Nov. 27 Dec. 23
FRANCE.....Dec. 2
ROCHAMBEAU.....Dec. 4 Jan. 4
LA LORRAINE.....Dec. 11 Jan. 6
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N.Y.

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For your own protection see for yourself that the instrument you buy bears these famous Victor trademarks. They are placed on all Victor instruments and records to protect our customers from substitution.

Look under the lid. On the portable styles which have no lid, these trademarks appear on the side of the cabinet. One or both of them also appears on the label of all Victor Records.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Victrola

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SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	2:22	2:32	2:58	3:05	4:22	4:45
Low water	8:43	9:00	9:31	9:45	11:22	11:11

THE SUN.

Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
6:49	4:53

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Touraine	Havre	Nov. 9
Ansaldo II.	Gibraltar	Oct. 30
Belita	Manzanillo	Nov. 9
George Dollar	Colon	Nov. 8
Arkansas	Baltimore	Nov. 15
Orleans	Powey	Nov. 9
Mundelta	Marseilles	Nov. 1

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Aquitania	Southampton	Nov. 13
Carmania	Liverpool	Nov. 9
Roman Prince	Havre	Nov. 2
Steel Engineer	Marseilles	Oct. 20
P. de Epalza	Barcelona	Oct. 30
Tidewater	Havre	Nov. 8
Manhattan	London	Nov. 7
Bardio	London	Nov. 7

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bovic	Manchester	Nov. 7
Birmingham City	Port Said	Oct. 29
Wampum	Glasgow	Nov. 6
Panhandle State	London	Nov. 8

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Carenia	London	Nov. 10
Tolea	Colon	Nov. 14

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Nov. 11
Savoie	Havre	Nov. 13
Fort Hamilton	Hamilton	Nov. 20
Colon	Colon	Nov. 14

DUE TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Kroonland	Southampton	Nov. 13
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Nov. 20

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asiac
America, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
New Rochelle, Danzig	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Havre, Poland.
Italia, Gibraltar	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy, Greece.
F. J. Luckenbach, Rotterdam	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Borga, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Austria, Hungary, Germany.
Arabian Prince, Capetown	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South and East Africa.
France Maru, Buenos Aires	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Ulua, Limon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Cuba, Central America.
Benevente, St. Lucia	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	West Indies, Brazil.
Mexico, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Algonquin, Turks Isl'd	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santo Domingo.
Korona, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Indies, British Guiana.
Altai Maru, Hong Kong		2:00 P.M.	

SAIL TOMORROW.

P. de Satrusteguy, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 P.M.	Spain and Morocco.
Touraine, Havre	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Italy, Switzerland.
Justin, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos.

SAIL MONDAY.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Luxpallte, Marseilles	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Florinda, Cadiz	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Cornwall, Auckland	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Bardic, London	Nov. 20	10:00 A.M.
Eglantier, Antwerp	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Calabad, Glasgow	Nov. 20	10:00 A.M.
Port Bowen, London	Nov. 20	11:00 A.M.
Tongrier, Havre	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Thorden, Bergen	Nov. 20	10:00 A.M.
Polybius, Rotterdam	Nov. 22	12:00 M.
Antinous, Piraeus	Nov. 23	12:00 M.
Hyacinthus, Buenos Aires	Nov. 20	12:00 M.
Menominee, London	Nov. 20	11:00 A.M.
Ripon, Gothenburg	Nov. 20	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Normannia	Nantes	Nov. 14
Bur	Cherbourg	Nov. 15
Brental	Gibraltar	Nov. 17
Gaelic Prince	Hongkong	Nov. 16
Sommelsdyk	Port Said	Nov. 17
Madonna	Lisbon	Nov. 17
Southlea	Buenos Aires	Nov. 16
Nordpam	Montevideo	Nov. 16
Istond	Dunkirk	Nov. 14
Montauban	Bordeaux	Nov. 14
Terrier	Dunkirk	Nov. 14
Lake Farragut	Calais	Nov. 13

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Knowsley Hall	Gibraltar	Nov. 18
Cornishman	Liverpool	Nov. 17
McKeesport	La Pallice	Nov. 12
Egremont Castle	Gibraltar	Nov. 17
Washington Maru	Gibraltar	Nov. 17
Saxon Star	Liverpool	Nov. 17
Suez Maru	Colombo	Nov. 16
Lake Festina	Lisbon	Nov. 17
Dakotan	Alexandria	Nov. 17
Providence	Marseilles	Nov. 13
Bristol City	Bristol	Nov. 18
Intan	Singapore	Nov. 17

By Wireless.

SS Aquitania, incoming from Southampton, was signalled; due Nov. 20, afternoon; Cunard Line.

SS Carmania, incoming from Liverpool, was signalled; due Nov. 20, forenoon; Cunard Line.

SS Caronia, incoming from London, was signalled; due Nov. 21, forenoon; Cunard Line.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. ..... Monteagle Nov. 22

Post Office Notices.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following date, Shanghai, Oct. 28; Mukden, Oct. 28; Yokohama, Nov. 1, which arrived per steamer Arizona, were dispatched east from Seattle on Nov. 17 and Monday, Nov. 22.

Mails are due in New York on the morning of

☆ WHITE STAR LINE ☆
New York—Cherbourg—Southampton
OLYMPIC .11 A. M. Nov. 27 Dec. 29 Jan. 26
ADRIATIC .12 Noon Dec. 15 Feb. 9 Mar. 9
New York—Liverpool
Baltic .....12 Noon Nov. 20 Dec. 24 Jan. 22
Cedric .....12 Noon —— —— Feb. 5
Celtic .....12 Noon Dec. 11 Jan. 15 Feb. 26
New York via Boston—Azores—Gibraltar Naples—Genoa
Canopic .....3 P. M. Dec. 28 Feb. 19
Cretic .....3 P. M. Jan. 5 Mar. 1

AMERICAN LINE
New York—Cherbourg—Southampton
*Kroonland .12 Noon Nov. 27 Jan. 1 Feb. 5
*Lapland ...12 Noon Dec. 4 Jan. 8 Feb. 12
*Finland ...12 Noon Dec. 11 Jan. 15 Feb. 19
*Zeeland ...12 Noon Dec. 18 Jan. 22 Feb. 26
*Red Star Line steamers en route Antwerp
New York—Hamburg Direct Service
MANCHURIA 12 Noon Dec. 2 Jan. 13 Feb. 24
MONGOLIA.12 Noon Dec. 16 Jan. 27 Mar. 10

RED STAR LINE
New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp
Kroonland .12 Noon Nov. 27 Jan. 1 Feb. 5
Lapland ...12 Noon Dec. 4 Jan. 8 Feb. 12
Finland ...12 Noon Dec. 11 Jan. 15 Feb. 19
Zeeland ....12 Noon Dec. 18 Jan. 22 Feb. 26
New York—Danzig—via Hamburg
†Gothland .....12 Noon Dec. 1 Jan. 15
†Third Class Passengers Only.

8 IDEAL WINTER CRUISES
White Star Line S. S. Megantic and American Line S. S. New York and St. Paul. Largest most Comfortable Cruising Steamers Entirely Devoted to Cruise Passengers.
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Quickest Route to Any Part of Europe
ONLY 7 DAYS
NEW YORK TO COBLENZ
Unsurpassed Accommodations When You Travel "Via Cunard"
Italia .....Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik, Trieste.Nov. 20 —— ——
Vasari .....Liverpool .....Nov. 20 —— ——
Aquitania .....Cherbourg and Southampton.....Nov. 23 Dec. 14 Jan. 25
Carmania .....Liverpool .....Nov. 24 Dec. 25 Jan. 22
Caronia .....Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.....Nov. 27 ——
Saxonia .....Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.....Dec. 9 Jan. 18 Mar. 1
Columbia .....Londonderry and Glasgow.....Dec. 11 Jan. 15 Feb. 19
K. A. Victoria .....Liverpool .....Dec. 18 Jan. 15 Feb. 10
Imperator .....Cherbourg and Southampton.....Dec. 23 Jan. 20 Feb. 10
Mauretania .....Cherbourg and Southampton.....Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 12
WINTER CRUISE to the MEDITERRANEAN
R. M. S. "CARONIA"
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Violent Decline in Stocks and Commodities — Exchange Steadier—Money 6%.

Yesterday was a day of disordered financial and commercial markets. There have been more extensive declines in the stock market as a whole on other recent days, but not many in which the violence of liquidation in certain industrial shares has seemed to be so great. The decline was perhaps the more striking from the fact that a distinct recovery had occurred at the opening, notably in railway stocks. Some of these had advanced 2 points in response to the Interstate Commerce Commission's overruling of State Commissioners' decision to maintain rates below the new Federal schedule on traffic within the States.

This early recovery was short-lived; it was followed by a mass of selling orders which brought the day's total business to the highest figure since April 22, when the stock market's liquidating movement of last Spring culminated and which caused declines running from 4 to 10 points in numerous active stocks. There was little recovery from the lowest at the close.

It was pretty well understood by people in touch with the course of events that yesterday's forced selling of stocks reflected the paying of the reckoning by certain speculative interests which stood more or less in the limelight during the period of extravagant inflation and manipulation nearly a year ago. What this would seem to indicate is that the retreat of the speculators after the credit market closed down and forced liquidation on the Stock Exchange was apparently complete, had not been so thoroughly effected as was then supposed. Probably some of these gentlemen, like the unlucky speculative dealers in merchandise and produce, had imagined that the year's early disturbances were a passing flurry, which would end with Autumn.

Of markets outside of Wall Street only the foreign exchange market held steady yesterday. Sterling recovered 2½ cents and French exchange improved, but the New York price of silver fell below the year's previous minimum. In the market for commodities the cash price of wheat, corn, oats, sugar, copper, cotton and print cloths went to a new low level for the year. On the market for future delivery, wheat broke 9¾ cents. The day's low price of $1.71 was not only far under the season's previous low mark (the $1.75 price touched on Friday of last week), but one must go back to the few days after the breaking of our relations with Germany, in February of 1917, to find an equally low price. Cotton also fell yesterday to a lower price than any hitherto reached this season. It was hardly open to doubt that the day's urgent selling of wheat and cotton reflected the throwing over of large holdings which had been kept back from market by both speculators and farmers.

In the case of cotton it is unfortunately well known that Southern banks which had committed their resources in face of the increased crop estimates, to the reckless attempt at holding cotton by brute force around 40 cents, have now been laboring hard to turn what they can of their collateral into cash. The wheat market liquidation is more obscure. Chicago was inclined to ascribe it yesterday to the breakdown of the reported farmers' experiment of refusing to sell until a $3 price had been restored. Some such holding back of grain there undoubtedly has been, and it may have been part of this wheat which was pressed for sale yesterday. But the thing has been exaggerated. Probably what has actually happened is that speculators on the Board of Trade itself—where it was freely predicted, six months ago, that withdrawal of the Government's guaranteed price would "send wheat to $3.50"—had simply reached the end of their rope.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1920.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange opened at 7 per cent., high 7 per cent., low and last 6 per cent. Ruling rate was 6 per cent. New borrowing was on small scale. Time money ruled unchanged, 8 per cent. for two and three months' accommodations, 7¾@8 per cent. for four, five and six months, on mixed collateral; on industrial paper, no change noted over previous day, 8¼ per cent. for two and three months; 8@8¼ per cent. for four, five and six months. Some very choice commercial paper went at 7⅞ per cent., but the going rate for most paper is 8 per cent.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Thursday Last.	Last.
7	7	6	6	6

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days, 8; 4, 5 and 6 months	7¾@8
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days, 8¼; 4, 5 and 6 months	8 @8¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¾@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.
Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days 8

Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days 6

Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days 6

Open Market Rates.
Prime eligible acceptances, on call 6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days 6¾@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days 6¾@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days 8 @7½

London Market.

Money on London market Friday unchanged at 5¼ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 6 13-16@6⅞ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 6⅝@6 13-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the open London market was up 1s 2d at 118s 4d; Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Friday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $783,103,888; balances, $71,906,145; United States Subtreasury debit balance, $1,098,436; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $61,256,343. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $988,041,840.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅝d lower at 49⅝d per ounce. New York price for bar silver unchanged at 99½c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver 1⅛c lower at 76½c.

Range of prices for silver bullion the month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	54⅝d Nov. 10	49⅞d Nov. 19
New York	82¾c Nov. 4	76½c Nov. 19

Range for the present year to date:

London	89⅛d Feb. 11 44d	June 13
New York	$1.37 Jan. 11 76½c	Nov. 19

EXCHANGES MOVE IN IRREGULAR FASHION

Sterling Gains 1 3-4 Cents as Far Eastern and Some Continental Rates Fall.

The foreign exchange market was highly irregular yesterday. Sterling advanced 2¼ cents under fairly active buying in the morning and was able to retain 1¾ cents lead at the end of the session, with a final rate of 3.45 for sight drafts. Francs were firm but lire reacted while guilders and pesetas closed with quotable gains. The rate on Poland closed higher than on Thursday at the same time that Southeastern European quotations lost ground. Chinese rates continued to follow the price of silver downward. Other Far Eastern exchanges were soft.

FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	3.45¾	3.43¾	3.45	3.43¼
PARIS	5.99	5.97	5.98	5.95
ROME	3.75	3.70	3.70	3.73
AMSTERDAM	30.30	30.15	30.25	30.15
BERLIN	1.38	1.34½	1.38	1.38
MADRID	13.50	13.05	13.15	13.04

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the U. S. Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Friday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.45	3.36⅛	4.04¼
Cables	3.45¾	3.36⅞	4.05⅛
Com., 60 days	3.39¾	3.31½	4.08⅛
Com., 90 days	3.37½	3.29¾	4.06½
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.98	5.78	10.34
Cables	5.99	5.79	10.36
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.70	3.44	8.23
Cables	3.71	3.45	8.25
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.34	6.12½	11.14
Cables	6.35	6.13½	11.16
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.38	1.17½	2.25
Cables	1.38¼	1.18½	2.27
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.31½	.28	.90
Cables	.32	.30	1.00
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.18	1.03	1.80
Cables	1.19	1.04	1.90
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	13.30	13.00	20.45
Cables	13.35	13.05	20.60

Europe.

FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.21	2.20	3.50
Cables	2.22	2.25	3.60
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	8.95	8.90	18.20
Cables	9.00	8.95	18.25
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	30.25	29.55	37.25
Cables	30.375	29.65	37.375
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.21	.18	..
Cables	.22	.19	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.72	.70	1.20
Cables	.73	.71	1.30
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	13.25	13.00	21.65
Cables	13.30	13.05	21.80
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.34	.33	..
Cables	.35	.34	..
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.43	1.44	3.45
Cables	1.44	1.45	3.55
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	3.05	2.99	5.15
Cables	3.10	2.95	5.25
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.15	11.94	19.80
Cables	13.17	11.96	19.85
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.05	18.70	22.30
Cables	19.10	18.75	22.45
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.37	15.23	18.11
Cables	15.60	15.26	18.18

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	67.00	69.25	102.50
Hongkong, cables	67.10	69.35	102.60
Peking, demand	95.00	100.50	150.00
Shanghai, demand	88.50	94.00	149.50

Far East.

Shanghai, cables	89.00	94.50	149.75
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	29.00	30.00	42.25
Cables	29.25	30.25	42.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	46.25	46.50	48.75
Cables	46.50	47.00	49.00
JAVA—			
Demand	32.50	33.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	50.25	50.625	50.50
Cables	50.50	50.875	50.75

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper del			
Demand	33.00	33.375	43.05
Cables	33.25	33.50	43.15
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milrel			
Demand	16.09	16.375	27.50
Cables	16.125	16.50	27.625

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	88.9	89.1	95.2

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par, 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.80	.90
500 rubles notes, per ruble	.70	.80

Steel & Tube Earnings.

The Steel and Tube Company of America in the ten months ended Oct. 31, 1920, reports net income, after interest and Federal taxes, amounting to $8,356,192. This was equal to $47.75 a share earned on the $17,000,000 preferred stock.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	1919.	Same Period 1918.	1917.
1,430,124	1,124,662	1,096,879	1,046,574	649,040	194,294,928½	283,016,316	127,814,118	169,765,077

26	29½	600	Adams Express	30	30	29½	29½	— ½	20	20½	2,500	Kan. City Southern	20⅝	21⅝	20¼	20¼	— ⅝
32	33	300	Ajax Rubber	32½	32½	32	32	— 1	45½	46	500	Kan. City South. pf	45½	45½	45	45	— ⅛
1¼	1½	2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...	70	80	100	Kayser (Julius)	75	75	75	75	— ⅜
1⅝	1½	100	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...	39	40	1,400	Kelly Springf. Tire	41	41¾	39½	39¾	+ ⅛
46½	47	5,300	Allied C. & D. w. i	48¾	50	46	47	— 1¾	44½	45	200	Kelsey Wheel	44½	45	44½	45	+ 1
86	86½	600	Do pf. w. i	90	90	89	89	— 1½	19	19¼	7,300	Kennecott Copper	19½	19½	19	19	— ¼
27½	28¾	2,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29	29¾	28	28	— 1	8¼	8¾	3,900	Keystone Tire & R	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	— ⅛
68	69½	500	Do pf	70	70	69	69	— 2	48	48½	4,200	Lack. Steel	50¼	51¼	47	47	— 3
70	70½	2,900	Am. Ag. Chemical	72	72	67⅝	70⅝	— 2	39	41	200	Laclede Gas	13	15	400	Lake Erie & West	43	43	41	41	— ¼
80½	87	200	Do pf	84	84	82	82	...	13	15	400	Lake Erie & West pf	15	15	14	14	— ¼
51	52	2,300	Am. Beet Sugar	55½	55½	52	52	— 3½	17¼	17⅝	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	17¾	17¾	17	17	— ⅛
70	80	100	Do pf	75	75	75	75	...	48¼	48¾	2,000	Lehigh Valley	41¾	42	41¼	41¼	— ¼
62½	64	1,400	Am. Bosch Mag	67	67	63⅝	63⅝	— 1⅝	126	150	100	Liggett & Myers	49½	49½	48	48¼	— ¼
23	24	100	Am. Brake S. & F	45	45	45	45	— 4	17⅝	17½	5,600	Loew's, Inc	17	17	17	17	— ½
78	80¼	5,600	American Can	24¾	25	22⅞	22⅞	— 1½	9½	9¾	1,400	Loft, Inc	132	132	132	132	— 1¼
120	121	200	Do pf	80⅞	80⅞	80⅜	80⅜	— 2⅝	29½	30	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	17⅝	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
104	107	11,300	Am. Car & Fdy	121⅝	122½	118⅞	120⅝	— 1½	124	125	1,100	Lorillard (P.) Co	10	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
21	22¼	200	Do pf	107⅝	107⅝	107⅜	107⅜	+ ⅜	100	101	500	Louisville & Nash	126	126	126	126	— ½
7⅝	8	700	Am. Cotton Oil	21¾	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛	59⅝	59⅞	200	Mackay Cos	100½	101¼	100½	100½	— ⅛
110	115	800	Am. Drug. Synd	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛	10	15	100	Mallinson & Co	60	60	60	60	— ½
		200	Amer. Express	110	110	110	110	— 9	15	17	100	Manhattan Shirt	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
		20	Do odd lot	120½	120½	120½	120½	...	14½	14⅝	300	Martin-Parry	16	16	16	16	— ⅛
7	8	200	Am. Hide & Leath	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛	2½	3	300	Maxwell Motors	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
46	47	3,300	Do pf	48¼	48¼	45	46½	— 1½	69½	75	300	May Dept. Stores	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
38	39½	200	American Ice	39	39	39	39	— 1	152½	153	37,300	Mexican Petroleum	69½	69½	69½	69½	— ⅛
41¼	41¾	26,000	Am. International	39¾	42¾	39¾	41¾	+ 1⅝	169	168	1,300	Miami Copper	159½	160⅜	158	158	— ⅛
9⅞	9⅞	800	Am. La F. F. Eng	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛	12	12	8,500	Middle States Oil	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
53⅝	54	1,000	Amer. Linseed	53⅝	53⅝	52	52	— 1	31⅝	32¼	12,000	Midvale Steel	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
81½	82	11,800	Am. Locomotive	81½	83⅜	80½	80½	— ⅝	93	97	1,000	M. & St. Louis, new	33¼	34	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
100	101½	500	Do pf	100⅜	100⅜	100	100	...	35	37	50	M., St.P.& S.S.M.pf	14¼	14¼	13¼	13¼	— ⅛
9⅞	10	900	Am. Safety Razor	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ¼	7⅜	7⅝	2,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
12	12¾	4,000	Am. Ship & Com	12½	12⅝	12	12	— ⅜	21⅝	22	1,500	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
43¼	44	9,200	Am. Sm. & R. x d	46	46¾	42	43¼	— 2½	40¾	41	4,700	Missouri Pacific	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
86¼	86½	400	Do pf	86⅝	87¼	86½	86½	— 1	19¾	20	5,300	Missouri Pacific pf	22	23⅜	22	22	— ⅛
100⅝	105	600	American Snuff	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ¾	24	27	800	Montgomery Ward	43	43½	43	43	— ⅛
27½	28	2,400	Am. Steel Found	29½	29⅞	27½	27½	— 1½	28½	29	100	Mullins Body	19½	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
81	83	Do pf	83½	83½	82¼	82¼	— 2¾	45	47	1,100	Nat. Acme	24½	24½	24½	24½	— ⅛
92¾	93	7,600	Am. Sugar Ref	95	95½	91½	93¼	— 2¾	..	..	400	Nat. An. & Chem	28	30	28	28	— ⅛
63	63¾	1,200	Do pf	103½	103½	103	103	— 2	105	106	200	Do Ch. Cn. c. of d	48	48	48	48	— ⅛
69	69	5,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	72½	72½	66⅝	67⅛	— 3⅞	29	30	200	Do pf.Ch.Cn.c. of d	49	49	49	49	— ⅛
99	99½	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	80	80	80	80	— 4½	5	5	300	Nat. Biscuit pf	87	88	87	87	— ⅛
105⅜	110	2,700	Amer. Tobacco	99⅝	99⅝	99	99	— 3	43¾	46	600	Nat. Cloak & Suit	105½	105½	105½	105½	— ⅛
106⅝	108	1,600	Do, Class B	110	110⅝	108⅝	109⅞	— 1⅛	45	46	1,800	Nat. Conduit & C	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
89½	90	350	Do pf	108	108⅞	108½	107	...	67½	69	1,100	Nat. Enam. & Sta	48¾	48¾	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅛
63¾	64	5,300	American Woolen	90	90	89½	89½	— ¼	103½	105¼	200	Nat. Lead	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	— ⅛
91⅛	91⅝	300	Do pf	63¾	64⅞	63	63½	+ ¼	5½	6	1,700	Nat. Lead pf., ex d	68	68¼	67½	67½	— ⅛
37	37	200	Am. Writ. P. pf	91⅛	91⅛	90¼	90¼	— 1¼	88	88¾	3,500	Nat.Rys.of M.2d pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ⅛
7⅞	7⅞	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	37	37	37	37	— 1	58½	60	1,000	Nev. Con. Copper	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
33	34½	Do pf	7⅞	7⅞	7	7	— 1½	80½	87	1,000	N. Y., Tex. & Mex	57⅝	58⅜	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅛
37⅝	38	10,100	Anaconda Copper	34	34	34	34	— 2½	73⅝	74	12,900	N. Y., Alr Br., ex d	82	82	82	82	— ⅛
20½	21	100	Asso. Dry Goods	39½	40	37	37	— 2½	45¾	48	900	N. Y. Central	80½	80½	80½	80½	— ⅛
99	100	100	Associated Oil	20½	20½	20¼	20¼	— ¼	19¼	22	500	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	73⅝	73⅝	73	73	— ⅛
81⅝	84	6,600	A., T. & S. F	100⅛	100⅛	100	100	— 2½	40½	47	200	N. Y. Dock	50	50	45½	45½	— 1½
76⅞	77½	300	Do pf	85	83½	81⅝	81⅝	— 2½	23⅜	24½	14,200	N. Y. Dock pf	20	20	20	20	...
6⅝	7¼	100	Atl., Birm. & At	77	77½	77	77½	+ ½	18¼	19	900	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	43½	43¾	41	41	— ⅛
85	89	200	Atlantic Coast Line	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛	85½	87	1,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	26¼	26⅝	23½	23½	— ⅛
104⅜	105½	500	Atlantic Fruit	90	90	89½	89½	— 2	64	67	100	Norfolk & Western	98⅜	98⅜	98	98	— ⅛
56	58	12,700	Atl., Gulf & W. I	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— 2½	95	96	100	Norfolk & West. pf	66	66	66	66	+ 1
10⅛	10⅜	100	Do pf	109½	109½	103¾	105¼	— 2½	82½	83	1,000	North American	51½	51½	51½	51½	— ⅛
21	21	100	Atlas Tack	57½	57½	57½	57½	— 2½	36⅜	37	20,700	Northern Pacific	88½	88½	87	87	— ⅛
93	93¼	100	Austin, Nichols	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅝	12½	13	2,300	Nova Scotia S. & C	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
97	98	52,400	Baldwin Loco	14	14	14	14	+1⅛	12⅜	14	400	Nunnally Co	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
38½	38⅝	Do pf	97¾	98½	92⅞	93¼	— 2⅝	45	50	500	Ohio Body & Blower	14	14	13	13	— ⅛
49	49¾	10,200	Baltimore & Ohio	98	98	97½	97½	+ ⅜	47¼	47¾	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
20	65	1,200	Balt. & Ohio pf	39½	39⅝	36⅞	36⅞	— 1⅛	24⅞	24⅞	3,000	Ohio Oil	121	130	100	Otis Elevator	24	24⅞	24	24	— ⅛
105	110	200	Barnet Leather	50¼	50¼	49⅜	49⅜	— 1⅛	121	130	1,200	Orpheum Circuit	122	122	122	122	+1
..	..	300	Barrett Co.	25⅛	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛	14¼	14½	100	Otis Elevator	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
101½	104	2,600	Do Ch. Con. c of d	110	110	107	107	— 3¼	49	50	1,300	Otis Steel	56	56	50	50	— ⅛
8	1	100	Barrett Co. pf	107¾	107¾	105	105	— 2¼	48	49	500	Owens Bottle	148	148	148	148	— ⅛
2⅜	2½	100	Batopilas Mining	102¼	102¼	102¾	102¾	— 2¼	36	40	500	Pac. Gas & Electric	41	41	41	41	— ⅛
52	55	100	Bethlehem Motors	1	1	1	1	...	72¾	73½	200	Pac. Tel. & Tel	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	— ⅛
52¾	52½	200	Bethlehem Steel	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛	65	66	20,900	Pan Am. Pet. & Tr	37½	37½	37½	37½	— ⅛
100	101½	33,800	Beth. Steel, Class B	56¼	56⅜	53⅝	53⅝	— 3⅞	187⅛	21	2,100	Do Class B	75	76	75	75	— ⅛
4½	5	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	57	57	52⅜	52⅜	— 3¼	40	40½	200	Parish & Bingham	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼	— ⅛
12	12¼	500	Booth Fisheries	102¼	102½	102	102	— 1	104½	11	7,022	Pennsylvania R. R	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
53	C0	1,700	Brooklyn R. Tran	5	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛	34½	35	1,100	Penn Seab. Steel	41	41	41	41	— ⅛
85½	87	400	Brooklyn Un. Gas	54	54	54	54	— ¾	19½	19½	5,600	People's Gas, Chi	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
4½	4⅝	2,600	Burns Brothers	87½	87¾	85⅝	85⅝	— 2⅝	30⅝	31	500	Pere Marquette	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ⅛
11	11¾	500	Butte Cop. & Zinc	12¼	12¼	11⅝	11⅝	— ¼	33	33	2,900	Philippine Petroleum	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
10½	11	500	Butte & Superior	5½	5½	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛	21	21¼	3,600	Philadelphia Co	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
13⅜	14	1,000	Butterick	10⅜	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛	..	..	1,300	Pierce-Arrow	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ⅛
61	62	2,600	Caddo Cent. O. & R	14⅝	14½	14	14	— ¼	..	..	200	Pierce Oil	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
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GARY SAYS STEEL PRICES WILL STAND

No Reduction Contemplated by U. S. Corporation, Chairman Announces.

PRODUCING COST IS HIGH

James A. Campbell, Independent Manufacturer, Says Outlook Is Unpromising—Predicts Lower Wages.

No reduction in prices will be made by the United States Steel Corporation, according to a statement issued yesterday by Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the board. In commenting on the situation he calls attention to the increased costs which have gone into effect since the present prices were inaugurated following meetings with the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce and says that under normal conditions advances would be justified.

James A. Campbell, President of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, one of the largest independent steel plants in the country, said that "the outlook for business is not as promising as it has been" and predicted that wage reductions would come later on.

In discussing the price schedule of the Steel Corporation, Mr. Gary said:

"Our subsidiary companies have consistently and uninterruptedly maintained the base selling prices of all iron and steel commodities which were mutually fixed by representatives of the iron and steel interests of the United States and representatives of the Government on March 21, 1919.

"Since that time producing costs of all manufacturers of iron and steel (including an advancement of wage rates aggregating $51,000,000 per year to the Steel Corporation, and larger freight rates) have materially increased. Under usual circumstances we would be justified in making additions to the average base prices.

"However, after deliberate and careful consideration we have decided to recommend to the Presidents of our subsidiary companies that the present base selling prices of all commodities continue in force unless and until it becomes necessary and proper to make changes to meet altered conditions.

"We think stability in business is of the highest importance and that every man, to the extent of his opportunity and ability, and even at some sacrifice, is obligated to assist in stabilizing and maintaining prices on a fair and sane level. The producer, consumer and workman will be benefited by this attitude."

Judge Gary's statement aroused conflicting opinions in Wall Street. By some it was construed as bearish, whereas steel men in general were inclined to look upon it with favor. In the case of the Steel men there was apparently relief that the price situation had been somewhat cleared up. Ever since September there has been a big doubt as to the price policy which the Steel Corporation would adopt. The independent prices have been steadily moving backward toward the level maintained by the largest producer, and had the Steel Corporation decided to make reductions from the stabilization prices there would have been room for a greater drop in independent prices, as most observers hold that with a falling demand the independents cannot hold much above Steel Corporation prices.

Mr. Campbell said: "There is less disposition on the part of the public to go on with improvements and building operations of one kind or another on the high basis obtaining for materials and labor and the high rates of interest, even where it is possible to secure loans at any rate of interest.

"People generally seem to believe that lower wages will prevail in the future, and for this reason there has been a cessation of buying in all lines. It is probable that some of our departments will not continue to operate on full time, but at the same time the cost of living, we believe, will soon considerably be reduced.

"It is not likely that any general reduction in wages will come about for some time, but it will surely come later on, not, however, until the cost of living has been further reduced. In the meantime the workman who has steady employment can save his money by putting off buying as far as possible until a later date, when he will be able to get more for his dollar. Those who have been thinking of buying or building a home may find it profitable to wait until Spring, as there is every indication that I know that building costs are going to be lower."

BUYS KINGS COUNTY GAS CO.

Elsman, New President, Will Issue $2,000,000 Stock to Patrons.

Ralph Elsman, the newly elected President of the Kings County Lighting Company, has announced that he has obtained control of the company by purchasing 70 per cent. of its stock from the Anthony N. Brady estate, C. K. G. Billings and George O. Knapp. In his statement Mr. Elsman said that the bondholders would not be affected by the deal.

Mr. Elsman also said that it was the plan of himself and his associates to finance the various needs of the area served by the company through the residents themselves. Samuel P. Moran, counsel for the company, said that the new management planned to issue $2,000,000 in preferred stock and dispose of it among the residents at par so that they would supply the money needed to make necessary extensions and improvements. No stock can be issued without the consent of the Public Service Commission, but it was intimated that this would be forthcoming.

In a recent argument in the Brooklyn Supreme Court involving an attempt of the commission to compel the company to make extensions so that several thousand residents might be supplied with gas, it was said that the company had obtained enough money to make the desired improvements and that work would begin immediately. This announcement followed a Federal court decision that the statutory rate of 80 cents per thousand cubic feet for gas was confiscatory and unconstitutional, and a statement by Mr. Elsman that the rate would be increased to $1.50 thus enabling the company to obtain a return which would enable it to render adequate service.

SLUMP IN COLORADO IRON.

Latest Report Shows Earnings of $1.90, Compared With $4.40 Previously.

The Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, reporting for the September quarter, shows surplus after interest, taxes, sinking fund and the like, of $691,685. This was equal after preferred dividends to $1.90 a share earned on the $34,235,500 common stock and compares with $4.40 a share earned on the stock in the preceding quarter. In the corresponding 1919 period of $1.47 a share was earned.

Gross receipts for the quarter amounted to $13,484,393, as compared with $9,-978,072 in the corresponding period a year ago, and there was an increase in operating expenses from $8,868,382 to $12,225,073. Net earnings were $1,261,-320, as compared with $1,106,690 in September a year ago. For the nine months of 1920 surplus was $2,659,135, as compared with a surplus in the corresponding months of last year amounting to $1,672,637.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.18	54.84	54.90	—1.13
25 industrials	87.70	82.06	83.06	—2.46
50 stocks	72.44	68.90	69.47	—1.80

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 18	72.96	70.88	71.27	—.82
Nov. 17	74.47	71.27	72.09	—2.00
Nov. 16	75.44	73.88	74.09	+.32
Nov. 15	74.58	72.69	73.77	+.36
Nov. 13	74.80	73.13	73.41	—.45

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Nov.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1920.	82.84 Nov. 4	68.90 Nov. 19	69.47
†1919.	99.59 Nov. 5	84.15 Nov. 29	85.34
1918.	80.16 Nov. 12	71.96 Nov. 26	73.80
1917.	66.16 Nov. 23	60.42 Nov. 8	64.02
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	97.17 Nov. 1	97.53

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07 Apr. 8	68.90 Nov. 19	69.47
†1919.	99.59 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	88.99

Full Years.

1919.	99.59 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	70.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.30
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	57.47 Dec. 20	65.88
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	80.94 Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

40 issues	70.21	—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
		—2.45	—3.24	

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Nov. 18	70.34	—.26	Nov. 9	72.03	—.32
Nov. 17	70.60	—.11	Nov. 8	72.75	—.28
Nov. 16	70.71	—.01	Nov. 6	72.65	+.06
Nov. 15	70.70	—.44	Nov. 5	72.57	—.09
Nov. 13	71.14	—.22	Nov.	72.66	+.10
Nov. 12	71.36	—.38	Nov. 3	72.56	—.07
Nov. 11	71.74	—.07	Nov. 2	Holiday.	
Nov. 10	71.81	—.22	Nov. 1	72.63	—.05

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	70.21
†1919.	79.05	June 2	73.45	Nov. 21	73.45

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.06	Dec. 3	72.06
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	76.13
1917.	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	76.30

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

LINOTYPE PROFITS SHOW 50% INCREASE

Mergenthaler Company's Report Announces Profits Equal to $18.99 a Share.

The report of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1920, shows net profits amounting, after deductions for depreciation and taxes, to $2,430,731. This was the equivalent of $18.99 a share earned on the $12,800,000 capital stock and compared with $12.76 earned in the preceding year.

The balance sheet of the company as of Sept. 30, showed under assets an increase in the item of real estate from $1,254,608 to $2,237,931, while inventories were set down at $4,503,123, as compared with $3,166,423 in the preceding year. Accounts receivable were shown at $2,284,360 as compared with $1,471,-232 in the year before. On the liability side bills payable were shown as $2,722,-500 as compared with $825,000 in the preceding year. There was reserved for taxes $600,520. The item in the preceding year was only $261,928. In his remarks to shareholders P. T. Dodge, President, said in part:

"Throughout the year the business has been carried on under abnormal and changing conditions—affecting nearly all industrial, financial and international operations. Notwithstanding this fact the year has been a prosperous one and the net gain from all sources was $2,430,731. While this gain is substantial and satisfactory it is represented in large part by increased inventories and by credits to purchases payable at future dates. It should be understood, therefore, that the dividend of 10 per cent. per annum is as large as it is prudent to declare for the time being."

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Prices Irregular; Paris Prices Steadier.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Old 2½ per cent. consuls, ¼ higher, at 44⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅝ lower, at 82⅞; 4½ per cent. war loan, ⅛ lower, at 76½.

Rand Mines unchanged, at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, ¼ lower, at 14½.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Prices improved on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 10 centimes higher, at 55 francs 20 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged, at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London 1 franc 5 centimes higher, at 57 francs 90 centimes per sovereign; American dollars, 16 francs 75½ centimes, against 18 francs 21½ centimes yesterday.

Bengal Bank Rate Raised.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 19.—The Bank of Bengal raised its rate of discount from 6 to 7 per cent. today.

The Bengal rate had been reduced from 7 per cent. to 6 on July 1. The present advance follows the action of the Bank of Bombay in making a similar advance from 6 to 7 per cent. on Nov. 13.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis).

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.50	6.65
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.35	6.75
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	6.87	6.30
Canadian Pacific.	1920-'32	4½@6	7.25	6.45
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	6.90	6.35
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.90
Chi., St. L. & N.O.	1920-'24	5	7.15	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.00	6.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	7.15	6.50
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.75	7.10
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	6.95	6.30
Do	1925-'35	7	6.75	6.40
Int. Prod. S. S.	1920-'26	7	8.50	7.25
Louisville & Nash.	1920-'23	5	6.90	6.35
Michigan Central.	1920-'32	5 @6	6.90	6.25
Minn. & St. Louis.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.50	6.65
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	7.75	7.00
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@5	7.15	6.40
Do	1921-'35	7	7.15	6.40
Norfolk & West.	1920-'24	4½	6.90	6.25
Northern Pacific.	1921-'30	7	7.05	6.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	7.75	7.00
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.90	6.40
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght.	1920-'23	4 @4½	6.85	6.35
Pitts. & Lake Erie.	1921-'35	6½	6.75	6.35
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	6.95	6.25
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.00	7.00
Sinclair Refining.	1920-'21	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific.	1920-'25	4½	6.85	6.25
Do	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.35
Southern Railway.	1920-'26	4½@5	7.35	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.75	6.30
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.35	6.60
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.25	7.25

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester-day's Bid.	Thurs-day's Ask.	Thurs-day's Bid.
Commonw'th Edison.	Dec. 1	⅛	⅜	⅛
Consol. Textile	Dec. 7	..	⅛	..
General Electric	Jan. 15	2⅜	2⅞	2½
Home Insurance		170	175	170
Land's, Frary & Clark.	Dec. 20	3½	4½	3½
Springfield Gas Lgt.	Nov. 20	¼	1¼	¾
Chaw (W. W.)		18	19	18

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday, Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.87½	$6.12½	$6.87½	$6.12½
Quicksilver	....	60.00	....	60.00
Aluminium	27.50	28.50	28.00	29.00
Iron, No. 2 Silic'n	....	45.50	....	45.75

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 14½c. 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	81	5	0	83	2	6
Copper, futures	81	5	0	83	2	6
Tin, spot	239	10	0	246	5	0
Tin, futures	242	15	0	249	17	6
Spelter, spot	34	5	0	35	2	6
Spelter, futures	35	10	0	36	12	6
Lead, spot	32	10	0	32	15	0
Lead, futures	31	15	0	32	5	0

CHINESE CONSORTIUM DETAILS REVEALED

Banking Group Issues Statement Telling Particulars of Loan Arrangement.

EQUAL CHANCE GUARANTEED

Freedom of Action of All Participants in Other Transactions Explicitly Reserved.

The following official summary of the Chinese consortium agreement was made public yesterday by Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., on behalf of the American banking group in the consortium:

"The formal agreement completing the organization of the banking groups of the United States, Great Britain, France and Japan in a new consortium designed to assist the Chinese people in the development of their railways and of other great public utilities, and approved by the Governments in question, was signed by all the delegates of the four banking groups in conference in New York City on Oct. 15, 1920.

"The agreement begins by recording that the four groups are to have the complete support of their respective Governments, and the preamble, indicating the attitude of the consortium toward China, records that the national groups are of the opinion that the interests of the Chinese can best be served by the co-operative action of the various banking groups, representing the investment interests of their respective countries, in procuring for the Chinese Government the capital necessary for a program of economic reconstruction and improved communications; and that with these objects in view the respective national groups are prepared to participate on equal terms in such undertakings as may be calculated to assist China in the establishment of her great public utilities, and to these ends welcome the co-operation of Chinese capital."

The agreement, the language of which is largely technical, contains the following provisions:

Under Article 1 each group is to determine the composition of its own unit, the admission of any new national group being determined by the member groups, subject to the approval of their respective Governments.

Article 2 provides that the loans to be undertaken by the Consortium shall be only of a public character; that the Consortium does not plan to invade the field of private initiative but to confine itself to loans involving public issues made to or on behalf of the Republic of China or any Provinces of the Republic, or to loans guaranteed by the Government or by any one of the Provincial Governments. Concessions upon which substantial progress has been already made need not necessarily come within the scope of the Consortium.

Articles 3 and 4 provide for complete equality among the groups in all business undertaken by the Consortium, and reserves freedom to each group to decline to participate in any business which it does not desire to undertake.

Article 5 provides that, so far as possible, the parties to any operation shall not be jointly liable, each of the groups undertaking to liquidate its own engagements.

Under Articles 6 and 7 any group not desiring to make an issue in its own market may request the other groups to include its share in their own issue.

By Article 8 the duration of the Consortium is fixed for five years unless a majority of the parties decide to terminate it earlier.

Chandler Motor Declares Dividend.

After the dividend meeting of the Chandler Motor Car Company yesterday, at which the regular $2.50 quarterly disbursement was declared, President Chandler said that earnings for the last three months were largely in excess of dividend requirements. He said as well that current operations were satisfactory for this season of the year, and that the company is in a splendid cash position. The dividend is payable Jan. 3, 1921, to stockholders of record Dec. 20.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.	Dividend	EASTERN DISTRICTS.
Alpha	.60	East Divide
Andes	.70	Extension
Best & Belcher	.10	Florence
Challenge	.20	Gold Reef
Chollar	.08	Harmill
Confidence	1.80	Hasbrouck
Con. Virginia	3.80	Kernick
Gould & Curry	.00	Knox
Imperial	.70	Myra
Jacket	.25	Revert
Mexican	.12	Verdi
Ophir	.35	Victory
Overman	.10	West
Savage	.06	Western
Sierra Nevada	.04	Zone
Union	.32	GOLDFIELD.
Utah	.03	Booth
TONOPAH.		Consolidated
Belmont	1.35	Crackerjack
Cash Boy	.07	Florence
Jim Butler	.15	Jumbo Ext
MacNamara	.20	Kewanas
MacNamara Cr.	.07	Lone Star
Midway	.09	Silver Pick
Monarch	.03	Spearhead
North Star	.04	OTHER DISTRICTS.
Rescue	.28	Arrowhead
Tonopah Ext	1.40	Black Mammoth
West End	1.05	Broken Hills
West Tonopah	.04	Bullwhacker
DIVIDE.		Climax
Alto	.04	Croesus
Belcher	.03	Holly
Belcher Ext	.04	Round Mountain
Brougher	.11	Simon
Butte	.02	White Caps
Divide Tonopah	1.02½	

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1⅛	1½	Isabella	3⅞	4¼
Doctor	1⅛	2⅛	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	2½	2⅝	Portland	55	59
El Paso	10	10½	U. Gold M.	9	11½
Gold. Cycle	62	67	Vindicator	18	22
Granite	7	12	Rose Nicol.	5	6½

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$12,768,250	$17,780,500	$13,689,000
Year to date	3,292,987,050	2,886,322,250	1,642,294,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
626	Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	92.70	92.86	92.62	92.62	—.18	92.60	92.70	3.96
1	Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	86.30	86.30	86.30	86.30	—1.90	86.50	87.00	4.62
22	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	85.50	85.54	85.54	85.54	—.04	85.50	85.70	5.10
60	Liberty 1st con. 4½s, 1932-'47	87.00	87.06	86.98	87.00	+.20	86.90	87.00	5.15
9	Liberty 1st 4½s, reg	86.70	86.70	86.50	86.50	—.20	....	....	....
1,708	Liberty 2d con. 4½s, 1927-'42	85.70	85.80	85.50	85.56	+.08	85.56	85.62	5.34
885	Liberty 3d con. 4½s	88.10	88.40	88.04	88.40	+.30	88.30	88.40	5.19
3,182	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	86.92	85.96	85.72	85.80	—.10	85.78	85.82	5.48
732	Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	96.00	96.08	95.90	95.90	—.20	95.86	95.94	5.62
900	Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	95.98	96.08	95.90	95.90	—.12	95.88	95.94	6.62

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S 2s, reg. 100½; 4.6 100½; Chinese Ry 5s 41½; 21 41½; 30 41¾; City Berne 8s, temp ctfs 98; 6 98; 2 97¾; 3 98; 9 97¾; City Bordeaux 6s, temp ctfs 82; City Chrna 8s, Kuhn, L ctfs 98½; 2 98½; 1 98⅝; 6 98¾; 1 98⅝; 5 98⅝; 6½s, 1922 94¾; 1 94⅝; 6 94¼; City Zurich 8s receipts 98; 2 98; 8 98¼; 1 98; 8 97⅞; 2 98; 2 97⅞; 1 98; 1 98; 1 97⅞; 5 97⅞; 6s, 1921 97⅜; 2 98; 3 97⅞; 2 97½; 1 97⅝; 1 98; 1 98⅜; 5 98⅝; 1925 99⅝; 2 91½; Rep Cuba 5s of 1904 86; UnKofGB&Ir 5½s, 1921 88⅜; 83 88⅝; 1 88¾; 50 88¼; 5 98⅜; 6½s, 1922 94⅞; 22 94⅞; 1 94⅝; 6½s, 1929 80; 34 88⅜; 5s ctf 88⅜; 5 88¼; 5 80; 5 88⅜; 6 89; 5 88¾; 2 88⅜; 10 88⅜; 5½s, 1931 85¾; 2 85⅞; 4 85⅝; 5 85⅜; 6 85¾; 5 85¼; 10 85¼; 5s, 1926 91; 2 91; 7 90¾; 5½s, 1929 91¼; 4 91⅛; 3 91½; 5s, 1931 91; 4 90¾; 2 90⅝; 2 91; French Gov 8s 100⅜; 8 100⅜; 6 100⅜; ½ 101; 5 100¼; 3 100⅜; 9 100¼; 8 100⅜; 4 ctf 100¾; 12 100⅜; 3 100⅜; 23 100⅜; 26 100⅜; 1 100⅜; 1 100⅜; Gov 4½ctf 8s, temp rects 102½; 7 102½; 1 102; Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan 74⅜; 5 74⅜; 4½ 74⅞; 2 ctf 74⅜; 20 74⅜; 8 74⅜; 2 75; 15 74⅜; 2d series 74⅜; 20 74⅜; 4s, ster loan 57⅜; 116 57⅜; 10 57⅜; 4 57⅜; King of Belg 7½s, rects 97⅜; 1 97⅜; 2 98; 3 97⅜; 2 97½; 1 97⅜; 1 98; 1 97⅜; 5 97⅜; 6s, 1921 99⅝; 2 91½; Rep Cuba 5s of 1904 86; UnKofGB&Ir 5½s, 1921 88⅜; 83 88⅝; 1 88¾; 50 88¼; 5 98⅜; 6½s, 1922 94⅞; 22 94⅞; 1 94⅝; 6½s, 1929 80; 34 88⅜; 5s ctf 88⅜; 5 88¼; 5 80; 5 88⅜; 6 89; 5 88¾; 2 88⅜; 10 88⅜; 5½s, 1931 85¾; 2 85⅞; 4 85⅝; 5 85⅜; 6 85¾; 5 85¼; 10 85¼; U S of Mex 5s 43⅞; 1 43⅞; 7 42¼; 1 41½; 2 41¼; 4s 42; 25 33⅝; 3 33; NY City 4½s May, 1957 91⅛; 1 91⅛; 3½s, Nov. 1954 74¼; 15 74¼; 4½s, 1964 94; 10 94; 4½s, 1963 92; 7 92; Adams Ex 4s 90; 1 90; 2 90; 160 90¼; 1 90; 21 44; 2 43; cv 4s, Ser A 41¾; 2 41¾; 1 41½; Ser B 41¼; 1 41½; 8 41; cv 4s, Ser D 48; 1 48; 1 47⅞; 2 47½; 2 47¾; 2 47; Fla C & Pen con 5s 79; 1 79; GenElec deb 5s 85; deb 6s 98½; Gt Nor ref 4½s 80; 2 80; 4 81; Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A 60½; 1 60⅝; 2 60¼; 19 60; 1 60⅜; 3 60¼; adj inc 5s 21⅝; 10 22; 1 21½; 10 22; 2 21⅝; 14 22; Ill Cent 3½s, 1952 67; 4s, 1952 71⅜; 2 72; 4s, 1953 68¾; temp 5½s 90⅝; 4 90⅝; 2 90½; 4 90; Ill C & C,SL & NO 1st 5s,SerA 84⅜; Ill Steel 4½s 78⅞; Int-Met 4½s 20; 5 20; 8 19; Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s 82½; 2 82¾; 6 82½; 10 82½; 50 82; 68 82¾; 27 82; 1 82½; 33 82; 10 81⅝; 10 81⅝; 10 81⅝; 15 81½; 1 81⅜; Int Mer Mar 4½s 20 80; 12 79¾; 10 80; 10e30f 79¾; 5 79¾; 1 79½; 1 79¾; 27 79½; Ia Cent ref 4s 42½; 5 42⅜; Kan C So 3s 53½; 2 53; 2 53½; 3 53½; 5s 72; 4 72; 2 72½; 2 72½; 8 72; Kan C, Ter 4s 72; Lack Steel 5s, 1928 92; 1 92; 5s, 1950 77; 6 77; 5 76⅝; LS&MSo 4s '28 84⅜; 1 84⅜; 3 84⅝; 1931 81¾; 4 81¼; Leh Vy col tr 6s, temp rcts 94; Long Island deb 5s, 1934 74; Lou & Nash 7s 103⅜; 1 103⅜; 3 103½; St L div 6s 87; 2 99½; Midvale Steel col tr 5s 74½; 3 74½; 2 74½; Minn & St L ref & ext 5s 47; 1st & ref 4s 44; M,StP & SSM 1st con 4s 78¼; 3 79; 7 79¾; 2 79½; Minn, S Ste M & Atl 4s 87¾; Mo,K&T 1st 4s 60¼; 3 60; 8 60¼; 20 60¾; 10 60⅝; 25e30f 60; 25 60½; 2d 4s 36⅜; Mo Pac gen 4s 53; 5 54; 1 54½; 13 54½; 1 54⅝; 1 54½; 5 54⅝; Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965 81; Mon Pow 5s, Ser A 82; 1 82; Ser B 82¼; 1 82¼; Mont Trwys 1st ref 5s 68½; 1 69; Nash,Ch & StL 1st con 5s 93; Nat R of Mex pr lien 4½s 26½; Natl Tube 5s 89¼; 2 88⅝; N O, Tex & M inc 5s 57; N Y Cent 7s int rcts 102; 5 102⅜; deb 6s 91; 5 90⅞; 1 90⅝; 11 91; 7 90¾; 1 90¼; 14 90⅜; 5 92⅜; 6 90⅝; 5s30f 90⅞; ref & imp 4½s, Ser A 76⅞; NY, Chi & St L 1st 4s 80½; 15 80; N Y Dock 5s 64⅜; NYG,EL,H&P pur mon 4s 64; 6 64½; col tr 5s 80⅜; N Y, N H & H conv 3½s 42⅝; N Y, Jersey 1st 5s 77¼; NY Rys adj 5s 5; cfs of dep 10 5; N Y Tel 4½s 76¼; 6 75¾; 6 75¼; 5 75¼; s f deb 6s 80⅞; 5 86⅝; 12 80; Norf & Wn conv 6s 102; 10 102; Nor Pac 4s 76¼; 2 76⅝; 1 76⅞; 2 76½; gen 3s 56; 2 56; 6 56½; Ore&Cal 1st 5s 88; 1 87⅜; 2 88½; OreShL 1st 6s 98⅜; gtd ref 4s 79¾; 3 79¾; 15 79½; 1 80; Pac Tel & Tel 5s 78; 5s, 1950 82½; Pac of Molasses 5s 75; Penn, RRgen 5s 90; gen 4½s 80; 5 80; 10 79¾; gold 7s 98; 5 98; 7s 98; 1st & ref 5s 76; 2 76½; 1 76½; 5 76; Peo Gas & C of Chi ref 5s 86; 5 86; Pere Marlst 4s 65¼; PhilaCo con5s 1922 95; P, C, C & StL gen 5s, Sr A 84½; 2 84½; 14 92¾; 1 92¾; Reading gen 4s 21 85; Rdg Jer Cent col 4s 91; R & Dan deb5s 87¾; Rio G W 1st4s 63¾; R L,Ark&Lou 1st 4s 65¾; 1 65¾; 1 66; 1 65¾; St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s 15s30f, 87; St L & San F Ry gen 5s 59; p l 4s, Ser A 60½; 1 60; 8 60¾; 1 60⅝; 9 60¼; 1 60; 21 60; p l 5s, Ser B 61¾; 4 74¾; 25 74; p l 6s, Ser C 87¼; adj 5s 63¼; 25 63; 7 63¾; 1 63; 2 63¼; 13 63; 1 62¾; 1 63½; 2 63¾; 11 63; 6 62½; 6 62; income 6s 40; 5 40½; 4 40; 14 40¼; 14 40¼; 51 40; 13 40¾; 20 40; 5 43¾; 7 43⅝; St L S-W 1st 4s 66⅜; con 4s 62¾; 8 62⅜; 1st term 5s 61½; 2 61; 2d inc 4s 35¼; 1 37; Sea A L ref 4s 43; 3 42; adj 5s 37¾; 1 37¾; 4 37¼; 8 37¾; So Pac col 4s 70¼; conv 4s 76¼; 4 76¼; 13 76⅜; 7 76¼; 7 76⅜; conv 5s 76; 10 76; 1 110; 10 110¼; 25 110½; 4 103½; 10 110¼; 25 110½; SoP 1st ref 4s 74½; 1 74¾; 1 74⅝; 1 74⅞; 1 74½; So Ry 1st 5s 72; 2 87; gen 4s 60; Thd Av 1st 5s 76½; adj 5s 29½; Tri City 5s 74⅝; 5 80; Un Pac 1st 4s 80⅝; 14 80⅜; 16 80½; 2 80⅜; 1 80½; conv 4s 88; 8 80⅜; 1st & ref 4s 73⅜; UnRRofSF 4s 70⅜; Un Tr c of d 20; 8 28⅛; Pac Gas & Elec 28; U S R & L 5s 81½; 4 82; 80 82; U S Rub 7½s 97¼; 1 97¼; 6 97¾; 2 98; 8 98; 1st & ref 8s 76; 2 76½; US Stl s f 5s 92½; 7 92¾; 20 92¾; 2s30f 92¾; 7 92; 21 92¼; 14 92¾; 3 92¾; 4 92¼; Va-Ch 1st 5s 92¼; Va Mid gen 5s 87¾; Vgn Ry 1st 5s 84; Va R & Pr 5s 90; Wabash 1st 5s 88; Wash Ter 3½s 70; West Md 4s 53; 3 53¼; 3 55; West Pac 6s 82; 2 83¼; West Un fund & r est 4½s 78¼; WE&M 7s, w i 94¼; 1 93¾; 83 95; WilaCo 1st 6s 87½; 1 87; 1 87¾; cv s f 6s 83; 19 83; 3 83¼; 4 83¾; 1 83½; 1 83¾; 1 83½; 1 83¾; 1 83½; 1

SHARP COTTON FALL HALTS NEAR CLOSE

Excited Selling Furthered by British Bear News—Prices Off 45 to 52 Points.

For a time yesterday there was something very closely approximating total demoralization in the cotton market. Prices, which had been going down steadily from the opening, began to break sharply between sales in the early afternoon and before this condition was corrected the market was down 90 to 115 points, with every option from December on under 16 cents. In the last hour the market turned upward almost as abruptly as it had pointed downward earlier, and in this period just above half of the day's maximum declines were recovered, so that closing prices were off only 45 to 52 points net on the session.

Everything was bearish yesterday. The Liverpool market came in much lower than due and then continued to fall. The mid-day Liverpool dispatches showed the futures market there down 20 to 30 points, but the close abroad was at figures lower by 57 to 75 points than those of the day before, and spots were down 79 points to 12.41d., far under the previous low of the year. Reports from Manchester said that goods were being freely offered at considerable concessions, but were failing to attract buyers.

Then, on top of this unfavorable news, the New Orleans futures market began to break sharply and Southern and Western selling here grew in volume until it assumed big proportions. A saving grace of yesterday's trading was that on the extreme dips the shorts here started taking back their outstanding lines and the ring traders, who have been playing the short side for quick turns, eased up somewhat in their operations. This, in view of the fact that the Northern trade did notably less buying on the scale-down than has been its wont lately, probably prevented the market from going under 15 cents. As it was, October got down to 15.10, while from January on contracts could be bought at the lowest for 15.33 or less.

Wall Street houses became an important factor in the market in the last hour when they led a covering movement, which proved to be very large and which served to turn prices upward. The market looked to be pretty thoroughly sold out at this time and the buying which originated from the stock houses had to be fairly aggressive to achieve execution.

Spot prices here went to a new low of 17.55, down 50 points from Thursday, and in the South breaks of 50 to 100 points were the rule. At Dallas and Fort Worth, where the decline has been most pronounced, quotations went under 16 cents for the first time; to 15.35 for the former and 15.75 for the latter.

The day's exports were below the recent average, amounting to only 9,133 bales, which made the full week's total 149,905 bales. This movement, while it is an improvement over recent weeks, is far below what it was at this time last year, when November returned the huge total of 925,000 bales exported and started the big outgo, which did not abate until the end of March, after some 4,165,000 bales had moved forward in five months.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	16.80	16.90	15.90	16.55@16.65	17.05
Jan.	16.15	16.27	15.32	15.93@16.05	16.45
March	16.03	16.19	15.33	15.85@15.90	16.37
May	16.00	16.15	15.30	15.80@15.85	16.30
July	16.00	16.05	15.25	15.65	16.15
Sept.	15.80	15.80	15.50	15.50	15.95

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 50 points lower at 17.55c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 16.50c, down .50; New Orleans, 16.50c, down .75; Savannah 16.25c, down .75; August 16c, down .50; Memphis 16.50c, down .50; Houston 16.75c, down .50; Little Rock, 17c, down .50.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	50,965	36,560	55,395
Exports	9,133	9,020	119,588
Exports, season	1,411,084	1,261,179	1,606,645
N. Y. stocks	23,539	22,192	82,037
Port stocks	1,338,030	1,287,593	1,682,487
N. Y. arrivals		4,018	

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was heavy at 12.41d for middling; sales, 3,000 bales, of which 2,000 were American; imports, 29,000 bales, of which 12,000 were American; futures opened easy, 24 to 29 points down and closed easy, 57 to 74 points off on the day. Prices: December, 11.70d; March, 11.57d; May, 11.50d; July, 11.42d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were freely offered and buyers held off.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	94⅜	98⅛	7.50
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23,'25	90	95	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 26,'27	87½	91⅜	7.55
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2,'24	90	91½	..
A. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	95¼	95⅝	8.35
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	93⅜	94¼	7.95
Am. Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1928	93	95	6.80
Am Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99⅞	100¼	6.70
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99¼	100⅛	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	98⅜	100⅛	6.95
Anac. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	83½	85	8.60
An.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	99⅜	100½	7.50
Armour & Co.	6	1920-1924	94	99	....
Armour & Co.	7	1930	95	95½	7.60
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'23	93	96½	8.00
Bet. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'23	96	96½	8.60
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	94½	95	7.60
Cent. Arg. R.	6	Feb., 1927	83	84½	9.25
C. & Q. R. R. (joint)	4	July, 1921	96⅛	96⅜	7.90
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	94½	96	8.20
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry Co.	6	July, 1920	88½	89½	7.75
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	92	95	9.40
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	97	97¾	....
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75
The B.F.Goodrich Co, cv.	7	Apr., 1925	89½	90	9.80
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97⅜	98½	7.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	96	97	7.85
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	95½	96½	7.50
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	92½	93½	8.30
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	70½	72	..
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	95½	96¼	7.40
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	93	93½	8.00
Laclede Gas.		Jan., 1929	89	91	8.40
Llg. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97¾	98⅛	8.00
Nat. C. & S 10-yr.	8	1930	90	96	8.60
Penn Co.	4½	June 15,'21	98⅛	98⅝	5.95
Phila Co.	6	Feb., 1922	93¼	94½	10.10
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100⅛	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99⅝	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	100	100⅜	6.80
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	87½	89	..
R. J. Rylds	7.6	Aug., 1922	96¾	97¼	7.80
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'21	98	97½	9.70
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	94	96½	8.90
Sears R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	94	96½	8.40
Sinc. C. O. C.	7½	May 15,'25	90	91	10.00
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	99½	100¼	8.10
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	94¾	95½	9.20
S'west B T.	7	Apr., 1925	93	94½	9.40
St.P.Un.Dep. guaran.	5½	Dec.15,'23	95¾	96½	7.00
S.S.S.&I.10-yr.	8	1929	88	90½	7.50
Swift & Co.		Aug.15,'21	97¾	97¾	8.55
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'25	97	97½	7.80
Texas Co.	7	Mar., 1923	97¾	98¼	7.80
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	82	84	..
West. El. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	98⅞	99¼	7.20

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

Quantity afloat, all kinds, 276,000 bales.
Quantity afloat, American, 219,000 bales.

COMMODITIES PRICES

General Weakness Prevails in All Staples—New Lows Continue.

There were further price recessions in yesterday's wholesale markets, wheat declining 9 cents per bushel, corn 5 cents per bushel and oats 1½ cents per bushel. New low prices for the year were made in these three staples by reason of the declines. Flour, Minneapolis, was unchanged. Coffee dropped ¼ cent, sugar ½ cent, to low for the year and to price which prevailed under ruling of the Sugar Equualization Board. Butter and eggs, however, were unchanged.

In provisions lard dropped 25 cents per hundred pounds; beef and pork ruled steady and unchanged.

In the metals iron No. 2X, Philadelphia, dropped $1.50 per ton, and copper declined ⅛ cent per pound, to new low; tin receded $1.12 per hundred pounds.

In the textiles spot cotton dropped 50 cents per hundred pounds and printcloths declined ¼ cent per pound, both to new low quotations for year.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Nov. 19, 1920.	Nov. 12, 1920.	Nov. 19, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.02⅛	$2.01⅛	$2.36⅛
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.98¾	1.08¼	1.66¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.61½	.63¾	.81½
Flour, Minn., patent	10.25	10.15	14.25
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.07⅝	.15¼
Sugar, gran.	.05	.10	.09
Butter, cream, 92	65	.63	.71
Eggs, fresh gathered, firsts, per doz.	.81	.81	.74
Lard, prime	19.50	19.35	26.75
Pork, mess	32.50	31.00	46.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2, X Phil	45.00	46.50	36.10
Steel billets, Pitts	55.00	55.00	42.00
Lead	6.20	6.60	6.75
Copper	14.25	14.75	20.00
Tin	36.25	37.50	53.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	17.55	19.40	39.15
Printcloths	.06	.06⅛	.12⅝

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.97½	Nov. 19
Corn	1.34¾	May 15	.98¾	Nov. 19
Oats	1.50	May 7	.61½	Nov. 19
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	10.15	Nov. 12
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06⅛	Oct. 16
Sugar	.23	July 12	.09	Nov. 19
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.54	Aug. 4
Eggs	.82	Jan. 9	.42¼	Mar. 17
Lard	28.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	28.00	Oct 19	20.00	M y 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	43.10	Jan. 2
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	M r. 15	5.50	J n. 2
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	14.25	Nov. 19
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	36.25	Nov. 19
Cotton	43.75	July 22	17.55	Nov. 19
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.06	Nov. 19

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	1.71½	1.71	1.72¼	1.80½
March	1.68¼	1.62½	1.63½	1.69½

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
December	69¼	68¼	69⅜	69¾	1.43
May	74¾	71⅝	72	74¾	..
July	75½	72¼	72½	75¾	..

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	46⅝	44¼	44⅝	46¾	75⅛
May	51	48¼	48⅝	51⅞	73½
July	50	48	48	..	..

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.55	1.51	1.52	1.56	1.40¾
May	1.39½	1.37¼	1.38¼	1.40	1.48½

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
Lard— Nov.	19.50	19.17	19.25	19.35	....
Jan.	15.05	14.55	15.00	15.25	23.17
May	14.42	14.05	14.40	14.60	22.67
Ribs— Jan.	12.80	12.50	12.60	12.87	18.67
Pork— Nov.	24.50	23.50	24.50	....	....
Jan.	23.50	22.95	23.35	23.75	....

GRAIN AT PRE-WAR LEVEL.

Wheat Also Drops 5¾ to 8½ Cents —Financial Conditions Responsible.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Prices collapsed today to a before-the-war level for corn and oats, and dragged down the wheat market temporarily almost 10 cents a bushel. Disturbed economic and financial conditions, together with prospective big receipts of new corn, were the chief depressing factors apparent. Wheat closed nervous 5⅝@8½c net lower, with December $1.72@$1.72¼ and March $1.63½@$1.63¾. Corn lost 2⅛@3⅝c net, and oats 1⅝@2½c. As to provisions the result varied from 45c decline to $1.15 advance.

In view of the acute weakness of corn and oats, confidence in the buying side of the wheat market seemed to have vanished and orders to sell wheat poured in to the pit from all sides. News that stocks, cotton and sugar were on the down grade added to the force of bearish sentiment regarding wheat, and so, too, did a new crash in hog prices to the lowest point in three years as well as the failure of two North Dakota banks. The day was approaching a close before the impetus of the wave of selling received any check. Then word that European buyers had taken advantage of the break in prices and had bought 1,000,000 bushels of wheat for transatlantic shipment tended to rally the market somewhat.

Nothwithstanding that corn and oats went headlong downward respectively about 16 cents and 10 cents as compared with top figures last week, extraordinary lack of good buying of future deliveries remained evident.

Provisions sypathizing with grain and hogs, went to new low price marks for the season. The only uptrun was a November delivery of pork in which trade was small.

TO CONFER ON RADIO LINE.

Representatives from France and England Will Discuss Operations.

Captain Maurice Brossier, who was in charge of the wireless operations of the French Army in the Near East, arrived yesterday on the French liner Touraine from Havre to confer with the representatives of the American Radio Company and arrange for commercial wireless relations with a new 300-kilowatt station now under construction near Paris. He said that Sir Godfrey Isaacs, the head of the British Marconi Company, would arrive this afternoon on the Cunarder Aquitania from England and would be present at the conferences in regard to the radio communications among the United States, France and Great Britain.

Another passenger on the Touraine was Jean Gegou, American manager of the French Cable Company, who has been in France for a holiday with his family. He said that France had a good cable service from New York to the West Indies and had transmitted messages for the United States Government over its lines free of charge for forty-one years.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argentina (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	63½	64½
Belgium (Restor'n).		1934	58	61
Bel. Prm. Ln., '20.	5	....	63⅞	66⅞
British Victory	4	1960	256	266
British Fund	4	1960	235	245
British Nat. W.	5	1922	339	349
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	328	338
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1929	351	361
Canada	5½ Dec.,	1922	86	88
Canada	5½ Nov.,	1923	86	88
Canada	5 Dec.,	1925	80½	83½
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	50¾	53¼
French Loan, '17		1948	40¾	43¼
French Prem.	5	1920	57¾	60¾
French Loan, '20.	6	1931	...	59½
Italy Treas.	5	1923	35½	38½
Italy Treas.	5	1925	34	37
Russia, ruble bds.	5½ Feb.,	1926	10	15
Russia	5½	1921	15	20
Sweden	6 June,	1939	82	84
Switzerland	5½	1929	83½	84½

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,261 packages. Demand fair, particularly for the high grade fresh table; ladies, pretty well sustained; packing stock dull. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 65½@66c; extras, 93 score, 65c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 55¼@63c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 49@53c; seconds, 83 to 86 score, 41@47c; lower grades, 38@40c; Danish casks, 50@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 67½@68c; extra, 66½@67c; firsts, 60@64c; seconds, 42@48c; State dairy tubs, good to prime, 54@58c; common to fair, 38@48c; renovated, extras, 46@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 35½@36½c; seconds, 32½@33¾c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 28@30c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 11,898 cases. Market quiet; higher qualities, rated steady; medium and lower grades, dragging; storage, less active; fancy whites, firm. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 86@88c; extra firsts, 83@85c; firsts, 76@81c; seconds, 67@75c; dirties, No. 1, 52@55c; checks, f ir to choice, dry, 46@50c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 59c; firsts, 56½@58c; seconds, 52@55c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, $1.08; extra firsts, $1.02@1.05; firsts, 92c@$1.02; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 92c@$1.05; under grades, 75@90c; pullets, 75@85c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, $1.08; extra firsts, $1.03@1.05; firsts, 92c@$1.02; under grades 85@90c; medium size, 85@92c; small, 75@86c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 85@85c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery brown, extra, 90@93c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 86@88c; firsts to extra firsts, 77@83c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 88 to 100 points net lower in an active trading session.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Clos. Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	9.11
November	....	....	....	9.25
December	9.20	8.95	9.10	9.05
January	9.34	9.08	9.29	9.28
February	9.51	9.31	9.51	9.50
March	9.59	9.30	9.53	9.52
April	9.57	9.44	9.57	9.54
May	9.73	9.55	9.53	9.10
June	No sales.			9.70
Total sales, 20,000.				

COFFEE.

There was a further sharp decline in the coffee market, prices receding 25 to 34 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
December	6.60	6.38	6.41	6.75	15.00
January	6.70	6.70	6.70	..	..
February	7.16	7.13	7.16	..	..
March	7.31	7.13	7.15	7.43	15.40
May	7.70	7.53	7.53	7.78	15.50
July	8.00	7.84	7.83	8.10	15.50
September	8.25	8.02	8.02	8.32	15.50

SUGAR.

The sugar market continued its downward course, prices closing 41 to 55 points under the previous day.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	5.10	5.00	5.05	5.60
January	5.15	5.10	5.10	5.55
February	5.15	5.13	5.13	..
March	5.23	5.13	5.14	5.55
May	5.40	5.20	5.25	5.74
July	5.50	5.50	5.50	..

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Corn Exchange Bank, New York,

at the close of business on the 15th day of November, 1920:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$45,399,436.86
Private securities		14,670,015.89
Real estate owned		3,788,839.11
Mortgages owned		827,210.17
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		267,191.78
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		52,[illegible].41
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		31,189,948.58
Overdrafts		13,208.93
Due from approved reserve depositaries	$700,000.00	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	4,581,444.64	
		5,281,444.64
Specie		1,352,944.72
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		5,588,404.78
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$22,782,104.43	
Other cash items	3,078,765.58	
		25,860,870.01
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York		26,503,172.48
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		1,948,973.65
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$656,314.92	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	132,455.57	
		788,770.49
Total		$216,211,395.50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$6,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$7,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,971,213.31	
		9,471,213.31
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$6,450,215.21	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	65,958.95	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	89,387.78	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	86,975.39	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	158,756,724.50	
Demand certificates of deposit	350,808.04	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	11,901,706.85	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	4,326,695.15	
Certified checks	10,566,430.09	
Unpaid dividends	4,687.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	4,656,099.47	
Total deposits		197,255,688.43
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		1,948,973.65
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc	$978,994.23	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	287,673.81	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	76,355.25	
Estimated unearned discounts	192,496.82	
		1,535,520.11
Total		$216,211,395.50

PESQUEIRA DEBATES WITH OIL ATTORNEY

De la Huerta's Representative Refuses to Be Pinned Down on Mexican Policy.

DAVIS CANCELS SPEECH

The Under-Secretary's Withdrawal Leaves Petroleum Institute Dinner Without Official Spokesman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Bitterness marked a clash between R. V. Pesqueira, representative of the de la Huerta Government of Mexico, and Frederic Kellogg, before the American Petroleum Institute, this afternoon. Mr. Kellogg demanded from th eMexican representative direct answers to four searching questions seeking to define the attitude of Mexico toward American oil producers. Mr. Pesqueira followed with a statement, but made no specific replies to the questions.

The meeting was keyed with excitement and anticipation. Mr. Kellogg was apparently ready to press his questions to the limit. However, R. L. Welch, Secretary of the Institute, cooled the atmosphere by asking the two men to discuss the matter later this evening at a dinner. Pesqueira appeared at the meeting this afternoon by his own request to reply to statements made on Thursday by Mr. Kellogg.

Deep interest was aroused this afternoon, when Norman H. Davis, Under-Secretary of State, announced that pressure of business would prevent him from speaking at the dinner tonight. During the sessions of the Institute the attitude of various nations upon the subject of oil has come forward. It is thought the State Department considered it wiser not to inject any official statement into the proceedings of the Institute, and therefore Mr. Davis reconsidered his intention to speak.

The four questions which Mr. Kellogg asked Mr. Pesqueira were, in epitome:

"What do you mean by non-retroactive?"

"Do you or your Government admit that American oil companies who bought or leased lands in Mexico prior to May 1, 1917, had the exclusive right to extract oil free from Government supervision?"

"If you admit this right existed prior to May 1, 1917, do you admit the Carranzista decrees abrogated these rights?"

"If you do believe that, what will Mexico do about it?"

In his speech Mr. Pesqueira said the famous Article .7 of the Mexican Constitution, so far as it referred to petroleum, was not retroactive, nor could it be considered as such. American oi men say they have been striving to ascertain the exact Mexican definition of "retroactive" in connection with this article, which seeks to nationalize oil for Mexico.

Mr. Pesqueira also said his country would "never shame our reputation by confiscation of private property." He added that Mexico was "ready to pay all debts in accordance with international law."

Much of the De la Huerta Commissioner's speech was devoted to ridiculing Mr. Kellogg and E. L. Doheny who, he said, he did not believe could be called friends of Mexico.

Applause was given the speaker several times during his speech and when he concluded by saying:

"We want your good will; I assume you want ours."

As soon as Mr. Pesqueira finished speaking and started to leave the hall, Mr. Kellogg begged him to remain for a few moments. There was considerable confusion in the hall, but finally Mr. Pesqueira seated himself in front of the rostrum.

With much spirit Mr. Kellogg defended Mr. Doheny, saying the American oil man had been a friend to Mexico and had improved conditions there economically.

Mr. Pesqueira had intimated that Mr. Doheny had made so much money he could not object to Mexican taxes. Mr. Kellogg asked:

"Has Mr. Pesqueira or Mexico the right to say how much Mr. Doheny shall make?"

Mr. Kellogg alluded to Mr. Pesqueira as "for years a trusted official of the Carranza Government," but who "near the end of Carranza's term, led doubtless by a high sense of duty, took steps leading to the removal of Carranza."

Mr. Welch injected the note of calmness just after Mr. Kellogg spoke, and then gave way to Pesqueira, who immediately replied to the criticism concerning his relations with Carranza. He said it was "utterly unjust to accuse me of double-dealing with Carranza," and that his life was "clear."

Oil, he asserted, was "the smallest thing" in connection with Article 27, which represented "a tremendous aspiration of the Mexican people."

Concessions in Mexico he termed "a shame," saying he himself held too much land. He deplored the fact that land was held in such large quantities by many Mexicans, and said that through his advice the powerful Terrazas family planned to divide their holdings.

It was necessary to nationalize oil, said he, and in this connection he asked if nationalization was not the general tendency throughout the world.

OPPOSES "BLUE SKY LAWS."

Mining Congress in Denver Wants Repeal of Excess Profits Tax.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 19.—Animated debate which led to withdrawal from the report of the Resolutions Committee of a clause upholding all State "blue sky" laws, featured the last session of the twenty-third annual convention of the American Mining Congress here today. Selection of a 1921 convention city was left to the Board of Directors.

Re-establishment of the War Finance Corporation at this time "when the American people have the most urgent need for its activity," was recommended. A series of resolutions opposing the proposal to abolish the Department of the Interior and create in its stead a Department of public works was presented.

As a substitute for that action one resolution proposed creation of a Federal Bureau of Public Works.

Report of the Resolutions Committee was adopted unanimously after the debated clause had been stricken out.

Repeal of excess of profits taxes, creation of a Federal board to settle taxation cases arising out of war conditions, a federal "hands off" policy in the coal industry, higher tariff on mineral imports and lower railroad ore rates were among resolutions which received the convention's sanction.

Big Bank Merger in St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 19.—Official announcement is made today of the purchase of the Mortgage Trust Company and the Mortgage Guarantee Company by the First National Bank interests. These acquisitions will be merged with the bond department of the bank and become its investment division. F. O. Watts is President of the First National Bank, which became by the merger of the Third National Bank, the Mechanics American National and the St. Louis Union Bank in 1919, the largest bank west of the Mississippi River.

ORDERS RAILROAD TO SELL.

Court Refuses to Postpone Denver & Rio Grande Sale in Colorado.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 19.—Refusal to permit postponement of the sale of Colorado property of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad was announced in a decision by the Circuit Court of Appeals here today. A petition of stockholders for the postponement was heard at Omaha last Monday.

The sale was originally ordered as the only practical way of satisfying a judgment against the railroad company amounting to $38,000,000. Payment of principal and interest on $50,000,000 bonds of the Western Pacific road, a subsidiary, was guaranteed by the Denver & Rio Grande.

Default in payment of interest was made in 1915 and this led to a judgment obtained against the company by the Equitable Trust Company. This judgment was partly met by the sale of the company's property in New York State, but a balance of $38,000,000 remained.

Judge Walter H. Sanborn, who made the decision today, held the petitioners for postponement of the sale failed to present facts on which a court of equity could annul the New York judgment.

Downward Tendency in Wool Market

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—The Commercial Bulletin tomorrow will say:

"Business in wool in the American markets this week has been less active, although there has been some business in a moderate way. Prices are showing a tendency downward all over the world. Australian cables indicate a lower tendency and the same is true in South Africa and South America, while London has ruled dull and irregular.

"The woolen goods market is still dull and unsettled, although the announced cut in prices by the wholesale clothiers is taken as a good omen. Talk of an early tariff action is also encouraging the trade somewhat."

TRAVIS IN CUSTODY ½ HOUR.

State Controller, Refusing to Pay $250 Contempt Fine, Freed on Writ.

State Controller Eugene M. Travis, against whom criminal charges are pending before the Grand Jury in connection with the purchase of bonds by the Controller's office for the State Sinking Fund, was under arrest for thirty minutes yesterday following his refusal to pay a $250 fine imposed by Chief Justice Kernochan in Special Sessions for contempt of court. The Controller was released on a writ of habeas corpus granted by Justice Glegerich in the Supreme Court.

George Z. Medalie, the Controller's counsel, had announced his intention of refusing to pay the fine, which was imposed during the John Doe proceedings before Justice Kernochan after Mr. Travis had declined to answer questions relating to his private financial affairs. Mr. Medalie's contention is that a John Doe proceeding has no standing, and that persons who appear as witnesses in such proceedings do so voluntarily and may not be compelled to testify.

The Controller surrendered to Sheriff Knott at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In the meantime Mr. Medalie had obtained the writ, and thirty minutes later, when the formal papers had been signed, Mr. Travis was released. Arguments on the writ will be heard on Dec. 2.

TO INCREASE W.P.R.R. STOCK

Shareholders Approve New Issue of Both Common and Preferred.

Stockholders of the Western Pacific Railroad Corporation have approved the proposal for an increase in the authorized capital stock of the corporation from $75,000,000, consisting of 275,000 shares of preferred stock and 475,000 shares of common, to $100,000,000, consisting of 400,000 shares of preferred and 600,000 shares of common stock.

The increase in both classes of stock will allow for a distribution of one share of both preferred and common stock to holders of six shares of old stock.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	*Fiscal Corresponding Month, 1919.	Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$11,888,699.18	$16,784,469.77	$121,546,319.68	$107,537,069.18
Int rnal revenue—				
Income and profits tax	16,793,222.58	11,694,150.14	913,132,368.88	1,064,153,737.99
Miscellaneous	87,391,688.07	77,225,373.63	609,923,283.43	581,172,158.19
Miscellaneous revenue	53,659,277.81	40,647,543.96	283,414,748.89	288,280,009.63
Panama Canal tolls, &c	614,829.21	837,255.52	2,440,063.88	1,961,753.41
Total ordinary	$170,347,716.85	$146,888,993.02	$1,930,456,784.76	$2,042,874,727.40
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	....	....	11,171,587.12	....
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	71,590,551.77	162,015,041.10	....	1,251,671,457.26
Expenditures	241,938,268.62	308,904,034.12	1,919,285,197.64	3,294,546,184.66

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Fifty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,148,000, were chartered today. They include:

Warner Taxi Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. J. and D. Buchner, A. Lipton, 160 Broadway.

Soy Fong Co., Buffalo, restaurant keepers, $50,000; C. Lee, C. Wong, C. Lem, Buffalo.

Roger Yarn and Trimming Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Hand A. L. Levin, Schley and Edison Aves., Bronx.

Dubois Supply Co., Poughkeepsie, machinery, 500 snares preferred stock, $100 each; 500 common, no par value; active capital, $22,500; S. F. Titus, E. J. MacClelland, D. J. Crona, Poughkeepsie.

Art and Science Photo Plays, Manhattan, motion pictures $50,000; J. G. Citarella, E. A. Quintels, J. Sedita, 504 East 34th St.

American Coal Exchange, Manhattan, $20,000; G. Santi, L. Magliola, T. B. Roy, 154 Nassau St

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CHATTANOOGA AND TENNESSEE RIVER POWER COMPANY.

To Holders of Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds, Issued Under and Secured by Indenture Dated December 1, 1908:

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the Supplemental Agreement, dated October 6, 1919, to the above indenture, dated December 1, 1908, and pursuant to the direction, under said Supplemental Agreement, of the Chattanooga and Tennessee River Power Company, above mentioned five per cent. fifty-year gold bonds, outstanding in coupon form, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Sinking Fund Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on December 1, 1920, out of moneys in the sinking fund, to wit:

4	868	2404	3271
94	948	2443	3343
107	966	2590	3568
120	1263	2794	3597
167	1314	2815	3608
173	1448	2822	3679
255	1630	2942	3701
297	1687	2968	3985
415	1846	3012	4241
633	2008	3076	4672
860	2369	3130	

Said coupon bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after said December 1, 1920, at the office of the undersigned, Sinking Fund Trustee, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons maturing on and subsequent to June 1, 1921, at par.

The coupons maturing on December 1, 1920, of said bonds, are payable at the office of the Chattanooga and Tennessee River Power Company, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Sinking Fund Trustee.
By J. V. B. THAYER,
Vice President.

Dated November 1, 1920.

MORRISTOWN & ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the terms of the mortgage made by the Morristown & Erie Railroad Company to the Brooklyn Trust Company, as Trustee, dated September 1, 1903, the undersigned offers to purchase for the sinking fund, at a price not exceeding 110 and accrued interest, the bonds of said Company—sufficient to exhaust the sum of $5,257.37. Sealed offers will be received at the office of the Trust Company, 177 Montague Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, until 3 P. M. on December 10, 1920.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee,

E. P. MAYNARD, President.

Dated Brooklyn, N. Y., November 8, 1920.

To the Holders of First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Forty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Pittsburgh Terminal Railroad and Coal Company, Dated July 1st, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that The Colonial Trust Company, Trustee under the mortgage from Pittsburgh Terminal Railroad & Coal Company, dated July 1st, 1902, to secure an issue of First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Forty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of said Pittsburgh Terminal Railroad & Coal Company, will receive through its Trust Department, at its office, No. 317 Fourth Avenue, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, until 3 P. M., Tuesday, December 7th, 1920, sealed tenders, in writing, of Bonds of said issue for purchase and retirement from uninvested cash in the Sinking Fund, which now amounts to $153,380.38. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

THE COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.

Dated at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1920.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Notice is hereby given of a special meeting of stockholders of No More Key Manufacturing Company, Inc., to be held at Stuyvesant Casino, 140 Second Avenue, New York City, at 6:30 o'clock in the evening of the 29th day of November, 1920, for the following purposes:

1. To elect directors to fill vacancies caused by resignations.

2. To secure the approval, by vote of holders of at least two-thirds of the stock of said corporation of an agreement for the consolidation of this corporation and No More Key Sales Company, Inc., submitted by the boards of directors of said corporations to the stockholders of their respective corporations.

Dated, New York, November 9th, 1920.
VINCENT PICCIOTTI, Secretary.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The annual election of Directors of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States will be held at the office of the Society, Room 917, Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on Wednesday, December 1, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M. The polls will be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon and will remain open until four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at which time they will be closed. Such other business may be transacted as may properly be brought before the meeting.

New York, November 17, 1920.
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Secretary.

Chartered 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

New York, November 6, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that an election of eighteen directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the seventh day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the directors.
O. E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

GREENE CANANEA COPPER CO.

42 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Board of Directors of the Greene Cananea Copper Company has declared a dividend of 50 cents per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $100.00 per share, payable on November 22, 1920, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 3:00 o'clock P. M., Friday, November 5, 1920. The dividend is payable only upon the $100.00 shares into which the Capital Stock is divided. All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $100.00 par value should do so without delay in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

The transfer books will not be closed.

J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.

New York, September 25, 1920.

OFFICE OF LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 3% ($1.50 per share) upon the common stock of the International Cotton Mills has been declared payable December 1, 1920, at the office of the Transfer Agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., to all holders of record at close of business November 20, 1920.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS.
ALLAN B. GREENOUGH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of International Cotton Mills has been declared payable December 1, 1920, at the office of the Transfer Agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., to all holders of record at the close of business November 20, 1920.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS.
ALLAN B. GREENOUGH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF

THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO., N. W. COR. BROAD & ARCH STREETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% (87½c per share) on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable Dec. 15, 1920, to holders of Preferred Stock of record at the close of business Nov. 30, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

AJAX RUBBER COMPANY, INC.

220 WEST 57TH STREET

New York, November 16th, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share, payable December 15th, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30th, 1920.

STUART WEBSTER, Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES.

Boston, Mass.

Dividends Nos. 104 and 105.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on December 1, 1920, to shareholders of record November 1, 1920.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This Certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the MYROD SHOE CORPORATION, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 8th day of November, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 8th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

(Seal) C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR SHIRTS, FLANNEL, O. D.—Office of the Depot Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Philadelphia, Pa. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 A. M., November 30th, 1920, for manufacturing from materials furnished by the United States, 175,000 shirts, flannel, O. D. Information upon request.

R. M. CATTS LEASES N.Y. CENTRAL PALACE

Realty Operator and Associates Will Convert It Into Office Building.

DEAL INVOLVES MILLIONS

Plan Hotel on Adjoining Lot and an Arcade From Park to Lexington Avenue.

The Grand Central Palace, one of the largest commercial structures in the group of skyscrapers erected and owned by the New York Central Railroad Company in the zone surrounding the Grand Central Terminal, has passed to new interests for a long term of years.

Many millions of dollars are involved in the transaction, which calls for extensive improvements to the Grand Central Palace and the erection of a hotel or commercial structure on the plot adjoining it on the west.

The property, which consists of a thirteen-story structure occupying the entire block bounded by Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, Lexington Avenue and Depew Place, has been acquired by Robert M. Catts, a prominent realty operator, and associates from the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Exchange, which held a lease that has about forty-two years to run.

It is the intention of the new lessees to convert the entire structure into a modern office building. The vacant plot of land, 75 feet wide and 200 feet long, between the Grand Central Palace and Park Avenue, will be utilized for the erection of an appropriate structure, probably a hotel or an apartment house, and an arcade starting in the centre of the block at Park Avenue will pass through the new building into Grand Central Palace and out at Lexington Avenue.

A north and south arcade, running from Forty-sixth to Forty-seventh Street, will cross the main arcade near the centre of the building.

The main floor of the remodeled structure, which will be on the Park Avenue level, will contain handsome banking and trust company quarters, and the floor below, which will be on the Lexington Avenue level, will be utilized for retail shops. An additional bank of six-passenger elevators will also be added. The name of the building will be changed to the Central Square Building, as it will face on the Park Avenue plaza, extending north of Grand Central Terminal.

The changes and improvements of the present building are scheduled for completion by May 1, 1921. However, much space will be made available for earlier occupancy, some being available at the present time. Many contracts have been made and a large percentage of the total space has already been rented, according to a statement issued last evening by Mr. Catts.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET reports 307 failures in the United States for the week, against 211 for the previous week and 110, 132, 238 and 303 for the corresponding weeks 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 29, Middle 108, Western 53, Northwestern 15, Southern 78, Far Western 24. Canada had 22, against 17 for the previous week. In the United States about 69.7 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 16.6 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

FRENCH-AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO., INC., et al.—Judge Mack has appointed Daniel J. Boylan receiver in $20,000 bond for the French-American Steamship Company, Inc., et al., and Coyote Steamship Company, Inc., and Frank G. Martin, receiver, in an equity suit brought by the New York Trust Company, Trustee, under a bond issue of $250,000. The French-American Steamship Company, Inc., et al., are located at 18 Broadway.

EUREKA MERCANTILE CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Samuel D. Leidesdorf receiver, in $5,000 bond, for Max Melnick, trading as Eureka Mercantile Company, silks, at 115 East Twenty-third Street, in a suit brought by the Alpha Silk Throwing Company, a creditor for $5,000.

KING TIRE CO.—Eli, Abraham and H. King Halikman, co-partners, trading as the King Tire Company at 41-43 West Sixty-third Street and 1,985 Broadway, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $87,-310 and assets of $147,082, consisting of advance and security on rent at 41-43 West Sixty-third Street and 1,986 Bedford Avenue, $7670; stock, $35,000; two autos, $1,400; fixtures, &c., $3,457; accounts due, $25,139, and stocks, bonds, &c., $80,000. The stocks consist of Duffy Oil and Grease Company, $6,895; A. & H. Manufacturing Company, $1,389; Sat and Shur Chemical Company, Inc., $4,519; Society of Professional Engineers, $300, and Roslinoid Manufacturing Company, $30,000. Judge Mayer has appointed Ben B. Brown receiver in $2,000 bond. Among the creditors are Gotham National Bank, $7,800; United States Mortgage and Trust Company, $3,500; B. F. Goodrich Rubber Company, $3,075, and Max M. Bernstein, $2,000.

GROHE EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William Grohe, trading as Grohe Exclusive Millinery, manufacturer of women's hats, at 35 West Fiftieth Street, by these creditors: Accurate Millinery Co., $50; A. Hochheimer & Co., $181, and Max Meier & Sons, $243. It is alleged that the liabilities are about $10,000 and assets about $4,000. Judge Mayer has appointed Harold A. Content receiver in $500 bond.

ISRAEL GOLDFARB.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Israel Goldfarb, furs and skins, at 15 West Twenty-ninth Street, by these creditors: R. Freedman, $1,500; R. E. Saunders, $1,500, and I. Gerstein, $3,028.

PHILIP SILVER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Philip Silver, jeweler, at 154 East Houston Street, by these creditors: Herman Mestel, $184; Samuel Ginsburg & Son, $725, and Samuel S. Meister Co., Inc., $710. Judge Mayer has appointed Cornelius Smyth receiver, in $500 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $11,000 and the assets about $3,000.

ARISTELLOS CARDER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Aristellos Carder, trading as Greek-American Furnishing Co., dry goods and men's furnishing goods, at 137 Washington Street, by Ignatz Greenberger, $116; Benjamin Grabisch, $117, and Joseph Wallerstein, $267.

CLINTON LEATHER GOODS STORE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris and Rudolph Glasser, trading as Clinton Leather Goods Store at 25 and 27 Clinton Street, by these creditors: Michael H. Kasnowitz, $454; Louis Hirschberg, $294, and Benjamin Cohen, $224. Liabilities are said to be about $7,000 and assets about $3,000.

JEWELL EMBOSSING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jewell Embossing Company, Inc., at 7 University Place, by these creditors: Alan F. Campbell, $2,500; Madeline V. Campbell, $2,500, and Arthur Kaskell, $500.

PHILIP B. BRUCE, concert singer, at 202 West 103d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $42,676 and assets of $3,301, consisting of bills, &c., $2,856, and a sailboat, $350. The creditors all live in Boston, Mass., and vicinity.

PATTERSON & AHSLER, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Patterson & Ahsler, Inc., jewelry, at 527 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: Oscar Hyman & Bro., $10,629; Charles W. Sommer & Bro., Inc., $1,800, and Julius Reinsheimer, Inc., $1,338. Liabilities are said to be about $30,000 and assets about $20,000.

BESSIE SARBONE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed here against Bessie Sarbone, merchant, Utica, N. Y., by these creditors: Yarn Clearing House, $517; Jacob D. Richman & Son, $47, and Prospect Mills, $250.

ROBERT GILCHRIST & CO., manufacturers of talc and other chemicals, have filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $481,818 and assets of $453,290, consisting of real estate at Darien, Conn., $100,000; cash, $101; notes, $1,260; stock, $30,616; machinery, tools &c., $115,527; accounts, $116,862, and stocks, $85,923.

CHINESE FUR IMPORTERS, INC., at 141 West 28th Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $207,939 and assets of $37,808, consisting of promissory note, $4,500; stock, $15,000; fixtures, $1,000; merchandise, $5,000; accounts, $10,000; bonds, &c., $299, and deposits in banks, $2,008.

MEYER WOLF & SON, manufacturers of clothing, at 22 East Fourteenth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $37,796 and assets of $9,728, consisting of stock, $5,050; accounts, $4,678, and fixtures, $500.

CHARLES MILLER, at 92 Greene Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,300 and assets of $600.

REICH & WEINSTOCK—Judge Mayer has appointed Ely Rosenberg receiver, in $3,000 bond, for Reich & Weinstock, furs, at 123 West 28th Street. It is stated that the liabilities are about $60,000, plus contingent liabilities about $15,000, and that the assets are about $12,000.

J. M. McDOWELL, INC.—Judge Mayer has appointed Leon Lautergiein receiver, in $500 bond, for J. M. McDowell, Inc., at 222 East Forty-second Street.

ARLINGTON WAIST COMPANY—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy, filed on Oct. 20, against Michael Brook, trading as Arlington Waist Company at 39 West Nineteenth Street, upon a settlement with creditors on a basis of 17 per cent. Liabilities are $52,987 and assets $64,230.

THE COCKBURN CORP., a New York concern, has confessed judgment for $202,850 to William G. Rockefeller for money loaned to the company between Aug. 1, 1913, and Jan. 31, 1920. The money advanced was to be used in the purchase of a manufacturing plant and for current expenses.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SANDUSKY, Ohio, Nov. 10.—Five stockholders took judgment in Common Pleas Court here this afternoon for a total of $59,971.81 against the Ohio State Tire and Rubber Company of Port Clinton. Liabilities are estimated at more than $1,000,000. The estimated value of assets is $100,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Nathan L. Lanham, a real estate dealer, at 15 North Ashland Boulevard, with liabilities of $25,-114 and assets, $119.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name is that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Aelter, Charles and Marie T.—R. Corwin $488.30
American Cleansing and Sanitary Supply Co., Inc.—M. N. Ellsh & Co., Inc. 216.70
Brennan, Herbert, and Herbert Brennan Film Corp.—L. J. Selznick 12,201.39
Brown, George, and Nat. Surety Co.—People, &c. 100.00
Block, Sam, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. 3,000.00
Bissaccia, Nicola—Cellulold Zapon Co. 225.20
Buonocore, Salvatore—S. Benjamin 332.95
Bernstein, Mendel—M. Geier 353.35
Bel Locomotive Works, Inc.—B. I. Sweetland 407.20
Bligh & Co.—L. Middleditch Co. 2,616.47
Beale, J. Frank—P. E. O. Potters, et al. 240.00
Brody, Samuel—A. O. Anderson Trading Co., Ltd. 142.20
Community Development Corp.—C. H. & E. S. Goldberg. 133.25
Columbus Circle Construction Corp.—Norwood Lumber Co. 653.35
Cockburn Corp.—Wm. G. Rockefeller. 202,850.08
Casey, Wm. J.—M. C. MacDougall. 16,203.91
Electric Brazing and Welding Machine Co., Inc.—Nassau Nat. Bank of Brooklyn 8,808.81
Evans, Annie—J. J. Morrow 495.61
Falsberg, Alex; Annie Falsberg and Maurice Sorkin—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 113.90
Follman, Morris—N. Magida 222.80
Friedman, Harry, and Joseph Rebhun (Harold Waist Co.)—Metropolitan Sewing Machine Corp. 115.70
Freeport Silk Co., Inc.—F. Alpren et al. 2,167.57
Greenblatt, Jacob—Royal Eastern Electrical Supply Co. 560.72
Green, Chas. W.—Morris Plan Co., New York 214.20
Gerstman, Oscar, and Laura Goldwasser —Same 112.80
Gottlieb, Arthur, and Adolph Goodman —People, &c. 1,000.00
Goldwater, Morris—J. W. Burns 112.57
Goldblatt, Morris, and Jack L. Feuer (Goldblatt & Feuer)—L. Cohen 1,750.00
Glickman, Louis—New Netherland Bank of N. Y. 3,010.98
Hufuagel, Charles, and James Cunningham—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 112.80
Heineman, Henry (Savod Co.)—E. I. du Point de Nemours Co. 503.09
Hallet Harrison H.—David E. Kennedy, Inc. 350.63
Harry Wind Co., Inc., and Harry Wind —Bachmann, Emerich & Co., Inc. 2,019.72
Hunt, Gibson L.—C. Kraft. 242.20
Innis, Janion—N. E. Wierichs. 7,252.31
Jacobowitz, Samle, and Harry Klein—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 161.80
Jacobs, Harry—J. Gordon et al. 2,049.55
Jewel Tool Specialty Co., Inc.—J. Steiner 1,307.65
Kopensky, Jacob—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 111.70
Kaplin, Charles, Murray Benliner and Isidore Riesenburger—Same 216.40
Kalt Lumber Co.—Patrick Murphy, Inc. 368.97
Levin, Albert—F. Petito 221.90
Lovitt, Harry—S. & F. Dress Co., Inc. 276.62
Levy, Isaac L. and Bertha—L. I. Frunsel 2,441.08
McNeil, Perry R.—A. McCann. 523.47
McCarthy, James, and Fred Hartbrodt —People, &c. 500.00
McGowan, John, and Timothy Hogan—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 112.30
McDonald, Frank—C. Modjeska 243.96
Metropolitan Home Builders, Inc.—David E. Kennedy, Inc. 645.20
McAvoy, Robert A.—D. Barbori 108.95
MacBean, T. Leonard—Greis Bros. Sheet Metal Contractors, Inc. 221.12
Markowitz, Joseph—American Suit Case Co. 110.28
Murray, James E., property clerk—D. Mandick 1,720.00
Nelson, Thomas—C. H. Jones, costs. 129.85
Nemeiofsky, Alexander, as archbishop, &c.—J. J. Van Hentzel Tchora 1,980.96
Preferred Investing Co., Inc.—J. Moskowitz, et al. 125.10
Pyramid Grain Bar Co., Inc.—Sweet's Catalogue Service, Inc. 122.30
Progressive Dress Co., Inc.—Beeance Dress Co., Inc. 1,316.17
Quitman, Moody and Frank E. Benjamin (Quitman & Benjamin) 500.00
Rentrop Silk Dyeing Corp. 175.14
Russell, Rachel H.—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc. 377.48
Roth, Robert C.—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 225.20
Rabinowitz, Leiser, and Jacob Kugley (J. A. R. Dress Co.)—Bank of the U. S. 525.15
Ringa, Demetrius—Brunswick Balke Collender Co. of N. Y. 216.17
Roel, Axle, Corp.—G. L. Oertel 1,333.48
Reevis, James S.—F. C. Hayden 7,588.20
Smith, Alletta M.—Century Leasing Co., Inc. 378.10
Stemple, Max—A. M. Kirschner 268.75
Schlosser, Lawrence—Franklin Simon & Co. 104.25
Sandersire, Ralph—Carbondale Oil Co., Inc. 177.85
Smith, Wm. J. (William J. Smith Silk Co.)—M. E. Klein 8,810.19
Theatrical Candy Co., Inc.—Charms Co. 396.95
Third Avenue R. R. Co.—J. O'Donohue. 215.00
Turk & Gaplin Bros., Inc.—M. Serwitz, et al. 304.00
Van Novelly, Emily G.—L. P. Hollander Co. 154.20
Watson, Margaret F.—S. J. Cammarate 342.56
Wind, Harry, and Harry Wind Co., Inc. —Bachmann Emerich & Co., Inc. 2,019.72
White, Edw. M.—N. Ourtz 1,209.20
Wahrman, Morris—I. Raschke 524.20
Wasserman, Clare E. (Neimonz Embroidery)—R. Schnitzler 269.16
Weinstein, Samuel—I. Friedman 717.20
Wurf, Sigmund and Max Bank—F. Alperin et al. 1,981.57
Same—Same 1,983.07

In Bronx County.

Fridiger, Louis—L. B. Morris $138.24
Freuder, Louis—N. Y. Telephone Co. 27.06
Friedman, Bee—Same 26.48
Fink, Harry—M. H. Kalden 91.72
Gerber, Samuel—J. Wolinsky 37.92
Kleeblatt, Max—N. Y. Telephone Co. 32.51
King, William A., and Max Glantz—Barwin Realty Co. 179.40
Levine, David—C. Wasserman 65.72
Lott, Henry B. and Sophia—I. Govern .. 95.41
Oxenhorn, Louis—C. Wasserman 65.72
Todel, Max—H. Nelson et al. 1,211.78
Barletta, Saberio—Armour & Co. 433.70

NOTE—Judgment against Marcus and Joseph Silberstein and others at the suit of the Wilton Manufacturing Co. was noted in this column Thursday as for $41,994.62. The creditor company corrects to say that the judgment was for only $1,870.66.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Greenwood, Moses—G. B. Hayes, Mar. 5, 1918 ..... $169.98
Goldberg, Moses A.—T. Sanders, Oct. 28, 1920 ..... 202.65
Solomon, Oscar, Emma Solomon, Morris Solomon, Isaac Anderson and Bernard Bloom—Morris Plan Co., N. Y., Mar. 2, 1920. ..... 321.10
Dimitriou, Nicolas J.—J. M. Rappaport, Apr. 12, 1920 ..... 853.50
East River Mill & Lumber Co.—A. Thompson, Oct. 22, 1920. ..... 1,149.20
Firstenberg, Louis—S. Gelb, Feb. 10, 1920 ..... 4,648.45
Grantz, Aaron—M. J. Berger, Aug. 25, 1908 ..... 4,685.33
J. Koenigsberg & Sons, Inc.—Setter Bros. Co., July 1, 1920 ..... 700.00
Lewis, John D.—C. H. Anderson, et al., Oct. 21, 1920. ..... 929.27
Hunecke, Herman—People, &c., May 3, 1920 (vacated) 500.00
Hamlet, F. Milton L.—A. E. Waters, et al., July 13, 1920. ..... 4,607.32
Liebman, Morris—A. Liebman, June 8, 1920 ..... 151.06
Stewart, Ira S. & U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y.—C. A. Baudouine, et al., Nov. 6, 1920. ..... 3,629.27
Suffin, Philip, Isaac Levy—Frank Gens & Co., Inc., Oct. 22, 1920. ..... 1,058.90
Lohn, Wm. J.—J. Thalheim, Feb. 21, 1918 ..... 2,808.77
Fischer, David G.—J. Raymond, Oct. 29, 1920 ..... 280.34

In Bronx County.

Sheehan, Thomas, Helen and Frank J. —Empire State Liquor Co., Mar. 8, 1917 ..... $230.11

CURB TRANSACTIONS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
INDUSTRIALS.				
2,000	‡Aetna Exp.	9⅞	9½	9½
3,500	‡Acme Coal.	1⅝	1½	1½
400	‡Alumin Mfg	17½	17½	17½
100	‡Am Chicle..	80	80	80
40	‡ Do pf....	68	67	67
800	Auto Fuel S	67¾	67¼	67¾
25	Borden	79	79	79
40	‡ Do pf....	89	87	87
100	‡Br-Am C C	5	5	5
1,000	‡Br-Am T c.	11¼	11¼	11½
500	‡ Do reg...	11½	11¼	11¾
200	‡Car Lt & P	2½	2½	2¾
600	‡Chi Nipple.	8½	8½	8½
100	‡Cleve Auto.	45	45	45
100	‡Conley T F	15½	15½	15½
800	‡Crude C ..	1¼	1¼	1¼
800	‡Emp T & S	18	17¾	17¾
8,000	‡Gn Asphalt	46¼	44	44½
8,000	‡Gn Elec rts	3	2⅜	2⅜
100	‡Good T pf..	68½	68½	68½
800	‡Hercules P.	20	19½	19⅝
500	‡Heyden Ch.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
1,200	‡Ang-Am Oil	2	1⅝	1⅞
60	Gal Signal..	51	51	51
MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.				
20,000	‡‡Allied Oil..	13	13	13
200	‡Atl Gulf O.	70¼	70¼	70¼
12,000	‡Boone Oil...	2½	2	2½
4,500	‡Bost-Wyo..	⅛	⅞	⅛
4,500	‡Carib Synd.	11⅞	11	11⅞
500	‡Cities Serv	33⅛	33	33
	B T Sh...			
100	‡Cosden & Co.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
1,800	‡Cushing Pet	½	⅜	½
500	‡Domin Oil..	9½	9½	9½
3,000	‡Elk Basin Pet..	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,500	Engin Pet..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Federal Oil..	2½	2	2½
200	‡Guffey-Gilli..	27	27	27
1,100	‡Hudson Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,700	‡Inter Pet...	14⅜	14⅛	14½
300	‡Invader Oil.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
5,000	‡Lone St G.	5	5	5
1,500	‡Merritt Oil..	12	11¾	11¾
3,900	Mexico Oil..	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,000	‡Midw Texas	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,500	Alas-B C Met	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	America	1	1	1
5,200	Artz Globe..	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,300	‡‡BelcherDiv (a pros)...	4	3½	4
7,500	‡‡BelcherExt (a pros)...	5	4½	5
3,000	Big Ledge	⅞	⅞	⅞
6,000	‡Bos & Mon.	39	37	39
2,300	‡‡Caledonia..	18	17	17
2,500	‡Candelaria..	18	16	17
2,800	‡‡Cashboy ..	7	6¼	6¼
360	Con Vir Sil..	4¼	3⅝	3⅝
4,500	‡CortezSilver	64	62	64
900	‡Darwin Sil..	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
10,500	DivEx(pros)	27	26	27
1,500	Emma Silver	3	2¾	3
20,000	‡EurekaCons	50	47	48
2,400	‡‡EurekaHol	1⅝	1½	1½
200	‡Forty-nine..	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,200	‡‡Gold Z Div	19	18½	19
5,000	‡Gold'dCon	7	7	8
1,500	‡‡GoldfldCon	3	2	3
4,500	‡‡HarmillDiv	20	18	20
670	Hecla Mining	4½	4½	4½
2,500	‡‡Jim Butler	17	16	17
3,000	‡Jumbo Ext..	6	5¾	6
200	Kerr Lake..	3¼	3¼	3¼
3,000	‡‡Kewanna..	2½	2	2½
2,300	‡‡Knox Div..	9	7	8
40,000	‡Allied Packers 6s.			59½
10,000	‡Aluminium Mfg 7s.			98½
8,000	Am Light & Traction			91¼
10,000	‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922			95½
10,000	‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924			94½
9,000	‡Anaconda Copper 7s, w i			96
10,000	‡Anglo-Am Oil 7½s, w i.			100
20,000	‡Armour 7½, w i.			95¼
30,000	‡Beth Steel 7½, 1935, w i.			94¾
8,000	‡Can Nat Ry 7½, 1933			102¼
6,000	‡C C C & St L 6s, 1929			89½
3,000	‡Cons Textile 7½, w i			94¾
3,000	‡Denmark 8s			99¼
4,000	‡Diamond Match 7½			100¼
5,000	‡Duquesne Light 6s			88½
3,000	‡Empire Gas & F 6s, 1924			84¼
5,000	‡Empire Gas & F 6s, 1926			95
20,000	‡Galena Sig Oil 7½			93½
40,000	‡Goodrich 7½, 1925, w i			89½
26,000	‡Grand Trunk 7s			102¼
30,000	‡Inter Rapid Transit 7s			70¾
30,000	‡Kingdom of Norway, w i			100
10,000	‡Laclede Gas L 7s			90½
3,000	‡Liggett & Myers 6s, 1921			98
2,000	‡Morris & Co 7½s			98
5,000	‡National Leather 8s			99¾
5,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1921			97¾
10,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas, 1922			97¼
2,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas, 1925			95½
1,000	‡Pan Am Pet 7½, w i			93¾
5,000	‡R J Reynolds 6s, 1922			96⅞
40,000	‡Seaboard All Steel 8s			53
25,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (1 yr)			98
40,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (2 yr)			97½
40,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (3 yr)			97
30,000	Sinclair 7½%			91
15,000	‡Stay All 8s			100¼
16,000	‡Southern Ry 6s			96
1,000	‡So West Tel 7%			94¼
3,000	‡Swift & Co 6s, 1921			97¾
40,000	‡Swift & Co 7s, 1925			97¼
2,000	‡Texas Co 7% notes			98¼
1,000	‡Union Tank Line 7s			100¾
9,000	‡Utah Sec 6s, 1922			82¼
10,000	‡Western Electric 7s			99¾
Mrs.		**GERMAN BONDS.**		
10,000	‡Belgian Restoration 5s			56
30,000	‡Frankfort 4s			14
28,000	‡French 5% Premium			58
11,000	‡French 5s			51
10,000	‡Hamburg 4s			41
20,000	‡Hamburg

EXPORTERS ASK AID OF MANUFACTURERS

Assert Latter Forward Orders Too Fast Because of Domestic Slump.

GOT $1,000,000 HERE IN DAY

Changes in Terms of Payment Suggested as Means of Relieving Crisis.

Manufacturers are shipping to this city goods ordered for foreign trade faster than the exporters are able to absorb and ship them, it was revealed yesterday when the American Manufacturers' Export Association announced that the Board of Directors had called the attention of its members to the serious difficulties the exporters were facing. The crisis in the export line grew out of the slump in domestic business, which caused the manufacturers to hasten filling their orders for the export trade as a means of realizing money for their own immediate needs, it was said.

As much as $1,000,000 worth of goods have arrived on one day in New York, which, added to the millions of dollars worth of products already here, created a situation that threatened the business of every exporter, it was said. Accordingly, the American Importers' and Exporters' Association submitted a list of suggestions to the American Manufacturers' Export Association which it was believed would relieve the situation.

The exporters requested manufacturers who had orders on their books for them not to forward the goods without notifying the buyer that they were ready for shipment and without obtaining his consent to forward them. The exporters suggested that payment be arranged as follows: Goods sold f. o. b. New York or vessel to be paid for thirty days after arrival here or at the vessel; where goods are shipped from inland points, manufacturers to have the privilege of drawing on the buyer with shipping papers attached at sixty days sight from date of inland bill of lading, or to tender the goods to the buyer on arrival in New York and grant thirty days' term of payment; cash discounts to be allowed the buyer as usual in all cases notwithstanding these deviations in payment dates from present manufacturers' terms.

The suggestions were discussed at a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the American Manufacturers' Export Association on Thursday. Among those who attended were George E. Smith, President of the Royal Typewriter Company; William C. Redfield, head of the American Manufacturers' Export Association; Walter C. Allen of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company and D. Delgado of the Eastman Kodak Company.

The Directors adopted a resolution transmitting the list of suggestions of the exporters as a matter of information and without recommendation, "but for such considerate action as may be deemed best in accordance with its spirit and with the difficult conditions under which export trade is now necessarily done—will provide the broadest possible basis for harmonious action between manufacturer and exporter."

SILK TRADE'S NEW RULES.

Designed to Help Sellers Hold Buyers to Their Contracts.

The severe conditions of the past months having disclosed some weakness in the present form of contract used by buyers and sellers in the broad silk market, the Executive Committee of the Silk Association of America has drawn up new regulations which have just been sent to the trade for criticism. Some distinctly new provisions are embodied in the proposed contract form, which will be adopted by the Board of Managers of the association after considering such changes as are suggested.

The rule governing non-delivery due to strikes, fires and other causes beyond the control of the seller has been amplified and now embraces time limits for cancellation by buyer or seller. The rule of the present contract merely states that the seller shall not be held liable because of late or non-delivery due to strikes, fires or other causes beyond his control." The regulation governing what constitutes delivery has also been more clearly defined. Following are the suggested rules which are either new or especially different from those of the present contract.

Seller shall not be liable because of late or non-delivery due to strikes, fires or other causes beyond his control. If by reason of any of the above causes the production of the seller shall be partially or wholly curtailed, then the deliveries shall be either proportionately or wholly suspended, as the case may be, and resumed upon the removal of the difficulty and continued until the entire quantity purchased hereunder has been delivered; provided that, if such delay in delivery of any portion shall be for more than thirty days, the aforesaid undelivered portion may be canceled by the buyer. Buyer shall, when requested by the seller, state in writing whether he will elect to cancel. If the total period of delay in delivery of any portion due to any of the above causes exceeds ninety days, seller shall have the right to cancel such undelivered portion.

The acceptance of shipment by a railroad or other common carrier shall constitute a delivery. Shipment made within two weeks after specified date of delivery shall constitute good delivery. Where deliveries are specified to be made in or during several calendar months, each month's deliveries shall constitute a separate contract, and any instalment of merchandise or part thereof delivered shall be paid for in accordance with the terms of this contract regardless of claims by either party relating to any other delivered or undelivered merchandise. Where agreed delivery dates cover several months without stating specific quantity for each month, the delivery shall be deemed good only if made in substantially equal parts for each month specified.

Any goods rejected for proper cause must be replaced by seller and replacement accepted by buyer. Replacement must be made within fifteen days after rejection has been agreed to by the seller, or the right of the buyer to reject has been established by arbitration, but where for any reason it is impossible for the seller to replace goods except at great difficulty or expense the matter shall be determined by adjustment or arbitration in accordance with the rules of the Silk Association of America.

No warranties or modifications of contract shall be binding on either party unless in writing and signed by the party to be charged. Orders placed with salesmen will not be binding on seller until accepted or confirmed by seller in writing.

Where a contract covers the sale of goods, in which colorings, designs and assortments are not determined at time of sale, seller will submit colorings and designs for acceptance from which buyer agrees to furnish assortments or make selection, but failure of buyer to assert within a specified time will not release buyer from his contract.

All goods in hands of seller, either finished or in the gray, at contract date of delivery and delivery of which is delayed by fault of buyer, by reason of failure to furnish assortments, refusal to accept, or otherwise, may be billed at contract price and held at risk of buyer for delivery upon his order.

Disputes between seller and buyer arising from contracts based on these rules shall be submitted to the Bureau of Adjustment and Complaints of the Silk Association of America. If an adjustment cannot thus be effected the matter must then be submitted to a Committee of Arbitration composed of three members, one to be nominated by the buyer, one by the seller and these two shall select a third. One of the arbitrators must be an official arbitrator of the Silk Association of America and the arbitration shall be in accordance with the rules of such association. The award shall be final and binding upon both parties.

Only Best Merinos Sold in London.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—At the wool auction sales today, 11,532 bales were offered. The selection was a varied one. Only the best merinos were desired, and the other grades often were withdrawn. The sales will end tomorrow.

BIT BETTER IN DRY GOODS.

Road Orders Less Than Year Ago, but Show Weekly Gain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—In their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, Marshall Field & Co. says:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was not as large as for the corresponding period of last year. Orders from salesmen on the road were less in volume than for the same week a year ago. While there has been a decided disposition on the part of the retail merchants to do nothing in the way of placing orders until they have materially reduced their stocks, we find that jobbers' road sales for Spring, 1921, delivery are showing a moderate increase each week. There are more customers in the market this week than a year ago. They report a very satisfactory sales volume. Collections were not up to standard of the same period of last year."

WHOLESALE PRICES WEAKER

Even Those of Foodstuffs Are Now Sharing in the Decline.

Two things stood out in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week. One of them was the numerically greater weakness they showed, as compared with last week, and the other was the fact that, aside from foodstuffs, only three advances were shown in a list of more than 300 items. So marked was the weakness in the list that the declines outnumbered the advances by an even eight to one, there being 80 of them in 90 revisions this week. Last week, when the fluctuations numbered 89, there were 69 declines.

The following table gives the minimum wholesale prices selected from the list mentioned above. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	3.50	3.00	3.50
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	11.50
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.65	.64	.72
Butter, S. D., c. to f., lb.	.38	.38	.54
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.25	1.00	....
Cheese, fac., sps., lb.	.26	.27½	.32½
Codfish, Gd.Bks., 100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	13.00
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.10¼	.10⅝	†.26½
Eggs, nearby, f., doz.	1.06	.98	.98
do., West. 1sts, doz.	.77	.77	.70
Onions, bag	1.25	1.25	2.00
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	5.25	5.25	6.75
Potatoes, bbl.	4.25	4.25	5.25
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.08¾	.08¼	.13¾
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.15	.15	.23
do., Japan, best, lb.	.63	.65	.50
Bacon, 140s down, lb.	.21⅝	.22¼	.22¾
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	8.00	9.00	8.50
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.23¾	.23⅞	.25
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	12.10	12.65	15.75
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	8.75	10.00	9.75
Barley, malting, bu.	1.03	1.12	1.56
Hay, prime tim., 100 lbs.	2.00	2.00	1.75
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.73¼	1.74⅜	1.54½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.28	.28	.33
Copper, electro, lb.	.14⅝	.15	.19¾
Spelter, lb.	.06⅝	.07.1	.08.1
Brown sheet'gs, std., yd.	.14	.15	.28
Cloths, 64x60, yd.	.07¾	.09½	.18
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.22	.23	.47
do., cows, hvy., lb.	.20	.20	.46
Leather, h'lock sole, lb.	.40	.40	.58
do., un. bks., t. r., lb.	.60	.60	.94
Rubber, up-riv. fine, lb.	.22	.23	.52
do., Plan'n, latex cr., lb.	.19*	.20½	....
Silk, China, st.fil.1st., lb.	7.00	7.50	12.40
do., Japan, fl. No. 1,			
Sinshiu, lb.	6.50	6.50	11.65

Nominal.

The downward tendency in foodstuffs prices was so strong this week that the declines in that part of the general list outnumbered the advances by nearly three to one. The greatest strength in the foodstuffs appeared to lie in the dairy products. The best butter rose a cent a pound, and there was a slight rise in the best cheese. The sharpest upturn, however, was in fancy nearby eggs, which reached the high figure of $1.06 a dozen, compared with 98 cents last year at this time.

Bacon dropped half a cent and hams were stationary in the provisions market here. Winter straight flour did not change, but a drop of 50 cents a barrel in Spring patent brought it down to the same price that was asked for the former grade. Spring patent flour is now $4 a barrel lower than it was at the time in 1919. The tone of provisions prices in Chicago also was easier.

A rise of 50 cents a barrel in common apples was the only change in the listed fresh fruits, and the sole revision registered by the dried ones was a drop in California prunes. Cabbage was higher, showing a rise of 25 cents a barrel for the week. The only other vegetable change was in foreign rice. Further declines occurred in the basic Brazilian coffees. The spices, excepting for mace, which did not change, declined solidly. Both raw and refined sugar again fell off. The former is now lower than the nominal price which prevailed for it a year ago at this time, but the refined sugar is still somewhat above the corresponding 1919 level, which also was nominal. Common sugar syrup was cheaper.

The metals list failed to show a single advance this week, but there were thirteen declines listed. They included a wide range of materials, running from pig iron to refined iron bars and including about all of the minor metals. A rise in nitrate of silver crystals contrasted with twenty-four declines in the combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils. Most of the changes lacked special interest. In the naval stores resin and turpentine were cheaper.

Weakness was pronounced in the grains list. The hides showed no advances for the week, nor did the listed leathers. The declines in the former took place in No. 1 natives packer, No. 1 Texas, Colorado, and No. 1 country steer stock. In the leathers the only decline was in No. 1 light belting butts. Medium platinum showed another easing off, and Chinese raw silk also declined somewhat. Both the Brazilian and plantation varieties of crude rubber slumped further. Print paper advanced, but other changes in the paper list showed declines in both chip and straw boards.

Burlaps dropped still more in the local textile market, despite a fairly bullish report concerning October shipments from Calcutta. Cotton goods, more especially in the gray, continued to slip off. Values on woolens and silks could stand a good deal of bolstering up.

Long Island City Auction Today.

A public auction of 640 Long Island City lots will be held at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Pastime Tennis Club Building at the corner of Queens Boulevard and Bliss Street by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer. The property has large frontages on Queens Boulevard, Greenpoint Avenue, Lowery and Rawson Streets. It is served by two subway lines and has three subway stations at the property.

This is the first large auction sale of Long Island City lots in several years; in fact, since the armistice was signed.

Brings Out Novel Cordovan Shoe.

Another novelty in men's high-grade shoes will be offered to the trade here from today on. It is an Oxford brought out in boarded (grain effect) mahogany cordovan leather and, so far as known, it is the first footwear ever made of that material. While the sample received here yesterday has not yet been submitted to buyers, an executive of the company which has produced the new oxford asserted that its particularly "swagger" appearance would doubtless make a wide appeal to young men. They will retail around $18 a pair.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The newest of the chain Hudson Cloak & Suit Company stores, which are located in important Eastern cities, will be opened today at 469 Washington Street, Boston. The Hudson stores are under the direction of Samuel Feinstein & Bros. 42 West Thirty-third Street, this city. Plans are now under way for the opening of additional stores in Philadelphia, Washington, Rochester, N. Y., and Hartford, Conn.

John J. Stevens, S. O. Holbrook and R. Mullen, all of whom were for some time connected with Neuss, Hesslein & Co. of this city, have become associated with Brune, Poltberg & Co., exporters of cotton goods, 299 Broadway.

The new resident buying firm of Hoffman & Hartblay, Incorporated, who will purchase general merchandise and ready to wear, have leased quarters at 117 West Thirty-third Street, and will occupy them on and after Dec. 1. Mr. Hoffman has in the past been associated with B. F. Lewis, Alfred Fanti and the local office of the Bry-Block Mercantile Company of Memphis, Tenn., as ready-to-wear buyer. Mr. Hartblay has been connected with the American Dry Goods Company and B. F. Levin as buyer of notions, fancy goods, toilet goods, laces, embroideries and small wares.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday 7¾ to 8 per cent. for the best names. Thursday 8 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

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Fault Found with Retail Prices.

There is some injustice, according to a retail executive, in the demand that retail prices shall be reduced proportionately to the declines in wholesale values. He pointed out that retail prices in general never reached the peak established by wholesale costs. "Since very few stores," he said, "were able to mark full replacement costs on their merchandise, it seems rather unjust to ask them to take the full reduction which has occurred in different wholesale commodities. It was necessary for the retailer to increase his prices gradually and, consequently, he was always behind the full wholesale advances. Now that a swing downward is in progress, it is not proper to ask the stores to make the same reductions as the manufacturers are making."

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Lace Buying Small.

Lace buyers for importing concerns who had planned longer visits in the foreign markets are cutting their trips short as a result of the conditions which have developed here. Purchasing, it is said, has been confined almost entirely to orders for goods desired for filling in purposes, as buyers cannot see their way toward paying the prices asked. Advices from abroad tell of increased slackness in the retail trade there, and the lace operators feel there will be much better values to be obtained later when the full force of the slump causes manufacturers to revise their prices. The domestic trade in lace is said to be suffering from the dullness that is general with manufacturers fully prepared to cut prices to the bone when cash is offered for merchandise.

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Woolen Auction Rumored.

From usually reliable sources it was learned yesterday that the leading woolen factor will place its surplus stock of goods on sale at auction on Dec. 15 or thereabouts. The quantity of goods thus to be released is understood to be a large one, including as it would the yardage which was returned to the makers or cancelled last Spring when the slump in demand occurred in the clothing and garment industries. At the local selling offices of the American Woolen Company the only statement obtainable was that "nothing had been heard of such an auction." Burling, Dole & Co., who have been holding monthly auctions for the woolen company, also professed ignorance of a larger sale. The report concerning the auction mentioned a desire on the part of officers of the concern to mark off its losses on stock goods before Inventory time. The trade feeling is that such a sale would re-establish values on a firm basis.

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Fine Goods Combine.

It is reported in the woolen market that plans have been about completed for a combination of fine goods mills. Four or five very favorably known mills are known to be connected with the enterprise, which will represent about 500 looms making goods of the finest character. A selling agency handling the product of five organizations will act in the same capacity for the combination planned. The market is considerably interested in the project with an eye toward watching the advantages of combination as applied to high grade makers of woolens.

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Cold Weather Stirs Coal Trade.

With the arrival of colder weather, Saward's Journal will say today, the hard coal trade has had a foretaste of what may be expected throughout the Winter if the shortage in domestic sizes is not relieved. Some relief will be afforded by the suspension of lake shipments, which have practically been completed so far as the collieries are concerned. From now on, their entire output will be apportioned to the line trade and tidewater. But the tonnage diverted from the lake trade is so small, proportionately, and it will be spread around so thinly, that no one community will benefit to more than a moderate degree. The bituminous market has had a somewhat steadier tone this week, and there has been a recovery in spots.

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How Low Can Printcloths Drop?

One of the principal questions in the market for unfinished cottons these days is how much further printcloths can drop before the mills will either have to do business at a loss or close. Recent comments have been to the effect that well-regulated mills in the South could turn out goods, and get at least an even break, at from 20 to 25 cents a pound above the cost of cotton. The Eastern mills do not appear to be so well fixed. Very few of the Southern mills come under the 20 cent head, for that matter. It was pointed out here yesterday that selling cloths at 20 to 25 cents above the cost of the staple would mean, on the basis of Thursday's figures for spot cotton, about 18 cents, letting them go at 38 to 43 cents a pound. On the basis of 39-inch 80-square, 4-yard goods this would mean 9¼ to 10¾ cents a yard. Yesterday that construction was quoted nominally at 11½ cents. Before the war, 8 cents a yard was considered a satisfactory price for it.

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Gray Goods Ease Off Some More.

More easing off in price for printcloths was noted in the gray goods market yesterday in sympathy with the steady decline in cotton. November-December business was put through on 38½-inch 64-60s at 7¾ cents, and similar deliveries of 38½-inch 80-48s were sold at 7 cents. Sheetings business of importance was lacking during the day, and the same was true of transactions in fine-yarn cloths. Buyers continued to take 39-inch 64-104 sheets at 12½ cents for delivery through the rest of this month, but they are said to have paid that price with less grace than they did a day or two ago.

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Christmas Shopping Starts Early.

The public is taking the injunction to do its Christmas shopping early so seriously that already the business being done at retail in holiday goods contributes an important part of the daily sales. In fact, gift merchandise purchasing has dominated the activities of many consumers this week. Buying of toys is "warming up" very rapidly, so much so that it has caught some establishments with their holiday decorations not fully installed. From the credit office viewpoint two things are said to stand out in current business. One of these is that the average "charge" is larger this year than last, and the other is that the number of applications for new accounts is heavy. While these applications usually show a gain in the late Fall months, it was said yesterday that the increase is rather marked this year.

RECEIVER'S NOTICE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New Jersey.—Between HORMAN & STOUDT, Inc., a New York Corporation, complainant, and STAVE SILK COMPANY, a corporation, Defendant.—On Bill, &c.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To the creditors and stockholders of Stave Silk Company, and to whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned receiver will sell at public auction, subject to the approval of said court, on Wednesday, November 24, 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the premises of said defendant, No. 80 George Street, in the City of Paterson, in the County of Passaic and State of New Jersey, all of the tangible personal property belonging to the said defendant, situated at said premises, including the silk manufacturing plant, looms, machinery, furniture, fixtures, tools, appliances, silk manufactured, unmanufactured and in process, the good will of said defendant, the name Stave Silk Company, and the right, title and interest of said receiver in and to all leases affecting said premises; also thirty-two looms located at Paterson Storage Company, 106 Spring Street, Paterson, N. J.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the said receiver will present his report of sale, together with his recommendation thereon, to the Judges of said court, at the Court Rooms thereof, in the Post Office Building, in the City of Newark, in the State of New Jersey, on Monday, the 29th day of November, 1920, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard. Inspection may be had every day during business hours until the day of the sale.

DAVID H. BUELER, Receiver, 790 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LIONEL P. KRISTELLER, Solicitor of Receiver, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

KISSING PRINCIPAL RESIGNS.

Dr. Mordorf, Found Guilty in Inquiry, Throws Up His Position.

Dr. Oliver C. Mordorf, the Brooklyn elementary school principal, has applied for retirement from the Education Department. He has served thirty-five years as teacher, and will be allowed, under the law, a service retirement.

He was charged, while principal of Public School 139, Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn, in May last, with kissing one of his pupils, Mary Elizabeth Woolsey, 13 years of age. He was tried by the local School Board of his district and found guilty. The School Board recommended that he be reprimanded but not dismissed. The Board of Education adopted the School Board's recommendation.

Bronx Lots for $85.

Bryan L. Kennelly sold at public auction yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom to close the estate of Frederick A. Hemmer, deceased, ninety-eight lots in the Clason Point section of the Bronx. The sale started at 12:30 P. M., and during the four Auctioneer Kennelly disposed of twenty-six lots for a total of $2,940.

The first buyer was R. E. Gilroy, who paid $200 each for two lots at the corner of Gildersleeve and Betts Avenues. J. J. Conners and Marguerite Bonlamon paid $138 each for three lots adjoining on Gildersleeve Avenue. P. Napoleon Levy took six lots on Husson Avenue for $85 each. Other early buyers were J. H. Kobler, D. J. Mulster, F. Weiman and L. A. Schwartz.

Commercial Leases.

Charles M. Noble has leased for the Eltzen Estate, the property of 621 and 623 West 42d Street, running through to 604-628 West 43d Street, to Straus & Company, sign makers, for a term of thirty-nine years, at an aggregate rental of over $500,000.

Henry Shapiro & Company have leased for Chain Shirt Shops for a term of years to Erwin's Jewelry Shop, the store at 1402 Broadway, between Forty-second and Forty-third streets.

Maurice Wertheim leased for Margaret Currier the store at 439 Lexington Avenue to Theodore Gonzales.

Activity in Westchester.

William A. Bechberger has sold his Colonial home on Monterey Avenue, Pelham Heights, to Charles S. Rees. Chauncey B. Griffen & Co. acted as brokers. The property was held at $35,000.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold for Louis Fine a plot at New Rochelle to J. A. Cavanaugh.

The residence of Charlotte Schwenker at 76 Union Avenue, Mamaroneck has been purchased by Henry Ruesche of Nanuet, N. Y., and the cottage for the Clinton Trading Company on Franklin Avenue has been sold to E. J. Mueller. Stephen J. Stilwell was the broker.

Sales on Staten Island.

At Staten Island, Cornelius G. Kolff has sold the two family house at 9 Rosewood Terrace, Tompkinsville, near Cebra Avenue, for Ed A. Boylan; for R. G. Bondascher a plot, 50 by 150, on Clove Road; two lots at Hillcrest Park, Great Kills, for Carl F. Grieshaber; two lots on Sanford Place, near the Amboy Road, Tottenville, for Carl F. Grieshaber, and a dwelling at Hasbrouck Hill, on the Richmond Road, for the Hasbrouck Hill Corporation, to Patrick Hackett.

Maternity Hospital Buys in Bronx.

The Bronx Maternity Hospital has bought from Benjamin Rechson the two-story dwelling at 165 East 165th Street, on a lot 25 by 108.9. It is located just east of the Grand Boulevard and Concourse.

COMMERCIAL DEALS REALTY FEATURES

Five-Story Structure in Fifty-Seventh Street Acquired by Robert E. Simon.

BUYER IN LOWER CHELSEA

Estate Sells Old Nineteenth Street Holding — Fifth Avenue Plot Transfer.

An important deal was closed yesterday in the growing Fifty-seventh Street business block between Fifth and Sixth Avenues in the purchase of the five-story commercial structure at 52 West Fifty-seventh Street, covering a lot 25 by 100 feet, by Robert E. Simon. The owner of record is Marie N. Davis. That block has witnessed several business changes this season, nearly half a dozen old residences having been remodeled or rebuilt for trade uses.

An unusual feature of the transaction is that the contract has three years to run, the present owner retaining title until that time when possession can be obtained.

Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the sale. Mr. Simon recently acquired three dwellings in the same street between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Lower Chelsea Deal.

In the lower Chelsea district the property at 219 and 221 West Nineteenth Street covered by a three-story building, on plot 50 by 98.11 feet, and the abutting plot at 216 West Twentieth Street, occupied by a garage, on plot 25 by 84.7 feet, have been sold by William H. Whiting & Co. for the Fullmer-Smith Realty Company. It is the first change of ownership of the property since 1840.

Fifth Avenue Title Passes.

Title to the eleven-story loft building at 99 and 101 Fifth Avenue, on plot 59 by 100 feet, has passed to Charles Jolenski from the United States Life Insurance Company. The property is near Seventeenth Street. It was conveyed subject to a mortgage of $465,000 for ten years at 5 per cent. for the first two years and 5½ per cent. thereafter.

Minor Business Deals.

The three-story building, 25 by 65.5, at 334 East Fifty-seventh Street, has been bought by Lillias Allgrunn from John Wolfe.

Donald Harper, as trustee, sold to Hattie Flammenbaum the three and one-half-story building, 20.2 by 74.11, at 330 Church Street.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The two-story frame dwelling at 637 East 132d Street, on a plot 15 by 100 feet, has been sold by J. Clarence Davies for the American Baptist Home Mission Society to the Hudson P. Rose Company.

Patrick O'Connor sold to Anthony Bersola the two-story dwelling on the west side of Clinton Avenue, 25 feet north of 178th Street, 20 by 100.

Julius C. Kurzman sold to Alexander A. J. Steinmetz for $6,500 the three-story dwelling at 337 Concord Avenue, 16.8 by 100.

Adolph Lang sold for C. Geisinger to Mrs. M. Arcaro the three-story frame dwelling, occupying a plot 60 by 75 feet, on the northwest corner of Jennings Street and Longfellow Avenue.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

Courtney Hyde bought from Henry V. Holcomb 147 East Thirty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling, 16 by 94.

Francis B. Griswold bought from George M. Osborn 9 Sutton Place, a four-story dwelling, 20 by 90. He intends to make extensive alterations.

The Everett M. Schxas Company have sold for the Swift Realty Company the private dwelling 1,610 Lexington Avenue, on a plot 16.7 by 75 feet.

The Hudson P. Rose Company has purchased from the Montgomery estate the five-story house at 2,156 Fifth Avenue, on a plot 17 by 75 feet, adjoining the southwest corner of 132d Street. It was sold for the Hudwil Corporation through Shaw & Co. as brokers.

The three-story dwelling at 279 West Fourth Street, between Perry and Eleventh Streets, has been sold by Pease & Elliman for Mrs. Christina J. Higley to Miss Sarah C. McSweeney.

Rebecca N. White sold to Louise Lewis 611 West 145th Street, a three-story dwelling, 14.10 by 99.11.

District Attorney Swann a Buyer.

District Attorney Swann is the buyer of the three-story dwelling at 142 West Eleventh Street, on a lot 22.6 by 108.9, from William R. Wilcox, as receiver for William J. Farrell and others. The sale of the premises through Pepe & Brother was recently reported.

West Seventy-second Street Sale.

The five-story altered apartment house at 14 West Seventy-second Street, a plot 25 by 100 feet, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue, has been sold for the estate of R. R. Rogers through Edward J. Willing and Alfred P. Coburn.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Elwood St, e s, 100 ft n of Nagle Av, 100x100, vacant; Dorothy M. Gray against Spencer Waters et al.; Davis, Symmes & Schreiber, attorneys; due, $4,399.32; to William C. Lester for $3,823.

2d Av, s w corner of 127th St, 99.1x230, vacant; George E. Warren et al against Second Avenue Railroad Co. et al.; Ahearn & Hare, attorneys; adjourned to Dec. 17.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

133d St, 260 West a s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; John C. Robinson against Irene S. Quirk et al.; Ezekiel Fixman, attorney; due, $7,462.34; taxes, &c., $78.20; to the Donald Holding Co. for $7,800.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Featherbed Lane, s w corner of Macombs Road, 125.2x88.11x114.6x82.1, vacant; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. against Fannie Blumenthal et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; dues, $8,435; taxes, &c., $417; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

BUYERS' WANTS.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on all wanted Spring materials. Brucker Bros., 38 West 28th.

FURS Wanted — Sealine dolmans, sealine wraps, sealine coats, or will buy entire stocks of furs; will pay spot cash. Aaron's, 742 6th Av.

FURS Wanted—Raccoon, nutria and Australian opossum; shawls preferred. Goldberg Bros., 31 West 15th.

GLOVES, Kid Wanted—Bought in long or short, all colors; quantity no object; spot cash paid. Ferdinand Ehrlich, 41 Union Sq.

PAULETTES Wanted—Will pay cash for paulettes and mitenottes. Canal 1142.

PLUSH Wanted—2nd Hudson seal, cheap for cash. Pennsylvania 1961.

RADIUM SILKS Wanted—Any quantity, spot cash. Carlos Waist, 31 West 27th.

SATIN DUCHESS Wanted—Black, seal, navy, henna, sapphire; immediate cash basis. F. Buick, 334 4th Av., 4th floor.

SERGES WANTED—Out of town manufacturer open to buy large quantity navy only. 7301 at a price. Call Madison Square 5828, Mr. Rubinstein.

SERGE Wanted—10 pieces 104 or 9 Whitman's serge, also Lorraine 4605 tricotine. H. Silver, 1,170 Broadway, Room 610.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber now placing orders on Spring suits and coats; call with samples. 9th floor, 40 West 27th.

TRICOLETTES wanted; will pay cash for tricolettes, mignottes and paulettes. Canal 1142.

TRICOTINES AND VELOURS Wanted—Also silks and other materials suitable for coats and suits. 2130 Times Annex.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open to buy any quantity; call with samples. Leipzig & Rosenberg, 122 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted — 0358, navy; large quantities for cash. Watkins 4962.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American 0388, only. Edward Isaacs, 116 West 22d. Chelsea 6559

VELOURS Wanted — Slaters, heavyweight velours; any quantity. Safran & Kreeger, 23 East 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight velours for dresses, in all shades; must be cheap; will pay cash. Star Dress, 13 West 31st.

VELOURS Wanted—American 21226, 13046, also 112 shade 329, 302. Gramercy 4851.

VELVETS Wanted—Open for quantity black Lyons velvet, for cash. Call 4583 Spring.

Contracts Wanted.

SHIRT Contractor having plant out of town equipped to make, cut, trim and box flannel shirts wishes to hear from reliable jobber who wishes to make such connections. X 2189 Times Annex.

FOR SALE

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used of a furniture, oak or mahogany: desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

FRENCH BINOCULARS, 10 and 12 power, high powered glasses, with sole leather case; will sell them below wholesale price; only few left. Cadous, 130 Madison Av. Longacre 5429.

MINK CAPE—New, never worn; about sixty skins; finest quality; cost $4,800; sacrifice quick sale $2,500. Schepps, Inc., 1,579 Broadway.

PUBLIC auction of postage stamps for collectors, at 120 West 40th St., on Nov. 22, 1920, at 8 P. M. Walter S. Scott, Auctioneer.

NATIONAL cash register, reasonable. Service Register Corp., 31 W. 14th. Chelsea 5267.

DICTAPHONES, receiving, transcribing, letter filing cabinets, 3x5 card files; other office furniture. Cortlandt St., Room 34.

FOR SALE—COLLIE FEMALE, PEDIGREE, SACRIFICE BY OWNER LEAVING CITY. K 458 TIMES.

Furniture.

REED, willow, wicker furniture for all homes, direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st. Phone Murray Hill 4774.

OLD English oak dining suite of nine pieces; very reasonable; can be seen before 12 and after 6. Apt. 1 A, 258 Riverside Drive.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—Six pair and three single reciprocating engines, aggregating 7,000 H. P., as scrap or otherwise; f. o. b. our mill yards. Goddard Brothers, Agents, Box 1436, Providence, R. I.

Pianos and Organs.

PIANO, smallest grand mahogany, cost $1,150, sell $650. Klein, 333 East 68th.

Wanted to Purchase.

HIGHEST cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. Mr. Jack, 163 East 125th. Phone 8979 Harlem.

BEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR CARPETS AND RUGS.

Domestic and Oriental; get our offer before selling. 620 Madison Av., Plaza 5895.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

WANTED — Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, Bronzes, Poleon, 157 E. 47th. Murray Hill 166.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH—FURNITURE, Works of Art, Jewelry, Bronzes, Rugs. B. Schaffer, 68 W. 48th. Tel. Vanderbilt 2524.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2298.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CREDITORS of Frank Noto please take notice that he has sold his store at 744 8d Av. to L. SCHMOULOWSKY.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—H. Hamburger & Co.; F. Hamburger, dresses; 1,270 B'way; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—J. Miller & Co.; J. Miller, men's neckwear materials; McAlpin.
BIRMINGHAM—Burger D. G. Co.; L. Phillips, genl. mdse.; 1,150 B'way, 5th floor.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. S. Greening, upholstery, carpets; 404 4th Av.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—United Bargain House; S. Weiss, kit coney coats; 119 W. 25th, 9th floor.
CHICAGO—Leavitt Bros.; H. Leavitt, women's suits, sweaters, infants' leggings sets; 1,270 B'way, Room 418.
COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss Hill, jobs, dresses; 225 5th Av.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; A. Lapedus, men's furnishings; 6 W. 32d.
HOUSTON—M. Swartz & Co.; S. Zuckerman, coats, suits; 119 W. 25th, 9th floor.
LANSING, Mich.—J. W. Knapp Co.; H. J. Hoss, men's clothing; 120 W. 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; L. Marks, jobs dresses; B'way & 32d.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Mrs. I. Castle, waists, petticoats; basement; 225 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shortenberg & Robinson Co.; T. H. Galligan, laces, ribbons, gloves; 404 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—G. Uetz, infants' novelties 1,270 B'way, Room 910.
PITTSFIELD—Holden & Stone Co.; C. M. Lockwood, woolens, dress goods; 6 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH — McCreery & Co.; G. T. Lacey, linens, blankets; 23 E. 26th.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Hirsch Co.; S. Hirsch, jobs children's coats; 120 W. 36th St., 8th floor.
SACRAMENTO—Weinstock-Lubin Co.; C. W. Kuchman, women's (regular and stouts), misses', juniors', girls' Spring coats; 246 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Auerbach Co.; Mr. Friedman, children's coats; 1 E. 33d.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Carl Co.; Miss H. Barton, laces; 6 W. 32d.
SCRANTON, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; L. Harris, jobs children's coats; 120 W. 36th St., 8th floor.
SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Mr. Larson, piece goods, silk and muslin underwear; Mr. Brown, waists, coats, suits, dresses; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO-DAY
is the DAY
Go to Long Island City, and Buy a Few Lots To-Day
OF THE
640 New York City Lots
TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY AT
Absolute Auction Sale
At 1:30 P. M. in Pastime Tennis Club Building, at Bliss St. Station, on Queens Boulevard, Long Island City.

How to Get There
14 minutes ride (5c fare) via the Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) from Grand Central Station (42d St.) to Bliss St. Station, on Queens Boulevard and Thomson Hill.

8 minutes ride from 57th St. via 2d Ave. Elevated.

Or take B. R. T. Subway (Broadway Line) to Queensboro Bridge Plaza and change to Interboro Corona Line (Temporary arrangement) to Bliss St.

70% On Mortgage Or Monthly Installments of 2%

Savings Bank Books, on proper assignment, and Liberty Bonds, at market value, will be accepted as deposits.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer.
67 Liberty St.
Phone Cortlandt 744

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO. POLICIES FREE

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"240 West 75th Street"
Near West End Avenue.
New Nine Story Fire Proof Building
Immediate Possession

3 and 4 Room
Housekeeping Apartments
With Maid Service
Included in Rental

Living Room	Living Room
2 Chambers	1 Chamber
Kitchen	Kitchen
7 Closets	5 Closets
$3200 to $3600	$2200 to $2700

PLANS AND DETAILS FROM
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY,
21 East 40th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 2027.
REPRESENTATIVE AT THE BUILDING.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY
High-Class Elevator Apartments

2 Rooms,	212 West 72d Street
2 Rooms,	265 West 72d Street
5 Rooms,	260 West 72d Street; 2 baths
6 Rooms,	250 Riverside Drive
6 Rooms,	616 West 116th Street
5 Rooms,	620 West 116th Street
6 Rooms,	620 West 116th Street
7 Rooms,	620 West 116th Street
7 Rooms,	515 West 110th Street; 2 baths
7 Rooms,	15 Claremont Avenue
7 Rooms,	606 West 116th Street
8 Rooms,	336 West 95th Street
8 Rooms,	606 West 116th Street
9 Rooms,	222 Riverside Drive

Apply on Premises, or
EARLE & CALHOUN,
212 West 72d Street. Columbus 5116.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES, FLOORS, STORES, To Lease — Penn. Terminal Building

7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Bldg.
Adjoining
Penn. Station and Hotel
20,000 Sq. Ft. Per Floor
Available in units of various size from 600 sq. ft. upward.
Ready December, 1920.
No Manufacturing.
REGENT REALTY CO.,
33 West 42d St.
Tel. Vanderbilt 5506
or Your Own Broker.

Loft & Basement
TO LET
50x100; Fireproof Building
Exceptionally Large Elevator
will carry any size car or truck.
Inquire on Premises
PEERLESS RENTAL SERVICE
411 WEST 55TH ST. COLUMBUS 2892

46TH STREET BUILDING
TO LEASE.
I will lease my 46th Street Building (near 5th Ave.) for a term of years at a reasonable rental to responsible tenant.
For particulars inquire of
MR. AARON, 742 6th Ave.
Telephone 4765 Vanderbilt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th St.
From February 1, 1921
At $8,400.00 per annum
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

OFFICES TO RENT
From 600 to 5700 square feet, light on all sides.
112-18 West 44th Street.
Also two stores. Excellent service.
Tel. Bryant 3887. Brokers protected.

FOR RENT
CORNER STORE
With Large Basement
on Fifth Avenue
Between 25th and 30th Sts.
Possession January 1st, 1921
Brokers protected
GEO. R. READ & CO.,
3 East 35th St.
(12084)

OFFICES FOR RENT
In Algonquin Annex; $40 a month.
APPLY C. D. STEELE, Mgr.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Open Streets and Low Buildings On All Sides
Afford an abundance of light and air
Hess Building
4th Ave., Cor. 26th St.
This is a most important consideration if your present lease is about to expire and you are thinking of relocating your offices or showrooms. An exceptionally high class office building, 100 x 200, located one block east of Madison Square and convenient to all rapid transit lines. Each floor has 63 WINDOWS.
4th, 5th and 13th Floors Available Feb. 1st.
907 Broadway HESS INC. Stuyvesant 4200

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Sale or To Let.

21 YEARS
WILL LEASE 40 x 100,
4 Two-Story Buildings, 42d St.
$10,000 YEARLY. ESTATE.
W 633 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
12 East 44th Street. MURRAY HILL 1100

FURNISHED
Gram. Pk., Duplex Studio, 3 master bedrooms.....$5,000
Park Ave., 8 rooms, 3 baths.... 9,000
Madison Ave., 9 rooms, 3 baths.. 7,000

UNFURNISHED
Riverside Drive & 79th St., 7 rooms, 2 baths.....$3,600
50's, 4 rooms, 1 bath..... 2,500
5 rooms, 2 baths..... 3,200

Furnished—Bronx.

4 Rooms, All Improvements.
Mrs. Hartman, 2,042 Morris Ave.
Corner Burnside Ave. Apt. 31.
Take Lexington-Jerome Ave. Subway or 6th or 9th Ave. L to Burnside Ave. station and walk two blocks east.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

AN OPPORTUNITY.
A New Fireproof Building.
220 WEST 71ST STREET.
Apartments for sale or to rent.
3 and 4 Rooms and Bath.
Unique arrangement of rooms with ample closets.
A few of California type.
Apply renting agent on premises or
EARLE & CALHOUN
212 West 72nd Street Tel. Columbus 5116

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THE LANGDON
56th St. and 5th Ave.
Apartment of
4 Bedrooms, 4 Bathrooms and Very Large Living Room
Furnished or unfurnished
Immediate Possession.

Harperley Hall
1 West 64th Street
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms & 3 Baths - $4500-$6000
2-4 Rooms - - - - $1900-$3300
FURNISHED
2, 3 & 4 Rooms with Kitchenette - - - $3600-$4500
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 3500"

The Roxborough
251 West 92d St., Corner Broadway.
Modern 12 story fireproof Bldg.,
7 outside rooms & 2 baths.
Immediate possession. Moderate rents.
Apply to Superintendent, on premises, or
I. ZIMMER, 299 Broadway.
Tel. Worth 374.

EL DORADO
302 Central Park West, at 93d St.
Suites of 1, 2 and 3 rooms,
in modern apartment hotel building with exceptional and up to date restaurant.
Rental $960 to $2200.
Including Maid Service.
SHARP & CO.
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110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
CORNER 83D ST.
Immediate Possession
9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
Southern Exposure.
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent
132 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

39 WEST 58TH STREET,
Near 5th Av.
8 rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water and electricity. Possession immediate. Apply on premises or FRED'K FOX & CO., INC., 14 West 40th St. Vanderbilt 540.

600 WEST 161st St.
5 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4082.

Unfurnished—East Side.

1070 Madison Ave.
COR. 81st ST.
RESIDENTIAL SUITE
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Extra Bath or Maid's Room Optional.
EIGHT STORY FIREPROOF
INQUIRE ON PREMISES OR
ARTHUR E. MARSH.
103 Park Av. Murray Hill 4105

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE
55 cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HALF HOUR OUT—New England Colonial home, 7 spacious, beautifully finished rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor opening from living room and dining room; modern, up-to-date kitchen with ample closet and pantry room; Thermostat regulated heat, automatic hot water heater; best of construction and guaranteed; large plot; highest class surroundings; splendid transit; near station and schools; price $17,500; investment of $3,500; monthly carrying charges less than $80, including interest, taxes, water and insurance. OWNER, Room 1518, 28 West 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 791.

GREENWICH—On State Road, convenient to two stations, 3-story frame house in excellent condition, 9 rooms, on 2 acres of land; excellent barn with three or four stalls, chicken house and other buildings; fine garden and fruit trees; purchased by gentleman who intended to put in modern improvements; owing to change of plans will sell at pre-war cost, $12,000; make terms; photograph and full particulars at this office; it will make a most beautiful all-year-round home at a very moderate cost. Blakeman Quintard Meyer, Inc., 50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 2465.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO RENT OR BUY AT BRONXVILLE?
An attractive residence of ten rooms and three baths, with two and one-half acres of land, within five minutes' walk of the station, Hotel Gramatan and Lawrence Park Country Club; large rooms, five porches; hot water heat; two-car garage; lawn, shade trees, &c.; the first caller can rent or buy this place with immediate possession. BURKE STONE, INC., BRONXVILLE, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE—My home, 6 Alpha Place, modern, ten rooms, two baths; hot water heat; space for garage; excellent neighborhood; inspect any time; $13,500. Phone Wagner, New Rochelle 613.

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, steam, electricity, telephone; coal in; 34 minutes' commuting, Central; two years' lease or more; $125; school nearby; restricted neighborhood. Room 209, 405 Lexington Av.

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, steam, electricity, telephone; coal in; 34 minutes' commuting, Central; two years' lease or more; $125; school nearby; restricted neighborhood. Room 209, 405 Lexington Av.

FOR SALE—House on restricted property; 9 rooms and 2 baths; plot 50x105; cash, $6,000. Communicate with Harold V. Bright, Box 214, Yonkers, New York.

RENT, house 9 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements, hot water heat, open fireplace, ¼ acre ground; possession at once. Stephen J. Stilwell, Tel. 394 Mamaroneck, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—House, eight rooms, furnished, $175; unfurnished, $130; finest schools; reduction; long lease; garage. Telephone Scarsdale 628.

MT. VERNON—Two-family house; both apartments vacant; parquet floors, paneled walls, &c.; price $13,000. See it Saturday or Sunday, 410 South 1st Av.

OWNER called abroad, will rent 8-room, modern furnished house, steam heat, restricted location; $100 a month. E. G. Horton, Pleasantville, N. Y.

FOR SALE or rent at Pelham; modern 9-room house. Owner, 446 1st Av. Tel. Pelham 1540-J.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

ENGLISH VILLA of stucco and weathered beams, at Garden City; large living room, window seat on three sides, open fireplace and built-in bookcases; three master bedrooms, with two tile baths; maid's room and bath on third floor; hot-water heat; metal weather strips; instantaneous water heater; large plot; special price and terms for quick sale. F. H. Honberger, Fitzroy 5250, 160 Wadsworth Av.

AT FLORAL PARK—HALF HOUR OUT. Bungalow, 8 nice rooms and tile bath, built two years, high grade electric fixtures, steam heat, oak trim, parquet, large closets, coal in cellar; immediate possession; near trolley, school and stores; 6 minutes' walk to station, electric trains; $8,500; owner going abroad. A. H. GOLDSMITH, P. O. Building. Phone 239 Floral Park.

HOUSE, $15,500; Forest Hills Gardens. Information, Alexander Cameron, telephone 6022 Boulevard or 12000 Cortlandt.

FOR RENT—Bayside, attractive, 8-room house, unfurnished; all improvements. Intervale 945.

WOODMERE, L. I.—An unusual opportunity to get beautiful three-story stucco dwelling, garage, eleven rooms, three baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, finest location, one block from station, in A1 condition, at very reasonable price; immediate possession. H. Goldschmidt, Cedarhurst, Long Island. Phone Far Rockaway 2203.

PRICES $9,500 TO $25,000.
The best values, within commuting distance, in good Long Island residential sections, are complete in our house listings; let us know your requirements; no obligation. Delano-Smith Company, Inc., 437 5th Av. Murray Hill 4857.

LONG BEACH, West—Five-room bungalow, $2,300, $250 cash. Call on Miss Deffley, New York Av. and Beech St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ENGLISH VILLA of 7 rooms, one bath, brand new; corner plot, 100x194 feet; going for 2-3 value; must sell; want $2,500 cash, balance of $7,500 on easy term mortgages; convenient to Morristown and Montclair; elevation 880 feet; beautiful section; refined neighborhood; strictly residential; fine commuting service Lackawanna R. R.; can provide moving facilities. Quick, P. O. Box 378, City Hall Station, New York City.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—$5500 buys beautiful 6-room bungalow, with open fireplace, bath, gas, electricity and all city improvements; large plot; near station, stores and schools; superior neighborhood; monthly carrying charges less than rent; pay rent; 30 minutes New York City; 8 cents commutation fare; excellent train service. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 789.

$7,000 cash will buy my home located in beautiful Hyde Park, East Orange, 11 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, 2-car garage; large lot; near Lincoln School and Central Av. trolley; 10 minutes' walk to E. O. Station on Lackawanna; price right. Terms for balance right. Inquire owner, F. S. Bowes, 12 Whittlesey Av., Phone Orange 3064R. Can be seen any time, including Sunday.

BUILDING LOTS,
$5 EACH.
In order to advertise our property at Davenport, N. J., we will put on sale 125 of our lots in this development for the sum of $5 per lot; this opportunity must be answered at once. International Realty Co., Room 613, 154 Nassau St., New York. Phone Beekman 5679.

INVEST IN HOME IN
fine part of Newark; attractive 14 rooms, 3 baths, billiard room, hardwood floors; also 12-car separated garages; 2 street frontages; income $8,200 year; will sell for $18,000; easy terms. Chas. P. Gillen & Co., Sole Agents, 828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

HOUSE FOR SALE, Jersey City Heights; convenient location; quiet neighborhood; 9 rooms and bath; 1 or 2 families; electricity, hot water heat hardwood double floors, nicely decorated; immediate possession. Apply Owner, 309 Sherman Av., Jersey City. New York telephone Madison Square 3297.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, porch, fireplace; thoroughly modern; garage; large lot; Highland Av. station D., L. & W.; owner leaving city; will sell less than pre-war cost. Telephone Orange 1051-R.

$1,000 CASH, balance $5,000 easy terms, lovely 6-room home, all improvements, gas, electricity, sewers; 5 minutes station; one-half hour Manhattan.

TENAFLY—Bargain, 6-room stucco bungalow, latest improvements; plot 100x120; price $6,000; cash $2,000. Young, opposite station.

WINTER BUNGALOW, suitable family two or three; gas, electricity, water, garden; near station; $5,500. J 742 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED, for Winter, 8-room house, or part; Hackensack. N 151 Times.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

SACRIFICE less than $6,000, terms, suburban home, 7 rooms, modern bath, steam heat, electric light, range, tubs, hardwood floors; 5 minutes to depot on West Shore R. R.; convenient commutation to New York City. Address Owner, Box 897 Times Downtown.

MODERN HOME, 6 rooms, bath; all improvements; porch; garage; ½ acre; walking distance station; hour out; $4,300. Magrath, Spring Valley, N. Y.

CITY REAL ESTATE
Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

28 EAST 23D ST.
Overlooking Madison Square Park, 5-story business building, 25x98 ft. 9 in., for sale; modern improvements; now leased to responsible tenant to Aug. 1, 1925; annual rental $8,500 net; tenant has no cancellation clause in lease; price of property $125,000; mortgage $64,000 at 5½ per cent.; $61,000 required in cash; will deal with principals only. Address owner, M. S. Wyse, Wallace Lodge, Park Hill, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone 1508 Yonkers.

LARGE INCOME ASSURED.
Modern six-story elevator, 3, 4, 5, 6 room apartments; one year leases; present low rents $40,000; best city residential neighborhood; price $250,000, only $90,000 cash required. Inquire Mr. Peckelis, 5 West 29th St. Phone Longacre 4144.

SEVEN-STORY corner loft building near Canal St. and vehicular tunnel; will lease for a long term of years $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway, Rector 747.

REAL BARGAIN—To close estate, three five-story brick apartments, steam heat, hot water; fine condition; excellent location, Manhattan Av., opposite park; price $100,000, $25,000 cash, balance splendid terms. Mrs. Norris, 251 West 100th.

TINTON AV., 1,146 (corner Home St.)—3-story frame house; eleven rooms; two tiled bathrooms; all improvements; suitable for doctor or dentist; reasonable; immediate possession. Inquire Jacob Shongut, 98 Bowery. (Canal 8263).

ANYONE who will make improvements can buy a small house in Greenwich Village on exceptionally easy terms.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

AT SACRIFICE, 10-family, steam heated; vicinity 106th St. and Madison Av.; little cash required. Sherman Brokerage Co., 54 East 106th. Tel. Harlem 9028.

ELEGANT four-story American basement, near Broadway; $22,000; suitable two families; possession; terms. Meehan, attorney, 52 Wall.

SALE or rent, 24th St., near 4th Av., private 3-story basement, business or dwelling; possession. Turner, 41 East 29th.

REAL ESTATE, charge estate, collect rents, bonds. N 728 Times Downtown.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

CRESTON AVE., 1,995—Ideal apartments, 5 rooms, $100; every modern improvement; near Grand Concourse, cor. 179th St., Bronx.

FOR SALE—7-room house; modern; $12,000. Smith, 1,999 Anthony Av.

Queens.

FLUSHING—New 6-room house for sale; all modern improvements; streets fully improved; $11,500, $1,500 cash. Operators Associates, Inc., Parsons Ave. and Hyacinth Place, Flushing, New York City.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

MODERN 2-FAMILY BRICK HOUSE; NEWLY DECORATED. FOR SALE; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT, PARQUET FLOORS; LOCATED IN A VERY DESIRABLE NEIGHBORHOOD, WITHIN A FEW MINUTES OF 4TH AV. SUBWAY STATION; CASH $7,000. APPLY BY PHONE BENSONHURST 4514, OR BOWLING GREEN 6895.

TWO-FAMILY house and garage; bargain for quick buyer. Amsterdam, 143 Ocean Parkway.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—East Side.

The ST. GEORGE
17th Street, 223 & 225 East
FACING STUYVESANT PARK. FIVE LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS, PANTRY AND BATH WITH 300 SQ. FEET OF ROOF GARDEN ATTACHED; ELEVATOR SERVICE; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider: 542 5th Av. Vand. 2839

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

IDEAL APARTMENTS
4 AND 5 ROOMS
Every Modern Improvement
Restricted Section of Bensonhurst, Corner 20th and Benson Aves., Brooklyn.
1 block from 20th Ave. Station Broadway West End Subway

CITY REAL ESTATE
Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
New 6 or 7 room stucco Flatbush house, with garage, may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

BEAUTIFUL NEW COLONIAL HOUSE.
Five bedrooms, 3 baths, two-car garage, up to the minute; unusual opportunity to secure a better class house in a refined section, below cost of construction. 838 St. Mark's Av.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED, an estate of about 20 acres, with a large dwelling, between Riverdale and Dobbs Ferry, or on Westchester shorefront; must be within close proximity of main railroad. Address "Estate," 169 Times.

CHRISTIAN couple wish to rent 6-8 room house, easy commuting distance; uptown N. Y. Write Room 34, 253 West 58th St., N. Y. City.

GARAGES.
LEASE OR SALE, ANY LOCATION.
JAMES BOYD, 135 BROADWAY.

FARMS.
Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS, send for Virginia Farm List. Dept. 94, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

THE FINEST FLOOR IN NEW YORK can be had for temporary executive offices, showrooms, or for exhibition purposes. Don't take our word—SEE FOR YOURSELF. Its the entire fourth floor in the beautiful GORHAM BUILDING, southwest corner 36th St. and 5th Av. It was built and used by GORHAM for a display floor and nothing was spared to make it magnificent. There are two entrances, one on 5th Av., other on 36th St. Rent is very reasonable. If desired will lease for a term of years. Also in this building wonderful studio space (2,000 square feet), with just the right light for artist, photographer, architect, engraver or the like. Apply DUANE CO., 296 Broadway. Telephone 248 Worth.

ELEGANT DESK ROOM,
including desk, safe, filing cabinet, stenographic and telephone service; newly (mahogany) furnished office. Room 209, 311 5th Av.

AN unusual light, high, 100% sprinkler, corner loft; can be used for heavyweight manufacturing; live steam, if necessary; 9,000 or 5,000 square feet; all subways. Almwell Realty Corp., 693 Broadway. Spring 2055.

A FEW NORTH LIGHT OFFICES, 2 windows each, overlooking Madison Square at 170 5th Av., corner 22d St. Apply to Superintendent on premises, Gramercy 444, or Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 425 5th Av., Vanderbilt 4281.

5TH AVENUE, ABOVE 42D STREET.
Beautifully furnished daylight offices with skylights, 1,000 square feet; telephone; possession Jan. 1; $350 per month. Ogden & Clarkson Corp., 605 5th Av. Tel. Vand. 1124.

TO SUBLET, very attractively located office space, 5th Av and 34th St., with or without furniture, everything first class, at reasonable rental. Write, if interested, W 167 Times.

OFFICE or store, space 15x18; tile floor; on ground floor; hotel building; hotel and lobby entrance; suitable office or store; very reasonable rental. Hotel Cecil, 210 West 118th.

5-STORY basement and sub-basement building, 121 Mercer St., for rent; suitable for storage; electric elevator, sidewalk hoist; no manufacturing; $7,500; 17,500 square feet; 3 years' lease. C. B., 281 Times.

APPROXIMATELY 1,000 feet, 2d floor, 590 5th Av., near 43d St.; less than $3 per foot; possession December; long or short lease. Apply premises.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

LOFT—Half of loft to sublet for manufacturing and showroom; 25th St., near Broadway; entire loft 50x100; arrange space to suit. X 2215 Times Annex.

HALF of large office, 900 square feet, including light and service; modern office building; no manufacturing. Room 1812, 15 East 26th St. Madison Square 9420.

ELEGANT front office, with five windows, 18 months' lease to run, with reasonable rent; in Film Exchange district. Call Bryant 6390.

GARAGE space for rent; fireproof, light; new building for shop, automobile repairing, painting; two elevators. Southeast corner 64th St. and 3d Av.

3,100 SQ. FT. on 14th floor, modern, new office building, 41st St., between Broadway and 6th; especially desirable. Apply Carstein & Linnekin, 347 5th Av.

A THREE-YEAR LEASE FOR COMPLETE FURNISHED OFFICE AND TWO TRUNK LINE TELEPHONES FOR SALE. APPLY 132 NASSAU ST., ROOM 822.

PART large up-to-date office situated on Broadway, between 40th and 41st Sts.; complete equipment; immediate possession; references required. H 393 Times.

28TH ST., NORTHWEST CORNER 1ST AV. Lofts containing about 7,500 feet each; light, power, heat. Apply Reiser, Owner, on premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE, financial district, about 1,000 feet, well lighted office; very attractive; five year lease; responsible tenant. R. L. Dean, 44 Whitehall St.

SUBLET—About 4,000 square feet or in sections 1200, 1000, 950, 735; no manufacturing. Doob-Friedman, 1,140 Broadway (Corner 26th St.)

OFFICE SPACE, furnished, unfurnished; telephone switchboard six lines; freight, passenger elevator service; warehouse facilities. 350 Broadway (fourth floor).

ROLLTOP DESK, $30 monthly; telephone service. Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Worth 248.

520 WEST BROADWAY, corner Bleecker St., loft, 32x100, $2,400. Elevator man or Jacob J. Tabiot, 558 8th Av.

DESK room, telephone and steno service available. Room 625, 51 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 1858.

DESK room, furnished, unfurnished; telephone switchboard, 6 lines; elevator service. Fourth floor, 359 Broadway.

STORE, one flight, 350 feet; lease; heat; cheap. Noble, 130 Lexington Av.

DESK room, furnished office, mail, telephone privilege. Nelles, 27 Warren, 1295 Barclay.

GROUND FLOOR space, 10x40; lease; $35. Janitor, 507 West 27th St.

PART of light loft to let. Mrs. Ash, 106 East 19th. Stuyvesant 7447.

AVENUE store, corner lofts, very light, southeast corner 7th Av., 34th St.

5TH AV., 507—BEAUTIFUL OFFICE REC. ROOM, &c. TEL. 5022 MURRAY HILL.

Brooklyn.

SUITABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS.
Attractive corner location; steam heat, electricity, parquet floors; over Joseph Trepel's new flower shop, Manhattan and Mcserole Avs., Greenpoint, Brooklyn; also three stores. Inquire 805 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED—PLOT ABOUT 75x200, WITH R. R. SIDING, FOR ERECTING WAREHOUSE; LOCATION JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN OR HARRISON; QUICK ACTION GUARANTEED. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 51 EAST 42D. VANDERBILT 9175.

WANTED—Office space, between 1,300 and 2,000 square feet; must be centrally localized in modern office building with partitions. Neidich & Co., 1,777 Broadway, Room 336.

WANTED by established firm in neighborhood of 28th St. and 4th Av., store about 4,000 square feet; 3 to 5 year lease. W 183 Times.

DOOR space for cigar or candy business, downtown or up to 50th St. wanted. Mc., 125 East 50th St.

OFFICE space or desk room; downtown location; telephone service. W 640 Times Downtown.

PART of office and showroom wanted by uptown dress manufacturer. Morningside 9582.

5TH AV., NEAR 42D ST.—220 feet office space to sublet, legitimate business; $100 per month. Phone Murray Hill 284.

LOFT wanted, 50x100; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Phone Watkins 6280.

94TH ST., 104 WEST—Beautiful 2 rooms; large kitchen and bath.

55TH, 18 WEST—Near Hotel Gotham; suite for physician and assistant; reasonable.

STORAGE SPACE TO LET
Apply Room 1106, 59 Pearl St.

TWO furnished office rooms at Tribune Bldg.; phones ready. Call Barclay 2290.

LOFTS, 40 WEST 27th St.; 49 West 3d St., 137 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.

FLOOR or part of floor to let for studio or office. 133 East 35th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

47TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—2 sunny rooms and bath; furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $21 weekly.

5TH AV., 741.
Artistically furnished apartment, three rooms; maid service, telephone. Apply Superintendent.

27TH ST., 35 EAST (Hotel Senton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service, 1 block from subway; $21 up.

27TH 39-43 EAST, between Madison and Fourth Avs., high class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

28TH, 28 EAST—Attractively furnished two rooms, bath apartment; elevator; phone. Superintendent.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

32D, 34 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Comfortably furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, $27.50 up; three rooms, bath, $30 up.

41ST ST. (295 Madison Av.)—Very large suite, 2 rooms, bath, newly furnished; also cosy single rooms. Billy Ann.

44TH, 7 EAST—Two rooms, kitchen and bath, well furnished; possession at once. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Murray Hill 8300.

48TH ST., 29 EAST—Two rooms, bath, open fire, service; second floor, front; six months, or until Oct. 1. See Superintendent. Phone Murray Hill 1303.

49TH ST., 39 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; reference required.

51ST, 49 EAST—Until Jan. 1, attractively furnished large bed-sitting room, bath, $450; no extras. Plaza 8607.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Two rooms, bath; one small room.

56TH, 109 EAST—Artistic two rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, maid service; lease.

57TH ST., 21 EAST—Handsomely furnished living room, two master bedrooms, two baths, kitchenette, elevator, restaurant.

57TH ST., 24 EAST—Two large rooms, bath; gentleman.

58TH, 135 EAST—Entire floor, two attractive rooms, kitchenette, bath, ample closets, steam heat, reasonable. Telephone Plaza 1583.

147 EAST 60TH.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; very attractive; $165. Inquire Superintendent or Bryant 2652.

60TH, 16 EAST (5th-Madison)—Large living room, bedroom, bath; southern.

62D, 24 EAST—Bachelor apartment, either furnished or not. B. T., 273 Times.

81ST ST. (Lexington Av.)—Seven rooms, bath, very light; on corner; linen, silver; $350; six months' rental. Telephone Lenox 9097.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
sunny apartment, seven rooms. Call Lenox 7237 for further information.

BACHELORS.
Exclusive and refined; entire floor, two very large rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone, large closets; luxuriously furnished; every convenience; sunshine, cozy; only to nice people. Call 105 East 57th St. Phone Plaza 645.

FOR SALE.
As a business proposition, completely furnished apartment, with a cheap lease; good income. O C 48 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 965 (70TH).
Four light rooms, kitchen, bath, steam heat, electricity, linen, piano. Rhinelander 4180.

MADISON AV., 448 (Apt. 3)—Modern, newly decorated and artistically furnished; living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath; maid's service included; furnishings can be purchased. Bates, phone Ishinelander 4380.

MADISON AV., 416—One room and bath; telephone, elevator. Corbiere.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY.
270 Park Av., telephone Murray Hill 7914, offers wonderful values in distinctive furnished apartment homes. FIFTH, PARK, MADISON and other east and west side sections.

SUNNY two rooms, bath, convenient, refined; references; long, short lease, $137-$150. Madison Square 8652. Bishop, 112 East 31st St.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH, 66 WEST—Four rooms, real kitchen, bath; 2d floor; monthly $225; yearly $200. Apply 9-11, 4-7. Spencer.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

16TH ST., 23 WEST—Attractively furnished, 2 large outside rooms, bath, kitchenette, large closet, private hall. Phinny.

40TH, 104 WEST—One room, kitchenette, bath; elevator; will sell furniture.

42D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

44TH ST., 44 WEST (Apartment 105)—High class apartment, sitting room, two bedrooms, two baths; furnished or unfurnished.

44TH, 404 WEST—Three rooms, bath; steam; immediate possession; references. Janitress.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $45-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

47TH, 144 WEST—Large 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette apartment; entire floor in converted building; attractively furnished, rent $200 per month to October or shorter. Mr. Sheldon, on premises.

48TH ST., 61 WEST—Beautifully furnished studio apartment to let; low rent; every improvement. Apply superintendent, or Chelsea 8220.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

40TH, 194 WEST—Clean 2-3 rooms, consisting outside living room, sunny bedroom, tiled bath, 2-3 persons, $140 month, including complete hotel service; restaurant, Southern cooking; quiet, convenient subways, theatres. HOTEL MARYLAND. Bryant 2633.

40TH, 26 WEST—Private furniture, whole floor, parlor, two bedrooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone; $2,500. Ring Dedd's bell.

49TH ST., 28 WEST—Two and three room apartments, kitchenettes; artistically furnished; lease to Oct. 1, 1921.

50TH, 20 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath. Circle 2689. Call Saturday, Monday.

51ST, 25 WEST—Small unusual apartment, two rooms, bath; maid service; telephone; dining room in building; lease.

51ST, 306-10 WEST (The Lincoln)—Four rooms, bath; attractively furnished; elevator service.

52D, 223 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—High-class elevator apartment; house newly furnished; hotel service; 1 room, bath, $100 up; 2 rooms, bath, $120 up; references required.

52D, 29 WEST—Small apartments, one, two rooms, bathroom; maid service.

54TH ST.—Five rooms, bargain; leaving city, sell furniture $1,000 and transfer two-year lease $2,000 yearly. Apply Pearson, The Adlon, 7th Av. and 54th St.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH, COR. 7TH AVE.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE, 1 AND 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $90 UP TO $200; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

55TH ST. and 7th Av., subway station at door (Hotel Wellington)—Suites of 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, to rent by month, season or year; all hotel service. Phone Circle 1066.

56TH, 208 WEST, (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 340 WEST—Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service; two, three rooms and bath; $110-$200 per month; references required.

57TH ST., 130 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; beautifully furnished; $200 per month. Phone Columbus 8900. Mr. Sullivan.

57TH, 27 WEST—Handsomely furnished 2-3 rooms; open fireplaces; reasonable.

58TH, 117 WEST—Four rooms and bath; newly furnished; non-housekeeping; excellent dining room.

59TH ST., 24 WEST, FACING CENTRAL PARK—Wonderful three-room housekeeping

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

MADISON AV., 797—Just finished; modern apartment, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; all modern improvements; $200 per month; lease to Oct. Maynard. Rhinelander 3380.

MADISON AV., 935 (corner 74th St.)—2 rooms and bath, all outside; open fireplace, hardwood floors, latest plumbing.

MADISON AV., 514 (At 53d St.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $100.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 19 WEST—Three-room apartment, all improvements; immediate possession; rental $100 monthly. Inquire on premises.

16TH ST., 140 WEST—Seven large rooms; steam, parquet floors, electric light, phone.

21ST, WEST—Modern two rooms, kitchenette bath, unusually light; open fireplace; $70. Phone Watkins 4057.

36TH, 220 WEST—Four-five rooms; steam, parquet floors, electric light, elevator.

40TH, 104 WEST—Skylight studio apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower, elevator.

47TH ST., 66 WEST—High-class 2 rooms, bath apartment; reasonable. Raymond.

49TH ST., 126 WEST.
Newly renovated, attractive apartment, 6 rooms and bath, kitchen, steam heat; electricity; rent $1,500 to $1,800.

51ST, 16 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; exceptionally attractive; immediate possession.

54TH, 33 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floor; lease; $175. Phone Hanover 6895.

55TH, 70 WEST—Unfurnished parlor, bedroom, bath; Hotel Devon Annex; full hotel service; heat; light. Apply Hotel Devon.

55TH, 18 WEST—Floors and suites, two, three rooms; open fireplaces, elevator; near Hotel Gotham; reasonable.

56TH, 318 WEST
Exceptionally attractive two-room suite with bath and pantry; new, modern, convenient. Apply Supt.

58TH, 117 WEST (Hotel Seville)—Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street.

64TH ST., 1 WEST (Harperly Hall)—Sublease unfurnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette with refrigeration; southern exposure; rental $150 a month.

71ST ST., 115 WEST—2 attractive rooms and bath in a high-class elevator apartment house, suitable for doctor; immediate possession; apply on premises. Phone Columbus 4131.

72D, 226 WEST; 74TH, 313 WEST—APARTMENTS 2, 3, 4 ROOMS; BATHS, KITCHENETTE; NEWLY REMODELED; ALSO STUDIOS. PLEAE INQUIRE AT 226 WEST 72D ST.

72D ST., 253 WEST—One and two rooms, kitchenette and bath; also entire floor; newly decorated; fireplaces. Columbus 257.

73D, 250 WEST—Large, attractive room for three; three smaller ones; all newly decorated; unfurnished; bath, large closets, kitchenette privileges; private home.

73D ST., 273 WEST—3 and 4-room apartments; all conveniences; high class.

74TH, 131 WEST (near Broadway)—New, exquisitely decorated, modern elevator apartments, 2 and 3 rooms; parquet floors, open fireplaces; exclusive clientele; maids, valets.

75TH ST., 151 WEST—Now ready; exceptional suite, 2 rooms and bath in remodeled residence; all conveniences.

75TH, 226 WEST—Two rooms, elevator, $115; would sell furniture. Liebermacht.

50TH, 225 WEST (Apt. 2N)—Beautiful corner apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; completely furnished; possession at once. Wood-Dolson Co., Broadway, corner 50th St.

80TH ST., 319 WEST—Two rooms and bath; very attractive; ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

81ST, 20 WEST—LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS, 2 AND 3 ROOMS, ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

83D ST., 46 WEST—5 front rooms and bath in new high-class elevator apartment house; immediate possession; apply on premises. Phone Schuyler 5607.

83D, 201 WEST—Five rooms, bath, electric light; all improvements. Inquire janitor.

83D, 58 WEST—See these; extraordinary value; three rooms, kitchen; $1,080 yearly.

85TH ST., 332 WEST—Four sunny rooms; elevator apartment; near Drive; immediate possession.

86TH ST., 110 WEST.
Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; rent $1,100.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

89TH, 75 WEST—3 rooms and kitchenette; all modern improvements; $1,200 annually; immediate possession. Inquire Superintendent.

92D, 309 WEST (Near Riverside)—Two rooms, bath and kitchen.

94TH, 69 WEST — Floor in private house, three rooms, with bath, real kitchen; all conveniences; references; immediate occupancy.

96TH ST., 60 WEST—Five rooms and bath; newly decorated; electricity; refined surroundings; $135 monthly; references required.

97TH, 308 WEST—5 immense, all light rooms; newly decorated; elevator; immediate.

98TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Peter Stuyvesant)—Six rooms and two baths. Harris, Vought & Co., 6 East 46th St.

99TH ST., 317 WEST.
Seven rooms; rents $3,000.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

100TH, 314 WEST—Four rooms and bath; rent $2,000; immediate possession.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

105TH ST., 230 WEST—An exceptionally attractive 5-room apartment, 2 master bedrooms; available Dec. 1. Apply Supt., Mr. Wagner, on premises.

105TH, 76 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $1,080 year; entire floor $1,800; remodeling completed now; owner on premises.

106TH ST. (Between West End and Riverside)—Beautiful duplex apartment, six enormous rooms, two full floors; modern; newly decorated; ready for occupancy. Academy 4808.

107TH, 318 WEST—Exceptionally beautiful entire floor, view of Hudson, four large, sunny rooms, real kitchen; modern.

108TH, 319 WEST—Entire floor, beautiful home; housekeeping; baths, steam heat; 2-3 rooms. Academy 3857.

120TH, 106 WEST—Parlor floor, all, part; beautiful large rooms and kitchenette, gas, heat, electricity, bath, phone; cars, subway, buses; private house; nice block.

137TH, 202 WEST—Seven large, light rooms, $95; immediate possession.

151ST, 446 WEST (near St. Nicholas)—Five all light rooms, bath, $75. Janitor.

162D ST., 615 WEST (Yorktown Court Apartments)—Five-room modern, elevator apartment, steam heat, bath, parquet floors, completely redecorated, immediate occupancy; $120 monthly. Phone Hanover 793.

174TH ST., 500 WEST—Three and four rooms in modern new-law corner apartment house; rents $60 to $70.

APARTMENT, 7 rooms, 3 baths; high-class building. Superintendent, 158 West 58th.

BROADWAY, 2,721—5-room, housekeeping apartment, unfurnished. Apply Helene Gift Shop.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 431-439—4-room apartments, real kitchens, large, sunny living rooms; $80-$120 monthly; leases only. Acme Improvement Corp.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS

45 cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST., 10 EAST—Medium and small room to let; gentlemen only.

17TH ST., 210 EAST—Large light furnished room, suitable for two; all improvements.

29TH, 132 EAST—Large room, attractively, newly furnished; bath, phone, electricity; conveniences.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $10 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

36TH, 14 EAST—Top floor room; southern exposure; one or two.

39TH 126 EAST—Single rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; references required.

56TH 76 EAST—Exceptionally large attractively furnished rooms, telephone; refined private house.

57TH, 63 EAST—Nicely furnished large room; running water; kitchen privileges; telephone; references.

121ST, 52 EAST—Front parlor, well furnished, electricity, phone, private house.

LEXINGTON AV., 515 (cor. 48th St.)—Elegant furnished sitting room with connecting bedroom to refined gentleman only; elevator apartment; strictly private; references. Telephone Murray Hill 1277. Levitow.

MADISON AV., 1931 (fifth floor south)—Furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; steam, electric light, bath and telephone; light and airy; windows toward Mt. Morris Park; elevator apartment.

MADISON AV., 785 (66th)—Front suite, convenient bath; electricity; single beds; gentlemen.

PARK AV., in spacious apartment, perfectly appointed room; master's bath; absolute privacy; breakfast if desired; references. Lenox 183.

West Side.

30TH, 142 WEST—One, two large, light rooms, bath; kitchen privileges. Callanan.

36TH, 51 WEST—Single, double; private bath; desirable for comfort and service.

50TH ST., 454 WEST—Remodeled house, Old Chelsea district, second floor front, back rooms, running water; also room with private bath. Phone Chelsea 2864.

81ST, 351 WEST—Newly furnished residence; comfortable rooms; electricity, steam and hot water; gentleman only.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (84 Grove St.)—Half block from Sheridan Square subway station, two blocks from Fifth Av. bus; two and three large, light rooms, baths, kitchenettes, open fireplaces, elevator, steam heat; $1,200 to $2,000. Meltzer & Riley, 5 Sheridan Square. Spring 772.

HARLEM, WEST—8 rooms, bath, shower; rent all or 5 rooms (3 rented); steam, electricity, gas; private hall. Meyers, P. O. Station J.

HAVEN AVE., 115—Four beautiful rooms; improvements; also suitable physician. Inquire superintendent.

MONTEREY APARTMENTS, 351 West 114th St.—Facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Rector 747.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40 (118th)—4 rooms, $110; elevator, steam heat, hot water guaranteed; small private family only. Coleman.

MUSICIANS' STUDIOS—2 or 3-room suites; quiet, exclusive; open fireplaces; parquet floors; elevator; refined, artistic surroundings; near Broadway, 74th. K 463 Times.

PARLOR floor, suitable for doctor or light business. Tel. Chelsea 1533.

PINEHURST AV., 70 (181st)—5 rooms; immediate possession; new building; $85. Superintendent.

POST AV. 130 (corner 207th St.)—Four outside rooms southern exposure; elevator; modern improvements. Wadsworth 3250.

REMODELED APARTMENTS; references; $75 per month; security; five rooms, tiled bath, steam, hot water, electric lights; white enameled woodwork; for business couples. 117 Edgecombe Av., 1 block 140th St., 6th and 7th Av. L stations.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 190—Sublet, beautiful high-class apartment, nine rooms, three baths; all outside; view of river from every window; open fireplaces; small conservatory off dining room; rent, $6,000; will sublet at a sacrifice; immediate possession. Fletcher. Phone Riverside 9854.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 5 rooms, facing the Drive; 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 835—3 and 4 rooms, new building, just completed; apartments facing Hudson River. Apply agent on premises. Telephone Audubon 5497.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three rooms in new apartment hotel, $125 up.

SHERMAN AV., 221 (Corner 207th St.)—4 outside rooms; southern exposure; elevator; modern improvements. Wadsworth 3230.

SINGLE room studio apartment; modern improvements; $50. Steele, 96 5th. Watkins 3828.

SIXTH AV., 48 (near Washington Place)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment, sleeping porch; suitable doctor. Murray Hill 4999.

TO LET—NEW 7-ROOM APTS., ALL IMPROVEMENTS, WITH OR WITHOUT GARAGE. INQUIRE ON PREMISES, 206TH ST., PERRY AVE., BRONX, BETWEEN 10 A. M. AND 4 P. M.

VERY EXCEPTIONAL
5-room apartment for doctor; also 2-rooms, furnished; moderate rents; immediate possession 159 West 85th St.

WEST END AV., 104TH ST., 11TH FLOOR, SUBLET, NEWLY DECORATED EIGHT-ROOM APARTMENT, ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS, 2 MASTER BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, 2 SERVANTS' ROOMS; WILL SELL SOME FURNITURE IF DESIRED. PHONE BRYANT 72.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

163D, 960 EAST (corner Tiffany St., Bronx)—6 large rooms, beautiful, light apartment, second floor; expensively renovated; all improvements, hardwood floors; $65; lease; near Intervale subway station. Phone Harlem 2081.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,515—Four-room apartment, second floor front, $110. Fordham 9596.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

STERLING PLACE, 189-191 (near Flatbush Av.)—2 and 3 rooms; $55 to $90; all improvements; both subways; possession.

Unfurnished—Queens.

FOR RENT IN ASTORIA.
Immediate occupancy, one six-room and bath apartment; $90; in a new two-family brick house, four blocks from subway station; one-car garage with apartment; electric lights, steam heat, hot water. Apply H. Trowbridge Harris, 152 Fulton Av., Long Island City. Call Astoria 406.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
Two splendid elevator buildings, 165 apartments; selections of 2 3-4 room suites and 2 baths still available, $1,890 and $2,400. Apply THE GARDENS APARTMENT, by station; 15 minutes from Penn Station, N. Y. C.; in nearest and finest suburb; neighbors of character. Phone Boulevard 6545. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 86th St.

FOREST HILLS, N. Y.—6-room, kitchen and bath apartment, thoroughly renovated; 16 minutes to New York, 2 blocks from station; with heat; rent $110. J. A. Indorf, 9 Roman Av., Forest Hills, N. Y.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

FIVE cheerful, light rooms and porch; $90. Van Ness Bros., phone 357 Yonkers.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, 254 North Grove St.—Convenient to Broadway via Lackawanna; ideal apartments in new building; 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms and bath; every modern convenience; $80 to $140 month; steam heated garage if desired, $15; possession at once. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or Feist & Feist, "Management Engineers," 738 Broad St., Newark.

FOUR and five room apartments; strictly high-class; references required. 101 29th St., Woodcliff-on-Hudson, N. J. Oscar Hogreius, Inc.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED to purchase, furnishings and lease six-room modern elevator apartment, two baths; rent not exceeding $2,000; vicinity Seventies to Hundred, Central Park West, Broadway, West End, Madison, Park Avs. J 853 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS COUPLE wants furnished one or two room apartment, kitchenette, bath, lease; $80 month. C 216 Times.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

WANTED to rent, from Dec. 1, unfurnished apartment of 8 to 9 rooms, containing 4 master's bedrooms and 2 master's baths; also servants' quarters. C. W., Avery Cottage, Woodmere, L. I.

WANTED—Five or six room apartment, below 100th St., on co-operative ownership plan; must have sunlight and air. Write details to Leo Koenig, 98 Lincoln St., Montclair, N. J.

WANTED—7 or 8-room ground floor apartment, 80th to 100th Sts., vicinity West End Av.; references. L. A., 128 Times.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS

45 cents a line.

West Side.

31ST, 342 WEST—Large, high-class outside room, suitable for two; also small-size room. Apt. 7 East.

31ST, 124 WEST—Double room for rent, adjoining bath.

31ST, 324 WEST—Single room, near bath, shower; exclusive house; gentleman.

31ST ST., 340 WEST—Exceptionally well furnished room, private home; references.

32D, 22 WEST—Delightful large room, private bath; electricity; gentlemen preferred.

33D, 140 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14 UP.

33D—Beautiful double rooms, twin beds; also small; conveniences; references. Columbus 4682.

34TH, 159 WEST (NEAR BROADWAY)—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, BATH ADJOINING; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

34TH, 3 WEST—ELEGANTLY AND NEWLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; HOUSEKEEPING PRIVILEGE; TWIN BEDS; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

34TH—Two beautiful large rooms, running water; unfurnished; overlooking Hudson; furnished if desired. P 257 Times.

35TH, 116 WEST—Large and modern rooms; electricity; steam heat; permanent; gentlemen.

37TH, 104 WEST—Large back parlor; private bath; electricity; parquet; kitchenette; reference.

37TH, 170 WEST—Nicely furnished large front; steam, electricity, telephone; $12. Peters.

37TH, 102 WEST—Attractive room, lavatory; suitable one, two gentlemen. Wheeler.

38TH, 327 WEST—Charming room, private bath; steam heat; kitchenette privilege.

38TH, 318 WEST—Charming room, overlooking Hudson, two doors from Drive.

38TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $12.

37TH, 106 WEST—Newly furnished residence; comfortable room; electricity; gentleman only; $10.

38TH, 101 WEST—Room, exceptional, reasonable; business woman preferred; references. Apt. 73.

38TH, 112 WEST—Single rooms, southern exposure; suitable for gentlemen. Schuyler 4092.

38TH, 320 WEST—Newly furnished, sunny front, adjoining bath; also front parlor; unusual.

39TH, 131 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished room, private bath; exceptional accommodations.

39TH, 118 WEST—2 LARGE ROOMS, BATH; REASONABLE; PRIVATE HOUSE.

39TH, 118 WEST—2 LARGE ROOMS, BATH; REASONABLE; PRIVATE HOUSE.

40TH, WEST—Attractive room, double window, high-grade apartment; absolutely private; refined; references exchanged. Telephone Schuyler 1876.

40TH ST., WEST—Exceptionally furnished living room and adjoining bedroom; apartment; private. Schuyler 4005.

41ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $12 weekly.

42D, 24 WEST—Attractive room, private bath, twin beds, electricity; refined surroundings.

43D, 66 WEST — Elegantly furnished hall room, third flight; southern exposure.

43D, 15 WEST—Front parlor suite, bath, kitchenette privileges; also single rooms.

44TH ST.—Well-furnished living room, bedroom suite, adjoining bath, in private apartment; convenient transportation; for gentleman. Schuyler 3851.

44TH, 53 WEST—Large, small rooms; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent meals. Gans.

44TH, 15 WEST—Living and bedroom, 2 gentlemen or couple, modern, comfortable; breakfast optional. Schuyler 3155.

44TH, 268 WEST (West End)—Clean, attractive; electricity, elevator, lavatories; refined surroundings.

44TH, 15 WEST—Single, modern, comfortable, gentleman; $6. Halpin.

45TH ST., 207—Two desirable front, connecting rooms, suitable one or two gentlemen; electricity, elevator, conveniences; near Broadway subway. Schuyler 7811, Apt. 4W. Wade.

45TH ST., 259-261 WEST (West End Chambers)—Exclusive family hotel; exceptional accommodations; suites and single rooms; American plan.

45TH ST., 78 WEST—Will rent for Winter, beautiful room, all conveniences, suitable for two; reference. Dorgan. Schuyler 7036.

45TH, 330 WEST—Parlor and bedroom, en suite or single room; elevator apartment. Phone Reed, 5833 Schuyler.

46TH, 182 WEST—Beautiful rooms, with, without bath; also unfurnished suite, suitable physician, dentist, living or studio; references.

46TH, 160 WEST—Room, steam heat, electric light, shower bath; private house; gentlemen only. Telephone Schuyler 6320.

46TH, 337 WEST—Large front rooms, private bath, kitchen privileges; near Riverside Drive.

46TH, 329 WEST—Large, cheerful room, steam heat; $20 weekly. Schuyler 6082.

46TH, 206 WEST (6E)—Large, warm room, sunshine, piano, elevator, modern.

46TH, 168 WEST—Single, double, sunny, running water; electricity; gentlemen.

46TH ST., 341 WEST—Large, comfortable back parlor, use of kitchenette.

46TH ST., 338 WEST—Beautifully furnished room; private bath; unique house.

47TH, 340-342 WEST—Handsomely furnished large rooms, dressing rooms, baths adjoining, $20. Phone Schuyler 9532.

47TH, 40 WEST—Front parlor, 3-room apartment, large; kitchen privileges; references.

48TH, 56 WEST—Large, comfortable room with piano; suitable for three gentlemen.

48TH, 323 WEST—Large room and bath for one or two gentlemen.

48TH, 321 WEST—Large, comfortable rooms, running water, bath next; private residence.

50TH ST., 57 WEST—Large rooms; references. Owner.

51ST, 149 WEST—Beautiful large front parlor (double room); water; subway, elevated station.

51ST, 304 WEST—Large attractive room, private bath, electricity, coal; references.

51ST, 38 WEST—Attractive large room; electricity, steam; smaller.

52D, 290 WEST—Independent, warm, running water; one-two respectable gentlemen. McKeever.

52D, 214 WEST—Desirable room, adjoining bath; gentlemen. Apt. 2D.

52D, 121 WEST—Back parlor, private bath, twin beds; electricity; good heat.

52D, 46 WEST—Beautiful large front room, lavatory, bath floor; select house.

53D ST. (676 West End Av.)—Two large rooms, bath adjoining; private house; couple or gentlemen.

54TH ST. and Broadway, Monterey Hotel—Cozy room and bath to sublet, reasonable. D 214 Times.

55TH, 146 WEST—Gentlemen; steam heat; $10-$12; comfortable; references. 9411 Riverside.

55TH, 127 WEST — Large, sunny; private house. Phone Riverside 5218.

55TH, 122 WEST—Two rooms, private bath, suitable for light housekeeping; telephone.

56TH, 34 WEST—Choice rooms, near subway, elevated; electricity, heat, service; reasonable.

56TH, 36 WEST—Exceptionally comfortable room; every convenience.

57TH, 220 WEST—Large, light, attractively furnished room adjoining bath; also 2 front rooms unfurnished; modern elevator apartment. Apt. 5D.

57TH, 229 WEST—Exceptional room, modern apartment, next bath; gentleman. Private family; $16. Apartment 6C.

57TH, 135 WEST — Large, elegant room; southern exposure; all conveniences; bath private house.

57TH, 230 WEST—Attractive room, suitable for two; kitchen privilege. Apt. 3-D.

57TH ST., 316 WEST—Two-room suite; private family. Apt. 1B.

58TH, 254 WEST—Large, well furnished room, southern exposure; elevator, bath adjoining; references. Sands, Apt. 8. Riverside 6995.

58TH, 254 WEST (Apt. 5)—Attractive front room, twin beds, with breakfast.

103D, 216 WEST—Large front room; gentlemen or business couple. Ackerman.

103D, 203 WEST—Large room, no other roomers; gentlemen, business couple. Jacobs.

103D, 203 WEST—Large room; no other roomers; gentlemen, business couple. Jacobs.

105TH, 248 WEST—Attractive single room, adjoining bath; gentleman; references. Clark.

105TH, 248 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—Lovely, select, outside double room, twin beds; also single room. Apt. 3N.

105TH, 71 WEST—Clean, light, single, $6 and $7; electricity, phone; gentlemen.

106TH, 201 WEST (6C)—Large, clean outside room; gentleman; reasonable; convenient.

107TH, 245 WEST (near Broadway)—Neatly decorated parlor-bedroom, one or two; electricity; gentleman; one flight front; references. Solly.

107TH, 260 WEST (Broadway)—Beautiful large room, running water, next bathroom, house.

108TH, 256 WEST—Parlor, nicely furnished, piano, suitable for two; phone; near bath; one flight. Clement.

West Side.

110TH (Broadway)—Large front, sunny room, adjoining bath, twin beds; high-class apartment; southern exposure. Tel. Cathedral 7201.

111TH, 503 WEST—Attractive, very light room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment; telephone; references. Call afternoon, Apt. 61.

111TH, 545 WEST, Corner Broadway, Apt. 3F.—Large room, adjoining bath, gentleman.

111TH, 507 WEST—Attractive, warm room with lavatory for gentleman or business couple; elevator. Apt. 33.

112TH, 214 WEST—Extra large room, modern, private house; suitable for couple.

112TH, 605 WEST—Large front, southern exposure; only roomer; $10. Apartment 1.

113TH, 611 WEST—Ideal room for gentleman; next bath; near Drive. Bennett.

116TH ST. (370 Manhattan Av.)—Large, nicely furnished room; southern exposure; kitchen privileges; semi-private bath; business couple; seen evenings. Apartment 5C. Cathedral 6260.

115TH, 419 WEST—Sunny, well heated, large front room, attractively furnished; elevator.

118TH, $10 WEST—HOTEL CECIL.
ATTRACTIVE ONE AND TWO ROOMS, with or without private baths; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

121ST, 420 WEST—Large front room, business women, teachers; permanent. Apt. 41.

122D, 416 WEST (Apt. 24)—Large room facing park; $16; kitchen privileges.

122D, 521 WEST (Apt. 51)—Comfortable, light, neatly furnished room; price $7.

122D, 524 WEST (Apt. 4D)—Double room; use kitchen; private family.

122D (3,089 Broadway)—Near university; no other roomers. Apt. 47.

127TH ST., 611 WEST (Apt. 9)—Attractive room with mother and daughter; privileges; 1-2 girls; $12-$15. Morningside 5690.

129TH, 6 WEST (Apt. 10)—Nicely furnished room with private family; modern elevator apartment house; convenient subway. Taylor.

130TH, 530 WEST—Attractive room, private family, suitable two gentlemen. Apt. 4.

131TH, 606 WEST (Apt. 3-B)—Clean, cozy room, $6; business woman.

142D, 605 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room, near shower; elevator. Apt. 55.

143D ST., 515 WEST—Large, bright room, twin beds; adjoining bathroom; elevator; private phone. Audubon 9470.

143D, 458 W.—Well furnished room, adjoining bath; modern apartment; moderate. Hoff.

147TH, 546 WEST (Broadway)—Two rooms overlooking Broadway, Hudson; piano, elevator. Mahoney.

151ST, 535 WEST (Broadway)—Elevator, southern exposure, large, comfortably furnished; kitchen privileges; couple, gentlemen; references. Apt. 64.

151ST, 518 WEST (Broadway)—Two bright, cheerful double front rooms adjoining; piano; conveniences; elevator apartment. 4W.

152D ST. 43, 671 Broadway)—Accommodate gentlemen, couple; cozy Christian home; abundance heat, hot water; board optional.

156TH, 611 WEST—Comfortable room; modern, light, elevator; single; references. Apt. 41.

156TH, 611 WEST—Attractive room adjoining bath; modern conveniences; gentlemen. Apt. 34.

167TH, 602 WEST — Large room; private family. Gerstle. Audubon 8133J.

165TH, 600 WEST (Apt. 22)—Warm, homelike, front, sunny bed-sitting room.

173D, 550 WEST—Attractive room, southern exposure, dressing room, running water, electricity, bath, steam; private house. Wadsworth 4309.

ATTRACTIVE room, adjoining bath, private family; $10. Phone Cathedral 10175.

BACHELOR'S elegant parlor, bedroom, bath; ample heat; maid service; $125. Schuyler 8650.

BROADWAY, 2,612 (98th St.)—Front room; elevator, phone; no other roomers. Apartment 2 South.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 294 (Between 89th-90th)—Two unusually attractive rooms, connecting private washroom; one or two men; private family. Apt. 4, north.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Attractive rooms; $10 up; fireplace, plenty heat. Riverside 2505.

DOUBLE and single rooms, newly furnished; private family. Phone 6417 Cathedral.

FORT WASHINGTON AV. 452—Large, warm, well furnished room adjoining bath, all modern conveniences; price reasonable; references; 181st St subway, bus. Wadsworth 8824. Apt. 22.

HOTEL BRADDOCK,
126th St. and 8th Av.—Single rooms, $2 a day; double rooms, $3 a day; single room with bath, $3 a day; single room by the week, $9 up.

MANHATTAN AVE., 512—For those appreciating clean, beautiful front and rear room, newly furnished; conveniences; gentlemen. Apt. 8.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 57 (Apt. 51), cor. 116th St.—Large, light bedroom for business man; permanent; references.

PARTICULAR PEOPLE
find our service convenient. Select furnished rooms all over city. Greater New York Renting Co., 167 West 13th St., corner 7th Av. Watkins 544.

PINEHURST AV., 90 (cor. 181st St.)—Large front room, private family; no other roomers; two blocks west Broadway, three minutes to subway and 5th Av. bus. Apt. 2-G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 715—Beautiful, large, newly furnished, adjoining bath; clean home, with Jewish couple; $12. Cook, 5529 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, APT. 69—Furnished room suitable couple; conveniences; Spanish family; references required. Call 7:30-9 P. M.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (95th)—Attractive furnished bed-room and sitting-room, adjoining bath. Apartment 1, Smith.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 676 (145th)—Beautiful double bedroom, washroom; facing Drive. Woythaler.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 596 (137th St.)—Attractive room, all conveniences; gentleman only. Apartment 3.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 71—Beautiful large front room, lavatory; also single room.

ROOMS, large windows, modern apartment; private family; $12; two ladies. Call Saturday-Sunday. Moss, 3 West 122d.

VERY attractive one, two rooms, high-class elevator apartment; tray breakfast optional. Schuyler 9361. Apt. 8, northeast.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Large outside room; southern exposure. Phone Riverside 2062. M. M. Bell.

WEST END AVE., 505 (84th)—Large double room; select neighborhood; private house.

WEST END AV., 296—Exceptional accommodations, with board.

WEST END AV., 322 (75th)—Nice, small room, near bath.

WEST END AV., 79th—Room; gentleman; select apartment; $14 week. Schuyler 9731.

WEST END, 790—Large front room adjoining bath, twin beds; smaller rooms.

Brooklyn.

LARGE furnished room with private family; steam heat, electric light, adjoining bathroom. 388 Liberty Av., Brooklyn.

ONE or two furnished rooms; all improvements; Flatbush section. Coney Island 2666.

LARGE light room, all conveniences; centrally located; reasonable. Prospect 4167.

BERGEN ST., 383—Large, steam heated front room; electric light; private family.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

STUDIO—Suitable for doctor or artist; satisfactory arrangement to reliable tenant; location of studio, 74 West 46th St. Inquire Mr. Arons, 742 6th Av.

UNFURNISHED living room, bedroom and bath, between 60th-100th St., Independent entrance. J 91 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (95th)—Unfurnished rooms, facing Hudson; $40-$80 month.

127TH, 259 WEST—Large clean room; private house.

LARGE front parlor, $75; small housekeeping apartments, $70-$80. 133 East 80th.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN seeks home with family; would like to be regarded as a desired member rather than as a source of income. H 365 Times.

REFINED gentleman, 35, seeks cosy room with cultured family, east side, below 86th; references exchanged. C 204 Times.

ROOM, private house; below 80th St., east side; couple; light housekeeping; rent under $40. R. W. 120 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

West Side.

57TH AV., 2,005 (near 125th St.)—Boarder wanted, gentleman only, in French-speaking family; best references required.

54TH, 54 WEST—Large rooms with private bath; references.

58TH, 44 WEST—Elegant back parlor suite, private bath; table unexcelled.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

73D ST. (corner), 279 West End Av.
THE WILLIAM HENRY: Exclusive residential hotel, overlooking river; luxuriously appointed rooms with private baths; bountiful and excellent table.

73D ST., 271 WEST.
Large front room, private bath, in home of refined Christian family; references.

74TH (near Riverside Drive)—Large handsomely furnished room, running water, steam heat, electric light, elevator, suitable for two gentlemen appreciating best home cooking; also single room. Telephone Columbus 2130.

76TH, 9 WEST — Elegant back parlor, private bath, suitable for three; refined private boarding house; excellent cuisine. Berger.

76TH, 133 WEST—Large, small rooms, private bath; business people; table guests.

82D, 5 WEST (Apt. 2)—Superior accommodation; piano; newly furnished home.

83TH ST., 257-259-261 WEST (West End Chambers)—Exclusive family hotel; dining room open for permanent guests.

87TH, 201 WEST—Large, attractively furnished outside rooms; elevator; home cuisine.

93D, 307 WEST (near Riverside)—Beautiful large front room, with twin beds; small room; parlor; exclusive neighborhood; excellent table; all conveniences. Apt. 3.

102D, 216 WEST—Real home, every comfort; excellent table; large room. Hirschberg.

103D, 230 WEST—Double and single front rooms; meals; two doors Broadway; elevator apt.; excellent heat, water and food.

108TH ST., 330 WEST — Beautiful, large room, overlooking Hudson and Drive; couple; excellent table.

111TH, 518 WEST—Unusual home, two gentlemen or business girls. Apartment 54.

114TH, 102 WEST—Large room and board, suitable two gentlemen; good home; all improvements; private family; reasonable. Morris.

118TH, 151 WEST—Single, double, running water; electric; excellent table; Jewish house.

CLAREMONT AV., 180 (Apt. 62)—Comfortable room; Christian family; steam; elevator; breakfast, dinner; references; reasonable.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 25 min. to Wall St.; cosily furnished; excellent chef and service, small tables, parlors, smoking room, comforts; weekly, $20 with meals; 75 guests; 12 years one management. Folder, 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Corner 104th St.)—Southern exposure, every room; private bath and telephone; elevator; Hungarian chef; refined Hebrew social surroundings. Mrs. IDA MARKS.

WEST END AV., 732 (96th St.)—Large front room, suitable two; table guests; French spoken; references.

WEST END, 449 (81st St.)—Unusual proposition, table unexcelled; inexpensive; young men only.

WEST END AV., 296 (73d St.)—Single and double rooms.

BOARD WANTED

MONTCLAIR, N. J., 439 Washington Av., phone 1285M; single, double, corner rooms; excellent table; electricity, steam; $15 up weekly; near train, trolley, school.

GENTLEMAN desires board in private family; $15 per week; must be refined surroundings. K 935 Times Downtown.

YOUNG Frenchman desires room and board with American family; willing to exchange lessons of French for English; references. Dorbon, Inc., 19 East 57th St.

SCHOOL TEACHER (female) desires room and board in quiet family; neighborhood of Longwood Av. and Kelly St., Bronx. W 199 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

ELMWOOD HOTEL, EAST ORANGE, N. J.
A quiet family hotel, twenty-five minutes from New York; desirable commuting; all outside, sunny rooms, with private baths; first-class service; steam heat; our reputation depends upon our dining room; we specialize in home-cooked foods, prepared temptingly, palatably; there can be no better living than among the Orange Mountains; room and bath, with meals, $25 weekly; two people, $40. Orange 7570.

GREYSTONE,
228 Corlies Av., Pelham, N. Y.
Small, exclusive apartment hotel suites; one, two rooms, bath; exceptional table; 30 minutes Grand Central; one and a half blocks from station. Phone 2117M.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths excellent menu; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

THE PEPPERDAY,
Main St. and Echo Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Superior family hotel open year round; steam heated; 35 minutes Grand Central Terminal. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

CHESTER HILL—30 minutes New Haven Railroad; private American family, owning attractive home; limited number guests, adults only; refined, high-class. 100 Archer Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 2577.

RIVERDALE REST SANATORIUM, for persons suffering from nervous breakdown, invalids and aged. 292 Riverdale Av., Yonkers. Tel. 4017.

DOUGLAS MANOR HOTEL, Douglaston, Long Island, in a park overlooking water; double and single rooms; American plan; 22 minutes Penn. Station.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT, junior, part day with accounting firm. Stoloff, 173 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, thorough knowledge double entry; good stenographer; high school graduate; three years' experience; $25. J 70 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 686 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent and efficient, six years' experience. J 730 Times Downtown.

CHAMBER

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines).

	Per Agate Line.
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	50c
Real Estate, &c.	55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	60c
For Sale	60c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c

Per Word.

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers. 15c

HELP WANTED—Male.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now occupying important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y. L., P. O. Box 872, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE MANAGER—Young man, with knowledge of accountancy, to take charge in manufacturing concern; capable of systematizing plant and handling correspondence; state salary, references, &c. W 211 Times.

PHYSICIAN, registered New York State, willing leave city, permanent salaried position legitimate advertising office doing scientific treatment work; must have good habits, appearance, qualified do minor surgery; good future man can qualify. W 212 Times.

PORTER to handle paper and do errands; one thoroughly familiar with streets of New York city; good wages, good hours. W 647 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

A well-established concern is open for three live wires with good following to call on the retail trade with a popular line of children's colored dresses; one for city and vicinity, one for New England States and the other for the Southern States; strictly commission basis; only those having had experience in this line and being able to furnish A1 references will be considered; applications held strictly confidential. Box 203, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN—The manufacture and sale of art advertising calendars and gift advertising specialties an enormous industry employing thousands of salesmen; Mr. Blanchard Co. of Aurora, Ill., an old established concern with high-class, exclusive lines, has attractive open Eastern territory, commission basis; work requires keen, alert men who may build lasting future. Apply, letter only, stating age, experience and last connection. George H. Blanchard, 326 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN.

A salesman with two or three years' sales experience who would like to enter the bond business is desired by a progressive firm of investment bankers; actual experience in selling securities is not necessary, but a pleasing personality, an honest determination and real ability to produce are absolutely essential; salary or commission. Give age, selling experience, education, references, &c. Box 8, Room 213, 49 Broad St.

SALESMAN—HAVE AN OPENING FOR A LIVE ELECTRIC MOTOR SALESMAN FOR NEW YORK CITY; DESIRE MAN OF EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY TO SELL DIRECT CURRENT APPARATUS; SALARY OR SALARY AND COMMISSION; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. X 2114 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN—A New York wholesale carpet house, handling standard lines of rugs, carpets and linoleums, desires the services of a thoroughly experienced carpet man for Connecticut, Rhode Island and New York State, one who has a well established following in one territory; commission basis; give full particulars and references. W 625 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—GLOVES.

LARGE IMPORTER LADIES' FRENCH KID GLOVES HAS TERRITORY OPEN FOR ROAD MAN WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE; STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS. STATE EXPERIENCE, TERRITORY NOW COVERING AND REFERENCES. X 2129 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN—CAN YOU SELL? AN OPERATOR OF INDUSTRIAL PAGES OFFERS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR WORK NEAR NEW YORK CITY; COMMISSION ONLY; STEADY EMPLOYMENT, BIG COMMISSIONS. WRITE YOUR EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY TO V 840 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN—ATTENTION!

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE, 2 West 45th St., New York City, has vacancy for ambitious salesmen; those who will not be satisfied with less than $100 per week in commissions on own sales and are looking for advancement in future.

SEE MR. FINDLEY, 7TH FLOOR.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced automobile and truck salesmen or inexperienced young men with exceptional sales ability, to sell Ford trucks, taxicabs and pleasure cars on commission basis. Apply Caswell Motor Co., Authorized Dealers, 3,180 Broadway, corner 127th St., or 75 East 130th St.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A real opportunity for good men to connect with a live wire, well-known dress house; give full particulars of territory and length of time with last firm; communications strictly confidential; commission. S. K., 35 Times Sq.

SALESMEN for wholesale fruit and vegetable house; those with acquaintance in steamship and hotel circles necessary; a capable, energetic man will find an excellent opportunity; salary or commission; give record and experiences. Wholesale, W, 632 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, cutlery, experienced, with following, wanted by import house handling complete line high-class razors, scissors, pocket knives, &c.; commission basis; apply in writing only, stating full details, experience. Room 99, 33 Union Square.

SALESMEN with no experience selling securities, between 25 and 40 years of age, to represent bank officials and prominent men; real workers can earn $150 per week and up, commission basis. V 810 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell high-grade line of composition flooring fixtures, lamps and art novelties in New York and vicinity on commission; good opportunity; Christian house; mention experience and particulars. C. D., 283 Times.

SALESMAN to sell an exceptional line of leather brief cases and music rolls; only men of experience with recognized following need apply; commission and drawing. V 851 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to carry a few samples of work shirts as a side line on commission basis; state territory covered and line you carry. X 2190 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, experienced, selling high-grade line of cloth hats and caps; salary and commission. Werner & Rabiner, 704 Broadway.

SALESMAN with following call on jobbers by prominent cloak and suit house; no others need apply; salary or commission. H. R., 286 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, real estate, experience not necessary; salary or commission. Broadway Development Corp., Mr. Nieman, 1 Beekman St.

SALESMEN—Several salesmen wanted; real estate; experience unnecessary; salary or commission. Call 10 to 3. Ask for Mr. Anthony, 5th floor, 1 Beekman St.

SALESMAN—Exclusive downtown city territory; salary or commission. American Ribbon & Carbon Co., 30 Beekman St.

SALESMAN, experienced bond and securities; commission. E 215 Times.

SECRETARY—Man of intelligence and reliability; must be able to drive car; state fully qualifications, experience and salary expected. X 2139 Times Annex.

SOLICITORS—IF YOU ARE A REAL SELLER OF DAILY NEWSPAPER SPACE AND LOOKING FOR A GOOD OPPORTUNITY, COMMISSION ONLY, WRITE YOUR HISTORY IN DETAIL, NAME SALARY WANTED; NEW YORK CITY DAILY. V 841 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER in steamship office; exceptional opportunity for ambitious young man; state age, experience and salary desired. V 838 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS AND BOOKKEEPERS wanted by large Jewish institution for work abroad; must read and write Jewish. W 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER Spanish, English, thoroughly competent; $30. Transatlantic Co., Pelk and 4th St., West New York, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER—Young, able man who has experience with filing; ask for Mr. Kuhlke, care Max Schling, 785 5th Av.

STEWARD-MANAGER—Experienced for restaurant with fine clientele; please state, in confidence, age, experience, references, salary wanted, etc. T 352 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, gardener, experienced; good references. A. K. Laurie, Union League Club, between 2 and 3.

UPHOLSTERERS to work on Pullman cars, railroad rates. Pullman Company, Wilmington, Del. State age.

VALET—Japanese preferred; must be able to drive car; may do secretarial work; state in detail qualifications, experience and salary expected. X 2135 Times Annex.

VAUDEVILLE MANAGER wanted by large circuit; only those having experience and accustomed to running a high-class theatre need apply; state previous experience, reference and salary expected. W 186 Times.

YOUNG MAN of good education and personality as representative in Southern New England by mining and wholesale coal company; knowledge of coal not as essential as ability to approach and deal with representative concerns. Address stating age and nature of present occupation, W 622 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with cost experience. Write, stating experience and salary desired. K 537 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms and shipping department of a manufacturing concern, about 18 years of age, to make himself generally useful; references required; state experience, if any; salary $14. J 617 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in Washington Heights real estate office as collector and clerk; one who resides on the Heights preferred; state age, references, salary desired. A. Y., 3,525 Broadway.

SPECIAL EDITION—MEN WHO HAVE ABILITY AND CAN MEET BIG MEN ON REAL MERITORIOUS SPECIAL EDITION CAN PROFIT BY ADDRESSING NEW YORK CITY DAILY; COMMISSION ONLY; GIVE YOUR EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL. V 842 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SIMBEL BROTHERS, 33D AND BROADWAY, WISH TO ENGAGE AN EXPERIENCED CABINETMAKER; GOOD POSITION WITH GOOD SALARY. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 5 P. M.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 25, Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

SHALL I STAY?
SHALL I GO?

Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for you. This study is based on known scientific laws; no psychological tests, no trade tests. Come in and ask us all about it. Booklet "K" on request.

MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.,
96 5th Av., at 15th St., New York.
Tel. Watkins 9795.

AUTO ENGINEERING INSTITUTE.
14th Year—2,000 Students, 8,000 Graduates.
NEW $200,000 EQUIPMENT.
Auto Shop, Starting-Lighting, Driving, Oxy-Welding, Battery, Machine Shop, Vulcanizing, Overhauling.
40 OTHER COURSES. Free Pass.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,117 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 328 Pullman Bldg., New York.

SPANISH CLASS FORMING.

An evening Spanish class for beginners is now forming at Pace Institute. Instructors are experienced in teaching their own language to English-speaking students. Write for descriptive folder. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

BIDDLE 1919 Snappy Roadster, three-passenger; perfect condition; will accept any fair offer for cash. Vanderbilt 7381, 103 Park Av., Room 1212.

BUICK 1919 "6" touring, like new, $1,275.
CHEVROLET 1919 "490" touring, $375.
PAIGE 1918 "6" light touring, $875.
MARMON 1917 "6" touring, $1,250.
MAXWELL touring, 1919, $475.
RUSSELL, 128 West 54th St.

BUICK late 1919 touring, just thoroughly overhauled and like new throughout; very reasonable. Studebaker Corp., 1,700 B'way.

BUICK coupe, late 1920; insurance; extras; six tires; condition excellent; immediate sale desired; $2,000. A 1068 Times Harlem.

BUICK coupe, overhauled, newly painted; looks like new car; bargain. 346 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn. Phone Windsor 7881.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

BUICK 1920, coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

BUICK, 1920; driven 2,200 miles; extras; price $1,400. Phone Lafayette 3624.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" Touring.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" 4-pass.
BUICK 1919 7-pass. Touring.
GRANT 1920 Touring Car.
HUDSON 1919 Touring Limousine.
HUDSON 1917 4-pass.
STUTZ 1920 Touring.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,866 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1919 Victoria, metal back.
CADILLAC 1919 Limousine.
CADILLAC 1918 Brougham Limousine.
HUDSON 1918 Sport.
CADILLAC USED AUTO EXCHANGE, 159 West 56th St. Circle 5368.
Just east of 7th Av.

CADILLAC 4-PASS COUPE, 1919. Special New Haven body; practically new; guaranteed perfect; cost $6,200; need cash, sacrifice for $3,500. Rippeth, Hotel Woodward.

CADILLAC, FIVE-PASSENGER SEDAN; EXCELLENT CONDITION; BIG BARGAIN; $1,000; MUST BE SOLD. FRENCH AUTO PAINTING CO., 764 11TH AV., NEAR 53D ST.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe; excellent condition; cord tires; owner leaving for West, will sacrifice. Whitlock Garage, 1,036 Whitlock Av., Bronx. Inquire Mr. James Fox.

CADILLAC, seven-passenger touring car, in excellent condition; newly painted; all parts renickeled; looks like new; price $2,500. Telephone Barclay 4898.

CADILLAC, closed car, 1917 model; good condition; very reasonable. Mark Perlman, 31 East 31st St., ninth floor. Madison Square 6880.

CADILLAC, model 55, sedan, perfect; owner driven; beautiful upholstering; tires practically new; 2 spares. Shirley, 254 W. 54.

CADILLAC sedan, 7-passenger, Series 55; condition like new; owner must sell. Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC victoria, 1919, Series 57DD; perfect condition. Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC, 1920, limousine; Westinghouse shock absorbers; $5,500. Dr. Tuttle's car, 397 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Open Sunday.

CADILLAC sedan; first-class condition; will sacrifice; $2,000. Lew Cantor, 1,493 Broadway.

CADILLAC—$450 per month can hire Cadillac limousine; uniformed chauffeur; owner driven. 151 West 54th. Circle 696.

CADILLAC 1919 coupe; condition excellent; price reasonable. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHANDLER 1920 touring; excellent condition; will sacrifice for $1,275. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 54th St.

CADILLAC 1919, town limousine, smart appearance; month or season. Stanley, Riverside 6309.

CHEVROLET, baby grand touring; excellent condition; $575; any demonstration. Phone 3593 Beekman.

CRANE Simplex, enclosed drive; also touring. Wallace, 3 Columbus Circle.

CUNNINGHAM, latest model suburban sedan. Stark, 2,010 B'way. Col. 4986.

DODGE sedan, wire wheels; fine condition; $900 or less. Russell, 128 West 54th St. Circle 1740.

DODGE sedan, 1918, wire wheels; any demonstration. Call after 3 P. M., Rabe, 204 East 24th.

DODGE 18 SEDAN, $950.
Newly painted, reconditioned, guar. 6 mos.; time payments arranged. 499 East 163d.

DODGE sedan, 1920 model, Flentje shock absorbers; $1,850; seen mornings. 206 West 20th St., or phone Watkins 8016.

DODGE 1918 sedan; like new. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments; authorized agency. Wadsworth 4094.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1918, Series "9"; perfect condition; sacrifice $1,850. Hacker, 419 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917, SUPER SEDAN.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,760 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 4880.

HUDSON, 20th series, touring limousine; mileage 6,500; thoroughly equipped; two brand-new spare cord tires; seen 9-5 any day. Garage, 214 East 24th.

HUDSON COUPE, 1920, 4 passenger, perfect condition; any demonstration. Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Riverside 1773.

HUDSON sedan, 7-passenger, 1920, first-class condition. Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Riverside 1773.

HUDSON sedan, newly painted; exceptional buy. Jaccard, 7th Av., cor. 56th St.

HUPMOBILE 1919 TOURING.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,760 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 4880.

HUPMOBILE, model N, five-passenger touring car; in perfect running condition; any demonstration; no reasonable offer refused. Write P. O. Box 458, Cedarhurst, L. I., or phone, between 10-12 A. M., Chelsea 8142.

HUPMOBILE, 1917, model N, touring; excellent condition; leaving town. Phone Midwood 7084.

KING sedan, 1918, mechanically perfect; will consider trade. Jaccard, 7th Av., cor. 56th St.

LOCOMOBILE, 1915, Berlin limousine; 6; practically new Silvertown cords; elegant condition; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,866 Broadway.

MARMON chummy; A1 condition; bargain. Phone Payne, Vanderbilt 322.

MOLINE-KNIGHT limousine, in first class condition, extras, bargain; $600. E. E. Geoffrey, 548 West 53d St. Columbus 1092.

NATIONAL sedan, 6 cylinder, 1918, elegant condition. Phone Spring 1743.

OAKLAND 1920 COUPE.
OAKLAND 1919 COUPE.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,760 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 4880.

OLDSMOBILE, 1920, SEDAN, MODEL 37-B, FIVE-PASSENGER, EXCELLENT CONDITION IN EVERY WAY; NEW CAR FACTORY GUARANTEE GOOD UNTIL MAY 7, 1921; PRICE $1,650. PHONE GEORGE WALKER, JAMAICA 4119.

OLDSMOBILE—$950 buys practically new 1920 touring, driven only few miles and traded for new Studebaker sedan; an exceptional bargain. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th St.

OLDSMOBILE coupe, thoroughly overhauled, newly painted; good as new; must be seen to be appreciated; driven 1,000 miles; no dealers; $1,200. Phone Horner, Audubon 7111J.

OLDSMOBILE 1919 sedan; in excellent condition; a sacrifice at $1,075. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 54th St.

OVERLAND 1920, runabout, practically new, offered by private owner. DeLamater, Columbus 8184.

PACKARD, 1920, 4-passenger special coupe; November delivery; aluminum body, stream lines, two-color moleskin, one-piece top, dash wheels, paneled fenders, automatic oiler, special brake and shift levers, silk velour upholstery, double curtains, enameled silver fittings. Fordham 859.

PACKARD twin-six brougham; handsome appearance; week or month. Mitnick, Audubon 2590.

PACKARD Limousine—Director of large manufacturing plant going abroad will dispose of 1918 twin six limousine, Berlin type; just thoroughly overhauled mechanically, painted and renovated by Packard, Long Island City; not a scratch on car; engine and all parts in perfect condition; suitable for persons having private chauffeur; will arrange inspection or demonstration for responsible prospects. E 927 Times Downtown.

PACKARD, 6-cylinder, 48-horse power; Brewster collapsible body; 1914; good order; can be seen Hollywood Garage; $1,000. Address Frederick H. Buell, 721 5th Av. Phone 350 Plaza.

PACKARD 1910, 30, phaeton, for sale; perfect condition; leather like new; good rubber; private car; any demonstration; bargain. D., 79 New York Times, Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1919 Fleetwood touring; fine car; genuine bargain. Barclay 7446.

PAIGE 1920 Larchmont 4-passenger; like new; wire wheels; need cash, will sacrifice; demonstrate any time Saturday. Paris, 244 Riverside Drive. Phone 8890 Riverside.

PAIGE "LIGHT 6" TOURING.

Perfect condition; fully equipped; need cash; must sell; $875. Room 6, Circle 2000.

PIERCE-ARROW, 48 h. p., 1920 model, 7 passenger touring; dual valve, double Delco; would cost $8,500 new; delivered last June; price $5,500; 2 extra rims, 1 extra tire; looks, runs like new; a splendid car at bargain price. X 2181 Times Annex.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 48 series P., good condition; owner going to Europe; no reasonable offer refused. 200 West 54th, Apt. 3 C. Circle 1130.

PIERCE 1920—48 limousine landaulet.
PIERCE 1919—48 French brougham.
H. Karp, 1,616 Broadway. Circle 65.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan, late model; mechanically perfect; like new; new cord tires (two spares). Shirley, 254 West 54th.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919, dual valve 6-48 touring car; price $3,850. 21 West 62d St., New York.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan, 7 passenger, model 1917; beautiful condition. Warehouse, 152 West 90th St. Riverside 1773.

PREMIER sedan, practically new, run less than 5,000 miles; owner going South; bargain for cash or easy sale; can be seen by appointment; no dealers. Vanderbilt 114.

REO sedan, 1919; condition like new. Cedarhurst Garage, 147 West 83d St.

SILVER APPERSON, 1918, sport, reconditioned throughout. Jaccard, 7th Av., cor. 56th St.

STEARNS 1920, 4 cyl., roadster.
STEARNS 1920, 4 cyl., 7-pass. touring.
STEARNS 1920, 4 cyl., 5-pass. touring.
STEARNS 1918, 4 cyl., 5-pass. touring.
STEARNS 1918, 4 cyl., 7-pass. touring.
F. B. STEARNS CO.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 6108.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, five-passenger touring, first-class condition, bargain $500. E. E. Geoffrey, 548 West 53d St. Columbus 1092.

STUDEBAKER 1919 touring-sedan, 7-passenger; reconditioned, like new and factory guaranteed; price reduced to $1,685; this is certainly an exceptional bargain. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th St.

STUDEBAKER 1919, light six club roadster, factory guaranteed; like new and Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER 1919 sedan; like new and factory guaranteed; $1,000 less than new car price. Studebaker Corp., 1,700 Broadway, 2d floor.

STUDEBAKER coupe, in good condition; price $300. J. Honold, 1503 Metropolitan Av.

STUTZ BEARCAT, SPEEDSTER.

Almost new; run 3,800 miles; must sell; rare opportunity. Rippeth, Hotel Woodward.

Motor Trucks.

FIVE-TON Pierce-Arrow dumper; 5½-ton Mack platform; any own equipment. Geo. Pride, 1,328 Broadway. Pitkroy 3277.

Motor Trucking.

LOCAL and long-distance hauling, 7 trucks available immediately; service rates reasonable. Phone Watkins 7262, Consolidated Motor, Freight and Express, 123 West 22d St.

Automobiles to Rent.

FORD, commercial services for rent by month, delivery purposes anywhere in city; cash security if necessary; state business amount per month; best references; owner driving. M 1069 Times Harlem.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousine landaulets, for rent by day, week, month; reasonable rates, excellent service. Champion Garage & Auto Co. Columbus 8072.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St., Circle 2800; first-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

SMART limousines, liveried chauffeurs; prompt service; reasonable rates. Darrin, 6818 Murray Hill.

CHEVROLET Sedan, 1920, to hire with chauffeur, $12 day, $60 week. Thomas Delzie, 384 Academy St., Astoria, L. I.

PACKARD twin six limousine; late model; monthly preferable; owner drives. Melrose 1290.

PACKARD, twin sixes, open, closed, hour, season, sensible rates. Muldoon, Col. 2151.

PACKARD, new twin landaulet; day, month. Shapiro, 159 East 77th. Rhinelander 6800.

PACKARD twin sixes for hire. Williamson Service, 204 West 43d. Tel. Bryant 3530.

Automobiles Wanted.

WILL buy standard makes 5 and 7 passenger tourings and runabouts. Bring car to Capitol Auto Exchange, 200 West 52d, between Broadway and 7th Av.

AUTOMOBILE wanted in exchange for my valuable Brooklyn lots; will consider moderate-priced, good, second hand car; an unusual opportunity. L 314, Times.

PAY top prices for furnishing contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Phone Harlem 1290. Merle's, 155 East 125th.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED for export; highest prices paid; bring car or write. 490 East 165d.

BUICK—Spot cash, $1,100, for 1920 Buick touring; owners only. 47 West 34th, Room 504. Phone Fitzroy 411.

Automobile Bodies.

WANTED—TOWN LIMOUSINE BODY OR TOWN BROUGHAM BODY FOR 57 MODEL CADILLAC; 125-INCH WHEEL BASE. W 629 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PACKARD, suburban, sedan body, 3-25; bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC, sedan bodies (enclosed); ready for all touring chassis. Tel. Broad 2780.

Unused Cars.

FORDS, all models, time payments; immediate delivery; reduced prices. Woodlawn 1018.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE.
$6 UP.
LEE BROTHERS, INC.,
212 EAST 125TH.
Phone Harlem 2710.

DEAD STORAGE AUTOMOBILES, $3 monthly and up. West Side Storage, 310 West 145d St. Audubon 8575.

Automobile Instructions.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for
Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $96, with driving, $90; weekly payments. Ask for catalogue L. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1909.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 58th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

PRIVATE automobile driving instruction by college automobile instructor. Call 7,291 Fordham, mornings.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW.

American Orthodox Catholic

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, (Holy Eastern Rite in English) 233 East 17th St.
Divine Liturgy (Mass).....10:45 A. M.
Vespers .....5 P. M.
Rt. Rev. ARCHIMANDRITE PATRICK, Rec.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST.
REVIVAL SERVICES.
10:30—Dr. STRATON: "Is the Time When Christ Will Return and We Will Have New Heavens and a New Earth Wherein Dwelleth Righteousness?"
8—Miss Amy Lee Stockton in a Soul-Winning Message.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"The Character of the Pilgrims."
8—"What the Mayflower Brought to Us."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Sunday School, Men's and Women's Class, 9:40 A. M.
Young People's Service, 6:30 P. M.
DR. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Minister,
Will Preach at 11 A. M.
Thanksgiving Day Service, Thursday, 11 A. M.
Dr. Woelfkin will preach.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"FOREKNOWLEDGE AND PREDESTINATION."
8 P. M.—"THERE IS A WICKED TEACHING THAT THE SOUL OF THE CHRISTIAN SLEEPS AT DEATH AND IS UNCONSCIOUS, THE FINALLY LOST ANNIHILATED, AND THAT DEATH IN SCRIPTURE ALWAYS MEANS CESSATION OF BEING; ON THE CONTRARY, SCRIPTURE TEACHES THE CHRISTIAN DEAD ARE IN HEAVEN AND HAPPY. THE UNSAVED ARE CONSCIOUS IN THE UNDERWORLD, AND THE SECOND DEATH IS THE ETERNAL DISEMBODIMENT OF THE UNSAVED SOUL."
Friday Night, Nov. 26, 8 o'clock—"The Temptation of David."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, WASHINGTON SQ.
Rev. A. RAY PETTY, Pastor.
Preaching Services 11 and 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., at 31st St.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
A series of Sunday Eve. Sermons on "STUMBLING BLOCKS."
Sun., Nov. 21—"ADAM AND THE APPLE."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
CARL WALLACE PETTY, D. D.
11 A. M.—"America's Cardinal Sin."
8 P. M.—"The Evolution of the Masonic Ideal." Special Masonic Service.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH,
165th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Two Are Better Than One."
8 P. M.—Dickens's "CHRISTMAS CAROL," Illustrated.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES BRANCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 58th St., just east of Park Av., Sundays, 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Fourth Church, 178th St. and Fort Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Hall, 34 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,301 Boston Road, Bronx.
Seventh Church, 112th St., east of Broadway. Sunday, 11 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
Eighth Church, 103 East 77th St.
Ninth Church, Park Avenue Hotel, 4th Av. at 33d St.
Tenth Church, 163 West 57th St.
Eleventh Church, 2,562 Briggs Av., 11 A. M.
Twelfth Church, Anderson Galleries, Park Av. and 59th St.
Christian Science Society, 547 West 146th St., Sundays, 11 A. M., Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
FREE READING ROOM, 33 West 42d St.

THIRTEENTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Leslie Hall, 280 West 83d St. Services: Sun., 11 A. M.; Wed., 8 P. M. Sunday School, 11 A. M. Reading Room, 605 B'way. All Christian Science Literature on Sale.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.
11 A. M.—Lyric Theatre. MR. RANDALL. "IS THERE ANYTHING TO BE THANKFUL FOR?"
8:15 P. M.—High School, 155 West 65th St. Forum, Dr. NOYES. "A POISONED PEACE."
10 A. M.—Lyric Theatre. MR. BROWN. Psychoanalysis and Religion; Compensation. Union Service Nov. 25th. Carnegie Hall. 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Wise and Mr. Holmes.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
The Pastor, DR. JEFFERSON, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
"BUILDING A HAPPIER WORLD."
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Midweek Service.
Thursday, 11 A. M., Thanksgiving Service and Sermon by the Pastor.

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St., 11 A. M.
The Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D.

Disciples of Christ (Christian)

CENTRAL 142 West 81st St.
CHRISTIAN Dr. Finis S. Idleman, 11 A. M.
CHURCH 8, The Cathedrals of England.
Thanksgiving Day Service, 11 A. M.

Divine Science

REV. W. JOHN MURRAY of the
FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, 11 A. M., Nov. 21, 1920.
Subject: "The Law of Adjustment."
The Bible Class meets promptly at 9:45 A.M.
Sunday School for Children at 11 o'clock.
Wednesday evening meeting at 8:15 o'clock.
DAILY HEALING MEETING at 12 o'clock.
WALDORF-ASTORIA.
THANKSGIVING DAY Services, 11 A. M., Conducted by Dr. Murray.
The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
45th Anniversary Year.
Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St.
Addresses on Public Questions
BY DR. FELIX ADLER.
Sunday morning, Nov. 21st, at 11 o'clock.
"PRIVATE PROPERTY VS. COMMUNISM."
The Public Are Invited.

Interdenominational.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
602 8th Av., at 44th St.
FOUNDER, REV. A. B. SIMPSON.
Rev. ELMER B. FITCH, Assistant Pastor.

SUNDAY SERVICES
10:45 A. M. AND 7:30 P. M.
DR. R. H. GLOVER,
FOREIGN SECRETARY OF THE CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ALLIANCE.
WILL PREACH
MORNING AND EVENING.

TUESDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK
SPECIAL LECTURE ON PROPHECY.

THURSDAY MORNING AT 10:15 O'CLOCK
THANKSGIVING SERVICE.
REV. H. S. HALLMAN WILL PREACH.

FRIDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK
SPECIAL YOUNG PEOPLE'S RALLY.
DR. J. GREGORY MANTLE, SPEAKER.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, at 11 o'clock. Preacher—The Rev. CHARLES L. THOMPSON, D. D., President of the Home Missions Council.

Jewish

HEBREW TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AT 158TH ST.
Edward Lissman, I. Mortimer Bloom, Rabbis.
Services Friday evenings, 8; Saturday mornings, 9:30.
Nov. 26—Dr. Joseph Silverman, Temple Emanu-El. "The New Anti-Semitism—How Shall We Meet It?"
Dec. 3—"Is Marriage a Failure?"
Dec. 10—"Mayflower Men and Maccabee Men."
Dec. 17—Galsworthy's "The Skin Game."
Dec. 24—"Good Will to Men, Interrogation Point."

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5TH AV. AND 43D ST.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Silverman on "The Greatness of Man." (Psalm VIII).
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Dr. Simon R. Cohen of Brooklyn, "Marriage: Ancient and Modern. Here Comes the Bride."
Monday, 11:00 A. M., sharp—Dr. Enelow on "The Classic of Social Revolt."
Daily Noon Service, 12:30.
All Are Welcome.

Jewish

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV. AND 76TH ST.
Sunday Morning at 11,
Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman.
"THE NEW SPIRIT IN AMERICA."
A THANKSGIVING SERMON.
ALL ARE WELCOME

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL, SUN. MORN. at 10:45.
DR. WISE: "WHAT DOES THE JEW BELIEVE ABOUT THE BIBLE?"
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d Street.
Rev. A. Steimle, D. D., Pastor.
Services: 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
The Rev. PAUL E. SCHERER, Pastor.
11—"From Crisis Backward"; 8—Bible Hour.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue at 73d. Dr. Remensnyder. 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

125TH ANNIVERSARY
OLD DUANE CHURCH,
204 Hudson St., near Spring St.
11 A. M.—Preacher, E. S. TIPPLE, LL. D.
At 4 o'clock.
Sermon by the Famous Scotch Preacher, JOHN McNEILL.
Sub.: "We Never Saw It On This Fashion."

GRACE, WEST 104TH ST.
FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, MINISTER.
11—Rev. J. R. EDWARDS, D. D., of Washington, D. C. 7:45—"THE MENACE OF BOLSHEVISM," by Captain Hugh S. Martin, three and a half years in Russia, sat in Bolshevik Soviet.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Dr. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Pastor.
11—Bishop FRANCI

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Monday, Nov. 15, about 6 P. M., from motor truck, between 25th St. and Brooklyn, New York and Willoughby Av. and Walworth St., Brooklyn, probably on Bedford Av., a cardboard box containing raw skins. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to C. & E., Chapal Freres & Co., Inc., 413 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Black and gray handbag with black leather purse inside, with manufacturer's name "Cross" stamped thereon; bunch of keys, four small pearls and about $10 in money. Finder will be amply rewarded by returning same to Charles P. Miller, care Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, on Broadway, either on surface car, between 105th and 81st Sts., a black moire bag, made of tails edged with steel beads, containing money and gold purse with change and key; liberal reward. Call 255 West 105th St., Apt. 111.

LOST—Bank book No. 1,204,432 of the Bowery Savings Bank, 130 Bowery, N. Y. The finder is requested to return to the bank; if not before the 20th day of December application will be made to the bank for a new book.

LOST—At Hoboken Terminal or on D., L. & W. train to Madison leaving 4:15 P. M., Nov. 18, small white card envelope containing considerable sum of money; liberal reward. Room 2112, 37 Wall St.

LOST—Thursday evening, Broadway, between 92d-93d Sts., lady's powder puff, containing money and engagement ring; reward. Keyes Brown, 75 West 92d St. Call after 5. Phone Riverside 6669.

LOST—Left in taxicab Monday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, black silk umbrella, silver top on handle marked M. A. D.. Return to owner, 28 West 69th St., and receive reward of $5.

LOST—Bank book No. 591,017 of the Dry Dock Savings Institution. Any person having claims upon said book is called upon to present same to the bank within 30 days.

Jewelry.

LOST—Diamond barpin, between Waldorf-Astoria and 59th St.-Park Av., Thursday evening; pin contains one large diamond with ten small diamonds on each side and three diamonds above and below large diamond in centre; platinum open work on sides; pin about three inches long and ½ inch wide. Return to Cashier at Waldorf Hotel, receive liberal reward.

LOST—Platinum bowknot pin, containing 92 diamonds, Wednesday night, Nov. 17, at the Palais Royale or in taxicab to Rubin's; liberal reward offered. Call John J. McCarthy, Fitzroy 1234.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, 1½ carats, platinum setting with small diamonds in shank, on Nov. 11, between 36th St. and 6th Av. and 42d or 7th Av. car; liberal reward. K 522 Times.

LOST—Gold bracelet with diamond cluster, between Ritz-Carlton and Park Avenue Hotel, or on 5th Av. bus. Suitable reward for return of same to Gwen Nelson, Park Avenue Hotel.

LOST—In ladies' washroom of Biltmore Hotel, morning of Nov. 19, 3-stone ring, sapphire and 2 diamonds. Finder return to Biltmore office. Liberal reward, no questions asked.

LOST—In Pennsylvania Hotel grill, Wednesday night, between 12 and 1, gold bar pin, set with sapphires and pearls; liberal reward. Phone Murray Hill 5514, Apt. 703.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, probably ten days ago, either in New York City or between Pennsylvania Station and Kew Gardens; reward. A 275 Times.

LOST—Sapphire ring, encircled with diamonds, lost between Saks's and Broadway and 42d St. subway, Thursday evening; reward offered. W. F. Anderson, Decatur 5891.

LOST—Diamond pearl pin, between 58th and 59th on Park Av. or side streets; sentimental value; liberal reward. Phone Plaza 4555.

LOST—In taxicab, Wednesday, hired at 42d St., valuable gold pencil, engraved S. E., Jan. 14, 1919. Reward at desk Hotel Marie Antoinette, New York City.

LOST—Nov. 17, between 450 Riverside Drive and Plaza Hotel, diamond and platinum bracelet; reward. Telephone Morningside 2574.

LOST — Sapphire and diamond barpin, Wednesday morning, Penn. Station via 34th St. to or in Openhym & Collins; reward; no questions. Phone Bayside 773W.

LOST—Two checks drawn on an Island bank, insurance book, probably in Loew's 7th St. Theatre, Thursday, Nov. 11; liberal reward. Plaza 2910.

LOST—String of small pearls, neighborhood of Lexington Av., Thursday evening. Reward. Du Bois, 23 Park Av.

LOST—Platinum dinner ring Saturday between Pelham Parkway and Hudson Terminal; return; reward $200. E 207 Times.

LOST—Reward for return of diamond and platinum ring from ladies' room in Altman's, Friday morning. New Rochelle 308M.

LOST—Pearl necklace, between Leonard and Chambers Sts., Friday; reward. Weeks-Sawyer, 63 Leonard St.

LOST—Diamond studded graduation ring, dated 1915; reward. Laber, 988 Union Av., Bronx. Intervale 2065.

LOST—Wednesday, bag containing heirloom watch; reward. Miss Corigan, 40 West St.

LOST—Masonic fob, set in crown of diamonds; liberal reward. Phone Audubon 4317.

LOST—Japanese signet ring, on Lexington Av. subway; reward. H 270 Times.

$1,000 REWARD,
no questions asked, for return of or information leading to recovery of three diamond rings, diamond heart and diamond lavalliere, which were tied in handkerchief and lost Nov. 16 at or between 14th St. and Ditmas Av. and Avenue K and East 9th St., Brooklyn. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$100 REWARD
for BRACELET, small square sapphires, inflexible box links, lost Thursday, between West 50th St. and Park Theatre. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Taken by mistake from Studio 834, Carnegie Hall, about 4:30 P. M., Nov. 18, three-quarter length gray squirrel coat, sealskin collar, cuffs; sacrifice; no questions asked. 46 West 47th St. Bryant 3061.

$250 REWARD,
no questions asked, for return of Russian sable scarf, lost at 48th St. Theatre Nov. 9. A. R. Lecand Co., Inc., 15 William St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Douglaston, Nov. 8, small black and white Japanese spaniel; heartbroken over loss; substantial reward. Mrs. Byron Chandler, Douglas Manor, L. I. Bayside 391.

LOST—Pekinese dog, light brown, answers to name "Peachy," strayed from 100 West 88th St., Friday afternoon; liberal reward. Barnes, Schuyler 4441.

LOST—Wire-haired fox terrier, white, mother of 4 puppies; reward. Davis, 502 Amsterdam Av. Schuyler 4930 or Fitzroy 3280.

LOST—French poodle, white, on Thursday. Reward if returned to Mrs. Hobart, 7 Branford St., Jamaica.

LOST—Black chow dog. Liberal reward if returned to 305 West 98th.

Found.

FOUND—On West 93d St., money; owner will receive same if correctly identified. A 272 Times.

FOUND—Thursday, 12th St., a bag. Telephone Riverside 9422.

FOUND—Three pearls, owner secure identification marks on paper. K 520 Times.

PERSONAL.

HENRY VILLENOWETH, NEPHEW OF the late Miss Alice Sophia Bolger, is required to communicate with Walter H. Day, of 42, Earl Street, Maidstone, Kent, England, Solicitor to the Executor of the will of the said A. S. Bolger, before the 31st day of January, 1921; otherwise he will be excluded from benefiting under the said will.
(Signed) Walter Day.

INFORMATION REGARDING THE whereabouts of Evelyn Ruth Leventon (formerly Group D, Army Nurse Corps, A. E. F.) will be appreciated; confidential. V 855 Times Downtown.

FEINGLASS—Must hear from you; important. LAWYER.

MILLER ADVERTISING SERVICE
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November 17, 1920.

The New York Times:

The Sales Manager of the Vacuumeter Selling Corporation has expressed delighted satisfaction with the sales of Vacuumeters directly traceable to the advertising now running in The New York Times. Appreciably noticeable results followed the appearance of the very first advertisement, and have been multiplied by every succeeding insertion.

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CRAIG BEGS HYLAN TO BANG LAGUARDIA

Controller Suggests New Use for Gavel in Board of Estimate Wrangle.

COURT HOUSE CAUSES ROW

Aldermanic President Says Specifications Were Not Properly Drawn and Accuses Controller.

Wordy rows between Controller Craig, Borough President Curran and President LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen took up most of the time at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate, with Mayor Hylan acting as peace maker. At one point the Controller appealed to the Mayor to hit LaGuardia on the head with his gavel. As it was, the Mayor splintered his gavel trying to maintain order.

The first row started over an item on the calendar calling for an appropriation of $54,976 to change the construction of the basement of the new County Court House. Guy Lowell, the architect of the building, had sent word that in constructing the basement water had been reached at a level six feet higher than expected, and he suggested a new contract be entered into to correct the defect.

"The specifications were not properly drawn up in the first place," said President LaGuardia, "or this could not have happened. Soundings were purposely not taken. For all this the responsibility rests with the Controller, the committee of one on the construction of the Court House."

The Controller flushed and started to speak when the Mayor said:

"Now, now, we are willing to correct mistakes made willingly or otherwise."

"I had not intended to say anything controversial at this meeting, but that statement by the President of the Board of Aldermen is false," the Controller managed to say and the row was on.

The Mayor tried to stem the tide by pounding with his gavel, but it had no effect.

"Hit the President of the Board of Aldermen on the head with the gavel, then, maybe, he'll be quiet," roared Craig, bouncing up and down in his seat.

After a long wrangle the resolution was referred to the Committee of the Whole. Then a resolution by President Henry H. Curran of Manhattan came up. It requested the Board of Education to submit to the Board of Estimate immediately a special estimate of the moneys needed outside of the provision made in the 1921 budget to pay the salaries of school teachers and maintain the schools beyond next August.

"This is dragging the schools into politics," thundered the Controller, glaring at Curran.

"As matters now stand," explained President Curran, "there will be a deficit of $28,000,000 in next year's budget of the Board of Education."

The Manhattan President then charged that the Controller had so manipulated the debt service item in the 1921 budget that next January it would be found that there was a surplus of millions. He said he wanted this surplus to go to the Board of Education to help make up the department's deficit in the budget.

After more wrangling this matter was also referred to the Committee of the Whole.

CONSPIRATORS GO TO JAIL.

Consumers' Packing Company Officials Get Penitentiary Terms.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Sentences ranging from seven years imprisonment in the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth to six months in the county jail and fines of from $1,000 to $10,000 were imposed on officials and directors of the Consumers' Packing Company by Federal Judge Evan A. Evans here this morning. The defendants were recently convicted of conspiracy to use the mails in a scheme to defraud.

Among those sentenced to Leavenworth are A. J. Messing, former Rabbi and a Director of the company, on whom was imposed three and a half years imprisonment and a fine of $1,500. Edward J. Ader, Secretary, was sentenced to five years on each of thirteen counts, the sentences to run concurrently, and to two years on two other counts. He will serve a total of seven years, and also must pay a fine of $10,000.

Eli Pfaelzer, President of the company, who pleaded guilty after the trial was begun, was fined $10,000.

Miss Goldie Skelnik, secretary to the Secretary of the company, was sentenced to the county jail for six months and fined $1,000. Other sentences were:

John M. Kantor, fiscal agent, $5,000 fine; Benjamin E. Turner, Director, $3,000 fine; Edward H. Troost, Director, $2,500 fine for conspiracy and $500 for contempt in approaching a juror during the trial; and Louis F. Davis, fiscal agent, $1,500 fine.

President Pfaelzer, Kantor, Turner, Davis and Troost were sent to jail until their fines were paid.

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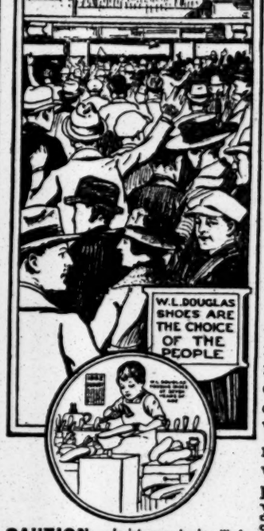

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